It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 27-18-30 of the General Laws in Chapter 27-18 entitled "Accident and Sickness Insurance Policies" is hereby amended to read as follows:


(a) Any health insurance contract, plan, or policy delivered or issued for delivery or renewed in this state, except contracts providing supplemental coverage to Medicare or other governmental programs, which includes pregnancy related benefits, shall provide coverage for medically necessary expenses of diagnosis and treatment of infertility for women between the ages of twenty-five (25) and forty-two (42) years and for standard fertility preservation services when a medically necessary medical treatment may directly or indirectly cause iatrogenic infertility to a covered person. To the extent that a health insurance contract provides reimbursement for a test or procedure used in the diagnosis or treatment of conditions other than infertility, the tests and procedures shall not be excluded from reimbursement when provided attendant to the diagnosis and treatment of infertility for women between the ages of twenty-five (25) and forty-two (42) years; provided, that a subscriber co-payment not to exceed twenty percent (20%) may be required for those programs and/or procedures the sole purpose of which is the treatment of infertility.

(b) For the purpose of this section, "infertility" means the condition of an otherwise presumably healthy married individual who is unable to conceive or sustain a pregnancy during a period of one year.
(c) For the purposes of this section, "standard fertility preservation services" means procedures consistent with established medical practices and professional guidelines published by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, or other reputable professional medical organizations.

(d) For the purposes of this section, "iatrogenic infertility" means an impairment of fertility by surgery, radiation, chemotherapy or other medical treatment affecting reproductive organs or processes.

(e) For the purposes of this section, "may directly or indirectly cause" means treatment with a likely side effect of infertility as established by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, or other reputable professional organizations.

(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 27-18-19 or any other provision to the contrary, this section shall apply to blanket or group policies of insurance.

(g) The health insurance contract may limit coverage to a lifetime cap of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000).

SECTION 2. Section 27-19-23 of the General Laws in Chapter 27-19 entitled "Nonprofit Hospital Service Corporations" is hereby amended to read as follows:


(a) Any nonprofit hospital service contract, plan, or insurance policies delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state, except contracts providing supplemental coverage to Medicare or other governmental programs, which includes pregnancy related benefits shall provide coverage for medically necessary expenses of diagnosis and treatment of infertility for women between the ages of twenty-five (25) and forty-two (42) years and for standard fertility preservation services when a medically necessary medical treatment may directly or indirectly cause iatrogenic infertility to a covered person. To the extent that a nonprofit hospital service corporation provides reimbursement for a test or procedure used in the diagnosis or treatment of conditions other than infertility, those tests and procedures shall not be excluded from reimbursement when provided attendant to the diagnosis and treatment of infertility for women between the ages of twenty-five (25) and forty-two (42) years; provided, that a subscriber copayment, not to exceed twenty percent (20%), may be required for those programs and/or procedures the sole purpose of which is the treatment of infertility.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "infertility" means the condition of an otherwise presumably healthy married individual who is unable to conceive or sustain a pregnancy during a period of one year.
(c) For the purposes of this section, "standard fertility preservation services" means procedures consistent with established medical practices and professional guidelines published by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, or other reputable professional medical organizations.

(d) For the purposes of this section, "iatrogenic infertility" means an impairment of fertility by surgery, radiation, chemotherapy or other medical treatment affecting reproductive organs or processes.

(e) For the purposes of this section, "may directly or indirectly cause" means treatment with a likely side effect of infertility as established by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, or other reputable professional organizations.

(f) The health insurance contract may limit coverage to a lifetime cap of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000).

SECTION 3. Section 27-20-20 of the General Laws in Chapter 27-20 entitled "Nonprofit Medical Service Corporations" is hereby amended to read as follows:


(a) Any nonprofit medical service contract, plan, or insurance policies delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state, except contracts providing supplemental coverage to Medicare or other governmental programs, which includes pregnancy related benefits shall provide coverage for the medically necessary expenses of diagnosis and treatment of infertility for women between the ages of twenty-five (25) and forty-two (42) years and for standard fertility preservation services when a medically necessary medical treatment may directly or indirectly cause iatrogenic infertility to a covered person. To the extent that a nonprofit medical service corporation provides reimbursement for a test or procedure used in the diagnosis or treatment of conditions other than infertility, those tests and procedures shall not be excluded from reimbursement when provided attendant to the diagnosis and treatment of infertility for women between the ages of twenty-five (25) and forty-two (42) years. Provided, that subscriber copayment, not to exceed twenty percent (20%), may be required for those programs and/or procedures the sole purpose of which is the treatment of infertility.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "infertility" means the condition of an otherwise presumably healthy married individual who is unable to conceive or sustain a pregnancy during a period of one year.

(c) For the purposes of this section, "standard fertility preservation services" means procedures consistent with established medical practices and professional guidelines published by
the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, or other reputable professional medical organizations.

(d) For the purposes of this section, "iatrogenic infertility" means an impairment of fertility by surgery, radiation, chemotherapy or other medical treatment affecting reproductive organs or processes.

(e) For the purposes of this section, "may directly or indirectly cause" means treatment with a likely side effect of infertility as established by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, or other reputable professional organizations.

The health insurance contract may limit coverage to a lifetime cap of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000).

SECTION 4. Section 27-41-33 of the General Laws in Chapter 27-41 entitled "Health Maintenance Organizations" is hereby amended to read as follows:


(a) Any health maintenance organization service contract plan or policy delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state, except a contract providing supplemental coverage to Medicare or other governmental programs, which includes pregnancy related benefits, shall provide coverage for medically necessary expenses of diagnosis and treatment of infertility for women between the ages of twenty-five (25) and forty-two (42) years and for standard fertility preservation services when a medically necessary medical treatment may directly or indirectly cause iatrogenic infertility to a covered person. To the extent that a health maintenance organization provides reimbursement for a test or procedure used in the diagnosis or treatment of conditions other than infertility, those tests and procedures shall not be excluded from reimbursement when provided attendant to the diagnosis and treatment of infertility for women between the ages of twenty-five (25) and forty-two (42) years; provided, that subscriber copayment, not to exceed twenty percent (20%), may be required for those programs and/or procedures the sole purpose of which is the treatment of infertility.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "infertility" means the condition of an otherwise healthy married individual who is unable to conceive or sustain a pregnancy during a period of one year.

(c) For the purposes of this section, "standard fertility preservation services" means procedures consistent with established medical practices and professional guidelines published by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, or other reputable professional medical organizations.
(d) For the purposes of this section, "iatrogenic infertility" means an impairment of fertility by surgery, radiation, chemotherapy or other medical treatment affecting reproductive organs or processes.

(e) For the purposes of this section, "may directly or indirectly cause" means treatment with a likely side effect of infertility as established by the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, or other reputable professional organizations.

(f) The health insurance contract may limit coverage to a lifetime cap of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000).

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect upon passage.
This act would mandate insurance coverage for medically necessary expenses for standard fertility preservation services when a medical treatment may directly or indirectly cause iatrogenic infertility. "Iatrogenic infertility" means an impairment of fertility as a result of surgery, radiation, chemotherapy or other medical treatment affecting the reproductive organs or processes.

This act would take effect upon passage.