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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2019

AN ACT

RELATING TO DOMESTIC RELATIONS -- DOMESTIC ABUSE PREVENTION

Introduced By: Senators Ruggerio, Ciccone, Goodwin, Archambault, and McCaffrey

Date Introduced: January 31, 2019

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 15-15-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 15-15 entitled "Domestic

2 Abuse Prevention" is hereby amended to read as follows:

15-15-3. Protective orders -- Penalty -- Jurisdiction.

- (a) A person, or a parent, custodian, or legal guardian on behalf of a minor child or the director of the department of children, youth and families ("DCYF") or its designee for a child in the custody of DCYF, pursuant to §§ 40-11-7 and 40-11-7.1, suffering from domestic abuse or sexual exploitation as defined in § 15-15-1, may file a complaint in the family court requesting any order that will protect and support her or him from abuse or sexual exploitation, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 10 (1) Ordering that the defendant be restrained and enjoined from contacting, assaulting,
 11 molesting, sexually exploiting, or interfering with the plaintiff at home, on the street, or
 12 elsewhere, whether the defendant is an adult or a minor;
- (2) Ordering the defendant to vacate the household immediately, and further providing in
 the order for the safety and welfare of all household animals and pets;
 - (3) Awarding the plaintiff custody of the minor children of the parties, if any;
 - (4) Ordering the defendant to surrender physical possession of all firearms in his or her possession, care, custody, or control and shall further order a person restrained not to purchase or receive, or attempt to purchase or receive, any firearms while the protective order is in effect. The defendant shall surrender said firearms within twenty-four (24) hours of notice of the protective

order to the Rhode Island state police or local police department or to a federally licensed firearms dealer.

- (i) A person ordered to surrender possession of any firearm(s) pursuant to this section shall, within seventy-two (72) hours after being served with the order, either:
- (A) File with the court a receipt showing the firearm(s) was physically surrendered to the Rhode Island state police or local police department, or to a federally licensed firearms dealer; or
- (B) Attest to the court that, at the time of the order, the person had no firearms in his or her immediate physical possession or control, or subject to their immediate physical possession or control, and that the person, at the time of the attestation, has no firearms in their immediate physical possession or control, or subject to their immediate physical possession or control.
- (ii) If a person restrained under this section transfers a firearm(s) to a federally licensed firearms dealer pursuant to this section, the person restrained under this section may instruct the federally licensed firearms dealer to sell the firearm(s) or to transfer ownership, in accordance with state and federal law, to a qualified named individual who is not a member of the person's dwelling house, who is not related to the person by blood, marriage, or relationship as defined by § 15-15-1(7), and who is not prohibited from possessing firearms under state or federal law. The owner of any firearm(s) sold shall receive any financial value received from its sale, less the cost associated with taking possession of, storing, and transferring of the firearm(s).
- (iii) Every individual to whom ownership of a firearm(s) is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall be prohibited from transferring or returning any firearm(s) to the person restrained under this section while the protective order remains in effect and shall be informed of this prohibition, Any knowing violation of this subsection is a felony that shall be punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment for a term of not less than one year and not more than five (5) years, or both.
- (iv) An individual to whom ownership of a firearm(s) is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall return a firearm(s) to the person formerly restrained under this section only if the person formerly restrained under this section provides documentation issued by a court indicating that the restraining order issued pursuant to this section that prohibited the person from purchasing, carrying, transporting, or possessing firearms has expired and has not been extended;
- (5) After notice to the respondent and a hearing, ordering either party to make payments for the support of a minor child or children of the parties as required by law for a period not to exceed ninety (90) days, unless the child support order is for a child or children receiving public assistance pursuant to chapter 5.1 of title 40. In these cases, legal counsel for the division of taxation, child support enforcement, shall be notified as a party in interest to appear for the

- 1 purpose of establishing a child support order under a new or existing docket number previously 2 assigned to the parties and not under the protective docket number. The child support order shall 3 remain in effect until the court modifies or suspends the order. 4 (b) After notice to the respondent and a hearing, which shall be held within fifteen (15) 5 days of surrendering said firearms, the court, in addition to any other restrictions, may, for any protective order issued after or renewed on or after July 1, 2017, continue the order of surrender, 6 7 and shall further order a person restrained under this section not to purchase or receive, or attempt 8 to purchase or receive, any firearms while the protective order is in effect. 9 (c) The Family Court shall provide a notice on all forms requesting a protective order that a person restrained under this section shall be ordered pursuant to § 11-47-5 to surrender 10 11 possession of any firearms while the protective order is in effect. The form shall further provide 12 that any person who has surrendered his or her firearms shall be afforded a hearing within fifteen 13 (15) days of surrendering his or her firearms. 14 (d) Any firearm surrendered in accordance with this section to the Rhode Island state 15 police or local police department shall be returned to the person formerly restrained under this 16 section upon his or her request when: 17 (1) The person formerly restrained under this section produces documentation issued by a 18 court indicating that the restraining order issued pursuant to this section that prohibited the person 19 from purchasing, carrying, transporting, or possessing firearms has expired and has not been 20 extended; and 21 (2) The law enforcement agency in possession of the firearms determined that the person 22 formerly restrained under this section is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm under 23 state or federal law. 24 (3) The person required to surrender their firearms pursuant to this section shall not be 25 responsible for any costs of storage of any firearms surrendered pursuant to this section. 26 (e) The Rhode Island state police are authorized to develop rules and procedures 27 pertaining to the storage and return of firearms surrendered to the Rhode Island state police or 28 local police departments pursuant to this section. The Rhode Island state police may consult with 29 the Rhode Island Police Chiefs' Association in developing rules and procedures. 30 (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit, expand, or in any way modify
 - orders issued under § 12-29-7 or § 15-5-19.

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- (g) Nothing in this section shall limit a defendant's right under existing law to petition the court at a later date for modification of the order.
 - (h) The court shall immediately notify the person suffering from domestic abuse whose

complaint gave rise to the protective order, and the law enforcement agency where the person restrained under this section resides, of the hearing.

- (i) The person suffering from domestic abuse, local law enforcement, and the person restrained under this section shall all have an opportunity to be present and to testify when the court considers the petition.
- (j) At the hearing, the person restrained under this section shall have the burden of showing, by clear and convincing evidence, that, if his or her firearm rights were restored, he or she would not pose a danger to the person suffering from domestic abuse or to any other person.
- (1) In determining whether to restore a person's firearm rights, the court shall examine all relevant evidence, including, but not limited to: the complaint seeking a protective order; the criminal record of the person restrained under this section; the mental health history of the person restrained under this section; any evidence that the person restrained under this section has, since being served with the order, engaged in violent or threatening behavior against the person suffering from domestic abuse or any other person.
- (2) If the court determines, after a review of all relevant evidence and after all parties have had an opportunity to be heard, that the person restrained under this section would not pose a danger to the person suffering from domestic abuse or to any other person if his or her firearm rights were restored, then the court may grant the petition and modify the protective order and lift the firearm prohibition.
- (3) If the court lifts a person's firearms prohibition pursuant to this subsection, the court shall issue the person written notice that he or she is no longer prohibited under this section from purchasing or possessing firearms while the protective order is in effect.
- (k) The prohibition against possessing a firearm(s) due solely to the existence of a domestic violence restraining order issued under this section shall not apply with respect to sworn peace officers as defined in § 12-7-21 and active members of military service, including members of the reserve components thereof, who are required by law or departmental policy to carry departmental firearms while on duty or any person who is required by his or her employment to carry a firearm in the performance of his or her duties. Any individual exempted pursuant to this exception may possess a firearm only during the course of his or her employment. Any firearm required for employment must be stored at the place of employment when not being possessed for employment use; all other firearm(s) must be surrendered in accordance with this section.
- (1) Upon motion by the plaintiff, his or her address shall be released only at the discretion of the family court judge.
- (m)(1) Any violation of the protective orders in subsection (a) of this section shall subject

1	the defendant to being found in contempt of court.
2	(2) The contempt order shall not be exclusive and shall not preclude any other available
3	civil or criminal remedies. Any relief granted by the court shall be for a fixed period of time not
4	to exceed three (3) years, at the expiration of which time the court may extend any order, upon
5	motion of the plaintiff, for any additional time, that it deems necessary to protect the plaintiff
6	from abuse. The court may modify its order at any time upon motion of either party.
7	(n)(1) Any violation of a protective order under this chapter of which the defendant has
8	actual notice shall be a misdemeanor that shall be punished by a fine of no more than one
9	thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.
10	(2) The penalties for violation of this section shall also include the penalties as provided
11	by § 12-29-5.
12	(o) Actual notice means that the defendant has received a copy of the order by service or
13	by being handed a copy of the order by a police officer pursuant to § 15-15-5(d).
14	(p)(1) The district court shall have criminal jurisdiction over all adult violations of this
15	chapter.
16	(2) The family court shall have jurisdiction over all juvenile violations of this chapter.
17	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.
	LC001091

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO DOMESTIC RELATIONS -- DOMESTIC ABUSE PREVENTION

This act would expand family court jurisdiction to enter protective orders to provide for
the safety and welfare of household pets in domestic abuse situations.

This act would take effect upon passage.

====== LC001091
