2021 -- H 5929

LC002088

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2021

AN ACT

RELATING TO HUMAN SERVICES -- MEDICAL ASSISTANCE -- PERINATAL DOULA SERVICES

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives Ranglin-Vassell, Cassar, Kislak, Donovan, Diaz, Ajello, Cortvriend, Carson, Speakman, and Knight

Date Introduced: February 25, 2021

Referred To: House Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Findings.

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(1) In the United States, maternal mortality rates are among the highest in the developed world and increased by twenty six and six tenths percent (26.6%) between 2000 and 2014.

4 (2) Of the four million (4,000,000) American women who give birth each year, about seven 5 hundred (700) suffer fatal complications during pregnancy, while giving birth, or during the 6 postpartum period, and an additional fifty thousand (50,000) are severely injured.

(3) It is estimated that half of the maternal mortalities in the United States could be prevented and half of the maternal injuries in the United States could be reduced or eliminated with better care.

(4) In Rhode Island, the maternal mortality rate for the five (5) years 2013-2017 was eleven and two tenths (11.2) per one hundred thousand (100,000) live births. During this five (5) year period, there were six (6) cases of maternal deaths.

(5) The severe maternal morbidity rate in RI for 2016 is two hundred nine (209) per ten thousand (10,000) delivery hospitalizations.

(6) In Rhode Island, there is also a large disparity for severe maternal morbidity among non-Hispanic Black women three hundred out of ten thousand (306/10,000) compared to non-Hispanic White women one hundred seventy nine and four tenths out of ten thousand (179.4/10,000).

1	(7) Data from the centers for disease control and prevention show that nationally, black
2	women are three (3) to four (4) times more likely to die from pregnancy-related causes than white
3	women. There are forty (40) deaths per one hundred thousand (100,000) live births for black
4	women, compared to twelve and four tenths (12.4) deaths per one hundred thousand (100,0000 live
5	births for white women and seventeen and eight tenths (17.8) deaths per one hundred thousand
6	(100,000) live births for women of other races.
7	(8) Black women's risk of maternal mortality has remained higher than white women's
8	risk for the past six (6) decades.
9	(9) Black women in the United States suffer from life-threatening pregnancy complications
10	twice as often as their white counterparts.
11	(10) High rates of maternal mortality among black women span income and education
12	levels, as well as socioeconomic status; moreover, risk factors such as a lack of access to prenatal
13	care and physical health conditions do not fully explain the racial disparity in maternal mortality.
14	(11) A growing body of evidence indicates that stress from racism and racial discrimination
15	results in conditions including hypertension and pre-eclampsia that contribute to poor maternal
16	health outcomes among black women.
17	(12) Pervasive racial bias against black women and unequal treatment of black women
18	exist in the health care system, often resulting in inadequate treatment for pain and dismissal of
19	cultural norms with respect to health. A 2016 study by University of Virginia researchers found
20	that white medical students and residents often believed biological myths about racial differences
21	in patients, including that black patients have less-sensitive nerve endings and thicker skin than
22	their white counterparts. Providers, however, are not consistently required to undergo implicit bias,
23	cultural competency, or empathy training.
24	(13) Currently, Oregon and Minnesota are two (2) states that permit Medicaid coverage for
25	doula services and New York City has launched a pilot program. Studies in Oregon, Minnesota,
26	and Wisconsin have shown that using a doula can save money.
27	(14) Currently in the US, one in three (3) births is a C-section. They cost about fifty percent
28	(50%) more than conventional births. Using a doula reduces the chances of the need for a C-section
29	by twenty-five percent (25%).
30	(15) According to the manuscript entitled "modeling the cost effectiveness of doula care
31	associated with reductions in preterm birth and cesarean delivery", in Minnesota, women who
32	received doula support had lower preterm and cesarean birth rates than Medicaid beneficiaries
33	regionally (4.7% vs. 6.3%, and 20.4% vs. 34.2%). Data show women with doula care had twenty-
34	two percent (22%) lower odds of preterm birth. Cost-effectiveness analyses indicate potential

- savings associated with doula support reimbursed at an average of nine hundred eighty six dollars (\$986) (ranging from nine hundred twenty-nine dollars (\$929) to one thousand forty-seven dollars (\$1,047) across states).
- 4 (16) To require Medicaid and private insurance coverage for continuous, one-to-one, 5 emotional and physical support services to pregnant persons by a trained, culturally competent, 6 registered perinatal doula.
 - (17) Findings of a 2017 Cochrane, systematic review of twenty-six (26) trials involving fifteen thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (15,858) women revealed that continuous support during labor may improve outcomes for women and infants, including increased spontaneous vaginal birth, shorter duration of labor, a decrease in cesarean birth, and decreases in instrumental vaginal birth, use of any analgesia, use of regional analgesia, low five (5) minute Apgar score and negative feelings about childbirth experiences. The study found no evidence of harms of continuous labor support.
 - (18) An update last year by Cochrane, found that pregnant women who received the continuous support that doulas provide were thirty-nine percent (39%) less likely to have cesarean birth.
 - SECTION 2. Chapter 27-18 of the General Laws entitled "Accident and Sickness Insurance Policies" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:

27-18-85. Perinatal doulas.

(a) Every individual or group health insurance contract, or every individual or group hospital or medical expense insurance policy, plan, or group policy delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 2022, shall provide coverage for the services of perinatal doulas if the services are within the perinatal doulas' area of professional competence as defined by regulations promulgated by the doula certification organization. No insurer or hospital or medical service corporation may require supervision, signature, or referral by any other health care provider as a condition of reimbursement, except when those requirements are also applicable to other categories of health care providers. No insurer or hospital or medical service corporation or patient may be required to pay for duplicate services actually rendered by both a perinatal doula and any other health care provider. Direct payment for perinatal doulas shall be contingent upon services rendered in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the doula certification organization.

(b) Every individual or group health insurance contract, or every individual or group hospital or medical expense insurance policy, plan, or group policy delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state that is required to cover perinatal doula services as defined in subsection

1	(a) of this section, shall report utilization and cost information related to perinatal doula services to
2	the office of the health insurance commissioner on or before July 1, 2023 and each July 1 thereafter.
3	The office of the health insurance commissioner shall define the utilization and cost information
4	required to be reported.
5	(c) This section shall not apply to insurance coverage providing benefits for: (1) Hospital
6	confinement indemnity; (2) Disability income; (3) Accident only; (4) Long-term care; (5) Medicare
7	supplement; (6) Limited benefit health; (7) Specified disease indemnity; (8) Sickness or bodily
8	injury or death by accident or both; and (9) Other limited benefit policies.
9	SECTION 3. Chapter 27-19 of the General Laws entitled "Nonprofit Hospital Service
10	Corporations" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
11	27-19-77. Perinatal doulas.
12	(a) Every individual or group health insurance contract, or every individual or group
13	hospital or medical expense insurance policy, plan, or group policy delivered, issued for delivery,
14	or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 2022, shall provide coverage for the services of perinatal
15	doulas if the services are within the perinatal doulas' area of professional competence as defined by
16	regulations promulgated by the doula certification organization. No insurer or hospital or medical
17	service corporation may require supervision, signature, or referral by any other health care provider
18	as a condition of reimbursement, except when those requirements are also applicable to other
19	categories of health care providers. No insurer or hospital or medical service corporation or patient
20	may be required to pay for duplicate services actually rendered by both a perinatal doula and any
21	other health care provider. Direct payment for perinatal doulas shall be contingent upon services
22	rendered in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the doula certification
23	organization.
24	(b) Every individual or group health insurance contract, or every individual or group
25	hospital or medical expense insurance policy, plan, or group policy delivered, issued for delivery,
26	or renewed in this state that is required to cover perinatal doula services as defined in subsection
27	(a) of this section, shall report utilization and cost information related to perinatal doula services to
28	the office of the health insurance commissioner on or before July 1, 2023 and each July 1 thereafter.
29	The office of the health insurance commissioner shall define the utilization and cost information
30	required to be reported.
31	(c) This section shall not apply to insurance coverage providing benefits for: (1) Hospital
32	confinement indemnity; (2) Disability income; (3) Accident only; (4) Long-term care; (5) Medicare
33	supplement; (6) Limited benefit health; (7) Specified disease indemnity; (8) Sickness or bodily
34	injury or death by accident or both; and (9) Other limited benefit policies.

1	SECTION 4. Chapter 27-20 of the General Laws entitled "Nonprofit Medical Service
2	Corporations" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
3	27-20-73. Perinatal doulas.
4	(a) Every individual or group health insurance contract, or every individual or group
5	hospital or medical expense insurance policy, plan, or group policy delivered, issued for delivery,
6	or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 2022, shall provide coverage for the services of perinatal
7	doulas if the services are within the perinatal doulas' area of professional competence as defined by
8	regulations promulgated by the doula certification organization. No insurer or hospital or medical
9	service corporation may require supervision, signature, or referral by any other health care provider
10	as a condition of reimbursement, except when those requirements are also applicable to other
11	categories of health care providers. No insurer or hospital or medical service corporation or patient
12	may be required to pay for duplicate services actually rendered by both a perinatal doula and any
13	other health care provider. Direct payment for perinatal doulas shall be contingent upon services
14	rendered in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the doula certification
15	organization.
16	(b) Every individual or group health insurance contract, or every individual or group
17	hospital or medical expense insurance policy, plan, or group policy delivered, issued for delivery,
18	or renewed in this state that is required to cover perinatal doula services as defined in subsection
19	(a) of this section, shall report utilization and cost information related to perinatal doula services to
20	the office of the health insurance commissioner on or before July 1, 2023 and each July 1 thereafter.
21	The office of the health insurance commissioner shall define the utilization and cost information
22	required to be reported.
23	(c) This section shall not apply to insurance coverage providing benefits for: (1) Hospital
24	confinement indemnity; (2) Disability income; (3) Accident only; (4) Long-term care; (5) Medicare
25	supplement; (6) Limited benefit health; (7) Specified disease indemnity; (8) Sickness or bodily
26	injury or death by accident or both; and (9) Other limited benefit policies.
27	SECTION 5. Chapter 27-41 of the General Laws entitled "Health Maintenance
28	Organizations" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
29	27-41-90. Perinatal doulas.
30	(a) Every individual or group health insurance contract, or every individual or group
31	hospital or medical expense insurance policy, plan, or group policy delivered, issued for delivery,
32	or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 2022, shall provide coverage for the services of perinatal
33	doulas if the services are within the perinatal doulas' area of professional competence as defined by

regulations promulgated by the doula certification organization. No insurer or hospital or medical

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1	service corporation may require supervision, signature, or referral by any other health care provider
2	as a condition of reimbursement, except when those requirements are also applicable to other
3	categories of health care providers. No insurer or hospital or medical service corporation or patient
4	may be required to pay for duplicate services actually rendered by both a perinatal doula and any
5	other health care provider. Direct payment for perinatal doulas shall be contingent upon services
6	rendered in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the doula certification
7	organization.
8	(b) Every individual or group health insurance contract, or every individual or group
9	hospital or medical expense insurance policy, plan, or group policy delivered, issued for delivery,
10	or renewed in this state that is required to cover perinatal doula services as defined in subsection
11	(a) of this section, shall report utilization and cost information related to perinatal doula services to
12	the office of the health insurance commissioner on or before July 1, 2023 and each July 1 thereafter.
13	The office of the health insurance commissioner shall define the utilization and cost information
14	required to be reported.
15	(c) This section shall not apply to insurance coverage providing benefits for: (1) Hospital
16	confinement indemnity; (2) Disability income; (3) Accident only; (4) Long-term care; (5) Medicare
17	supplement; (6) Limited benefit health; (7) Specified disease indemnity; (8) Sickness or bodily
18	injury or death by accident or both; and (9) Other limited benefit policies.
19	SECTION 6. Title 40 of the General Laws entitled "HUMAN SERVICES" is hereby
20	amended by adding thereto the following chapter:
21	CHAPTER 8.16
22	RHODE ISLAND DOULA REIMBURSEMENT ACT
23	40-8.16-1. Short title.
24	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Rhode Island Doula Reimbursement Act."
25	40-8.16-2. Definitions.
26	As used in this chapter:
27	(1) "Accountable care" means an accountable care entity that helps coordinate the medical
28	care provided to Medicaid-eligible patients.
29	(2) "Antepartum" means the period of pregnancy before labor or childbirth. Services
30	provided during this period are rendered to the pregnant individual.
31	(3) "Community-based organization (CBO)" means a public or private nonprofit
32	organization that is representative of a community or significant segments of a community and
33	engaged in meeting that community's needs in the areas of social, human, or health services.
34	(4) "Competencies" means key skills and applied knowledge necessary for doulas to be

2	(5) "Contact hour" means an hour of classroom, group, or distance learning training, and
3	does not include homework time, preparatory reading, or practicum.
4	(6) "Doula" or "perinatal doula" means a trained professional providing continuous
5	physical, emotional and informational support to a pregnant individual, from antepartum,
6	intrapartum, and up to the first twelve (12) months of the postpartum period. Doulas also provide
7	assistance by referring childbearing individuals to CBOs and certified and licensed perinatal
8	professionals in multiple disciplines.
9	(7) "Doula certification organization" means the Rhode Island certification board.
10	(8) "Doula services" means services provided by a certified doula as enumerated in § 40-
11	<u>8.16-4.</u>
12	(9) Doula training organization" means an entity, nationally or internationally, recognized
13	by the doula certification organization for training perinatal doulas whose educational requirements
14	includes the core curriculum topics described in this chapter. These doula training organizations
15	shall include, but not be limited to, the International Childbirth Education Association (ICEA), the
16	Doulas of North America (DONA), ToLabor, Birthworks, the Childbirth and Postpartum
17	Professional Association (CAPPA), Childbirth International, the International Center for
18	Traditional Childbearing, and Commonsense Childbirth, Inc.
19	(10) "Fee-for-service" means a payment model where services are unbundled and paid for
20	separately.
21	(11) "Insurer" means every nonprofit medical service corporation, hospital service
22	corporation, health maintenance organization, program that provides free or low-cost health
23	coverage to low-income individuals, or other insurer offering and insuring health services; the term
24	shall in addition include any entity defined as an insurer under § 42-62-4.
25	(12) "International board-certified lactation consultant" or "IBCLC" means a health care
26	professional who specializes in the clinical management of breastfeeding.
27	(13) "Intrapartum" means the period of pregnancy during labor and delivery or childbirth.
28	Services at this period are rendered to the pregnant individual.
29	(14) "Managed care" means providing for the delivery of Medicaid health benefits and
30	additional services through contracted arrangements between state Medicaid agencies and managed
31	care organizations (MCOs) that accept a set per member per month (capitation) payment for these
32	services.
33	(15) "Postpartum" means one year after a pregnancy ends.
34	(16) "Private insurers" means insurance schemes financed through private health

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effective in the work field and carry out their roles.

1	premiums, i.e., payments that a poncyholder agrees to make for coverage under a given insurance
2	policy, where an insurance policy generally consists of a contract that is issued by an insurer to a
3	covered person.
4	(17) "Registry" means a list of doulas, maintained by the doula certification organization,
5	that satisfies the qualifications for registration set forth by the doula certification organization.
6	(18) "State medical assistance program" means a federal financial aid of medical expenses
7	of needy persons.
8	40-8.16-3. Coverage of doula services.
9	(a) Doula services shall be eligible for coverage throughout Rhode Island for child-bearing
10	individuals through private insurance and Medicaid.
11	(b) Doula services shall be covered by the state medical assistance program if the doula
12	seeking reimbursement has completed the following:
13	(1) Applied for and being given a National Provider Identification Number (NPI#);
14	(2) Completed and received approval for all required state medical assistance program
15	provider enrollment forms;
16	(3) Provided a copy of a doula training certificate or an authentic, original, signed and dated
17	letter from a doula training organization verifying that the doula has attended and completed its
18	training or curriculum. To be considered authentic, a letter must be on the doula training
19	organization's letterhead and signed by an authorized representative;
20	(4) Provided a signed and dated attestation of being trained in the following competencies
21	through one program or a combination of programs, the result of which is meeting all doula core
22	competency requirements outlined below:
23	(i) An education that includes any combination of childbirth education, birth doula training,
24	antepartum doula training, and postpartum doula training;
25	(ii) Attendance at a minimum of one breastfeeding class or holding a valid lactation
26	certification;
27	(iii) Attendance at a minimum of one childbirth class or valid childbirth education
28	certification;
29	(iv) Completion of cultural competency training;
30	(v) Completion of HIPAA / client confidentiality training;
31	(vi) Completion of CPR certification for children and adults; and
32	(vii) Completion of SafeServ certification for meal preparation.
33	(c) Once enrolled as a state medical assistance program provider, a doula shall be eligible
34	to enroll as a provider with fee-for-service, managed care, and accountable care payers, affiliated

1	with the state medical assistance program.
2	(d) In order to follow federal Medicaid and private insurance requirements applicable to
3	covered services, doula services shall be reimbursed on a fee-for-service schedule.
4	(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, a doula who can
5	provide alternative and sufficient documentation of training and practice as a doula for a period of
6	at least six (6) months prior to the passage of this chapter shall not be required to provide the
7	certificate or letter required by subsection (b)(3) of this section, and shall have six (6) months to
8	complete the training requirements of subsection (b)(4) of this section.
9	40-8.16-4. Scope of practice.
10	A doula may provide services to a pregnant individual such as:
11	(1) Services to support pregnant mothers and people, improve birth outcomes, and support
12	new mothers and families with cultural specific antepartum, intrapartum, and postpartum services,
13	referrals, and advocacy;
14	(2) Advocating for and supporting physiological birth, breastfeeding, and parenting for
15	their client;
16	(3) Supporting the antepartum, intrapartum, and postpartum period with traditional comfort
17	measures and educational materials, as well as assistance during the transition to parenthood in the
18	initial postpartum period through home visits;
19	(4) Empowering individuals and families with evidenced-based information to choose best
20	practices for birth, breastfeeding, and infant care;
21	(5) Providing continuous support to the laboring individual until the birth of the baby at
22	any location of delivery;
23	(6) Referring clients to their appropriate provider for medical advice for care outside of the
24	doula scope of practice;
25	(7) Working as a member of the individual's multidisciplinary team; and
26	(8) Offering evidence-based information on newborn and infant feeding, emotional and
27	physical recovery from childbirth, and other issues related to the antepartum, intrapartum, and
28	postpartum period.
29	(b) A doula shall not engage in the "practice of medicine," as defined in § 5-37-1.
30	40-8.16-5. Establishing a statewide registry of perinatal doulas.
31	(a) The doula certification organization shall promulgate rules and regulations that
32	establish a statewide certification for perinatal doulas solely for the purpose of establishing the
33	qualifications necessary for doulas to qualify for reimbursement under this chapter.
34	(b) Individuals seeking entry on a statewide registry of doulas shall, at a minimum:

1	(1) Be at least eighteen (18) years of age;
2	(2) Not be listed on the doula certification organization's provider exclusion list;
3	(3) Successfully complete training in all competencies as outlined in § 40-8.16-3;
4	(4) Receive and maintain certification by an approved doula certification organization; and
5	(5) Maintain personal liability insurance either individually or through a collaborative,
6	association, or business of doulas that can prove liability insurance coverage for all doulas working
7	through, with or under them.
8	40-8.16-6. Payment for doula services.
9	(a) Medical assistance coverage for doula services:
10	(1) Chapter 8 of title 40 shall include "doula services" as described in §§ 40-8.16-4 and 40-
11	<u>8.16-5; and</u>
12	(2) The coverage available for doula services per pregnancy, regardless of the number of
13	infants involved, which shall be billed on a fee-for-service basis, shall be available through one
14	year postpartum, shall not be less than eight hundred fifty dollars (\$850.00), and shall be eligible
15	towards the following activities, such as: prenatal visits, physical and emotional support during a
16	childbearing individual's labor and birth, telephone or virtual communications between doula and
17	client, time spent being on call for the birth, postpartum visits, and time spent on administrative
18	time, such as documentation or paperwork.
19	(b) Every individual or group hospital or medical expense insurance policy or individual
20	or group hospital or medical services plan contract delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this
21	state shall provide coverage for the services of perinatal doulas if the services are within the
22	perinatal doulas' area of professional competence as defined by regulations promulgated by the
23	doula certification organization. No insurer or hospital or medical service corporation may require
24	supervision, signature, or referral by any other health care provider as a condition of
25	reimbursement. No insurer or hospital or medical service corporation or patient may be required to
26	pay for duplicate services actually rendered by both a perinatal doula and any other health care
27	provider. Direct payment for perinatal doulas shall be contingent upon services rendered in
28	accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the doula certification organization.
29	(c) The state medical assistance program, managed care organizations, and accountable
30	care payers that are required to cover perinatal doula services under § 40-8.16-3, shall report
31	utilization and cost information related to perinatal doula services to the executive office of health
32	and human services on or before July 1, 2023 and each July 1 thereafter. The executive office of
33	health and human services shall define the utilization and cost information required to be reported.
34	(d) This chapter shall not apply to insurance coverage providing benefits for: (1) Hospital

- 1 confinement indemnity; (2) Disability income; (3) Accident only; (4) Long-term care; (5) Medicare
- 2 supplement; (6) Limited benefit health; (7) Specified disease indemnity; (8) Sickness or bodily
- 3 injury or death by accident or both; and (9) Other limited benefit policies.
- 4 SECTION 7. This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

LC002088

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO HUMAN SERVICES -- MEDICAL ASSISTANCE -- PERINATAL DOULA SERVICES

This act would provide for medical assistance health care for expectant mothers and would establish medical assistance coverage and reimbursement rates for perinatal doula services.

This act would take effect on July 1, 2022.

LC002088