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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2022

AN ACT

RELATING TO EDUCATION -- THE EDUCATION EQUITY AND PROPERTY TAX RELIEF ACT

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives Felix, Henries, Alzate, Morales, Kazarian, Casimiro, Kislak, Diaz, Tanzi, and J Lombardi

Date Introduced: April 06, 2022

Referred To: House Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 16-7.2-6 of the General Laws in Chapter 16-7.2 entitled "The

Education Equity and Property Tax Relief Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:

16-7.2-6. Categorical programs, state funded expenses.

In addition to the foundation education aid provided pursuant to § 16-7.2-3, the permanent

5 foundation education-aid program shall provide direct state funding for:

(a) Excess costs associated with special education students. Excess costs are defined when

an individual special education student's cost shall be deemed to be "extraordinary." Extraordinary

8 costs are those educational costs that exceed the state-approved threshold based on an amount

9 above five times the core foundation amount (total of core-instruction amount plus student success

amount). The department of elementary and secondary education ("the department") shall prorate

the funds available for distribution among those eligible school districts if the total approved costs

for which school districts are seeking reimbursement exceed the amount of funding appropriated

in any fiscal year; and the department of elementary and secondary education shall also collect data

on those educational costs that exceed the state-approved threshold based on an amount above two

15 (2), three (3), and four (4) times the core-foundation amount;

(b) Career and technical education costs to help meet initial investment requirements

needed to transform existing, or create new, comprehensive, career and technical education

programs and career pathways in critical and emerging industries and to help offset the higher-

- 1 than-average costs associated with facilities, equipment maintenance and repair, and supplies
- 2 necessary for maintaining the quality of highly specialized programs that are a priority for the state.
- 3 The department shall develop criteria for the purpose of allocating any and all career and technical
- 4 education funds as may be determined by the general assembly on an annual basis. The department
- 5 of elementary and secondary education shall prorate the funds available for distribution among
- 6 those eligible school districts if the total approved costs for which school districts are seeking
- 7 reimbursement exceed the amount of funding available in any fiscal year;
- 8 (c) Programs to increase access to voluntary, free, high-quality pre-kindergarten programs.
- 9 The department shall recommend criteria for the purpose of allocating any and all early childhood
- program funds as may be determined by the general assembly;
- 11 (d) Central Falls, Davies, and the Met Center Stabilization Fund is established to ensure
- that appropriate funding is available to support their students. Additional support for Central Falls
- 13 is needed due to concerns regarding the city's capacity to meet the local share of education costs.
- 14 This fund requires that education aid calculated pursuant to § 16-7.2-3 and funding for costs outside
- 15 the permanent foundation education-aid formula, including, but not limited to, transportation,
- 16 facility maintenance, and retiree health benefits shall be shared between the state and the city of
- 17 Central Falls. The fund shall be annually reviewed to determine the amount of the state and city
- 18 appropriation. The state's share of this fund may be supported through a reallocation of current state
- 19 appropriations to the Central Falls school district. At the end of the transition period defined in §
- 20 16-7.2-7, the municipality will continue its contribution pursuant to § 16-7-24. Additional support
- 21 for the Davies and the Met Center is needed due to the costs associated with running a stand-alone
- 22 high school offering both academic and career and technical coursework. The department shall
- 23 recommend criteria for the purpose of allocating any and all stabilization funds as may be
- 24 determined by the general assembly;
- 25 (e) Excess costs associated with transporting students to out-of-district non- public schools.
- 26 This fund will provide state funding for the costs associated with transporting students to out-of-
- 27 district non-public schools, pursuant to chapter 21.1 of this title. The state will assume the costs of
- 28 non-public out- of-district transportation for those districts participating in the statewide system.
- 29 The department of elementary and secondary education shall prorate the funds available for
- 30 distribution among those eligible school districts if the total approved costs for which school
- 31 districts are seeking reimbursement exceed the amount of funding available in any fiscal year;
- 32 (f) Excess costs associated with transporting students within regional school districts. This
- fund will provide direct state funding for the excess costs associated with transporting students
- within regional school districts, established pursuant to chapter 3 of this title. This fund requires

- 1 that the state and regional school district share equally the student transportation costs net any
- 2 federal sources of revenue for these expenditures. The department of elementary and secondary
- 3 education shall prorate the funds available for distribution among those eligible school districts if
- 4 the total approved costs for which school districts are seeking reimbursement exceed the amount
- 5 of funding available in any fiscal year;

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- (g) Public school districts that are regionalized shall be eligible for a regionalization bonus as set forth below:
- 8 (1) As used herein, the term "regionalized" shall be deemed to refer to a regional school 9 district established under the provisions of chapter 3 of this title, including the Chariho Regional 10 School district;
 - (2) For those districts that are regionalized as of July 1, 2010, the regionalization bonus shall commence in FY 2012. For those districts that regionalize after July 1, 2010, the regionalization bonus shall commence in the first fiscal year following the establishment of a regionalized school district as set forth in chapter 3 of this title, including the Chariho Regional School District;
 - (3) The regionalization bonus in the first fiscal year shall be two percent (2.0%) of the state's share of the foundation education aid for the regionalized district as calculated pursuant to \$\ 16-7.2-3 \text{ and } 16-7.2-4 \text{ in that fiscal year;}
 - (4) The regionalization bonus in the second fiscal year shall be one percent (1.0%) of the state's share of the foundation education aid for the regionalized district as calculated pursuant to \$\\$ 16-7.2-3 and 16-7.2-4 in that fiscal year;
 - (5) The regionalization bonus shall cease in the third fiscal year;
- 23 (6) The regionalization bonus for the Chariho regional school district shall be applied to 24 the state share of the permanent foundation education aid for the member towns; and
 - (7) The department of elementary and secondary education shall prorate the funds available for distribution among those eligible regionalized school districts if the total, approved costs for which regionalized school districts are seeking a regionalization bonus exceed the amount of funding appropriated in any fiscal year;
 - (h) Additional state support for English learners (EL). The amount to support EL students shall be determined by multiplying an EL factor of ten percent (10%) by the core-instruction perpupil amount defined in § 16-7.2-3(a)(1) and applying that amount of additional state support to EL students identified using widely adopted, independent standards and assessments identified by the commissioner. All categorical funds distributed pursuant to this subsection must be used to provide high-quality, research-based services to EL students and managed in accordance with

requirements set forth by the commissioner of elementary and secondary education. The
department of elementary and secondary education shall collect performance reports from districts
and approve the use of funds prior to expenditure. The department of elementary and secondary
education shall ensure the funds are aligned to activities that are innovative and expansive and not
utilized for activities the district is currently funding. The department of elementary and secondary
education shall prorate the funds available for distribution among eligible recipients if the total
calculated costs exceed the amount of funding available in any fiscal year;

- (i) State support for school resource officers. For purposes of this subsection, a school resource officer (SRO) shall be defined as a career law enforcement officer with sworn authority who is deployed by an employing police department or agency in a community-oriented policing assignment to work in collaboration with one or more schools. School resource officers should have completed at least forty (40) hours of specialized training in school policing, administered by an accredited agency, before being assigned. Beginning in FY 2019, for a period of three (3) years, school districts or municipalities that choose to employ school resource officers shall receive direct state support for costs associated with employing such officers at public middle and high schools. Districts or municipalities shall be reimbursed an amount equal to one-half (½) of the cost of salaries and benefits for the qualifying positions. Funding will be provided for school resource officer positions established on or after July 1, 2018, provided that:
 - (1) Each school resource officer shall be assigned to one school:
- 20 (i) Schools with enrollments below one thousand twelve two hundred (1,200) students shall require one school resource officer;
 - (ii) Schools with enrollments of one thousand twelve two hundred (1,200) or more students shall require two school resource officers;
 - (2) School resource officers hired in excess of the requirement noted above shall not be eligible for reimbursement; and
 - (3) Schools that eliminate existing school resource officer positions and create new positions under this provision shall not be eligible for reimbursement; and
 - (j) Categorical programs defined in subsections (a) through (g) shall be funded pursuant to the transition plan in § 16-7.2-7.
 - (k) State support for site-based reading specialists. For the purposes of this section, the term "reading specialists" shall be defined by the Rhode Island teacher certification regulations.

 Local education agencies (LEAs) that choose to hire new reading specialists shall receive direct state support for a period of three (3) years after the date the specialist was hired. After accounting for any federal funds or federal, state, or local grants received toward the costs associated with such

1	a position, the state shall reimburse LEAs an amount equal to one-half (1/2) of the cost of salaries
2	and benefits that remain the LEA's responsibility.
3	(1) To receive the state reimbursement, reading specialists shall be hired to achieve the
4	following ratios:
5	(i) Schools with enrollments of up to five hundred (500) students shall require one reading
6	specialist.
7	(ii) Schools with enrollments of five hundred one (501) students to one thousand (1,000)
8	students shall require two (2) reading specialists.
9	(iii) Schools with enrollments greater than one thousand (1,000) students shall require three
10	(3) reading specialists.
11	(2) LEAs shall not be eligible to receive reimbursement for hiring reading specialists that
12	would result in ratios lower than those identified in subsection (k)(1) of this section, unless the LEA
13	provides a workload analysis to the department indicating that additional reading specialists are
14	required to deliver all specified services to students in a particular school or schools.
15	(3) Schools or LEAs that eliminate existing reading specialist positions and create new
16	positions under this provision shall not be eligible for reimbursement.
17	(4) Schools within the same LEA may share a reading specialist; provided, that the student-
18	to-specialist ratios between the sharing schools does not exceed those in subsection (k)(1) of this
19	section.
20	(l) State support for site-based mathematics specialists. For the purposes of this section,
21	the term "mathematics specialists" shall be defined by the Rhode Island teacher certification
22	regulations. Local education agencies (LEAs) that choose to hire new mathematics specialists shall
23	receive direct state support for a period of three (3) years after the date the specialist was hired.
24	After accounting for any federal funds or federal, state, or local grants received toward the costs
25	associated with such a position, the state shall reimburse LEAs an amount equal to one-half (1/2)
26	of the cost of salaries and benefits that remain the LEA's responsibility.
27	(1) To receive the state reimbursement, mathematics specialists shall be hired to achieve
28	the following ratios:
29	(i) Schools with enrollments of up to five hundred (500) students shall require one
30	mathematics specialist.
31	(ii) Schools with enrollments of five hundred one (501) students to one thousand (1,000)
32	students shall require two (2) mathematics specialists.
33	(iii) Schools with enrollments greater than one thousand (1,000) students shall require three
34	(3) mathematics specialists.

1	(2) LEAs shall not be eligible to receive reimbursement for hiring mathematics specialists
2	that would result in ratios lower than those identified in subsection (k)(1) of this section, unless the
3	LEA provides a workload analysis to the department indicating that additional mathematics
4	specialists are required to deliver all specified services to students in a particular school or schools.
5	(3) Schools or LEAs that eliminate existing mathematics specialist positions and create
6	new positions under this provision shall not be eligible for reimbursement.
7	(4) Schools within the same LEA may share a mathematics specialist; provided, that the
8	student-to-specialist ratios between the sharing schools does not exceed those in subsection (k)(1)
9	of this section.
10	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.
	LC005651

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO EDUCATION -- THE EDUCATION EQUITY AND PROPERTY TAX RELIEF ACT

This act would provide local education agencies (LEAs) hiring site-based specialists for reading and math to receive state reimbursement based on enrollment and specific guidelines.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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