# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND 

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY
JANUARY SESSION，A．D． 2002

A N A C T

RELATING TO CREDIT CARD LENDING

Introduced By：Senators Cote，Badeau，Hunter，Bates，and Sosnowski
Date Introduced：February 07， 2002
Referred To：Senate Corporations

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows：
SECTION 1．Title 6 of the General Laws entitled＂Commercial Law－－General Regulatory Provisions＂is hereby amended by adding thereto the following chapter：

## CHAPTER 6－26．1

## CREDIT CARD LENDING

6－26．1－1．Definitions．－－For purposes of this chapter，the following definitions shall apply：
（1）＂Credit card device＂shall include any means of making a credit card transaction available to a borrower pursuant to a credit card plan，including，but not limited to，a card，draft or check，identification code，other means of identification，or other credit device or code，whether made directly or indirectly by means of telephone，point of sale terminal，automated teller machine，computer or other electronic or other communication or device，or through the mails．
（2）＂Credit card lender＂or＂lender＂shall mean any entity that is a regulated institution as defined by section 19－1－1，or licensee as defined by section 19－14－1，which offers or extends credit in the form of a credit card transaction．
（3）＂Credit card transaction＂shall mean any loan or extension of credit made pursuant to a credit card plan．Without limitation of the foregoing，a credit card transaction may be extended under a credit card plan by a credit card lender＇s acquisition of obligations arising out of the honoring by a merchant，a bank or other financial institution（whether chartered or organized under the laws of this or any other state，the District of Columbia，the United States or any
district, territory or possession of the United States, or any foreign country), or a government or governmental subdivision or agency of a credit card device.
(4) "Credit card plan" or "plan" shall mean any arrangement or plan between a borrower and a credit card lender for open-end, revolving extensions of credit made available through a credit card device. Provided, however, the terms "credit card plan" or "plan" do not include an extension of credit, the prepayment of which is secured by real property.

6-26.1-2. Authorization to make loans -- Usury. -- Any credit card lender may, subject to any limitations on lending authorities contained in its charter or otherwise imposed by law, offer and extend credit to a borrower and in connection therewith may charge and collect interest, interest fees and charges, and other charges permitted by this chapter and may take such security as collateral in connection therewith as may be acceptable to the credit card lender.

6-26.1-3. Variable rates. -- If the agreement governing a credit card plan so provides, the periodic percentage rate or rates of interest under such plan may vary in accordance with a schedule or formula. Such periodic rate or rates may vary from time to time as the rate determined in accordance with such schedule or formula varies and such periodic rate or rates, as so varied, may be made applicable to all or any part of outstanding unpaid indebtedness under the plan on or after the first day of the billing cycle that contains the effective date of such variation, including any such indebtedness arising out of purchases made or loans obtained prior to such variation in the periodic percentage rate or rates. Without limitation, a permissible schedule or formula hereunder may include provisions in the agreement governing the plan for a change in the periodic percentage rate or rates of interest applicable to all or any part of outstanding unpaid indebtedness, whether by variation of the then applicable periodic percentage rate or rates of interest, variation of an index or margin or otherwise, contingent upon the happening of any event or circumstance specified in the plan, which event or circumstance may include, but not be limited to, the failure of the borrower to perform in accordance with the terms of the plan.

6-26.14. Interest. -- A credit card lender may charge and collect interest under a credit card plan on outstanding unpaid indebtedness in the borrower's account under the plan at such daily, weekly, monthly, annual or other periodic percentage rate or rates as the agreement governing the plan provides or as established in the manner provided in the agreement governing the plan. If the agreement governing the plan so provides, the outstanding unpaid indebtedness may include the amount of any interest, interest fees and charges, and other charges outstanding. Interest may be calculated using an average daily balance, two-cycle average daily balance, adjusted balance or previous balance method or using any other balance computation method provided for in the agreement governing the plan. Credit card transactions may be included in the
outstanding unpaid indebtedness as of such time as may be specified in the agreement governing the plan. Periodic billing cycles may be established in such manner and shall have the duration as may be specified in the agreement governing the plan.

6-26.1-5. Interest fees and charges. - (a) In addition to or in lieu of interest a a periodic percentage rate or rates as provided in section 6-26.1-4, a credit card lender may, if the agreement governing the credit card plan so provides, charge and collect, as interest, in such manner or form as the plan may provide, one or more of the following:
(1) Daily, weekly, monthly, annual or other periodic charges in such amount or amounts as the agreement may provide for the privileges made available to the borrower under the plan;
(2) A transaction charge or charges in such amount or amounts as the agreement may provide for each separate purchase, loan, or other transaction under the plan;
(3) A minimum charge for each daily, weekly, monthly, annual or other scheduled billing period under the plan during any portion of which there is an outstanding unpaid $\underline{\text { indebtedness under the plan; }}$
(4) Reasonable fees for services rendered or for reimbursement of expenses incurred in good faith by the credit card lender or its agents in connection with the plan, or other reasonable fees incident to the application for and the opening, administration and termination of a plan including, without limitation, commitment, application and processing fees, official fees and taxes, costs incurred by reason of examination of title, inspection, appraisal, recording, mortgage satisfaction or other formal acts necessary or appropriate to the security for the plan, and filing fees;
(5) Returned payment charges or charges imposed for the return of a draft or check $\underline{\text { drawn on a credit card plan evidencing an extension of credit under such plan; }}$
(6) Documentary evidence charges;
(7) Stop payment fees;
(8) Overlimit charges;
(9) Automated teller machine charges or other electronic or interchange fees or charges; and
(10) Subject to any limitations contained in this chapter, such other fees and charges as are set forth in the agreement governing the plan.
(b) No charges assessed in accordance with this section shall be deemed void as a penalty or otherwise unenforceable under any statute or the common law.

6-26.1-6. Omitted installments. -- A credit card lender may at any time and from time to time unilaterally extend to a borrower under a credit card plan the option of omitting monthly
installments.
6-26.1-7. Delinquent installments. -- (a) If the agreement governing a credit card plan so provides, a credit card lender may impose, as interest, a late or delinquency charge upon any outstanding unpaid installment payments or portions thereof under the plan which are in default. Nothing contained in this section shall limit, restrict or otherwise affect the right of a credit card lender to change the percentage rate or rates of interest applicable to the credit plan between the credit card lender and a borrower upon the occurrence of a delinquency or default or other failure of the borrower to perform in accordance with the terms of the plan.
(b) No charges assessed by a credit card lender in accordance with this section shall be deemed void as a penalty or otherwise unenforceable under any statute or the common law.

6-26.1-8. Amendment of agreement. -- Unless the agreement governing a credit card plan otherwise provides: (1) a credit card lender may at any time and from time to time amend the terms of such agreement in any respect; and (2) any amendment may, on and after the date upon which it becomes effective as to a particular borrower, apply to all the outstanding unpaid indebtedness in the borrower's account under the plan, including any such indebtedness that arose prior to the effective date of the amendment. An agreement governing to a credit card plan may become effective as determined by the credit card lender, subject to compliance by the credit card lender with any applicable notice requirements under the truth in lending act ( 15 U.S.C. sections 1601 et seq.), and the regulations promulgated thereunder, as in effect from time to time.

6-26.1-9. Materiality of terms. -- All terms, conditions and other provisions of and relating to a credit card plan as contained in this chapter or any other applicable chapter, or in the agreement governing the plan (other than those which are interest fees and charges under this chapter), including, without limitation, provisions relating to the method of determining the outstanding unpaid indebtedness on which interest is applied, time periods within which interest or interest fees and charges may be avoided, reasons for default and the right to cure any default, right to accelerate, account cancellation, choice of law, change in terms requirements, right to charge and collect attorneys' fees, court and collection costs and the compounding of interest or interest fees and charges, shall be and hereby are deemed to be material to the determination of interest applicable to a plan under Rhode Island law, under the most favored le nder doctrine, and under section 85 of the national bank act (12 U.S.C. section 85 ) or section 521 of the depository $\underline{\text { institutions deregulation and monetary control act of } 1980 \text { (12 U.S.C. section 1831d). }}$

6-26.1-10. Applicable law. -- An agreement governing a credit card plan shall be governed solely by applicable federal law and the laws of the state of Rhode Island unless otherwise expressly agreed in writing by the parties.

SECTION 2. Section 6-26-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 6-26 entitled "Interest and Usury" is hereby amended to read as follows:

6-26-2. Maximum rate of interest. -- (a) Subject to the provisions of title 19, no person, partnership, association, or corporation loaning money to or negotiating the loan of money for another, except duly Icensed pawnbrokers shall, directly or indirectly, reserve, charge, or take interest on a loan, whether before or after maturity, at a rate which shall exceed the greater of twenty-one percent $(21 \%)$ per annum or the alternate rate specified in subsection (b) of this section of the unpaid principal balance of the net proceeds of the loan not compounded, nor taken in advance, nor added on to the amount of the loan.
(b) The alternate rate shall mean the rate per annum which is equal to nine percentage points $(9 \%)$ plus an index which is the domestic Prime Rate as published in the Money Rates section of The Wall Street Journal on the last business day of each month preceding the later of the date of the debtor's agreement or the date on which the interest rate is redetermined in accordance with the terms of the debtor's agreement. If the Wall Street Journal ceases publication of the Prime Rate, the Director of Business Regulation shall designate a substantially equivalent index. In the event an index is published as a range of rates, then the lowest rate shall be the index.
(c) For purposes of this section, interest shall not be construed to include charges pursuant to chapters 30 and 31 of title 27 ; premiums for insurance in an amount not exceeding the reasonable value of property offered as security for a loan against any substantial risk of loss, liability, damage, or destruction in conformity with the insurance laws of this state; premiums for insurance providing loss of income or involuntary unemployment coverage if the coverage is not a factor in the approval by the lender of the extension of credit and the debtor gives specific written indication that the cost of this coverage has been conspicuously disclosed to the debtor, that the debtor realizes that the coverage is not a condition for the extension of credit, and that the debtor voluntarily desires the coverage; commercial loan commitment or availability fees to assure the availability of a specified amount of credit for a specified period of time or, at the borrower's option, compensating balances in lieu of the fees; reasonable attorney's fees customarily charged for the preparation of loan, security, or mortgage documents and for the collection of defaulted loans; fees for title examination or title insurance; other customary and reasonable costs incident to the closing, supervision, and collection of loans in this state; and consideration received for the redemption, sale, transfer, or other disposition of equity securities by a small business investment company licensed under the provisions of the United States "Small Business Investment Act of 1958" [15 U.S.C. section 631 et seq.], as amended, or an
entity which would qualify for regulation as a business development company under the provisions of the "Investment Company Act of 1940" [15 U.S.C. section 80a-1 et seq.], as amended, whether or not the equity securities were acquired by such small business investment company or business development company in connection with or as an incident to the extension of credit. Any of the foregoing charges, if paid or advanced by the lender, may be considered part of the net proceeds of the loan, and if paid by the debtor, shall not be deducted from the net proceeds of the loan.
(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this chapter or in any other provision of Rhode Island law, with respect to credit card transactions: (1) the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall net be applicable; (2) the interest rate shall be as agreed upen between lender and debtor; and (3) the following fees shall be construed as interest: fees for late payment, cash advance fees, overlimit fees, rettrned check fees and annual membership fees. the provisions of this chapter shall not be applicable with respect to credit card transactions as defined in chapter 626.1. Said chapter 6-26.1 only shall apply to all such transactions.
(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section and/or any other provision in this chapter to the contrary, there is no limitation on the rate of interest which may be legally charged for the loan to, or use of money by, a commercial entity, where the amount of money loaned exceeds the sum of one million dollars $(\$ 1,000,000)$ and where repayment of the loan is not secured by a mortgage against the principal residence of any borrower; provided, that the commercial entity has first obtained a pro forma methods analysis performed by a certified public accountant licensed in the state of Rhode Island indicating that the loan is capable of being repaid.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and shall apply retroactively to January 1, 2002.

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## EXPLANATION <br> BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL <br> OF <br> A N A C T <br> RELATING TO CREDIT CARD LENDING

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This act would establish provisions governing the terms, conditions and obligations under which a bank credit card plan may operate.

This act would take effect on passage and would apply retroactively to January 1, 2002.

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