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**STATE OF RHODE ISLAND**

**IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

**JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2005**

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A N A C T

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- RHODE ISLAND CESSPOOL PHASE-OUT ACT  
OF 2005

Introduced By: Representatives Long, and Ehrhardt

Date Introduced: March 01, 2005

Referred To: House Environment and Natural Resources

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Title 23 of the General Laws entitled "Health and Safety" is hereby  
2 amended by adding thereto the following chapter:

3 CHAPTER 19.15

4 THE RHODE ISLAND CESSPOOL PHASE-OUT ACT OF 2005

5 **23-19.15-1. Short title.** – This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the “Rhode  
6 Island Cesspool Phase-Out Act of 2005.”

7 **23-19.15-2. Legislative findings.** – The general assembly hereby recognizes and declares  
8 that:

9 (1) there exists within the state the need to abate pollution caused by cesspools.

10 (2) It is estimated that there are approximately sixty thousand (60,000) cesspools within  
11 the state as of 2004.

12 (3) Cesspools are a substandard and often inadequate means of sewage treatment and  
13 disposal.

14 (4) Many cesspools contribute directly to groundwater and surface water contamination.

15 (5) Cesspools degrade water quality and have been identified as a source of pollution in  
16 several waterbodies throughout the state, including portions of Narragansett Bay.

17 (6) Wastewater disposed from cesspools contains bacteria, viruses, ammonium, and other  
18 pollutants with high biochemical oxygen demand, and may also include phosphates, chlorides,

1 grease, and chemicals used to clean cesspools.

2 (7) Wastewater disposed from cesspools frequently exceeds drinking water health  
3 standards for certain trace contaminants.

4 (8) Areas that rely on cesspools are more likely to rely on groundwater for their drinking  
5 water supplies.

6 (9) Replacement of cesspools with modern ISDS technology reduces risks to public  
7 health and the environment.

8 (10) Appropriate treatment of sanitary sewage disposed into the ground is essential to the  
9 protection of groundwater resources, drinking water supplies, and tributary surface waters.

10 (11) A fund exists to assist homeowners with the costs of removing cesspools and  
11 inadequate septic systems and replacing them with an approved ISDS if the community in which  
12 the homeowner resides has created a wastewater management district in accordance with chapter  
13 45-24.5.

14 **23-19.15-3. Declaration of purpose.** – The purpose of this chapter is to phase- out use of  
15 cesspools that are deemed to present unacceptable risks to public health or the environment.

16 **23-19.15-4. Definitions.** – For the purposes of this chapter the following terms shall  
17 mean:

18 (1) “Cesspool” means any buried chamber, including, but not limited to, any metal tank,  
19 perforated concrete vault or covered hollow or excavation, or any combination of buried  
20 chambers, tile drains, piping or stone trenches constructed prior to April 9, 1968, which receives  
21 discharges of sanitary sewage from a building for the purpose of collecting solids and discharging  
22 liquids to the surrounding soil.

23 (2) “Department” means the department of environmental management as established in  
24 chapter 42-17.1.

25 (3) “Director” means the director of the department of environmental management or his  
26 or her designee.

27 (4) “Failed cesspool” means a cesspool where one or more of the following conditions  
28 exist: (i) the cesspool fails to accept or dispose of sewage, as evidenced by indicators of sewage at  
29 the ground surface above or adjacent to the cesspool, or in the building served; (ii) the liquid  
30 depth in a cesspool is less than six (6) inches from the inlet pipe invert or the remaining available  
31 volume within the cesspool above the liquid depth is less than one-half (1/2) of one day’s design  
32 flow; (iii) pumping is required more than four (4) times a year; or (iv) the cesspool is shown to  
33 have contaminated a drinking water well or watercourse.

34 (5) “Individual sewage disposal system” or “ISDS” means any cesspool, or system of

1 pipng, tanks, disposal areas, alternative toilets or other facilities designed to function as a unit to  
2 convey, store, treat and/or dispose of sanitary sewage, by means other than discharge into a public  
3 sewer system.

4 (6) “System inspector” means a person approved by the department as capable of  
5 properly assessing the condition of an ISDS.

6 (7) “Watercourse” means any river, stream, brook, pond, lake, swamp, marsh, bog, fen,  
7 wet meadow, tidewater, or any other standing or flowing body of water.

8 **23-19.15-5. Inspection.** – (a) The owner of property served by a cesspool shall cause an  
9 inspection to be performed on said cesspool by a system inspector in accordance with a schedule  
10 established by the department but no later than January 1, 2010. The inspection shall be  
11 conducted and reported in accordance with procedures required by the department, and the results  
12 shall be recorded on forms prescribed by the department.

13 (b) Unless exempted under section 23-19.15-8, a cesspool shall be inspected by a system  
14 inspector at, or within three (3) years before, the time of transfer of title to the facility served by  
15 the cesspool. If weather conditions preclude inspection at the time of transfer, the inspection may  
16 be completed as soon as weather permits, but in no event later than six (6) months after the  
17 transfer, provided that the seller notifies the buyer in writing of the inspection requirement at the  
18 time of transfer. A copy of the inspection report shall be submitted to the buyer or other person  
19 acquiring title to the facility served by the system.

20 **23-19.15-6. Cesspool removal and replacement.** – (a) Cesspools shall be properly  
21 abandoned and replaced with an approved ISDS or connected into a public sewer system in  
22 accordance with the following risk-based schedule.

23 (1) Tier 1 – Any cesspool deemed by the department of system inspector to be failed in  
24 accordance with this chapter shall be properly abandoned and replaced with an approved ISDS  
25 within one (1) year of discovery unless a shorter period of time is set by the department based on  
26 the existence of an imminent health hazard or environmental threat.

27 (2) Tier 2 – Any cesspool within fifty (50) feet of any private drinking water well, or  
28 within two-hundred (200) feet of a public drinking water well, or within fifty (50) feet of a  
29 watercourse or any drain that is likely to received groundwater flow from the location of the  
30 cesspool, shall be properly abandoned and replaced with an approved ISDS by January 1, 2010.

31 (3) Tier 3 – Any cesspool between fifty (50) feet and one-hundred (100) feet of any  
32 private drinking water well, or between fifty (50) feet and one-hundred (100) feet of any  
33 watercourse or drain that is likely to receive groundwater flow from the location of the cesspool,  
34 shall be properly abandoned and replaced with an approved ISDS by January 1, 2015.

1           (4) Tier 4 – Any cesspool between one-hundred (100) feet and two-hundred (200) feet of  
2 any private drinking water well, or between one-hundred (100) feet and two-hundred (200) feet of  
3 any watercourse or drain that is likely to receive groundwater flow from the location of the  
4 cesspool, or where the bottom of the cesspool extends below the seasonal high groundwater table,  
5 shall be properly abandoned and replaced with an approved ISDS by January 1, 2020.

6           (b) In the event of transfer of title of the property served by a cesspool requiring  
7 replacement under any tier listed in subsection 23-19.15-6(a), the deadline for replacement of the  
8 cesspool shall be two (2) years from the date of initial transfer.

9           (c) The department may, by regulation, exempt certain cesspools from the phase-out  
10 requirements in subsection 23-19.15-6(a) where the cesspool provides treatment equivalent to the  
11 standards required under state regulations in effect as of 1968.

12           **23-19.15-7. Waiver.** – The director may grant a waiver, to the extent necessary, from  
13 applicable provisions listed in subsection 23-19.15-6(a) provided the homeowner demonstrates  
14 undue hardship and the cesspool is not a failed system as defined herein. No waiver shall exceed  
15 five (5) years from the dates specified in subsection 23-19.15-6(a).

16           **23-19.15-8. Exemption.** – The provisions of sections 23-19.15-5 and subsection 23-  
17 19.15-6(a) shall not apply to any cesspool: (1) located in a community that has adopted an on-site  
18 wastewater management ordinance that requires the risk-based phase-out of cesspools on an  
19 alternative schedule, but no later than the dates specified in subsection 23-19.15-6(a) located on a  
20 property that is properly designated to be sewered no later than five (5) years after the applicable  
21 deadlines provided in subsection 23-19.15-6(a) provided: (i) it is not a failed cesspool as defined  
22 herein; (ii) the owner does not increase the design sewage flow into the cesspool or add bedrooms  
23 to the facility served by the cesspool; (iii) the municipality holds bonding authorization of some  
24 other dedicated financial surety for expansion of sewers to the area of the building served by the  
25 cesspool; and (iv) the property owner certifies, in writing, that the dwelling/building will be  
26 connected to the sewer system within six (6) months of receipt of the notification to connect to  
27 the sewer system.

28           **23-19.15-9. Notice to remove and replace cesspools.** – (a) The owner of any cesspool  
29 which has not been properly abandoned and replaced with an approved ISDS as required by this  
30 act shall be in violation of this chapter and subject to enforcement action by the department in  
31 accordance with chapter 42-17.6 of the general laws.

32           (b) Notwithstanding the above provisions, the director may require the abandonment and  
33 replacement of any cesspool with an approved ISDS prior to the dates specified in subsection 23-  
34 19.15-6(a) if one or more of the following conditions exist:

- 1           (1) a failed cesspool is indicated;  
2           (2) as a result of a watershed plan, such as a special area management (SAM) plan or a  
3 total maximum daily load (TMDL) study, a determination has been made that a cesspool within a  
4 particular geographic area must be abandoned and replaced earlier than as provided for in this  
5 chapter; and  
6           (3) the cesspool is a large capacity cesspool as defined pursuant to applicable federal  
7 regulations governing underground injection control (UIC) facilities.

8           **23-19.15-10. Connection to available sewers.** – Any owner of property served by a  
9 cesspool requiring replacement under any tier listed in subsection 23-19.15-6(a) which has a  
10 sewer stub enabling connection to public sewer shall be required to connect into the sewer and  
11 properly abandon the cesspool within two (2) years from the date an inspection by a system  
12 inspector establishes that the cesspool requires replacement in accordance with subsection 23-  
13 19.15-6(a). The operator of the wastewater treatment facility may grant an extension if  
14 insufficient capacity exists to accept additional connections at that time.

15           **23-19.15-11. Regulations.** – The department shall promulgate rules and regulations as  
16 may be necessary to implement and carry out the provisions of this chapter.

17           **23-19.15-12. Severability and construction.** – The provisions of this chapter shall be  
18 severable, and if any court declares any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this chapter to be  
19 invalid, or its applicability to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is declared  
20 invalid, the remainder of the chapter and its relevant applicability shall not be affected. The  
21 provisions of this chapter shall be liberally construed to give effect to the purposes thereof.

22           SECTION 2. Section 520.8-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 520.8 entitled "Real  
23 Estate Sales Disclosures" is hereby amended to read as follows:

24           **5-20.8-2. Disclosure requirements.** -- (a) As soon as practicable, but in any event, no  
25 later than prior to signing any agreement to transfer real estate, the seller of the real estate shall  
26 deliver a written disclosure to buyer and to each agent with whom seller knows he or she or buyer  
27 has dealt in connection with the real estate. The written disclosure shall comply with the  
28 requirements set forth in subsection (b) and shall state all deficient conditions of which the seller  
29 has actual knowledge. Agent shall not communicate the offer of buyer until buyer has received a  
30 copy of the written disclosure and signed a written receipt of same. If buyer refuses to sign a  
31 receipt pursuant to this section, the seller or agent shall immediately sign and date a written  
32 account of the refusal. The agent is not liable for the accuracy or thoroughness of representations  
33 made by seller in the written disclosure or for deficient conditions not disclosed to the agent by  
34 the seller.

1 (b) (1) The Rhode Island real estate commission may approve a form of written  
2 disclosure as required under this chapter or the seller may use a disclosure form substantially  
3 conforming to the requirements of this section. The following provisions shall appear  
4 conspicuously at the top of any written disclosure form: "Prior to the signing of an agreement to  
5 transfer real estate (vacant land or real property and improvements consisting of a house or  
6 building containing one (1) to four (4) dwelling units), seller is providing buyer with this written  
7 disclosure of all deficient conditions of which seller has knowledge. This is not a warranty by  
8 seller that no other defective conditions exist, which there may or may not be. Buyer should  
9 estimate the cost of repair or replacement of deficient conditions prior to submitting an offer on  
10 this real estate. Buyer is advised however not to rely solely upon the representation of seller made  
11 in this disclosure, but to conduct any inspections or investigations which buyer deems to be  
12 necessary to protect his or her best interest." Nothing contained in this section shall be construed  
13 to impose an affirmative duty on the seller to conduct inspections as to the condition of this real  
14 estate.

15 (2) The disclosure form shall include the following information:

16 (i) Seller Occupancy -- (Length of Occupancy)

17 (ii) Year Built

18 (iii) Basement -- (Seepage, Leaks, Cracks, etc. Defects)

19 (iv) Sump Pump -- (Operational, Location, and Defects)

20 (v) Roof (Layers, Age and Defects)

21 (vi) Fireplaces -- (Number, Working and Maintenance, Defects)

22 (vii) Chimney -- (Maintenance History, Defects)

23 (viii) Woodburning Stove -- (Installation Date, Permit Received, Defects)

24 (ix) Structural Conditions -- (Defects)

25 (x) Insulation -- (Wall, Ceiling, Floor, UFFI)

26 (xi) Termites or other Pests -- (Treatment Company)

27 (xii) Radon -- (Test, Company) "Radon has been determined to exist in the State of  
28 Rhode Island. Testing for the presence of radon in residential real estate prior to purchase is  
29 advisable."

30 (xiii) Electrical Service -- (Imp. & Repairs, Electrical Service, Amps, Defects)

31 (xiv) Heating System -- (Type, Imp. & Repairs, Underground Tanks, Zones,  
32 Supplemental Heating, Defects)

33 (xv) Air Conditioning -- (Imp. & Repairs, Type, Defects)

34 (xvi) Plumbing -- (Imp. & Repairs, Defects)

1 (xvii) Sewage System -- (Assessment, Annual Fees, Type, Cesspool/Septic Location,  
2 Last Pumped, Maintenance History, Defects); [deadlines for replacement of cesspools as provided](#)  
3 [in subsection 23-19.15-6\(a\) of chapter 23-19.15.](#)

4 (xviii) Water System -- (Imp. & Repairs, Type, Defects) Private water supply (well).  
5 "Buyer understands that this property is, or will be served, by a private water supply (well) which  
6 may be susceptible to contamination and potentially harmful to health. If a public water supply is  
7 not available, the private water supply must be tested in accordance with regulations established  
8 by the Rhode Island department of health pursuant to section 23-1-5.3. The seller of that property  
9 is required to provide the buyer with a copy of any previous private water supply (well) testing  
10 results in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known problems with the private  
11 water supply (well)."

12 (xix) Domestic Hot Water -- (Imp. & Repairs, Type, Defects, Capacity of Tank)

13 (xx) Property Tax

14 (xxi) Easements

15 (xxii) Deed -- (Type, Number of Parcels)

16 (xxiii) Zoning -- (Permitted use, Classification) "Buyers of real estate in the state of  
17 Rhode Island are legally obligated to comply with all local real estate ordinances; including, but  
18 not limited to, ordinances on the number of unrelated persons who may legally reside in a  
19 dwelling, as well as ordinances on the number of dwelling units permitted under the local zoning  
20 ordinances." If the subject property is located in a historic district, that fact must be disclosed to  
21 the buyer, together with the notification that "property located in a historic district may be subject  
22 to construction, expansion or renovation limitations. Contact the local building inspection official  
23 for details."

24 (xxiv) Restrictions -- (Plat or Other)

25 (xxv) Building Permits

26 (xxvi) Minimum Housing -- (Violations)

27 (xxvii) Flood Plain -- (Flood Insurance)

28 (xxviii) Wetlands -- The location of coastal wetlands, bay, fresh water wetlands, pond,  
29 marsh, river bank or swamp, as those terms are defined in chapter 1 of title 2 and the associated  
30 buffer areas may impact future property development. Seller must disclose to the buyer any such  
31 determination on all or part of the land made by the department of environmental management.

32 (xxix) Multi-family or other Rental Property -- (Rental Income)

33 (xxx) Pools & Equipment -- (Type, Defects)

34 (xxxii) Lead Paint -- (Inspection) Every buyer of residential real estate built prior to 1978

1 is hereby notified that those properties may have lead exposures that may place young children at  
2 risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent  
3 neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced IQ behavioral problems, and  
4 impaired memory. The seller of that property is required to provide the buyer with a copy of any  
5 lead inspection report in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known lead poisoning  
6 problem. Environmental lead inspection is recommended prior to purchase.

7 (xxxii) Fire

8 (xxxiii) Hazardous Waste -- (Asbestos and Other Contaminants)

9 (xxxiv) Miscellaneous

10 (c) Any agreement to transfer real estate shall contain an acknowledgement that a  
11 completed real estate disclosure form has been provided to the buyer by the seller in accordance  
12 with the provisions of this section.

13 (d) The Rhode Island real estate commission has the right to amend the seller disclosure  
14 requirements by adding or deleting requirements when there is a determination that health, safety,  
15 or legal needs require a change. Any change to requirements shall be a rule change, subject to the  
16 administrative procedures act. The power of the commission to amend the written disclosure  
17 requirements are liberally construed so as to allow additional information to be provided as to the  
18 structural components, housing systems, and other property information as required by this  
19 chapter.

20 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION  
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL  
OF  
A N A C T  
RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- RHODE ISLAND CESSPOOL PHASE-OUT ACT  
OF 2005

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- 1           This act would create a new chapter to phase- out many cesspools currently in use in the  
2 state.  
3           This act would take effect upon passage.

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