LC00267

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2005

AN ACT

RELATING TO VITAL RECORDS -- ADOPTION

Introduced By: Senators Ciccone, Ruggerio, Metts, Cote, and Damiani

Date Introduced: February 10, 2005

Referred To: Senate Health & Human Services

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 15-7.2 of the General Laws entitled "Passive Voluntary Adoption
2	Mutual Consent Registry Act" is hereby repealed in its entirety.
3	CHAPTER 15-7.2
4	Passive Voluntary Adoption Mutual Consent Registry Act
5	15-7.2-1. Definitions As used in this chapter:
6	(1) "Adoptee" means a person who has been adopted in the state of Rhode Island.
7	(2) "Adoption" means the judicial act of creating the relationship of parent and child
8	where it did not exist previously.
9	(3) "Adoptive parent" means an adult who has become a parent of a child through
10	adoption.
11	(4) "Adult" means a person twenty one (21) years of age or older.
12	-(5) "Agency" means any public or private organization licensed or authorized under the
13	laws of this state to place children for adoption.
14	-(6) "Birth parent" is:
15	(i) The person who is legally presumed under the laws of this state to be the father or
16	mother of genetic origin of a child; and
17	(ii) A putative father of the child if the birth mother alleges he is the father and the
18	putative father, by written affidavit at any time or by surrender and release executed within one
19	year of the relinquishment of the child by the birth mother or termination of parental rights of the

1	birth mother, acknowledges being the child's biological father.
2	-(7) "Court" is family court seating in Providence county.
3	(8) "Genetic and social history" is a comprehensive report, when obtainable, on the birth
4	parents, siblings to the birth parents, if any, other children of either birth parent, if any, and
5	parents of the birth parents, and contains so much of the following information that is available:
6	-(i) Medical history;
7	-(ii) Health status;
8	-(iii) Cause of and age at death;
9	-(iv) Height, weight, eye and hair color;
10	-(v) Ethnic origins; and
11	(vi) Religion, if any.
12	-(9) "Health history" is a comprehensive report, when obtainable, of the child's health
13	status and medical history at the time of placement for adoption, including neonatal,
14	psychological, developmental, physiological, and medical care history.
15	(10) "Passive voluntary adoption reunion registry" is a registry, which is not authorized
16	to seek registrants out but is authorized only to accept voluntary registration from eligible parties
17	as designated in this chapter.
18	(11) "Putative father" is a man who, under the laws of this state, is not legally presumed
19	to be the father of genetic origin of a child, but who claims or is alleged to be the father of genetic
20	origin of the child.
21	(12) "Registry" is a passive voluntary adoption reunion registry as established under this
22	chapter.
23	(13) "Relevant parties" are only those parties eligible to register and to use a registry
24	pursuant to section 15-7.2-7.
25	(14) "Successor agency" is an agency which has the adoption records of another agency
26	because of the merger of the agency and the successor agency or because a former agency has
27	ceased doing business and has given its adoption records to the successor agency as provided in
28	this chapter.
29	15-7.2-2. Policy It is the policy of this state that adoption is based upon the legal
30	termination of parental rights and responsibilities of birth parents and the creation of the legal
31	relationship of parents and child between an adoptee and the adoptive parents. These legal and
32	social premises underlying adoption must be maintained. The state recognizes that some adults
33	who are adopted as children have a strong desire to dtain identifying information about their
34	birth parents while other adult adoptees have no such desire. The state further recognizes that

2 children who were adopted, while other birth parents have no such desire. The state fully-3 recognizes the right to privacy and confidentiality of birth parents whose children were adopted, 4 the adoptees, and the adoptive parents. The purpose of this chapter is to: 5 (1) Establish a passive voluntary adoption reunion registry where birth parents, adult 6 adoptees, and surviving relatives of deceased birth parents and deceased adoptees as defined in 7 this chapter may register their willingness of the release of identifying information to each other; 8 (2) Provide for the disclosure of identifying information to birth parents and their genetic 9 offspring through the court if a birth parent or parents and the adult adoptee are registered; 10 (3) Provide for the transmission of non-identifying health and social and genetic history 11 of the adult adoptees, birth parents, and other specified persons; and 12 (4) Provide a mechanism in the court to inform registrants of the functions and 13 procedures of the registry at the time of registration. 14 15-7.2-3. Adoption records to be permanently maintained. -- (a) All records of any 15 adoption finalized in this state shall be permanently maintained by the department of children, 16 youth, and families or by the agency arranging the adoption. (b) If an agency which handles adoptions ceases to do business, the agency shall transfer 17 18 the adoption records to the department of children, youth, and families or to a successor agency, 19 provided that the agency gives notice of the transfer to the department of children, youth, and 20 families. 15-7.2-4. Information -- Confidential exceptions. -- A person or agency shall not 21 22 disclose any confidential information relating to an adoption except as provided by this chapter or 23 pursuant to a court order. 15-7.2-5. Information of registry confidential. -- (a) Notwithstanding another provision 24 25 of law, the information acquired by any voluntary adoption reunion registry shall not be disclosed 26 under any freedom of information legislation or practice. 27 (b) A class action suit shall not be maintained in any court of this state to require the 28 registry to disclose identifying information. 29 (c) Any registrant who discloses or causes to be disclosed identifying information about 30 a biological parent or adult adoptee without that person's express written consent shall be guilty 31 of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or by a fine 32 of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both. 15-7.2-6. The court to maintain registry. -- A passive voluntary adoption reunion 33

some birth parents have a strong desire to obtain identifying information about their biological

34 registry shall be established and maintained by the court.

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1 15-7.2-7. Persons eligible to register and to use registry. -- An adult adoptee, each 2 birth parent, any adult genetic sibling of any adoptee, an adoptive parent of a deceased adoptee, 3 and any parent or adult sibling of a deceased birth parent or parents may register by submitting a 4 signed affidavit to the appropriate registry. The affidavit shall contain the information listed in section 15-7.2.9 and a signed statement of the registrant's willingness to be identified to the other 5 6 relevant persons who register. The affidavit gives authority to the registry to release identifying 7 information related to the registrant to the other relevant persons who register. Each registration 8 shall be accompanied by the birth certificate of the registrant. 9 15-7.2-8. Failure of a necessary registrant to file an affidavit. -- (a) Except as provided in this chapter, if a birth parent or an adoptee fails to file an affidavit with the registry for any 10 11 reason, including disability, but excluding death, identifying information shall not be disclosed to 12 those relevant persons who do register. No registration shall be accepted unless the registry is 13 satisfied as to the identity of the registrants. 14 (b) In the event of the death of the adoptee, the adoptive parent or parents of the 15 deceased adoptee may register, may be considered the necessary registrant in lieu of the deceased 16 adoptee, and identifying information may be disclosed to the relevant persons in the event of a 17 verified match. (c) In the event of the death of the birth parent or birth parents, the parent or adult sibling 18 19 of a deceased birth parent may register, may be considered the necessary registrant in lieu of the 20 deceased birth parent, and identifying information may be disclosed to the relevant persons in the 21 event of a verified match. 22 15-7.2-9. Content of affidavit -- Notice of change in information. -- (a) The affidavit 23 required under section 15-7.2-7 shall contain: 24 (1) The current name and address of the registrant; 25 (2) Any previous name by which the registrant was known; 26 (3) The original or adopted names of the adopted child; 27 (4) The place and date of birth of the adopted child, if known; 28 (5) The name and address of the agency, if known; and 29 (6) The registrant's relationship to this adoption. 30 (b) The registrant shall notify the registry of any change in name or address which occurs 31 after the registrant registers. Upon registering, the registry shall inform the registrant that the 32 registrant has the responsibility to notify the registry of a change in address. The registry is not required to search for a registrant who fails to notify the registry of a change of address. 33

34 (c) A registrant may cancel the registrant's registration at any time by giving the registry

- 1 written notice of the registrant's desires to cancel.
- 2 15-7.2-10. Processing affidavits. -- (a) Upon receipt of the affidavit under section 15-3 7.2-7, the court shall review its data base and determine whether there is a match by comparing 4 the dates and place of birth of the adopted person. (b) If a likely match appears, the chief judge of the family court or an associate justice 5 6 designated by the chief judge shall examine the original birth certificate or adoption records to 7 verify a match. Examination of adoption records for purposes other than verifying a match and 8 release of information from the adoption record is strictly prohibited. 9 (c) If the registry determines there is a match, and if the necessary relevant persons have registered with the registry, notification of the match may be given by the registry to the 10 11 registrants only as defined in section 15-7.2-8. 12 (d) Notification of a match to the relevant parties shall be made through a direct and confidential contact at the address specified by the registrant. Subsequent to the notification of a 13 14 match, and prior to the release of identifying information, the adult adoptee shall participate in 15 not less than one hour of consultation designed specifically to assist in addressing the manifest 16 issues that may be expected to transpire in these situations. 17 (e) Any eligible registrant may receive from the registry non-identifying genetic, social, 18 and health history information as defined in this chapter, regardless of whether a verified match 19 occurs. 20 15-7.2-11. Registry information to be maintained permanently. -- Any affidavits filed 21 and other information collected by a registry shall be permanently maintained. 22 15-7.2-12. Limits on releasing information. -- (a) A registry shall release only information necessary for identifying a birth parent, adult adoptee or adult genetic sibling of an 23 24 adult adoptee, and shall not release information of any kind pertaining to: 25 (1) The adoptive parents; 26 (2) The siblings to the adult adoptee who are children of the adoptive parents; and 27 (3) The income of anyone. 28 (b) In the event of a verified match and release of identifying information, the registry,

29 upon the written request of the adult adoptee of the match, shall certify to the state registrar of 30 vital records that the adult adoptee is a party to a verified match and is entitled to receive 31 uncertified copies of his or her original birth certificate. The certification shall also state that no-32 person other than the adult adoptee is entitled to receive copies of the original birth certificate. However, no uncertified copy of the original birth certificate may be released to the adult adoptee 33 34 unless each party named on the original birth certificate has registered. Registration by a birth parent not named on the original birth certificate shall not be required for release of the
 uncertified copy of the original birth certificate.

3 <u>15-7.2-13. Registration fee. --</u> There shall be a twenty five dollar (\$25.00) fee imposed
 4 upon persons who register pursuant to this chapter.

5 <u>15-7.2-14. Objections to release of information.</u> Any eligible registrant or any 6 adoptive parent may file with the registry an objection to the release of identifying information. In 7 the event of a verified match where an objection to the release of identifying information has been 8 filed, the court shall hear the objection of the filing party prior to the release of identifying 9 information and the court shall determine whether it is in the best interests of the parties to release 10 the objected to identifying information.

- 11 <u>15-7.2-15. The court to promulgate rules and procedures. --</u> The court shall 12 promulgate any rules and procedures that are necessary to establish the operation of the registry 13 consistent with the purpose of this chapter.
- SECTION 2. Sections 23-3-1 and 23-3-15 of the General Laws in Chapter 23-3 entitled
 "Vital Records" are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 16

23-3-1. Definitions. -- As used in this chapter:

(1) "Community of resident" means the city or town within the state of a person's home
address at the time of his or her marriage or death, or of his or her mother's home address at the
time of his or her birth.

(2) "Dead body" means a lifeless human body or parts of a lifeless human body or its
bones from the state of which it reasonably may be concluded that death recently occurred.

(3) "Fetal death" means death prior to the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of human conception, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy; the death is indicated by the fact that after the expulsion or extraction the fetus does not breathe or show any other evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of the voluntary muscles.

(4) "Filing" means the presentation of a certific ate, report, or other record provided for in
this chapter, of a birth, death, fetal death, adoption, marriage, or divorce for registration by the
division of vital records.

30 (5) "Final disposition" means the burial, interment, cremation, or other disposition of a
31 dead body or fetus.

(6) "Institution" means any establishment, public or private, which provides in-patient
medical, surgical, or diagnostic care or treatment, or nursing, custodial or domiciliary care to two
(2) or more unrelated individuals, or to which persons are committed by law.

1 (7) "Live birth" means the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product 2 of human conception, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which, after that expulsion or 3 extraction, breathes or shows any other evidences of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of 4 the umbilical cord, or definite movement of the voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical 5 cord has been cut or the placenta is attached. 6 (8) "Physician" means a person authorized or licensed to practice medicine pursuant to 7 chapter 37 of title 5. 8 (9) "Registration" means the acceptance by the division of vital records and the 9 incorporation in its official records of certificates, reports, or other records provided for in this 10 chapter, or births, deaths, fetal deaths, adoptions, marriages, or divorces. 11 (10) "System of vital records" means the registration, collection, preservation, 12 amendment, and certification of vital statistics records, and activities related to them including the 13 tabulation, analysis, and publication of statistical data derived from those records. 14 (11) "Vital records" means records of birth, death, fetal death, marriage, divorce, and 15 data related to those records. 16 (12) "Signing" or "Signature" means the application of either a hand signature to a paper 17 record or an electronic process approved by the state registrar of vital records. 18 (13) "Adoptee" means a person who has been adopted in the state of Rhode Island. 19 (14) "Adoption" means the judicial act of creating the relationship of parent and child 20 where it did not exist previously. 21 (15) "Adoptive parent" means an adult who has become a parent of a child through 22 adoption. 23 (16) "Adult" means a person twenty-one (21) years of age or older. 24 23-3-15. New certificates of birth following adoption -- Legitimation and paternity 25 determination. -- (a) The state registrar of vital records shall establish a new certificate of birth 26 for a person born in this state when he or she receives the following: 27 (1) An adoption report as provided in section 23-3-14 or a certified copy of the decree of 28 adoption together with the information necessary to identify the original certificate of birth and to 29 establish a new certificate of birth; except that a new certificate of birth shall not be established if 30 the court decreeing the adoption, the adoptive parents, or the adopted person requests that a new

31 certificate shall not be established.

32 (2) A request that a new certificate be established and evidence required by regulation
33 proving that the person has been legitimated, or that a court of competent jurisdiction has
34 determined the paternity of the person; provided, however, that where a court of competent

jurisdiction has determined the paternity of the person, the name of the person who has been
 adjudicated as being the father shall be inserted on the birth certificate.

3 (b) When a new certificate of birth is established, the actual place and date of birth shall
4 be shown. It shall be substituted for the original certificate of birth.

5 (1) Thereafter, the original certificate and the evidence of adoption, paternity, or 6 legitimation shall not be subject to inspection except upon order of a court of competent 7 jurisdiction or as provided by regulation.

8 (2) Upon receipt of a notice of annulment of adoption, the original certificate of birth
9 shall be restored to its place in the files and the new certificate and evidence shall not be subject
10 to inspection except upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

11 (3) Upon receipt from a passive voluntary adoption mutual consent registry of a 12 certificate provided for in section 15-7.2-12(b), the adult adoptee named in the certificate, and 13 only that person, shall be entitled to receive non-certified copies of his or her original birth 14 certificate.

(c) If no certificate of birth is on file for the person for whom a new certificate is to be established under this section, a delayed certificate of birth shall be filed with the state registrar of vital records as provided in section 23-3-12 or 23-3-13, before a new certificate of birth is established, except that when the date and place of birth and parentage have been established in accordance with this chapter in the adoption proceedings, a delayed certificate shall not be required.

(d) When a new certificate of birth is established by the state registrar of vital records, all
copies of the original certificate of birth in the custody of any custodian of permanent local
records in this state shall be sealed from inspection or forwarded to the state registrar of vital
records, as he or she shall direct.

25 (e) (1) The state registrar shall, upon request, prepare and register a certificate in this 26 state for a person born in a foreign country who is not a citizen of the United States and who was 27 adopted through a court of competent jurisdiction in this state. The certificate shall be established 28 upon receipt of a report of adoption from the court decreeing the adoption, proof of the date and 29 place of the child's birth, and a request from the court, the adopting parents, or the adopted person 30 if eighteen (18) years of age or over that a certificate be prepared. The certificate shall be labeled 31 "certificate of foreign birth" and shall show the actual country of birth. After registration of the 32 birth certificate in the new name of the adopted person, the state registrar shall seal and file the 33 report of adoption which shall not be subject to inspection except upon order of a court of 34 competent jurisdiction or as provided by regulation.

1 (2) If the child was born in a foreign country but was a citizen of the United States at the 2 time of birth, the state registrar shall not prepare a "certificate of foreign birth" and shall notify 3 the adoptive parents of the procedures for obtaining a revised birth certificate for their child 4 through the U.S. department of state.

5 (f) When a new certificate of birth is established following an adoption or legitimation in 6 this state, and when no record of the original birth is on file at the city or town of occurrence, the 7 state registrar of vital records shall cause a copy to be filed with the registrar of births in the city 8 or town where the child was born and the city or town of residence of the parents indicated on the 9 new certificate, if that residence is within the state.

SECTION 3. Chapter 23-3 of the General Laws entitled "Vital Records" is hereby
amended by adding thereto the following sections:

12 23-3-14.1. Access to original birth certificate by adult adoptee. – (a) Upon written 13 application by an adult adoptee, who was born in this state and who has had an original birth 14 certificate removed from vital statistics records due to an adoption, the registrar shall issue to 15 such applicant a non-certified copy of the unaltered, original certificate of birth of the adoptee, 16 with procedures, filing fees and waiting periods identical to those imposed upon non-adopted 17 citizens of the state. 18 (b) The registrar shall prescribe and, upon request, shall make available to each birth 19 parent named on the original birth certificate, a contact preference form on which the birth parent 20 may state a preference regarding contact by an adoptee who is the birth child of the birth parent. 21 Upon such a request, the registrar shall also provide the birth parent with an updated medical

22 history form, which shall be completed and returned, together with the completed contact

23 preference form, by the birth parent to the registrar.

24 (c) The contact preference form shall provide the birth parent with the following options
25 from which the birth parent shall select one:

- 26 (1) I would like to be contacted. I have completed a contact preference form and an
- 27 <u>updated medical history form and am filing them with the registrar as set forth in this form.</u>
- 28 (2) I would prefer to be contacted only through an intermediary. I have completed a
- 29 contact preference form and an updated medical history form and am filing them with the
- 30 <u>registrar as set forth in this form.</u>
- 31 (3) I would prefer not to be contacted at this time. I have completed a contact preference
 32 form and an updated medical history form and am filing them with the registrar as set forth in this
 33 form.
- 34 (d) When the registrar receives a complete contract preference form and a completed

- 1 medical history form from a birth parent, the registrar shall match the contact preference form and
- 2 the updated medical history form with the adoptee's sealed birth certificate. The contact
- 3 preference form and the updated medical history form shall then be attached to the adoptee's
- 4 sealed certificate and shall be released to requesting adult adoptees.
- 5 (e) Only a person authorized by the registrar to process an application made under
- 6 <u>subsection (a) may process a contact preference form and an updated medical history form.</u>
- 7 <u>23-3-14.2. Medical information release request by adoption parties. (a) Upon the</u>
- 8 request of an adult adoptee or birth parent of an adult adoptee for medical history information
- 9 concerning the adult adoptee or birth parent, the court shall refer the adult adoptee or birth parent
- 10 to the child placing agency which completed the pre-adoption investigation.
- 11 (b) Upon the request of an adult adoptee or an adoptive parent, the department or agency
- 12 involved in the adoption shall release information relating to the medical history of the birth
- 13 parent and blood relatives.
- 14 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC00267

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO VITAL RECORDS -- ADOPTION

1 This act would open up the birth certificates and records maintained by state and child

2 placing agencies to requesting adult adoptees and birth parents.

3 This act would take effect upon passage.

