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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2012

AN ACT

RELATING TO PROPERTY - RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ACT

Introduced By: Representatives Edwards, Cimini, O'Grady, Slater, and Diaz

Date Introduced: January 17, 2012

Referred To: House Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 34-18-23 of the General Laws in Chapter 34-18 entitled
"Residential Landlord and Tenant Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:

34-18-23. Limitation of liability upon sale or change of management. -- (a) (1) A landlord who conveys premises that include a dwelling unit subject to a rental agreement in a good faith sale to a bona fide purchaser is relieved of liability under the rental agreement and this chapter as to events occurring after written notice to the tenant of the conveyance. In no event may the relief from liability predate the conveyance itself.

(2) Written notice, for purposes of this section, must include the name(s), address, and telephone number of the person or persons purchasing the property and assuming liability. To be effective, the written notice must also certify compliance with section 45-24.3-17 which prohibits sale or lease of property until any outstanding housing code violations have been corrected or the seller or lessor has provided to the buyer or lessee, as well as to the enforcing officer, all notices regarding violations, as required by the statute.

(b) A manager of premises that include a dwelling unit is relieved of liability under the rental agreement and this chapter as to events occurring after written notice to the tenant of the termination of his or her management. The written notice must include the name(s), address, and telephone number of the person or persons assuming management and/or the person or persons within the state exercising ownership or responsibility over the property.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the tenant's rights and duties under

1	an existing rental agreement, and the purchaser of property or any successor in interest to a
2	mortgagor takes title subject to the same rights and responsibilities toward the tenant which the
3	seller <u>or mortgagor</u> had.
4	SECTION 2. Chapter 34-18 of the General Laws entitled "Residential Landlord and
5	Tenant Act" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
6	34-18-38.1. Eviction of tenants in foreclosed properties only for just cause. – (a) As
7	used in this section, the following words shall, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, have
8	the following meanings:
9	(1) "Bona fide lease" or "bona fide tenancy" means a lease or tenancy shall not be
10	considered bona fide unless:
11	(i) The mortgagor, or the child, spouse or parent of the mortgagor under the contract, is
12	not the tenant; and
13	(ii) The lease or tenancy was the result of an arms-length transaction.
14	(2) "Entity" means a business organization, or any other kind of organization including,
15	without limitation, a corporation, partnership, trust, limited liability corporation, limited liability
16	partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship or any other category of organization and any
17	employee, agent, servant or other representative of such entity.
18	(3) "Eviction" means an action, without limitation, by a foreclosing owner of a housing
19	accommodation which is intended to actually or constructively evict a tenant or otherwise compel
20	a tenant to vacate such housing accommodation.
21	(4) "Foreclosing owner" means an entity that holds title in any capacity, directly or
22	indirectly, without limitation, whether in its own name, as trustee or as beneficiary, to a housing
23	accommodation that has been foreclosed upon and either:
24	(i) Held or owned a mortgage or other security interest in the housing accommodation at
25	any point prior to the foreclosure of the housing accommodation or is the subsidiary, parent,
26	trustee, or agent thereof; or
27	(ii) Is an institutional mortgagee that acquires or holds title to the housing
28	accommodation within three (3) years of the filing of a foreclosure deed on the housing
29	accommodation; or
30	(iii) Is the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage
31	Corporation.
32	(5) "Foreclosure" means an action to terminate a mortgagor's interest in property by sale
33	of property pursuant to a power of sale in a mortgage, as described in section 34-11-22 or
34	conveyance of the property by the mortgagor in lieu of foreclosure or an action filed in court

1	pursuant to section 34-27-1.
2	(6) "Housing accommodation" means a building or structure, or part thereof of land
3	appurtenant thereto, and any other real or personal property used, rented or offered for rent for
4	living or dwelling purposes, together with all services connected with the use or occupancy of
5	such property.
6	(7) "Institutional mortgagee" means an entity or an entity which is the subsidiary, parent.
7	trustee or agent thereof or otherwise related to such entity, that holds or owns mortgages or other
8	security interests in three (3) or more housing accommodations or that acts as a mortgage services
9	of three (3) or more mortgages of housing accommodations.
10	(8) "Just cause" means one of the following:
11	(i) The tenant has failed to pay rent in effect prior to the foreclosure or failed to pay use
12	and occupancy charges, as long as the foreclosing owner notified the tenant in writing of the
13	amount of rent or the amount of use and occupancy that was to be paid and to whom it was to be
14	paid;
15	(ii) The tenant has materially violated either an express or legally required obligation or
16	covenant of the tenancy or occupancy, other than the obligation to surrender possession upon
17	proper notice, and has failed to cure such violation within thirty (30) days after having received
18	written notice thereof from the foreclosing owner;
19	(iii) The tenant is committing a nuisance in the unit; is permitting a nuisance to exist in
20	the unit; is causing substantial damage to the unit or is creating a substantial interference with the
21	quiet enjoyment of other occupants;
22	(iv) The tenant is using or permitting the unit to be used for any illegal purpose;
23	(v) The tenant who had a written bona fide lease or other rental agreement which
24	terminated, on or after August 10, 2011, has refused, after written request or demand by the
25	foreclosing owner, to execute a written extension or renewal thereof for a further term of like
26	duration and in such terms that are not inconsistent with this chapter;
27	(iv) The tenant has refused the foreclosing owner reasonable access to the unit for the
28	purpose of making necessary repairs or improvement required by the laws of the United States.
29	the state of Rhode Island or any subdivision thereof, or for the purpose of inspection as permitted
30	or required by agreement or by law or for the purpose of showing the unit to a prospective
31	purchaser or mortgagee;
32	(vii) The foreclosing owner: (A) Seeks to permanently board up or demolish the premises
33	because the premises has been cited by a state or local minimum housing code enforcement
34	agency for substantial violations affecting the health and safety of tenants and it is economically

1	unfeasible for the foreclosing owner to eliminate the violations; or (B) Seeks to comply with a
2	state or local minimum housing code enforcement agency that has cited the premises for
3	substantial violations affecting the health and safety of tenants and it is unfeasible to so comply
4	without removing the tenant; or (C) Seeks to correct an illegal occupancy because the premises
5	has been cited by a state or local minimum housing code enforcement agency or zoning official
6	and it is unfeasible to correct such illegal occupancy without removing the tenant; and provided
7	further that nothing in this section shall limit the rights of a third-party owner to evict a tenant at
8	the expiration of an existing lease.
9	(9) "Mortgagee" means an entity to whom property is mortgaged, the mortgage creditor
10	or lender including, but not limited to, mortgage services, lenders in a mortgage agreement and
11	any agent, servant or employee of the mortgagee or any successor in interest or assignee of the
12	mortgagee's rights, interests or obligations under the mortgage agreement.
13	(10) "Mortgage servicer" means an entity which administers or at any point administered
14	the mortgage; provided, however, that such administration shall include, but not be limited to,
15	calculating principle and interest, collecting payments from the mortgager, acting as escrow agent
16	or foreclosing in the event of a default.
17	(11) "Tenant" means a person or group of persons, who at the time of foreclosure, is
18	entitled to occupy a housing accommodation pursuant to a bona fide lease or tenancy or a tenancy
19	at will. A person who moves into the housing accommodation owned by the foreclosing owner,
20	subsequent to the foreclosure sale, without the express written permission of the foreclosing
21	owner shall not be considered a tenant under this section.
22	(12) "Unit" or "residential unit" means the room or group of rooms within a housing
23	accommodation which is used or intended for use as a residence by one household.
24	(13) "Use and occupancy charges" means a periodic payment charged by a foreclosing
25	owner to a person or persons other than a "tenant" as defined in this section for use and
26	occupancy of a housing accommodation.
27	(b) Notwithstanding any provision of the general or public laws to the contrary, a
28	foreclosing owner shall not evict a tenant except for just cause, or unless a binding purchase and
29	sale agreement has been executed for a bona fide third party to purchase the housing
30	accommodation from a foreclosing owner, and the foreclosing owner has disclosed to the third-
31	party purchaser that said purchaser may be responsible for evicting the current occupants of the
32	housing accommodation after the sale occurs.
33	(c) Within thirty (30) days of the foreclosure, the foreclosing owner shall post in a
34	prominent location in the building in which the rental housing unit is located a written notice

I	stating the names, addresses, telephone numbers and telephone contact information of the
2	foreclosing owner, the building manager or other representative of the foreclosing owner
3	responsible for the management of such building, and stating the address to which rent and use
4	and occupancy charges shall be sent. This requirement shall be satisfied if the foreclosing owner
5	or someone acting on his behalf has:
6	(1) Posted in a prominent location in the building;
7	(2) Mailed by first class mail to each unit; and
8	(3) Slid under the door of each unit in the building a document stating the names,
9	addresses, and telephone contact information of the foreclosing owner, the building manager or
10	other representative of the foreclosing owner responsible for the management of such building
11	and stating the address to which rent and use and occupancy charges shall be sent.
12	(d) A foreclosing owner shall not evict a tenant for actions that constitute just cause,
13	except:
14	(1) A foreclosing owner shall not evict a tenant for the following actions that constitute
15	just cause until thirty (30) days after the notice required by subsection (c) of this section is posted
16	and delivered:
17	(i) The tenant has failed to pay the rent in effect prior to the foreclosure or failed to pay
18	use and occupancy charges, as long as the foreclosing owner notified the tenant in writing of the
19	amount of rent or the amount of use and occupancy that was to be paid and to whom it was to be
20	paid;
21	(ii) The tenant has materially violated an obligation or covenant of the tenancy or
22	occupancy, other than the obligation to surrender possession upon proper notice;
23	(iii) The tenant who had a written bona fide lease or other rental agreement which
24	terminated, on or after June 30, 2012, has refused, after written request or demand by the
25	foreclosing owner, to execute a written extension or renewal thereof for a further term of like
26	duration and in such terms that are not inconsistent with this section; and
27	(iv) The foreclosing owner: (A) Seeks to permanently board up or demolish the premises
28	because the premises has been cited by a state or local minimum housing code enforcement
29	agency for substantial violations affecting the health and safety of tenants and it is economically
30	unfeasible for the foreclosing owner to eliminate the violations; or (B) Seeks to comply with a
31	state or local minimum housing code enforcement agency that has cited the premises for
32	substantial violations affecting the health and safety of tenants and it is unfeasible to so comply
33	without removing the tenant; or (C) Seeks to correct an illegal occupancy because the premises
34	has been cited by a state or local minimum housing code enforcement agency or zoning officials

2	(2) A foreclosing owner shall not evict a tenant for the following actions that constitute
3	just cause until the notice required by subsection (c) is posted and delivered:
4	(i) The tenant is committing a nuisance in the unit; is permitting a nuisance to exist in the
5	unit; is causing substantial damage to the unit or is creating a substantial interference with the
6	quiet enjoyment of other occupants;
7	(ii) The tenant is using or permitting the unit to be used for any illegal purpose; and
8	(iii) The tenant has refused the foreclosing owner reasonable access to the unit for the
9	purpose of making necessary repairs or improvements required by the laws of the United States,
10	the state of Rhode Island or any subdivision thereof, or for the purpose of showing the unit to a
11	prospective purchaser or mortgagee.
12	(e) The following procedures shall be followed for the eviction of a tenant pursuant to
13	subsection (d) of this section:
14	(1) For evictions brought pursuant to paragraph (d)(1)(i), the foreclosing owner shall
15	follow section 34-18-35;
16	(2) For evictions brought pursuant to paragraph (d)(1)(ii) or subdivision (d)(2), the
17	foreclosing owner shall follow section 34-18-36;
18	(3) For evictions brought pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1)(iii) or (d)(1)(iv) or for evictions
19	brought where a binding purchase and sale agreement has been executed for a bona fide third
20	party to purchase the housing accommodation from a foreclosing owner, the foreclosing owner
21	shall follow the procedures for terminating a month to month tenancy set forth in section 34-18-
22	<u>37.</u>
23	(f) A foreclosing owner may evict any person other than a tenant by following the
24	procedures for terminating a month to month tenancy set forth in section 34-18-37.
25	(g) If a foreclosing owner disagrees with the amount of use and occupancy charges paid
26	to the foreclosing owner, the foreclosing owner may bring a claim in district court to claim that
27	the charge is unreasonable and set a new use and occupancy rate.
28	SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.
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and it is unfeasible to correct such illegal occupancy without removing the tenant.

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LC00361/SUB A - Page 6 of 7

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO PROPERTY - RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ACT

This act would provide a tenant of a foreclosed property greater protection against eviction.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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LC00361/SUB A