LC01621

2012 -- H 7820

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2012

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION -- PERSONAL INCOME TAX

Introduced By: Representative Michael W. Chippendale

Date Introduced: February 28, 2012

Referred To: House Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal
 Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax. --</u> (a) "Rhode Island taxable
income" means federal taxable income as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
section 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic standard deduction amount for married
couples filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of
2003 and the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA), and as
modified by the modifications in section 44-30-12.

9 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years 10 beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the 11 Rhode Island taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate 12 of twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for 13 tax year 2002 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any 14 other special rates for other types of income, except as provided in section 44-30-2.7, which were 15 in effect immediately prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA); provided, rate schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax 16 17 administrator beginning in taxable year 2002 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for 18 adjustment by the commissioner of Internal Revenue in 26 U.S.C. section 1(f). However, for tax 19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax

1 rate provided in section 44-30-2.10 to calculate his or her personal income tax liability.

2 (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative 3 minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode 4 Island alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed by 5 multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal 6 7 form 6251 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) 8 for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and comparing 9 the product to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The excess shall be 10 the taxpayer's Rhode Island alternative minimum tax.

(1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005 and thereafter the exemption
amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation by
the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal
Revenue in 26 U.S.C. section 1(f).

(2) For the period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode
Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as
defined in 26 U.S.C. section 62 as modified by the modifications in section 44-30-12 the Rhode
Island itemized deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this
section.

20 (A) Tax imposed.

(1) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint
 returns and surviving spouses a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

23	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
24	Not over \$53,150	3.75% of taxable income
25	Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500	\$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$53,150
26	Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850	\$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$128,500
27	Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700	\$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$195,850
28	Over \$349,700	\$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700

(2) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every head of household a taxdetermined in accordance with the following table:

 31
 If taxable income is:
 The tax is:

 32
 Not over \$42,650
 3.75% of taxable income

 33
 Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100
 \$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$42,650

 34
 Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350
 \$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$110,100

1 Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700 \$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$178,350 2 Over \$349,700 \$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 (3) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of unmarried individuals (other than 3 4 surviving spouses and heads of households) a tax determined in accordance with the following 5 table: If taxable income is: The tax is: 6 Not over \$31,850 3.75% of taxable income 7 8 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 9 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 10 Over \$349,700 11 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 12 (4) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing separate 13 returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determined in accordance with the following table: 14 If taxable income is: The tax is: Not over \$26,575 3.75% of taxable income 15 16 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 17 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 18 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925 19 Over \$174,850 13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850 20 (5) There is hereby imposed a taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in 21 accordance with the following table: 22 The tax is: If taxable income is: 23 Not over \$2,150 3.75% of taxable income 24 Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000 \$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150 25 Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650 \$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000 Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450 \$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650 26 27 Over \$10,450 \$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$10,450 28 (6) Adjustments for inflation. 29 The dollars amount contained in paragraph (A) shall be increased by an amount equal to: 30 (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by; 31 (b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1993; 32 (c) The cost-of-living adjustment referred to in subparagraph (a) and (b) used in making

adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and nine and nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts shall

be determined under section (J) by substituting "1994" for "1993."

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1	(B) Maximum capital gains rates
2	(1) In general
3	If a taxpayer has a net capital gain for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2010, the tax
4	imposed by this section for such taxable year shall not exceed the sum of:
5	(a) 2.5 % of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under section
6	26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(b).
7	(b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.
8	1(h)(1)(c).
9	(c) 6.25% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26
10	U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(d).
11	(d) 7% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.
12	1(h)(1)(e).
13	(2) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2010 the tax imposed on net capital
14	gain shall be determined under subdivision 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(A).
15	(C) Itemized deductions.
16	(1) In general
17	For the purposes of section (2) "itemized deductions" means the amount of federal
18	itemized deductions as modified by the modifications in section 44-30-12.
19	(2) Individuals who do not itemize their deductions
20	In the case of an individual who does not elect to itemize his deductions for the taxable
21	year, they may elect to take a standard deduction.
22	(3) Basic standard deduction.
23	The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following
24	table:
25	Filing status: Amount:
26	Single\$5,350
27	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900
28	Married filing separately \$4,450
29	Head of Household \$7,850
30	(4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind.
31	An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or
32	older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for
33	individuals who are married.
34	(5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents. In the case

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1	of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allowable to another taxpayer, the basic		
2	standard deduction applicable to such individual shall not exceed the greater of:		
3	(a) \$850;		
4	(b) The sum of \$300 and such individual's earned income;		
5	(6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction.		
б	In the case of:		
7	(a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions;		
8	(b) Nonresident alien individual;		
9	(c) An estate or trust;		
10	The standard deduction shall be zero.		
11	(7) Adjustments for inflation.		
12	Each dollars amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) shall be increased by an		
13	amount equal to:		
14	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in the year 1988,		
15	multiplied by		
16	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.		
17	(D) Overall limitation on itemized deductions		
18	(1) General rule.		
19	In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by section 44-30-12		
20	exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the		
21	taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of:		
22	(a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by section 44-		
23	30-12 over the applicable amount; or		
24	(b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable		
25	for such taxable year.		
26	(2) Applicable amount.		
27	(a)In general.		
28	For purposes of this section, the term "applicable amount" means \$156,400 (\$78,200 in		
29	the case of a separate return by a married individual).		
30	(b) Adjustments for inflation. Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be		
31	increased by an amount equal to:		
32	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by		
33	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.		
34	(3) Phase-out of Limitation.		

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1	(a) In general.
2	In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1,
3	2010, the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which
4	would be the amount of such reduction.
5	(b) Applicable fraction.
6	For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance
7	with the following table:
8	For taxable years beginning in calendar year: The applicable fraction is:
9	2006 and 2007
10	2008 and 2009 1/3
11	(E) Exemption amount
12	(1) In general.
13	Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" mean
14	\$3,400.
15	(2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents.
16	In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is
17	allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such
18	individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.
19	(3) Adjustments for inflation.
20	The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
21	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989, multiplied by
22	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1989.
23	(4) Limitation.
24	(a) In general.
25	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income as modified for the taxable year
26	exceeds the threshold amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage.
27	(b) Applicable percentage. In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income for
28	the taxable year exceeds the threshold amount, the exemption amount shall be reduced by two (2)
29	percentage points for each \$2,500 (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross
30	income for the taxable year exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual
31	filing a separate return, the preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for
32	"\$2,500." In no event shall the applicable percentage exceed one hundred percent (100%).
33	(c) Threshold Amount.
34	For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall be determined with

1 the following table:

2	Filing status: Amount:
3	Single\$156,400
4	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er) \$234,600
5	Married filing separately \$117,300
6	Head of Household \$195,500
7	(d) Adjustments for inflation.
8	Each dollars amount contain in paragraph (b) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
9	Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the year 1991, multiplied by
10	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.
11	(5) Phase-out of Limitation.
12	(a) In general.
13	In the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1,
14	2010, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which
15	would be the amount of such reduction.
16	(b) Applicable fraction. For the purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall
17	be determined in accordance with the following table:
18	For taxable years beginning in calendar year: The applicable fraction is:
19	2006 and 2007
20	2008 and 2009 1/3
21	(F) Alternative minimum tax
22	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this
23	subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:
24	(a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over
25	(b) The regular tax for the taxable year.
26	(2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum of:
27	(a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not exceed \$175,000, plus
28	(b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,000.
29	(3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall be reduced by the
30	alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year.
31	(4) Taxable excess For the purposes of this subsection the term "taxable excess" means
32	so much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income as modified by the modifications in
33	section 44-30-12 as exceeds the exemption amount.
34	(5) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (2) shall be

1	applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it appears.
2	(6) Exemption amount.
3	For purposes of this section "exemption amount" means:
4	Filing status: Amount:
5	Single\$39,150
6	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er) \$53,700
7	Married filing separately \$26,850
8	Head of Household \$39,150
9	Estate or trust\$24,650
10	(7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children
11	(a) In general.
12	In the case of a minor child, the exemption amount for purposes of section (6) shall not
13	exceed the sum of:
14	(i) Such child's earned income, plus
15	(ii) \$6,000.
16	(8) Adjustments for inflation.
17	The dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) shall be increased by an amount
18	equal to:
19	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) in the year 2004, multiplied
20	by
21	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.
22	(9) Phase-out.
23	(a) In general.
24	The exemption amount of any taxpayer shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an
25	amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative minimum taxable
26	income of the taxpayer exceeds the threshold amount.
27	(b) Threshold amount. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall
28	be determined with the following table:
29	Filing status Amount
30	Single \$123,250
31	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$164,350
32	Married filing separately \$82,175
33	Head of Household \$123,250
34	Estate or Trust \$82,150

1	(c) Adjustments for inflation		
2	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) shall be increased by an amount equal to:		
3	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 2004, multiplied by		
4	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.		
5	(G) Other Rhode Island taxes		
6	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this		
7	subtitle) a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:		
8	(a) The Federal income tax on lump-sum distributions.		
9	(b) The Federal income tax on parents' election to report child's interest and dividends.		
10	(c) The recapture of Federal tax credits that were previously claimed on Rhode Island		
11	return.		
12	(H) Tax for children under 18 with investment income		
13	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:		
14	(a) The Federal tax for children under the age of 18 with investment income.		
15	(I) Averaging of farm income		
16	(1) General rule At the election of an individual engaged in a farming business or		
17	fishing business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:		
18	(a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC section 1301.		
19	(J) Cost-of-living adjustment		
20	(1) In general.		
21	The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which:		
22	(a) The CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds (b) The CPI for the base year.		
23	(2) CPI for any calendar year. For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar		
24	year is the average of the Consumer Price Index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period		
25	ending on August 31 of such calendar year.		
26	(3) Consumer Price Index		
27	For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer		
28	price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the		
29	preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index which is most consistent with the		
30	consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.		
31	(4) Rounding.		
32	(a) In general.		
33	If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase		
34	shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50.		

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- (b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be
 applied by substituting "\$25" for \$50 each place it appears.
- 3 (K) Credits against tax. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer
 4 entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996 shall be entitled to
- 5 a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section:
- 6 (1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, section 5]
- 7 (2) Child and dependent care credit;
- 8 (3) General business credits;
- 9 (4) Credit for elderly or the disabled;
- 10 (5) Credit for prior year minimum tax;
- 11 (6) Mortgage interest credit;
- 12 (7) Empowerment zone employment credit;
- 13 (8) Qualified electric vehicle credit.

(L) Credit against tax for adoption. - For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006,
a taxpayer entitled to the federal adoption credit shall be entitled to a credit against the Rhode
Island tax imposed under this section if the adopted child was under the care, custody, or
supervision of the Rhode Island department of children, youth and families prior to the adoption.

18 (M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits 19 provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996, 20 including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax 21 Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA). In no event shall the tax imposed under this section be 22 reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax 23 purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as 24 prescribed in this subsection.

- 25 (N) Rhode Island earned income credit
- 26 (1) In general.

A taxpayer entitled to a federal earned income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned income credit equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the federal earned income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.

30 (2) Refundable portion.

In the event the Rhode Island earned income credit allowed under section (J) exceeds the
 amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned income credit shall be allowed.

(a) For purposes of paragraph (2) refundable earned income credit means fifteen percent
(15%) of the amount by which the Rhode Island earned income credit exceeds the Rhode Island

1 income tax.

2	(O) T	he tax administrator s	hall recalculate and submit necessar	y revisions to	paragraphs
3	(A) through (J) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010 and every three (3) years			ee (3) years	
4	thereafter for inclusion in the statute.				
5	(3) For the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011, and thereafter, "Rhode			ter, "Rhode	
6	Island taxable	e income" means fede	eral adjusted gross income as deter	mined under	the Internal
7	Revenue Cod	e, 26 U.S.C. 1 et see	q., and as modified for Rhode Isla	and purposes	pursuant to
8	section 44-30-12 less the amount of Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction allowed pursuant to			pursuant to	
9	subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B), and less the amount of personal exemption allowed pursuant of				
10	subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C).				
11	(A) Tax imposed.				
12	(I) Th	nere is hereby impose	ed on the taxable income of marrie	d individuals	filing joint
13	returns, qualifying widow(er), every head of household, unmarried individuals, married			ls, married	
14	individuals fil	ing separate returns ar	nd bankruptcy estates, a tax determin	ed in accordar	nce with the
15	following tabl	e:			
16	RI Taxabl	e Income	RI Income	Tax	
17	Over	But not over	Pay + % on Excess	On the amount over	
18	\$0-	\$ 55,000	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$	0
19	55,000 -	125,000	2,063 + 4.75%		55,000
20	125,000 -		5,388 + 5.99%		125,000
21	(II) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determine			determined	
22	in accordance	with the following tab	ple:		
23	RI Taxable Income RI Income Tax				
24	Over	But not over	Pay + % on Excess	On the amo	unt over
25	\$0-	\$ 2,230	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$	0
26	2,230 -	7,022	84 + 4.75%		2,230
27	7,022 -		312 + 5.99%		7,022
28	(B) D	eductions:			
29	(I) Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction. Only the Rhode Island standard deduction			d deduction	
30	shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:				
31	Filing status Amount			Amount	
32	Single	2			\$7,500
33	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$15,000			515,000	
34	Marri	ed filing separately			\$7,500

1 Head of Household	\$11,250
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2 (II) Nonresident alien individuals, estates and trusts are not eligible for standard
3 deductions.

4 (III) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode 5 Island purposes pursuant to section 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-6 five thousand dollars (\$175,000), the standard deduction amount shall be reduced by the 7 applicable percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for 8 each five thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross 9 income for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).

(C) Exemption Amount:

10

(I) The term "exemption amount" means three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500)
multiplied by the number of exemptions allowed for the taxable year for federal income tax
purposes.

(II) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.

(D) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to section 33-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventyfive thousand dollars (\$175,000), the exemption amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).

(E) Adjustment for inflation. - The dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-302.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) shall be increased annually by an amount
equal to:

27 (I) Such dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-3028 2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) adjusted for inflation using a base tax year of 2000,
29 multiplied by;

30 (II) The cost-of-living adjustment with a base year of 2000.

31 (III) For the purposes of this section the cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is 32 the percentage (if any) by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year 33 exceeds the consumer price index for the base year. The consumer price index for any calendar 34 year is the average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period 1 ending on August 31, of such calendar year.

2	(IV) For the purpose of this section the term "consumer price index" means the last
3	consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For the
4	purpose of this section the revision of the consumer price index which is most consistent with the
5	consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.
6	(V) If any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of fifty dollars
7	(\$50.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00). In the
8	case of a married individual filing separate return, if any increase determined under this section is
9	not a multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower
10	multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).
11	(E) Credits against tax.
12	(I) Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island Law, for tax years beginning on
13	or after January 1, 2011, the only credits allowed against a tax imposed under this chapter shall be
14	as follows:
15	(a) Rhode Island Earned Income Credit: Credit shall be allowed for earned income credit
16	pursuant to subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(N).
17	(b) Property Tax Relief Credit: Credit shall be allowed for property tax relief as provided
18	in section 44-33-1 et seq.
19	(c) Lead Paint Credit: Credit shall be allowed for residential lead abatement income tax
20	credit as provided in section 44-30.3-1 et seq.
21	(d) Credit for income taxes of other states Credit shall be allowed for income tax paid
22	to other states pursuant to section 44-30-74.
23	(e) Historic Structures Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for historic structures tax
24	credit as provided in section 44-33.2-1 et seq.
25	(f) Motion Picture Productions Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for motion picture
26	production tax credit as provided in section 44-31.2-1 et seq.
27	(g) Child and Dependent Care: Credit shall be allowed for twenty-five percent (25%) of
28	the federal child and dependent care credit allowable for the taxable year for federal purposes;
29	provided, however, such credit shall not exceed the Rhode Island tax liability.
30	(h) Tax credits for contributions to Scholarship Organizations: Credit shall be allowed for
31	contributions to scholarship organizations as provided in section 44-62 et seq.
32	(i) Credit for tax withheld Wages upon which tax is required to be withheld shall be
33	taxable as if no withholding were required, but any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax
34	actually deducted and withheld in any calendar year shall be deemed to have been paid to the tax

- administrator on behalf of the person from whom withheld, and the person shall be credited with
 having paid that amount of tax for the taxable year beginning in that calendar year. For a taxable
 year of less than twelve (12) months, the credit shall be made under regulations of the tax
 administrator.
- 5 (j) Residential Renewable Energy System Tax Credit. Credit shall be allowed for
- 6 residential renewable energy system tax credit as provided in section 44-57-1 et seq.
- 7 (2) Except as provided in section 1 above, no other state and federal tax credit shall be
- 8 available to the taxpayers in computing tax liability under this chapter.
 - SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

====== LC01621 =======

9

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION -- PERSONAL INCOME TAX

1 This act would restore the tax credit for residential renewable energy systems.

2 This act would take effect upon passage.

LC01621