LC01400

2012 -- H 7845

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2012

AN ACT

RELATING TO DOMESTIC RELATIONS - PERSONS ELIGIBLE TO MARRY

Introduced By: Representatives Handy, Tanzi, Diaz, Slater, and Edwards <u>Date Introduced:</u> February 28, 2012 <u>Referred To:</u> House Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Sections 15-1-1, 15-1-2, 15-1-3, 15-1-4 and 15-1-5 of the General Laws in
2	Chapter 15-1 entitled "Persons Eligible to Marry" are hereby amended to read as follows:
3	<u>15-1-1. <mark>Men forbidden to marry kindred.</mark> Equal access to marriage - <mark>No man shall</mark></u>
4	marry his mother, grandmother, daughter, son's daughter, daughter's daughter, stepmother,
5	grandfather's wife, son's wife, son's son's wife, daughter's son's wife, wife's mother, wife's
6	grandmother, wife's daughter, wife's son's daughter, wife's daughter's daughter, sister, brother's
7	daughter, sister's daughter, father's sister, or mother's sister. Any person who otherwise meets the
8	eligibility requirements of chapters 15-1 and 15-2 may marry any eligible person regardless of
9	gender.
10	15-1-2. Women forbidden to marry kindred No woman shall marry her father,
11	grandfather, son, son's son, daughter's son, stepfather, grandmother's husband, daughter's
11 12	grandfather, son, son's son, daughter's son, stepfather, grandmother's husband, daughter's husband, son's daughter's husband, daughter's daughter's husband, husband's father, husband's
12	husband, son's daughter's husband, daughter's daughter's husband, husband's father, husband's
12 13	husband, son's daughter's husband, daughter's daughter's husband, husband's father, husband's grandfather, husband's son, husband's son, husband's daughter's son, brother, brother's son,
12 13 14	husband, son's daughter's husband, daughter's daughter's husband, husband's father, husband's grandfather, husband's son, husband's son, husband's daughter's son, brother, brother's son, sister's son, father's brother, or mother's brother. <u>Marrying kindred forbidden. – No person</u>
12 13 14 15	husband, son's daughter's husband, daughter's daughter's husband, husband's father, husband's grandfather, husband's son, husband's son's son, husband's daughter's son, brother, brother's son, sister's son, father's brother, or mother's brother. <u>Marrying kindred forbidden. – No person</u> shall marry his or her parent, grandparent, child, grandchild, stepparent, grandparents' spouse,
12 13 14 15 16	husband, son's daughter's husband, daughter's daughter's husband, husband's father, husband's grandfather, husband's son, husband's son's son, husband's daughter's son, brother, brother's son, sister's son, father's brother, or mother's brother. <u>Marrying kindred forbidden.</u> – No person shall marry his or her parent, grandparent, child, grandchild, stepparent, grandparents' spouse, spouse's child, spouse's grandchild, sibling's child, or parent's sibling.

19 <u>15-1-4. Marriages of kindred allowed by Jewish religion. --</u> The provisions of sections

1 15-1-1 15-1-3 15-1-2 and 15-1-3 shall not extend to, or in any way affect, any marriage which
2 shall be solemnized among the Jewish people, within the degrees of affinity or consanguinity
3 allowed by their religion.

4 <u>15-1-5. Bigamous marriages void -- Marriage of persons who are mentally</u>
5 <u>incompetent. - A person is prohibited from marrying if such person is (a) a party to another</u>
6 <u>marriage; or</u>

7 (b) a party to a relationship that provides substantially the same rights, benefits and 8 responsibilities as a marriage whether entered into in this state or another state or jurisdiction, and 9 such marriage or relationship has not been finally dissolved, unless the parties to the intended 10 marriage will be the same as the parties to such other marriage or relationship. Any marriage, 11 entered in violation of this prohibition when either of the parties at the time of the marriage has a 12 former wife or husband living, who has not been, by final decree, divorced from that party, and 13 any marriage where either of the parties is mentally incompetent at the time of the marriage, shall 14 be absolutely void, and no life estate created by chapter 25 of title 33 shall be assigned to any 15 widow surviving spouse widow in consequence of the marriage.

SECTION 2. Chapter 15-1 of the General Laws entitled "Persons Eligible to Marry" is
 hereby amended by adding thereto the following sections:

<u>15-1-7. Marriage codification. – Marriage is the legally recognized union of two people.</u>
 When used in any statute, the word "marriage" shall mean a civil marriage. Terms relating to the
 marital relationship or familial relationships shall be construed consistently with this section for
 all purposes throughout the law, whether in the context of statute, administrative or court rule,
 policy, common law, or any other source of civil law.

23 15-1-8. Recognition of relationships entered into in another state or jurisdiction. - If 24 two persons in Rhode Island have a legal union other than a marriage that provides substantially 25 the same rights, benefits and responsibilities as a marriage, and that was validly entered into in 26 another state or jurisdiction, then they shall be recognized as having a valid marriage in this state, 27 unless a) such relationship is prohibited by this chapter, or b) they become permanent residents of 28 Rhode Island and do not enter into a marriage within one year after becoming permanent 29 residents. 30 15-1-9. Applicability of state laws to marriages not recognized by federal law. – (a) 31 Any provision of Rhode Island law that refers to, adopts, or relies upon provisions of federal law, 32 including, but not limited to, those in title 44, shall apply to parties recognized as married under 33 the laws of this state as if federal laws recognized such marriages in the same manner as Rhode

34 Island law.

1 (b) Notwithstanding the unavailability of federal financial participation, no person who is 2 recognized as a spouse under the laws of this state shall be denied benefits that are otherwise 3 available to spouses under Rhode Island law, including, but not limited to, those in chapters 40-8 4 to 40-8.10 inclusive, due to the provisions of 1 U.S.C. section 7 or any other federal non-5 recognition of spouses of the same sex. SECTION 3. Sections 15-2-1, 15-2-7 and 15-2-11 of the General Laws in Chapter 15-2 6 7 entitled "Marriage Licenses" are hereby amended to read as follows: 8 15-2-1. License required -- Proof of divorce - Obligation of clerk to issue license. --9 (a) Persons intending to be joined together in marriage in this state must first obtain a license 10 from the clerk of the town or city in which: 11 (1) The female Either party to the proposed marriage resides; or in the city or town in 12 which 13 (2) The male party resides, if the female party is a nonresident of this state; or in the city 14 or town in which 15 (3) (2) The proposed marriage is to be performed, if both parties are nonresidents of this 16 state. 17 (b) Before any license shall be issued to any person who, having been previously 18 married, or a party to another relationship that provides substantially the same rights, benefits and 19 responsibilities as a marriage, has been divorced, the person shall present to the town or city clerk 20 an authenticated copy of the decree granting the divorce. 21 (c) The town or city clerk shall issue a license to any person eligible to marry under 22 chapter 15-1. 15-2-7. Form and contents of certificates, reports, and other returns. -- The forms of 23 24 certificates, reports, and other returns required by this chapter, or by regulations adopted pursuant 25 to this chapter, shall include as a minimum the items recommended by the federal agency responsible for national vital statistics, subject to approval of and modification by the state 26 27 director of health. Both the bride and groom parties shall subscribe to the truth of data in the 28 application in the presence of the local registrar or his or her assistant. 29 15-2-11. Consent and procedure required for license to minors and persons under 30 guardianship. -- (a) No minor or person under the control of a parent or guardian shall be 31 allowed to give and subscribe to the information provided for in sections 15-2-1 -- 15-2-10, or 32 shall receive the license provided for in these sections, unless the consent in writing of the parent 33 or guardian, given in the presence of the town or city clerk or any clerk employed in that office, 34 has first been obtained; provided, that proof shall be submitted that the minor, if a female, has

1 attained the age of sixteen (16) years; and provided, that this information may be given and 2 subscribed to by a minor, if a female, who has attained the age of sixteen (16) years, residing in 3 this state upon the consent in writing of the director of public welfare of the town or city in which 4 the minor resides, given in the presence of the town or city clerk or any clerk employed in that 5 office.

6 (b) In addition to the requirements in subsection (a) of this section, no license shall be 7 issued to any minor, if a female under the age of sixteen (16) years, and if a male under the age of 8 eighteen (18) years, unless and until the following requirements have been complied with, and the 9 town or city clerk is directed in writing to issue the license by the family court:

(1) The town or city clerk, upon receiving information provided for in sections 15-2-1 -11 15-2-10, shall immediately transmit a certified copy of the information to the family court. The
12 court shall immediately transmit a copy of the information, together with a written request for a
13 complete investigation of and a report upon the advisability of the issuance of the license, to the
14 department of human services. The department shall within fifteen (15) days after the receipt of
15 the information, the request, and the report file in the court its complete report in writing.

(2) The court shall then conduct a hearing in chambers to determine the advisability of
the issuance of the license and shall notify the town or city clerk of its determination. The court
shall have the power to summon at the hearing any persons that it may deem advisable.

(3) The court shall also file the report and a notation of its determination in the office of
the clerk of the court, but any papers filed at the office of the clerk shall not be matters of public
record and may be examined only upon the written authorization of the court.

(4) During the pendency of the proceedings, the court shall exercise the authority of aguardian in respect to the minor or minors involved.

SECTION 4. Chapter 15-3 of the General Laws entitled "Solemnization of Marriages" is
 hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:

26 <u>15-3-</u>

15-3-6.1. Protection of freedom of religion in marriage. – (a) Consistent with the

27 guarantees of freedom of religion set forth by both the First Amendment to the United States

28 constitution and article I, section 3 of the Rhode Island constitution, each religious institution has

- 29 exclusive control over its own religious doctrine, policy, and teachings regarding who may marry
- 30 within their faith, and on what terms. No court or other state or local governmental body, entity,
- 31 agency or commission shall compel, prevent, or interfere in any way with any religious
- 32 institution's decisions about marriage eligibility within that particular faith's tradition.
- 33 (b) Consistent with the guarantees of freedom of religion set forth by both the first
- 34 amendment to the United States constitution and article I, section 3 of the Rhode Island

1 constitution, no regularly licensed or ordained clergyperson, minister, elder, priest, imam, rabbi, 2 or similar official of any church or religious denomination as described and authorized in sections 3 15-3-5 and 15-3-6 of the general laws to officiate at a civil marriage, is required to solemnize any 4 marriage. A regularly licensed or ordained clergyperson, minister, elder, priest, imam, rabbi, or 5 similar official of any church or religious denomination shall be immune from any civil claim or cause of action based on a refusal to solemnize any marriage under this chapter. No state agency 6 7 or local government may base a decision to penalize, withhold benefits from, or refuse to contract 8 with any church or religious denomination on the refusal of a person associated with such church 9 or religious denomination to solemnize a marriage under this chapter. 10 SECTION 5. Chapter 15-3.1 of the General Laws entitled "Civil Unions" is hereby 11 amended by adding thereto the following section: 12 15-3.1-12. Merger of civil union into marriage by action of the parties. - (a) On and 13 after the effective date of this section and prior to January 1, 2013, two persons who are parties to a civil union entered into pursuant to this chapter may apply for and be issued a marriage license 14 15 and have such marriage solemnized pursuant to chapters 15-1 to 15-3 of the general laws, 16 provided such persons are otherwise eligible to marry under chapter 15-1 as amended by this act 17 and the parties to the marriage will be the same as the parties to the civil union. After the 18 solemnization of such marriage and upon the filing of the license and certificate of marriage with 19 the clerk in the town or city from which the license was issued pursuant to section 15-3-12, the 20 civil union of such persons shall be merged into the marriage by operation of law as of the date of 21 the marriage stated in the certificate. 22 (b) Such parties may also apply by January 1, 2013 to the clerk of the town or city in 23 which their civil union is recorded to have their civil union legally designated and recorded as a 24 marriage, without any additional requirements of payment of marriage licensing fees or solemnization contained in chapters 15-1 to 15-3 of the general laws, provided that such parties' 25 civil union was not previously dissolved or annulled. Upon application, the parties shall be 26 27 issued a marriage certificate, and the civil union of such persons shall be merged into the 28 marriage by operation of law as of the date of the marriage stated in the certificate. 29 15-3.1-13. Merger of civil union into marriage by operation of law – Exception. - (a) 30 Two persons who are parties to a civil union entered into pursuant to this chapter that has not 31 been dissolved or annulled by the parties or merged into a marriage by action of the parties under 32 section 15-3.1-12 as of January 1, 2013, shall be deemed to be married under chapter 15-1 et seq., 33 as amended by this act, on said date and such civil union shall be merged into such marriage by 34 operation of law on said date.

1 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the parties to a civil 2 union with respect to which a proceeding for dissolution, annulment or legal separation is 3 pending on January 1, 2013, shall not be deemed to be married on said date and such civil union 4 shall not be merged into such marriage by operation of law but shall continue to be governed by 5 the provisions of the general statutes applicable to civil unions in effect prior to January 1, 2013. 6 15-3.1-14. Savings clause. - For purposes of determining the legal rights and 7 responsibilities involving individuals who had previously had a civil union in Rhode Island and 8 whose civil unions have merged into marriages under the provisions of this chapter, the date of the original civil union is the legal date of the marriage. Nothing in this subsection prohibits a 9 10 different date from being included on a marriage license. SECTION 6. Sections 15-3.1-3, 15-3.1-4 and 15-3.1-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 11 12 15-3.1 entitled "Civil Unions" are hereby repealed. 15-3.1-3. License requirements. -- (a) Persons intending to form a civil union in this 13 14 state must first obtain a license from the town or city in which: 15 (1) One of the parties to the civil union resides; or 16 (2) In the case of both parties being nonresidents of this state the city or town in which 17 the proposed civil union is to be performed. 18 (b) Before any license shall be issued to any person who, having previously been married 19 or been a party in a civil union to someone other than their intended civil union partner, the 20 person shall present to the town or city clerk a certified copy of the decree granting the divorce or 21 dissolving the civil union. 22 (c) The license required in: (a) shall be valid for three (3) months after the date of issue, 23 and if unused at the expiration of the three (3) months, the party or parties having the possession 24 of the license shall immediately return it to the town or city clerk from whom it was obtained. 25 (d) License fee. For issuing the civil union license the town or city clerk shall collect a fee of twenty-four dollars (\$24.00). The city or town shall retain eight dollars (\$8.00), and 26 27 transmit sixteen dollars (\$16.00) to the general treasurer of the State of Rhode Island who shall be 28 responsible for depositing eight dollars (\$8.00) of the sixteen dollars (\$16.00) received into the family and children trust fund created by Rhode Island general laws section 42-72-30. Each clerk 29 30 shall keep an accurate account of all fees charged and received under this section and shall 31 transmit all sums due to the general treasurer at least monthly in the manner and with the forms 32 which the general treasurer shall prescribe. 33 (e) The several town and city clerks shall record, in separate books to be kept by them 34 for that purpose, the information furnished to them and subscribed to as provided in this section.

Further, town and city clerks shall treat the civil union certificate as a vital record pursuant to
 Rhode Island general laws chapter 23-3.

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<u>15-3.1-4. Certification of civil unions. --</u> Officials empowered to certify persons in civil unions:

(1) Every ordained clergy or elder in good standing, every justice of the supreme court, 5 superior court, family court, workers' compensation court, district court or traffic tribunal, the 6 7 clerk of the supreme court, every clerk or general chief clerk of a superior court, family court, 8 district court, or traffic tribunal, magistrates, special or general magistrates of the superior court, 9 family court, traffic tribunal or district court, administrative clerks of the district court, 10 administrators of the workers' compensation court, every former justice or judge and former 11 administrator of these courts and every former chief clerk of the district court, and every former 12 clerk or general chief clerk of a superior court, the secretary of the senate, elected clerks of the 13 general assembly, any former secretary of the senate or any former elected clerk of the general 14 assembly who retires after July 1, 2007, judges of the United States appointed pursuant to Article 15 III of the United States Constitution, bankruptcy judges appointed pursuant to Article I of the 16 United States Constitution, and United States magistrate judges appointed pursuant to federal law, 17 may certify a civil union in any city or town in this state; and every justice and every former 18 justice of the municipal courts of the cities and towns in this state and of the police court of the 19 town of Johnston and every probate judge and every former probate judge may certify a civil 20 union in any city or town in this state, and wardens of the town of New Shoreham may certify 21 persons in civil unions in New Shoreham.

22 (2) Every certification of a civil union shall be held in the presence of at least two (2)
 23 witnesses besides the person officiating the certification and no minister, justice or other
 24 authorized person shall perform the civil union certification until the persons to be certified in a
 25 civil union have presented him or her the license named in this section.

26 (3) Every minister, justice, or other authorized person who certifies any persons in a civil
27 union shall endorse the "License and Certificate of Civil Union" presented to him or her by the
28 persons and certify that the persons were certified in a civil union in accordance with the laws of
29 the State of Rhode Island and the person who certifies the parties in the civil union shall complete
30 all the information on the "License and Certificate of Civil Union" and file the form within
31 ninety six (96) hours following the date of the civil union certification with the clerk in the town
32 or city from which the license was issued.

33 (4) The town or city clerk to whom the civil union certificate is returned shall carefully
 34 file and preserve the return.

(5) If any person has any lawful objection to the civil union of any two (2) persons, he or
 she may state the objection in writing, under his or her hand, to the minister, justice or other
 authorized person about to certify the civil union, at which time the minister, justice or other
 authorized person shall proceed no further in the civil union until the lawful objection has been
 removed.

6 (6) Every minister, justice, or other authorized person who certifies persons in a civil 7 union without first receiving the license required by this chapter containing the required 8 information, or whenever the certification of the civil union has been lawfully objected to and the 9 impediment is not removed, or when the person certifies parties in a civil union that he or she 10 knows to have a husband, wife, or other civil union partner shall be imprisoned not exceeding six 11 (6) months or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

12 (7) No civil union certified before a person professing to have a license or professing to
13 be qualified to certify the civil union shall be deemed or adjudged to be void, nor shall the
14 validity of the civil union be in any way affected by want of jurisdiction or authority in the person
15 by noncompliance with any of the requirements of this chapter, if the civil union is in other
16 respects lawful and has been certified with a full belief on the part of the parties to the civil union,
17 or either of them, that they have lawfully certified in a civil union.

18 (8) Every person who certifies a civil union without being legally authorized to do so
 19 shall be fined five hundred dollars (\$500).

(9) If, as the result of a court decision, any civil union which has occurred in Rhode
Island is declared invalid, the court shall order the state registrar of vital records to mark "invalid"
the original civil union record on file at the division of vital records and to note the invalidity of
the civil union on all other files or references to the civil union.

24 (10) Whoever provides any false information as to the requirements under this chapter,
25 or whoever enters into a civil union without duly proceeding as is required by this chapter, shall
26 be fined not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500).

- 27 <u>15-3.1-5. Conscience and religious organizations protected. --</u> (a) Notwithstanding any
 28 other provision of law to the contrary, no religious or denominational organization, no
 29 organization operated for charitable or educational purpose which is supervised or controlled by
- 30 or in connection with a religious organization, and no individual employed by any of the
- 31 foregoing organizations, while acting in the scope of that employment, shall be required:

32 (1) To provide services, accommodations, advantages, facilities, goods, or privileges for

- 33 a purpose related to the solemnization, certification, or celebration of any civil union; or
- 34 (2) To solemnize or certify any civil union; or

- 1 (3) To treat as valid any civil union;
- 2 if such providing, solemnizing, certifying, or treating as valid would cause such
 3 organizations or individuals to violate their sincerely held religious beliefs.
- 4 (b) No organization or individual as described in subsection (a) above who fails or
- 5 refuses to provide, solemnize, certify, or treat as valid, as described in subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2) or
- 6 (a)(3) above, persons in a civil union, shall be subject to a fine, penalty, or other cause of action
- 7 for such failure or refusal.
- 8 SECTION 7. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC01400

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO DOMESTIC RELATIONS - PERSONS ELIGIBLE TO MARRY

1 This act would prohibit marriage between kindred except marriages solemnized amongst 2 Jewish people. It further recognizes marriages in other jurisdictions as well as any marriage 3 which refers to or adopts federal law to be construed as if federal laws recognize the marriage 4 laws of this state. This act would provide protection of freedom of religion preventing 5 interference with a religious institution's decisions about marriage eligibility. 6 Further, the bill merges civil union into marriage by the action of the parties and further 7 merges into a marriage by operation of law as of January 1, 2013 if said civil union has not been

8 dissolved or annulled.

9 This act also repeals section 15-3.1-4, 15-3.1-5, and 15-3.1-6 as they relate to 10 administrative functions for civil unions and the protection of conscience and religious 11 organizations exception to provide services for solemnization of marriages as well as recognition 12 of civil unions.

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This act would take effect upon passage.

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