2012 -- S 2838 SUBSTITUTE A

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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2012

AN ACT

RELATING TO MOTOR AND OTHER VEHICLES - MOTOR VEHICLE OFFENSES

Introduced By: Senator Maryellen Goodwin Date Introduced: March 28, 2012

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Sections 31-27-2, 31-27-2.1 and 31-27-2.8 of the General Laws in Chapter
 31-27 entitled "Motor Vehicle Offenses" are hereby amended to read as follows:

3 <u>31-27-2. Driving under influence of liquor or drugs. --</u> (a) Whoever drives or 4 otherwise operates any vehicle in the state while under the influence of any intoxicating liquor, 5 drugs, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in chapter 28 of title 21, or any 6 combination of these, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor except as provided in subdivision (d)(3) 7 and shall be punished as provided in subsection (d) of this section.

8 (b) (1) Any person charged under subsection (a) of this section whose blood alcohol 9 concentration is eight one-hundredths of one percent (.08%) or more by weight as shown by a 10 chemical analysis of a blood, breath, or urine sample shall be guilty of violating subsection (a) of 11 this section. This provision shall not preclude a conviction based on other admissible evidence. 12 Proof of guilt under this section may also be based on evidence that the person charged was under 13 the influence of intoxicating liquor, drugs, toluene, or any controlled substance defined in chapter 14 28 of title 21, or any combination of these, to a degree which rendered the person incapable of 15 safely operating a vehicle. The fact that any person charged with violating this section is or has 16 been legally entitled to use alcohol or a drug shall not constitute a defense against any charge of 17 violating this section.

(2) Whoever drives or otherwise operates any vehicle in the state with a blood presenceof any scheduled controlled substance as defined within chapter 28 of title 21, as shown by

analysis of a blood or urine sample, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as
 provided in subsection (d) of this section.

(c) In any criminal prosecution for a violation of subsection (a) of this section, evidence
as to the amount of intoxicating liquor, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in chapter
28 of title 21, or any combination of these, in the defendant's blood at the time alleged as shown
by a chemical analysis of the defendant's breath, blood, or urine or other bodily substance shall be
admissible and competent, provided that evidence is presented that the following conditions have
been complied with:

9 (1) The defendant has consented to the taking of the test upon which the analysis is 10 made. Evidence that the defendant had refused to submit to the test shall not be admissible unless 11 the defendant elects to testify.

(2) A true copy of the report of the test result was mailed within seventy-two (72) hoursof the taking of the test to the person submitting to a breath test.

(3) Any person submitting to a chemical test of blood, urine, or other body fluids shall
have a true copy of the report of the test result mailed to him or her within thirty (30) days
following the taking of the test.

(4) The test was performed according to methods and with equipment approved by thedirector of the department of health of the state of Rhode Island and by an authorized individual.

19 (5) Equipment used for the conduct of the tests by means of breath analysis had been 20 tested for accuracy within thirty (30) days preceding the test by personnel qualified as 21 hereinbefore provided, and breathalyzer operators shall be qualified and certified by the 22 department of health within three hundred sixty-five (365) days of the test.

23 (6) The person arrested and charged with operating a motor vehicle while under the 24 influence of intoxicating liquor, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in chapter 28 of 25 title 21, or, any combination of these in violation of subsection (a) of this section was afforded the opportunity to have an additional chemical test. The officer arresting or so charging the person 26 27 shall have informed the person of this right and afforded him or her a reasonable opportunity to 28 exercise this right, and a notation to this effect is made in the official records of the case in the 29 police department. Refusal to permit an additional chemical test shall render incompetent and 30 inadmissible in evidence the original report.

(d) (1) (i) Every person found to have violated subdivision (b)(1) of this section shall be
sentenced as follows: for a first violation whose blood alcohol concentration is eight onehundredths of one percent (.08%) but less than one-tenth of one percent (.1%) by weight or who
has a blood presence of any scheduled controlled substance as defined in subdivision (b)(2) shall

1 be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than three hundred 2 dollars (\$300), shall be required to perform ten (10) to sixty (60) hours of public community 3 restitution, and/or shall be imprisoned for up to one year. The sentence may be served in any unit 4 of the adult correctional institutions in the discretion of the sentencing judge and/or shall be 5 required to attend a special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance; provided, however, that the court may permit a servicemember or veteran to 6 7 complete any court-approved counseling program administered or approved by the Veterans' 8 Administration, and his or her driver's license shall be suspended for thirty (30) days up to one 9 hundred eighty (180) days. The sentencing judge may prohibit that person from operating a motor 10 vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in section 31-27-2.8.

11 (ii) Every person convicted of a first violation whose blood alcohol concentration is one-12 tenth of one percent (.1%) by weight or above but less than fifteen hundredths of one percent 13 (.15%) or whose blood alcohol concentration is unknown shall be subject to a fine of not less than 14 one hundred (\$100) dollars nor more than four hundred dollars (\$400) and shall be required to 15 perform ten (10) to sixty (60) hours of public community restitution and/or shall be imprisoned 16 for up to one year. The sentence may be served in any unit of the adult correctional institutions in 17 the discretion of the sentencing judge. The person's driving license shall be suspended for a 18 period of three (3) months to twelve (12) months. The sentencing judge shall require attendance 19 at a special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance 20 and/or alcoholic or drug treatment for the individual; provided, however, that the court may 21 permit a servicemember or veteran to complete any court-approved counseling program 22 administered or approved by the Veterans' Administration. The sentencing judge shall prohibit 23 that person from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system 24 as provided in section 31-27-2.8.

(iii) Every person convicted of a first offense whose blood alcohol concentration is 25 26 fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%) or above, or who is under the influence of a drug, 27 toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in subdivision (b)(1) shall be subject to a fine of 28 five hundred dollars (\$500) and shall be required to perform twenty (20) to sixty (60) hours of 29 public community restitution and/or shall be imprisoned for up to one year. The sentence may be 30 served in any unit of the adult correctional institutions in the discretion of the sentencing judge. 31 The person's driving license shall be suspended for a period of three (3) months to eighteen (18) 32 months. The sentencing judge shall require attendance at a special course on driving while 33 intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance and/or alcohol or drug treatment for 34 the individual; provided, however, that the court may permit a servicemember or veteran to

complete any court-approved counseling program administered or approved by the Veterans'
 Administration. The sentencing judge may prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle
 that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in section 31-27-2.8.

4 (2) (i) Every person convicted of a second violation within a five (5) year period with a 5 blood alcohol concentration of eight one-hundredths of one percent (.08%) or above but less than fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%) or whose blood alcohol concentration is unknown or 6 7 who has a blood presence of any controlled substance as defined in subdivision (b)(2), and every 8 person convicted of a second violation within a five (5) year period regardless of whether the 9 prior violation and subsequent conviction was a violation and subsequent conviction under this 10 statute or under the driving under the influence of liquor or drugs statute of any other state, shall 11 be subject to a mandatory fine of four hundred dollars (\$400). The person's driving license shall 12 be suspended for a period of one year to two (2) years, and the individual shall be sentenced to 13 not less than ten (10) days nor more than one year in jail. The sentence may be served in any unit 14 of the adult correctional institutions in the discretion of the sentencing judge; however, not less 15 than forty-eight (48) hours of imprisonment shall be served consecutively. The sentencing judge 16 shall require alcohol or drug treatment for the individual; provided, however, that the court may 17 permit a servicemember or veteran to complete any court-approved counseling program 18 administered or approved by the Veterans' Administration. and may prohibit that person from 19 operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system for a period of 20 one year to two (2) years following the completion of the sentence as provided in section 31-27-21 2.8. The sentencing judge shall prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle that is not 22 equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in section 31-27-2.8.

23 (ii) Every person convicted of a second violation within a five (5) year period whose 24 blood alcohol concentration is fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%) or above by weight as 25 shown by a chemical analysis of a blood, breath, or urine sample or who is under the influence of 26 a drug, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in subdivision (b)(1) shall be subject to 27 mandatory imprisonment of not less than six (6) months nor more than one year, a mandatory fine 28 of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and a mandatory license suspension for a period of 29 two (2) years from the date of completion of the sentence imposed under this subsection. The 30 sentencing judge shall require alcohol or drug treatment for the individual; provided, however, 31 that the court may permit a servicemember or veteran to complete any court approved counseling 32 program administered or approved by the Veterans' Administration. The sentencing judge shall 33 prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock

34 system as provided in section 31-27-2.8.

1 (3) (i) Every person convicted of a third or subsequent violation within a five (5) year 2 period with a blood alcohol concentration of eight one-hundredths of one percent (.08%) or above 3 but less than fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%) or whose blood alcohol concentration is 4 unknown or who has a blood presence of any scheduled controlled substance as defined in 5 subdivision (b)(2) regardless of whether any prior violation and subsequent conviction was a violation and subsequent conviction under this statute or under the driving under the influence of 6 7 liquor or drugs statute of any other state, shall be guilty of a felony and be subject to a mandatory 8 fine of four hundred (\$400) dollars. The person's driving license shall be suspended for a period 9 of two (2) years to three (3) years, and the individual shall be sentenced to not less than one year 10 and not more than three (3) years in jail. The sentence may be served in any unit of the adult 11 correctional institutions in the discretion of the sentencing judge; however, not less than forty-12 eight (48) hours of imprisonment shall be served consecutively. The sentencing judge shall 13 require alcohol or drug treatment for the individual; provided, however, that the court may permit 14 a servicemember or veteran to complete any court-approved counseling program administered or 15 approved by the Veterans' Administration, and may shall prohibit that person from operating a 16 motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system for a period of two (2) years 17 following the completion of the sentence as provided in section 31-27-2.8.

18 (ii) Every person convicted of a third or subsequent violation within a five (5) year 19 period whose blood alcohol concentration is fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%) above by 20 weight as shown by a chemical analysis of a blood, breath, or urine sample or who is under the 21 influence of a drug, toluene or any controlled substance as defined in subdivision (b)(1) shall be 22 subject to mandatory imprisonment of not less than three (3) years nor more than five (5) years, a 23 mandatory fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than five thousand dollars 24 (\$5,000) and a mandatory license suspension for a period of three (3) years from the date of 25 completion of the sentence imposed under this subsection. The sentencing judge shall require 26 alcohol or drug treatment for the individual. The sentencing judge may prohibit that person from 27 operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in 28 section 31-27-2.8.

(iii) In addition to the foregoing penalties, every person convicted of a third or subsequent violation within a five (5) year period regardless of whether any prior violation and subsequent conviction was a violation and subsequent conviction under this statute or under the driving under the influence of liquor or drugs statute of any other state shall be subject, in the discretion of the sentencing judge, to having the vehicle owned and operated by the violator seized and sold by the state of Rhode Island, with all funds obtained by the sale to be transferred 1 to the general fund.

2 (4) Whoever drives or otherwise operates any vehicle in the state while under the 3 influence of any intoxicating liquor, drugs, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in 4 chapter 28 of title 21, or any combination of these, when his or her license to operate is 5 suspended, revoked or cancelled for operating under the influence of a narcotic drug or intoxicating liquor shall be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than three 6 7 (3) years and by a fine or not more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000). The court shall require 8 alcohol and/or drug treatment for the individual; provided, the penalties provided for in 9 subdivision 31-27-2(d)(4) shall not apply to an individual who has surrendered his or her license, 10 and served the court ordered period of suspension, but who, for any reason, has not had their 11 license reinstated after the period of suspension, revocation, or suspension has expired; provided, 12 further the individual shall be subject to the provisions of paragraphs 31-27-2(d)(2)(i) or (ii) or 13 31-27-22(d)(3)(i), (ii), or (iii) regarding subsequent offenses, and any other applicable provision 14 of section 31-27-2.

(5) (i) For purposes of determining the period of license suspension, a prior violation
shall constitute any charge brought and sustained under the provisions of this section or section
31-27-2.1.

(ii) Any person over the age of eighteen (18) who is convicted under this section for operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drugs, or a combination of these, while a child under the age of thirteen (13) years was present as a passenger in the motor vehicle when the offense was committed may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than one year and further shall not be entitled to the benefit of suspension or deferment of this sentence. The sentence imposed under this section may be served in any unit of the adult correctional institutions in the discretion of the sentencing judge.

(6) (i) Any person convicted of a violation under this section shall pay a highway
assessment fine of five hundred dollars (\$500) which shall be deposited into the general fund. The
assessment provided for by this subsection shall be collected from a violator before any other
fines authorized by this section.

29 (ii) Any person convicted of a violation under this section shall be assessed a fee of
30 eighty-six dollars (\$86).

(7) (i) If the person convicted of violating this section is under the age of eighteen (18)
years, for the first violation he or she shall be required to perform ten (10) to sixty (60) hours of
public community restitution, and the juvenile's driving license shall be suspended for a period of
six (6) months, and may be suspended for a period up to eighteen (18) months. The sentencing

judge shall also require attendance at a special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance and alcohol or drug education and/or treatment for the juvenile. The juvenile may also be required to pay a highway assessment fine of no more than five hundred dollars (\$500), and the assessment imposed shall be deposited into the general fund.

5 (ii) If the person convicted of violating this section is under the age of eighteen (18) years, for a second or subsequent violation regardless of whether any prior violation and 6 7 subsequent conviction was a violation and subsequent under this statute or under the driving 8 under the influence of liquor or drugs statute of any other state, he or she shall be subject to a 9 mandatory suspension of his or her driving license until such time as he or she is twenty-one (21) 10 years of age and may, in the discretion of the sentencing judge, also be sentenced to the Rhode 11 Island training school for a period of not more than one year and/or a fine of not more than five 12 hundred dollars (\$500).

13 (8) Any person convicted of a violation under this section may undergo a clinical 14 assessment at the community college of Rhode Island 's center for workforce and community 15 education. Should this clinical assessment determine problems of alcohol, drug abuse, or 16 psychological problems associated with alcoholic or drug abuse, this person shall be referred to 17 an appropriate facility, licensed or approved by the department of mental health, retardation and 18 hospitals for treatment placement, case management, and monitoring. In the case of a 19 servicemember or veteran, the court may order that the person be evaluated through the Veterans' 20 Administration. Should the clinical assessment determine problems of alcohol, drug abuse, or 21 psychological problems associated with alcohol or drug abuse, the person may have their 22 treatment, case management and monitoring administered or approved by the Veterans' 23 Administration.

(e) Percent by weight of alcohol in the blood shall be based upon milligrams of alcohol
per one hundred (100) cubic centimeters of blood.

(f) (1) There is established an alcohol and drug safety unit within the division of motor vehicles to administer an alcohol safety action program. The program shall provide for placement and follow-up for persons who are required to pay the highway safety assessment. The alcohol and drug safety action program will be administered in conjunction with alcohol and drug programs licensed by the department of mental health retardation and hospitals.

(2) Persons convicted under the provisions of this chapter shall be required to attend a
special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance,
and/or participate in an alcohol or drug treatment program; provided, however, that the court may
permit a servicemember or veteran to complete any court-approved counseling program

1 administered or approved by the Veterans' Administration. The course shall take into 2 consideration any language barrier which may exist as to any person ordered to attend, and shall 3 provide for instruction reasonably calculated to communicate the purposes of the course in 4 accordance with the requirements of the subsection. Any costs reasonably incurred in connection 5 with the provision of this accommodation shall be borne by the person being retrained. A copy of any violation under this section shall be forwarded by the court to the alcohol and drug safety 6 7 unit. In the event that persons convicted under the provisions of this chapter fail to attend and 8 complete the above course or treatment program, as ordered by the judge, then the person may be 9 brought before the court, and after a hearing as to why the order of the court was not followed, 10 may be sentenced to jail for a period not exceeding one year.

(3) The alcohol and drug safety action program within the division of motor vehiclesshall be funded by general revenue appropriations.

(g) The director of the health department of the state of Rhode Island is empowered to make and file with the secretary of state regulations which prescribe the techniques and methods of chemical analysis of the person's body fluids or breath, and the qualifications and certification of individuals authorized to administer this testing and analysis.

17 (h) Jurisdiction for misdemeanor violations of this section shall be with the district court 18 for persons eighteen (18) years of age or older and to the family court for persons under the age 19 of eighteen (18) years. The courts shall have full authority to impose any sentence authorized and 20 to order the suspension of any license for violations of this section. All trials in the district court 21 and family court of violations of the section shall be scheduled within thirty (30) days of the 22 arraignment date. No continuance or postponement shall be granted except for good cause shown. Any continuances that are necessary shall be granted for the shortest practicable time. Trials in 23 24 superior court are not required to be scheduled within thirty (30) days of the arraignment date.

(i) No fines, suspensions, assessments, alcohol or drug treatment programs, course on
 driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance, public community
 restitution, or jail provided for under this section can be suspended.

(j) An order to attend a special course on driving while intoxicated that shall be
administered in cooperation with a college or university accredited by the state, shall include a
provision to pay a reasonable tuition for the course in an amount not less than twenty-five dollars
(\$25.00), and a fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175), which fee shall be deposited into
the general fund.

(k) For the purposes of this section, any test of a sample of blood, breath, or urine for thepresence of alcohol, which relies in whole or in part upon the principle of infrared light

1 absorption is considered a chemical test.

(1) If any provision of this section or the application of any provision shall for any reason
be judged invalid, such a judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of the
section, but shall be confined in this effect to the provision or application directly involved in the
controversy giving rise to the judgment.

6 (m) For the purposes of this section, "servicemember" means a person who is presently 7 serving in the armed forces of the United States including the Coast Guard, a reserve component 8 thereof, or the National Guard. "Veteran" means a person who has served in the armed forces, 9 including the Coast Guard of the United States, a reserve component thereof, or the National 10 Guard, and has been discharged under other than dishonorable conditions.

11 31-27-2.1. Refusal to submit to chemical test. -- (a) Any person who operates a motor 12 vehicle within this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to chemical tests of his 13 or her breath, blood, and/or urine for the purpose of determining the chemical content of his or 14 her body fluids or breath. No more than two (2) complete tests, one for the presence of 15 intoxicating liquor and one for the presence of toluene or any controlled substance, as defined in 16 section 21-28-1.02(7), shall be administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer having 17 reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been driving a motor vehicle within this state 18 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, toluene, or any controlled substance, as defined 19 in chapter 28 of title 21, or any combination of these. The director of the department of health is 20 empowered to make and file with the secretary of state, regulations which prescribe the 21 techniques and methods of chemical analysis of the person's body fluids or breath and the 22 qualifications and certification of individuals authorized to administer the testing and analysis.

23 (b) If a person for religious or medical reasons cannot be subjected to blood tests, the 24 person may file an affidavit with the division of motor vehicles stating the reasons why he or she 25 cannot be required to take blood tests, and a notation to this effect shall be made on his or her 26 license. If that person is asked to submit to chemical tests as provided under this chapter, the 27 person shall only be required to submit to chemical tests of his or her breath or urine. When a 28 person is requested to submit to blood tests, only a physician or registered nurse or a medical 29 technician certified under regulations promulgated by the director of the department of health 30 may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content in it. This limitation 31 shall not apply to the taking of breath or urine specimens. The person tested shall be permitted to 32 have a physician of his or her own choosing and at his or her own expense administer chemical 33 tests of his or her breath, blood, and/or urine in addition to the tests administered at the direction 34 of a law enforcement officer. If a person having been placed under arrest refuses upon the request

1 of a law enforcement officer to submit to the tests, as provided in section 31-27-2, none shall be 2 given, but a judge or magistrate of the traffic tribunal or district court judge, upon receipt of a 3 report of a law enforcement officer: that he or she had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested 4 person had been driving a motor vehicle within this state under the influence of intoxicating 5 liquor, toluene, or any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 28 of title 21, or any combination of these; that the person had been informed of his or her rights in accordance with 6 7 section 31-27-3; that the person had been informed of the penalties incurred as a result of 8 noncompliance with this section; and that the person had refused to submit to the tests upon the 9 request of a law enforcement officer; shall promptly order that the person's operator's license or 10 privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state be immediately suspended and that the person's 11 license be surrendered within five (5) days of notice of suspension. A traffic tribunal judge or 12 magistrate or a district court judge pursuant to the terms of subsection (c) of this section shall 13 order as follows:

14 (1) Impose for the first violation a fine in the amount of two hundred dollars (\$200) to 15 five hundred dollars (\$500) and shall order the person to perform ten (10) to sixty (60) hours of 16 public community restitution. The person's driving license in this state shall be suspended for a 17 period of six (6) months to one year. The traffic tribunal judge or magistrate shall require 18 attendance at a special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled 19 substance and/or alcohol or drug treatment for the individual. The traffic tribunal judge or 20 magistrate may prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an 21 ignition interlock system as provided in section 31-27-2.8.

22 (2) Every person convicted for a second violation within a five (5) year period shall be 23 guilty of a misdemeanor, shall be imprisoned for not more than six (6) months and shall pay a 24 fine in the amount of six hundred dollars (\$600) to one thousand dollars (\$1,000), order the 25 person to perform sixty (60) to one hundred (100) hours of public community restitution, and the 26 person's driving license in this state shall be suspended for a period of one year to two (2) years. 27 The judge shall require alcohol and/or drug treatment for the individual. The judge shall prohibit 28 that person from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system 29 as provided in section 31-27-2.8.

30 (3) Every person convicted for a third or subsequent violation within a five (5) year
31 period shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be imprisoned for not more than one year, fined
32 eight hundred dollars (\$800) to one thousand dollars (\$1,000), order the person to perform not
33 less than one hundred (100) hours of public community restitution, and the person's operator's
34 license in this state shall be suspended for a period of two (2) years to five (5) years. The judge

1 shall require alcohol or drug treatment for the individual. The judge shall prohibit that person 2 from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided 3 in section 31-27-2.8. Provided, that prior to the reinstatement of a license to a person charged 4 with a third or subsequent violation within a three (3) year period, a hearing shall be held before a 5 judge. At the hearing the judge shall review the person's driving record, his or her employment history, family background, and any other pertinent factors that would indicate that the person has 6 7 demonstrated behavior which warrants the reinstatement of his or her license.

8

(4) For purposes of determining the period of license suspension, a prior violation shall 9 constitute any charge brought and sustained under the provisions of this section or section 31-27-10 2.

11 (5) In addition to any other fines, a highway safety assessment of five hundred dollars 12 (\$500) shall be paid by any person found in violation of this section, the assessment to be 13 deposited into the general fund. The assessment provided for by this subsection shall be collected 14 from a violator before any other fines authorized by this section.

15 (6) In addition to any other fines and highway safety assessments, a two hundred dollar 16 (\$200) assessment shall be paid by any person found in violation of this section to support the 17 department of health's chemical testing programs outlined in section 31-27-2(4), which shall be 18 deposited as general revenues, not restricted receipts.

19 (7) No fines, suspensions, assessments, alcohol or drug treatment programs, course on 20 driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance, or public community 21 restitution provided for under this section, can be suspended.

22 (c) Upon suspending or refusing to issue a license or permit as provided in subsection (a) 23 of this section, the traffic tribunal or district court shall immediately notify the person involved in 24 writing, and upon his or her request, within fifteen (15) days shall afford the person an 25 opportunity for a hearing as early as practical upon receipt of a request in writing. Upon a hearing 26 the judge may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the 27 production of relevant books and papers. If the judge finds after the hearing that: (1) the law 28 enforcement officer making the sworn report had reasonable grounds to believe that the arrested 29 person had been driving a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating 30 liquor, toluene, or any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 28 of title 21, or any 31 combination of these; (2) the person while under arrest refused to submit to the tests upon the 32 request of a law enforcement officer; (3) the person had been informed of his or her rights in 33 accordance with section 31-27-3; and (4) the person had been informed of the penalties incurred 34 as a result of noncompliance with this section; the judge shall sustain the violation. The judge

shall then impose the penalties set forth in subsection (b) of this section. Action by the judge must
be taken within seven (7) days after the hearing, or it shall be presumed that the judge has refused
to issue his or her order of suspension.

4 (d) For the purposes of this section, any test of a sample of blood, breath, or urine for the
5 presence of alcohol which relies in whole or in part upon the principle of infrared light absorption
6 is considered a chemical test.

(e) If any provision of this section or the application of any provision shall for any
reason be judged invalid, the judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of the
section, but shall be confined in this effect to the provisions or application directly involved in the
controversy giving rise to the judgment.

11 <u>31-27-2.8. Ignition interlock system imposed as part of sentence -- Requirements. –</u>
12 (a) Any person convicted under the provisions of section 31-27-2(d)(1), (2) or (3) or section 3113 <u>27-2.1(b)(2) or (3) or whose violation is sustained under the provisions of section 31-27-2.1(b)(1)</u>
14 may be prohibited by the sentencing judge or magistrate from operating a motor vehicle that is
15 not equipped with an ignition interlock system for a period of not more than two (2) years
16 following the completion of any sentence imposed pursuant to that section.

17 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions contained in this chapter, after a funding of

18 eligibility, any mandatory period of license suspension may be reduced by the imposition of an

19 ignition interlock system ordered by the court or traffic tribunal as follows:

20 (1) For a violation of section 31-27-2(d)(1) or section 31-27-2.1 (b)(1), a person shall be

21 subject to a minimum thirty (30) day license suspension and the imposition of an ignition

22 interlock system for three (3) months to one year.

23 (2) For a violation of section 31-27-2(d)(2) or section 31-27-2.1 (b)(2), a person shall be

24 subject to a minimum forty-five (45) day license suspension and the imposition of an ignition

- 25 interlock system for six (6) months to two (2) years.
- 26 (3) For a violation of section 31-27-2(d)(3) or section 31-27-2.1(b)(3), a person shall be

27 subject to a minimum sixty (60) day suspension and the imposition of an ignition interlock

28 system for a period of one to four (4) years.

29 (c) Any person convicted of an offense of driving under the influence of liquor or drugs

- 30 resulting in death, section 31-27-2.2, driving under the influence of liquor or drugs resulting in
- 31 serious bodily injury, section 31-27-2.6, driving to endanger resulting in death, section 31-27-1,

32 or driving to endanger resulting in serious bodily injury, section 31-27-1.1 shall, in addition to

33 any other penalties provided by law, be prohibited from operating a motor vehicle which is not

34 <u>equipped with an approved ignition interlock system for one to five (5) years.</u>

1	(d) Any person who operates a motor vehicle with a suspended license and the reason for
2	the suspension was due to a conviction of driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol or a
3	sustained violation or conviction of refusal to submit to a chemical test, shall be subject to the
4	imposition of an additional six (6) month's use of the ignition interlock system ordered by the
5	<u>court.</u>
6	(e) When the court orders the use of an ignition interlock system, the judge or magistrate
7	shall cause an appropriate notation to be made on the person's record which clearly sets forth the
8	requirement for and the period of the use of the ignition interlock system.
9	(f) In addition to the requirements of subsection (e) of this section, the court or traffic
10	tribunal shall:
11	(1) Require proof of the installation of the ignition interlock system and periodic
12	reporting by the person for the purpose of verification of the proper operation of the ignition
13	interlock system;
14	(2) Require the person to have the ignition interlock system monitored for the proper use
15	and accuracy by a person, firm, corporation or other association to be approved by the division of
16	motor vehicles at least once every six (6) months, or more frequently as the circumstances may
17	require; and
18	(3) Shall require the person to pay the reasonable cost of leasing or buying, monitoring
19	and maintenance of the ignition interlock system unless the defendant is indigent as defined by
20	sections 12-20-10 and 12-21-20.
21	(g) If a person is required, in the course of the person's employment, to operate a motor
22	vehicle owned or provided by the person's employer, the person may operate that motor vehicle
23	in the course of the person's employment without installation of an ignition interlock system if the
24	court makes specific findings expressly permitting the person to operate in the course of the
25	person's employment a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system.
26	(h) Any person subject to an ignition interlock order who violates such order shall be
27	guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by up to one year imprisonment or a fine of up to one
28	thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both. For the purposes of this subsection, a violation of the interlock
29	order, includes, but is not limited to:
30	(1) Altering, tampering or in any way attempting to circumvent the operation of an
31	ignition interlock system that has been installed in the motor vehicle of a person under this
32	section;
33	(2) Operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system;
34	(3) Soliciting or attempting to have another person start a motor vehicle equipped with an

1 ignition interlock system for the purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person who

2 is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock

3 <u>system; or</u>

4 (4) Operating a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol level above the mandated interlock
5 blood alcohol level.

- 6 (i) Any person who attempts to start or starts a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition
 7 interlock system, tampers with or in any way attempts to circumvent, the operation of an ignition
 8 interlock system that has been installed in the motor vehicle for the purpose of providing an
 9 operable motor vehicle to a person who is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle that is not
 10 equipped with an ignition interlock system shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by up to
 11 one year imprisonment or a fine of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both.
- 12 SECTION 2. Sections 31-49-2, 31-49-3, 31-49-4, 31-49-5 and 31-49-6 of the General 13 Laws in Chapter 31-49 entitled "Ignition Interlock Systems" are hereby amended to read as 14 follows:
- 15 31-49-2. Certification of ignition interlock systems. -- The division of motor vehicles 16 shall certify or cause to be certified ignition interlock systems for use in the state, and adopt rules 17 and regulations for the certification and requirements for participation of the ignition interlock 18 systems. All costs associated with the installation of the interlock ignition systems shall be borne 19 by the person required to install said system and the division shall charge an administrative fee of 20 one hundred dollars (\$100) to the person ordered to install said system unless the defendant is 21 indigent as defined by sections 12-20-10 and 12-21-20. 22 <u>31-49-3. Rules and regulations. --</u> The rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 23 31-49-2 shall include requirements that ignition interlock systems: 24 (a) Requirements that ignition interlocks systems: (1) Do not impede the safe operation of the vehicle; 25 26 (2) Minimize opportunities to be bypassed; 27 (3) Correlate accurately with established measures of blood alcohol levels; 28 (4) Work accurately and reliably in an unsupervised environment; 29 (5) Require a proper and accurate measure of blood alcohol levels;
- 30 (6) Resist tampering and provide evidence of attempted tampering;
- 31 (7) Are difficult to circumvent, and require premeditation to circumvent;
- 32 (8) Minimize inconvenience to a sober user;
- 33 (9) Are manufactured by a party responsible for installation, user training, service and
- 34 maintenance;

1 (10) Operate reliably over the range of motor vehicle environments or motor vehicle 2 manufacturing standards; 3 (11) Are manufactured by a person who is adequately insured for products liability; and 4 (12) Provide the option for an electronic log of the driver's experience with the system. 5 (b) Prior to the reinstatement of a non-restricted license, the division of motor vehicles shall review the person's driving record and compliance with the ignition interlock order to 6 7 ensure that the person demonstrated behavior which warrants the reinstatement of his or her 8 license. 9 31-49-4. Warning label. -- (a) (1) The division of motor vehicles shall design and adopt 10 a warning label to be affixed to an ignition interlock system on installation. The warning label 11 shall state that a person tampering with, circumventing, or otherwise misusing the ignition 12 interlock system is guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, is subject to a fine up to five 13 hundred dollars (\$500) one thousand dollars (\$1000), or one year imprisonment, or both. 14 (2) If the court imposes the use of an ignition interlock system, the sentencing judge 15 shall cause an appropriate notation to be made on the person's record which clearly sets forth the 16 requirement for and the period of the use of the system. 17 (b) In addition to the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, the court shall: 18 (1) Require proof of the installation of the system and periodic reporting by the person 19 for the purpose of verification of the proper operation of the system; and 20 (2) Require the person to have the system monitored for the proper use and accuracy by 21 a person, firm, corporation or other association to be approved by the department of revenue at 22 least once every six (6) months, or more frequently as the circumstances may require; and 23 (3) Shall require the person to pay the reasonable cost of leasing or buying, monitoring 24 and maintenance of the system. 25 (c) A person prohibited under this section from operating a motor vehicle that is not 26 equipped with an ignition interlock system may not solicit or have another person attempt to start 27 or start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock system. 28 (d) A person may not attempt to start or start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition 29 interlock system for the purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person who is 30 prohibited under this section from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition 31 interlock system. (e) A person may not tamper with, or in any way attempt to circumvent, the operation of 32 33 an ignition interlock system that has been installed in the motor vehicle of a person under this 34 section.

(f) (1) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection, a person may not
 knowingly furnish a motor vehicle not equipped with a functioning ignition interlock system to
 another person who the person knows is prohibited under subsection (b) of this section from
 operating a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock system.

(2) If a person is required, in the course of the person's employment, to operate a motor
vehicle owned or provided by the person's employer, the person may operate that motor vehicle
in the course of the person's employment without installation of an ignition interlock system if the
court has expressly permitted the person to operate in the course of the person's employment a
motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system.

(g) Any person who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a
 misdemeanor.

<u>31-49-5. List of certified ignition interlock systems. --</u> (a) The administration <u>division</u>
 of motor vehicles shall publish a list of certified ignition interlock systems <u>which shall be</u>
 included on the division of motor vehicles website.

- (b) A manufacturer of an ignition interlock system that seeks to sell or lease the ignition
 interlock system to persons subject to the provisions of section 31-27-2 shall pay the costs of
 obtaining the required certification.
- (c) Said manufacturer who shall install and monitor said systems shall be approved by the
 division of motor vehicles every year. Said manufacturer shall also submit quarterly reports
 concerning proof of installation and proper use of said ignition interlock systems to the division
 of motor vehicles, which will be aggregated by the division of motor vehicles and sent to the
 appropriate court.
 <u>31-49-6. Selling or leasing ignition interlock systems. --</u> (a) A person may not sell or

lease or offer to sell or lease an ignition interlock system to a person subject to the provisions of
section 31-27-2 31-27-2.8 unless:

26

(1) The system has been certified by the department division of motor vehicles; and

(2) A warning label approved by the department division of motor vehicles is affixed to
the system stating that a person who tampers, circumvents, or otherwise misuses the system is
guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction is subject to a fine up to five hundred dollars (\$500)
one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or one year imprisonment, or both.

31 (b) A person who sells or leases ignition interlock systems in the state shall:

32 (1) Monitor the use of the system as required by the <u>court</u> <u>courts and the traffic tribunal</u>;

33 and

34 (2) Issue a report of the results of the monitoring to the appropriate office of the <u>courts</u>,

- 1 <u>the traffic tribunal and the</u> division of parole and probation.
 - SECTION 3. This act shall take effect on January 1, 2013.

====== LC02313/SUB A/2 =======

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO MOTOR AND OTHER VEHICLES - MOTOR VEHICLE OFFENSES

1 This act would grant judges and magistrates the authority to prohibit drivers adjudicated 2 of certain motor vehicle offenses from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an 3 ignition interlock system.

4 This act would take effect on January 1, 2013.

LC02313/SUB A/2
