LC01102

2013 -- Н 5393

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013

AN ACT

RELATING TO TOWNS AND CITIES -- SUBDIVISION OF LAND

Introduced By: Representatives Shekarchi, Lima, Nunes, Ucci, and Phillips Date Introduced: February 12, 2013 Referred To: House Municipal Government

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 45-23-53 of the General Laws in Chapter 45-23 entitled
 "Subdivision of Land" is hereby amended to read as follows:

3 45-23-53. Local regulations -- Public hearing and notice requirements. -- (a) No local 4 regulations shall be adopted, repealed, or amended until after a public hearing has been held upon 5 the question before the city or town planning board. The city or town planning board shall first give notice of the public hearing by publication of notice in a newspaper of general circulation 6 7 within the municipality at least once each week for three (3) successive weeks prior to the date of the hearing, which may include the week in which the hearing is to be held. At this hearing 8 9 opportunity shall be given to all persons interested on being heard upon the matter of the 10 proposed regulations. Written notice, which may be a copy of the newspaper notice, shall be 11 mailed to the statewide planning program of the Rhode Island department of administration at 12 least two (2) weeks prior to the hearing. The newspaper notice shall be published as a display 13 advertisement, using a type size at least as large as the normal type size used by the newspaper in 14 its news articles, and shall:

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(1) Specify the place of the hearing and the date and time of its commencement;

16 (2) Indicate that adoption, amendment or repeal of local regulations is under17 consideration;

(3) Contain a statement of the proposed amendments to the regulations that may beprinted once in its entirety, or may summarize or describe the matter under consideration <u>as long</u>

1 as the intent and effect of the proposed regulation is expressly written in that notice;

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(4) Advise those interested where and when a copy of the matter under consideration may be obtained or examined and copied; and 3

4 (5) State that the proposals shown on the notice may be altered or amended prior to the 5 close of the public hearing without further advertising, as a result of further study or because of the views expressed at the public hearing. Any alteration or amendment must be presented for 6 7 comment in the course of the hearing.

8 (b) Notice of the public hearing shall be sent by first class mail to the city or town 9 planning board of any municipality where there is a public or quasi-public water source, or 10 private water source that is used or is suitable for use as a public water source, located within two 11 thousand feet (2,000') of the municipal boundaries.

12 (c) Notice of a public hearing shall be sent to the governing body of any state or 13 municipal water department or agency, special water district, or private water company that has 14 riparian rights to a surface water resource and/or surface watershed that is used or is suitable for 15 use as a public water source located within either the municipality or two thousand feet (2,000')16 of the municipal boundaries; provided, that a map survey has been filed with the building 17 inspector as specified in section 45-24-53(e).

18 (d) Notwithstanding any of the requirements set forth in subsections (a) through (c) 19 above, each municipality shall establish and maintain a public notice registry of landowners, 20 electors and nonprofit organizations within said municipality requesting notice under this section 21 for any changes to the local regulations. The planning board or administrative officer shall place 22 on the registry the name and address of any such landowner, elector or organization upon written 23 request of such landowner, elector or organization. A landowner, elector or organization may 24 request such notice be sent by mail or by electronic mail. Each municipality shall be required 25 every year to notify, in writing, landowners, electors and nonprofit organizations within said 26 municipality, of the existence of the public notice registry through that municipality's applicable 27 yearly tax billing invoices. In addition, each municipality is hereby encouraged to notify said 28 landowners, electors and nonprofit organizations of the existence of the public notice registry in 29 all of its current and future communications with the public, including, but not limited to, 30 governmental websites, electronic newsletters, public bulletins, press releases and all other means 31 the municipality may use to impart information to the local community.

32 (d)(e) No defect in the form of any notice under this section renders any regulations 33 invalid, unless the defect is found to be intentional or misleading.

34 (e)(f) The requirements in this section are to be construed as minimum requirements. SECTION 2. Section 45-24-53 of the General Laws in Chapter 45-24 entitled "Zoning
 Ordinances" is hereby amended to read as follows:

3 45-24-53. Adoption -- Notice and hearing requirements. -- (a) No zoning ordinance 4 shall be adopted, repealed, or amended until after a public hearing has been held upon the 5 question before the city or town council. The city or town council shall first give notice of the public hearing by publication of notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the city or 6 7 town at least once each week for three (3) successive weeks prior to the date of the hearing, 8 which may include the week in which the hearing is to be held, at which hearing opportunity shall 9 be given to all persons interested to be heard upon the matter of the proposed ordinance. Written 10 notice, which may be a copy of the newspaper notice, shall be mailed to the statewide planning 11 program of the department of administration, and, where applicable, to the parties specified in 12 subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this section, at least two (2) weeks prior to the hearing. The 13 newspaper notice shall be published as a display advertisement, using a type size at least as large 14 as the normal type size used by the newspaper in its news articles, and shall:

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(1) Specify the place of the hearing and the date and time of its commencement;

16 (2) Indicate that adoption, amendment, or repeal of a zoning ordinance is under17 consideration;

(3) Contain a statement of the proposed amendments to the ordinance that may be
printed once in its entirety, or summarize and describe the matter under consideration <u>as long as</u>
the intent and effect of the proposed ordinance is expressly written in that notice;

(4) Advise those interested where and when a copy of the matter under consideration

(b) Where a proposed general amendment to an existing zoning ordinance includes

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may be obtained or examined and copied; and

(5) State that the proposals shown on the ordinance may be altered or amended prior to
the close of the public hearing without further advertising, as a result of further study or because
of the views expressed at the public hearing. Any alteration or amendment must be presented for
comment in the course of the hearing.

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changes in an existing zoning map, public notice shall be given as required by subsection (a) of
this section.

30 (e)(b) Where a proposed amendment to an existing ordinance includes a specific change
 31 in a zoning district map, changes to the uses allowed in a district, and/or changes to dimensional
 32 requirements, including density restrictions and minimum lot area requirements but does not
 33 affect districts generally, public notice shall be given as required by subsection (a) of this section,
 34 with the additional requirements that:

(1) Notice shall include a map showing the existing and proposed boundaries, zoning
 district boundaries, and existing streets and roads and their names, and city and town boundaries
 where appropriate; and

4 (2) Written notice of the date, time, and place of the public hearing and the nature and 5 purpose of the hearing shall be sent to all owners of real property whose property is located in or within not less than two hundred feet (200') of the perimeter of the area proposed for change, 6 7 whether within the city or town or within an adjacent city or town. Notice shall also be sent to any 8 individual or entity holding a recorded conservation or preservation restriction on the property 9 that is the subject of the amendment. The notice shall be sent by registered or certified mail to the 10 last known address of the owners, as shown on the current real estate tax assessment records of 11 the city or town in which the property is located.

(d)(c) Notice of a public hearing shall be sent by first class mail to the city or town
 council of any city or town to which one or more of the following pertain:

(1) Which is located in or within not less than two hundred feet (200') of the boundary of
the area proposed for change; or

16 (2) Where there is a public or quasi-public water source, or private water source that is 17 used or is suitable for use as a public water source, within two thousand feet (2,000') of any real 18 property that is the subject of a proposed zoning change, regardless of municipal boundaries.

19 (e)(d) Notice of a public hearing shall be sent to the governing body of any state or 20 municipal water department or agency, special water district, or private water company that has 21 riparian rights to a surface water resource and/or surface watershed that is used or is suitable for 22 use as a public water source and that is within two thousand feet (2,000') of any real property 23 which is the subject of a proposed zoning change; provided, that the governing body of any state 24 or municipal water department or agency, special water district, or private water company has 25 filed with the building inspector in the city or town a map survey, which shall be kept as a public 26 record, showing areas of surface water resources and/or watersheds and parcels of land within 27 two thousand feet (2,000') thereof.

(e) Notwithstanding any of the requirements set forth in subsections (a) through (d)
above, each municipality shall establish and maintain a public notice registry of landowners,
electors, and nonprofit organizations within said municipality requesting notice under this section
for any changes to the zoning ordinance. The zoning board or zoning officer shall place on the
registry the name and address of any such landowner, elector or organization upon written request
of such landowner, elector or organization. A landowner, elector or organization may request
such notice be sent by mail or by electronic mail. Each municipality shall be required every year

to notify, in writing, landowners, electors and nonprofit organizations within said municipality, of
the existence of the public notice registry through that municipality's applicable yearly tax billing
invoices. In addition, each municipality is hereby encouraged to notify said landowners, electors
and nonprofit organizations of the existence of the public notice registry in all of its current and
future communications with the public, including, but not limited to, governmental websites,
electronic newsletters, public bulletins, press releases and all other means the municipality may
use to impart information to the local community.

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(f) No defect in the form of any notice under this section shall render any ordinance or amendment invalid, unless the defect is found to be intentional or misleading.

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(g) Costs of any notice required under this section shall be borne by the applicant.

11 (h) In granting a zoning ordinance amendment, notwithstanding the provisions of section 12 45-24-37, the town or city council may limit the change to one of the permitted uses in the zone 13 to which the subject land is rezoned, and impose limitations, conditions, and restrictions, 14 including, without limitation: (1) requiring the petitioner to obtain a permit or approval from any 15 and all state or local governmental agencies or instrumentalities having jurisdiction over the land 16 and use which are the subject of the zoning change; (2) those relating to the effectiveness or 17 continued effectiveness of the zoning change; and/or (3) those relating to the use of the land; as it 18 deems necessary. The responsible town or city official shall cause the limitations and conditions 19 so imposed to be clearly noted on the zoning map and recorded in the land evidence records; 20 provided, that in the case of a conditional zone change, the limitations, restrictions, and 21 conditions shall not be noted on the zoning map until the zone change has become effective. If the 22 permitted use for which the land has been rezoned is abandoned or if the land is not used for the 23 requested purpose for a period of two (2) years or more after the zone change becomes effective, 24 the town or city council may, after a public hearing, change the land to its original zoning use 25 before the petition was filed. If any limitation, condition, or restriction in an ordinance is held to 26 be invalid by a court in any action, that holding shall not cause the remainder of the ordinance to 27 be invalid.

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(i) The above requirements are to be construed as minimum requirements.

29 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TOWNS AND CITIES -- SUBDIVISION OF LAND

This act would require cities and towns to establish and maintain a public notice registry
 of landowners, electors, and nonprofit organizations within said municipality, requesting notice
 for any changes to local subdivision regulations or zoning ordinances.
 This act would take effect upon passage.

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