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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013

AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE -- THE STANDARD NONFORFEITURE LAW FOR LIFE INSURANCE

Introduced By: Representatives Messier, Kennedy, San Bento, Palumbo, and Keable <u>Date Introduced:</u> February 27, 2013 <u>Referred To:</u> House Corporations (Business Regulation)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 27-4.3-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 27-4.3 entitled "The
 Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance" is hereby amended to read as follows:
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27-4.3-5. Calculations of adjusted premiums by the nonforfeiture net level premium

4 method. -- (a) This section shall apply to all policies issued on or after January 1, 1994. Except as 5 provided in subsection (g) of this section, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be 6 calculated on an annual basis and shall be such a uniform percentage of the respective premiums 7 specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to 8 cover impairments or special hazards, and also excluding any uniform annual contract charge or 9 policy fee specified in the policy in a statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash 10 surrender values and paid up nonforfeiture benefits, so that the present value, at the date of issue 11 of the policy, of all adjusted premiums shall be equal to the sum of: (1) the then present value of 12 the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy; (2) one percent (1%) of either the 13 amount of insurance, if the insurance is be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance 14 at the beginning of each of the first ten (10) policy years; and (3) one hundred twenty-five percent 15 (125%) of the nonforfeiture net level premium as defined in subsection (b); provided, however, that in applying the percentage specified in subdivision (a)(3), no nonforfeiture net level premium 16 shall be deemed to exceed four percent (4%) of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance is 17 18 be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten (10) policy years. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this section shall be the date asof which the rated age of the insured is determined.

3 (b) The nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal to the present value, at the date of 4 issue of the policy, of the guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy divided by the present 5 value, at the date of issue of the policy of an annuity of one per annum payable on the date of 6 issue of the policy and on each anniversary of the policy on which a premium falls due.

7 (c) In the case of policies which cause, on a basis guaranteed in the policy, unscheduled 8 changes in benefits or premiums, or which provide an option for changes in benefits or premiums, 9 other than a change to a new policy, the adjusted premiums and present values shall initially be 10 calculated on the assumption that future benefits and premiums do not change from those 11 stipulated at the date of issue of the policy. At the time of any change in the benefits or premiums, 12 the future adjusted premiums, nonforfeiture net level premiums, and present values shall be 13 recalculated on the assumption that future benefits and premiums do not change from those 14 stipulated by the policy immediately after the change.

15 (d) Except as provided in subsection (g), the recalculated future adjusted premiums for 16 any policy shall be a uniform percentage of the future premiums specified in the policy for each 17 policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to cover impairments and special 18 hazards, and also excluding any uniform annual contract charge or policy fee specified in the 19 policy in a statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender values and paid 20 up nonforfeiture benefits, so that the present value, at the time of change to the newly defined 21 benefits or premiums, of all future adjusted premiums shall be equal to the excess of: (1) the sum 22 of: (i) the then present value of the then future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy and (ii) the additional expense allowance, if any, over (2) the then cash surrender value, if any, or 23 24 present value of any paid up nonforfeiture benefit under this policy.

(e) The additional expense allowance, at the time of the change to the newly defined benefits or premiums, shall be the sum of: (1) one percent (1%) of the excess, if positive, of the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten (10) policy years subsequent to the change over the average amount of insurance prior to the change at the beginning of each of the first ten (10) policy years subsequent to the time of the most recent previous change, or, if there has been no previous change, the date of issue of the policy; and (2) one hundred twentyfive percent (125%) of the increase, if positive, in the nonforfeiture net level premium.

32 (f) The recalculated nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal to the result obtained
33 by dividing subdivision (f)(1) by subdivision (f)(2) where:

34 (1) Equals the sum of:

1 (i) The nonforfeiture net level premium applicable prior to the change multiplied by the 2 present value of an annuity of one per annum payable on each anniversary of the policy on or 3 subsequent to the date of the change on which a premium would have fallen due had the change 4 not occurred, and

5 (ii) The present value of the increase in future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy; and 6

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(2) Equals the present value of an annuity of one per annum payable on each anniversary 8 of the policy on or subsequent to the date of change on which a premium falls due.

9 (g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section to the contrary, in the case of a policy issued on a substandard basis which provides reduced graded amounts of insurance so that, 10 11 in each policy year, the policy has the same tabular mortality cost as a similar policy issued on the 12 standard basis which provides for a higher uniform amount of insurance, adjusted premiums and 13 present values for the substandard policy may be calculated as if it were issued to provide the 14 higher uniform amounts of insurance on the standard basis.

15 (h) All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this chapter shall for all 16 policies of ordinary insurance be calculated on the basis of the commissioners 1980 standard 17 ordinary mortality table or, at the election of the insurance company for any one or more 18 specified plans of life insurance, the commissioners 1980 standard ordinary mortality table with 19 ten (10) year select mortality factors; adjusted premiums and present values shall for all policies 20 of industrial insurance be calculated on the basis of the commissioners 1961 standard industrial 21 mortality table; and adjusted premiums and present values shall for all policies issued in a 22 particular calendar year be calculated on the basis of a rate of interest not exceeding the nonforfeiture interest rate as defined in this section, for policies issued in that calendar year; 23 24 Provided provided, however that:

25 (1) At the option of the insurance company, calculations for all policies issued in a particular calendar year may be made on the basis of a rate of interest not exceeding the 26 27 nonforfeiture interest rate, as defined in this section, for policies issued in the immediately 28 preceding calendar year;

29 (2) Under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, including any paid-up dividend additions, 30 any cash surrender value available, whether or not required by section 27-4.3-2, shall be 31 calculated on the basis of the mortality table and rate of interest used in determining the amount 32 of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit and paid-up dividend additions, if any;

33 (3) An insurance company may calculate the amount of any guaranteed paid-up 34 nonforfeiture benefit including any paid-up additions under the policy on the basis of an interest

1 rate no lower than that specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values;

2 (4) In calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying 3 pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be 4 not more than those shown in the commissioners 1980 extended term insurance table for policies 5 of ordinary insurance and not more than the commissioners 1961 industrial extended term insurance table for policies of industrial insurance; 6

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(5) For insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any adjusted 8 premiums and present values may be based on appropriate modifications of the tables mentioned 9 in this subsection;

10 (6)(i) For policies issued prior to the operative date of the valuation manual, any Any 11 commissioners' standard ordinary mortality tables, adopted after 1980 by the National 12 Association of Insurance Commissioners, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the 13 commissioner of insurance for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard, may be 14 substituted for the commissioners 1980 standard ordinary mortality table with or without ten (10) 15 year select mortality factors or for the commissioners 1980 extended term insurance table; and

16 (ii) For policies issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual the valuation 17 manual shall provide the commissioners' standard mortality table for use in determining the 18 minimum nonforfeiture standard that may be substituted for the commissioners 1980 Standard 19 Ordinary Mortality Table with or without ten (10) year Select Mortality Factors or for the 20 Commissioners 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table. If the commissioner approves by 21 regulation any commissioners' standard ordinary mortality table adopted by the NAIC for use in 22 determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard for policies issued on or after the operative date 23 of the valuation manual then that minimum nonforfeiture standard supersedes the minimum 24 nonforfeiture standard provided by the valuation manual.

25 (7)(i) For policies issued prior to the operative date of the valuation manual, any Any commissioners' standard industrial mortality tables, adopted after 1980 by the National 26 27 Association of Insurance Commissioners, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the 28 commissioner of insurance for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard, may be 29 substituted for the commissioners 1961 standard industrial mortality table or the commissioners 30 1961 industrial extended term insurance table.

31 (ii) For policies issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual the valuation 32 manual shall provide the commissioners' standard mortality table for use in determining the 33 minimum nonforfeiture standard that may be substituted for the Commissioners 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table or the Commissioners 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table. 34

1 If the commissioner approves by regulation any commissioners' standard industrial mortality 2 table adopted by the NAIC for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard for 3 policies issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual than that minimum 4 nonforfeiture standard supersedes the minimum nonforfeiture standard provided by the valuation

5 manual.

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(i) The nonforfeiture interest rate is defined below:

7 (A) For policies issued prior to the operative date of the valuation manual, the 8 nonforfeiture interest rate per annum for any policy issued in a particular calendar year shall be 9 equal to one hundred and twenty-five percent (125%) of the calendar year statutory valuation 10 interest rate for the policy as defined in chapter 4.5 of this title, rounded to the nearer one-quarter 11 of one percent (.25%).

- 12 (B) For policies issued on and after the operative date of the valuation manual the 13 nonforfeiture interest rate per annum for any policy issued in a particular calendar year shall be 14 provided by the valuation manual.

15 (j) Notwithstanding any other provision in this title to the contrary, any re-filing of 16 nonforfeiture values or their methods of computation for any previously approved policy form 17 which involves only a change in the interest rate or mortality table used to compute nonforfeiture

18 values shall not require re-filing of any other provisions of that policy form.

19 SECTION 2. Sections 27-4.5-1, 27-4.5-2, 27-4.5-3, 27-4.5-4, 27-4.5-4.1, 27-4.5-5, 27-20 4.5-6, 27-4.5-7, 27-4.5-8, 27-4.5-9 and 27-4.5-10 of the General Laws in Chapter 27-4.5 entitled

21 "The Standard Valuation Law" are hereby amended to read as follows:

- 22 27-4.5-1. Short title Short title and Definitions. -- (a) This chapter shall be known as
- 23 the "Standard Valuation Law."
- 24 (b) For the purpose of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply on or after the operative date of the valuation manual: 25
- 26 (1) "Accident and health insurance" means contracts that incorporate morbidity risk and

27 provide protection against economic loss resulting from accident, sickness, or medical conditions

- 28 and as may be specified in the valuation manual.
- 29 (2) "Appointed actuary" means a qualified actuary who is appointed in accordance with
- 30 the valuation manual to prepare the actuarial opinion required in subsection 27-4.5-3(a).
- 31 (3) "Commissioner of insurance" means the director of the department of business
- 32 regulation or his or her designee.
- 33 (4) "Company" means an entity, which: (i) Has written, issued, or reinsured life insurance
- contracts, accident and health insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts in this state and has at 34

1 least one such policy in force or one claim; or (ii) Has written, issued, or reinsured life insurance 2 contracts, accident and health insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts in any state and is 3 required to hold a certificate of authority to write life insurance, accident and health insurance, or 4 deposit-type contracts in this state. 5 (5) "Deposit-type contract" means contracts that do not incorporate mortality or morbidity risks and as may be specified in the valuation manual. 6 7 (6) "Life insurance" means contracts that incorporate mortality risk, including annuity 8 and pure endowment contracts, and as may be specified in the valuation manual. 9 (7) "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. 10 (8) "Policyholder behavior" means any action a policyholder, contract holder or any other 11 person with the right to elect options, such as a certificate holder, may take under a policy or 12 contract subject to this chapter including, but not limited to, lapse, withdrawal, transfer, deposit, 13 premium payment, loan, annuitization, or benefit elections prescribed by the policy or contract, 14 but excluding events of mortality or morbidity that result in benefits prescribed in their essential 15 aspects by the terms of the policy or contract. 16 (9) "Principle-based valuation" means a reserve valuation that uses one or more methods 17 or one or more assumptions determined by the insurer and is required to comply with section 27-18 4.5-14 as specified in the valuation manual. 19 (10) "Qualified actuary" means an individual who is qualified to sign the applicable 20 statement of actuarial opinion in accordance with the American Academy of Actuaries 21 gualification standards for actuaries signing such statements and who meets the requirements 22 specified in the valuation manual. 23 (11) "Tail risk" means a risk that occurs either where the frequency of low probability 24 events is higher than expected under a normal probability distribution or where there are observed events of very significant size or magnitude. 25 (12) "Valuation manual" means the manual of valuation instructions adopted by the 26 27 NAIC as specified in this chapter or as subsequently amended. 28 27-4.5-2. Reserve valuation. -- (a) Policies and contracts issued prior to the operative 29 date of the valuation manual: 30 (1) The commissioner of insurance shall annually value, or cause to be valued, the 31 reserve liabilities, called "reserves" in this chapter, for all outstanding life insurance policies and 32 annuity and pure endowment contracts of every life insurance company doing business in this 33 state, and may certify the amount of any reserves, specifying the mortality table or tables, rate or 34 rates of interest, and methods, net level premium method or other, used in the calculation of the

1 reserves issued on or after January 1, 1994, and prior to the operative date of the valuation 2 manual. In calculating the reserves, the commissioner may use group methods and approximate 3 averages for fractions of a year or otherwise. In lieu of the valuation of the reserves required in 4 this chapter of any foreign or alien company companies, the commissioner may accept any the 5 valuation made or caused to be made by the insurance supervisory official of any state or other jurisdiction when the valuation complies with the minimum standard provided in this chapter, and 6 7 if the official of the other state or jurisdiction accepts as sufficient and for all valid legal purposes 8 the certificate of valuation of the commissioner of insurance when the certificate states the 9 valuation to have been made in a specified manner according to which the aggregate reserves would be at least as large as if they had been computed in the manner prescribed by the law of 10 11 that state or jurisdiction. 12 (2) The provisions set forth in sections 27-4.5-4, 27-4.5-4.1, 27-4.5-5, 27-4.5-5.1, 27-4.5-13 6, 27-4.5-7, 27-4.5-8, 27-4.5-9, and 27-4.5-10 shall apply to all policies and contracts, as 14 appropriate, subject to this chapter issued on or after January 1, 1994 and prior to the operative 15 date of the valuation manual and the provisions set forth in sections 27-4.5-13 and 27-4.5-14 shall 16 not apply to any such policies and contracts. 17 (3) The minimum standard for the valuation of policies and contracts issued prior to 18 January 1, 1994 shall be that provided by the laws in effect immediately prior to that date. 19 (b) Policies and contracts issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual. 20 (1) The commissioner shall annually value, or cause to be valued, the reserve liabilities 21 (hereinafter called reserves) for all outstanding life insurance contracts, annuity and pure 22 endowment contracts, accident and health contracts, and deposit-type contracts of every company 23 issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual. In lieu of the valuation of the 24 reserves required of a foreign or alien company, the commissioner may accept a valuation made, 25 or caused to be made, by the insurance supervisory official of any state or other jurisdiction when 26 the valuation complies with the minimum standard provided in this chapter. 27 (2) The provisions set forth in sections 27-4.5-13 and 27-4.5-14 shall apply to all policies 28 and contracts issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual. 29 27-4.5-3. Actuarial opinion of reserves. -- (a) Actuarial opinion prior to the operative 30 date of the valuation manual: 31 (1) General. - Every life insurance company doing business in this state shall annually 32 submit the opinion of a qualified actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial items 33 held in support of the policies and contracts specified by the commissioner of insurance by

34 regulation are computed appropriately, are based on assumptions which satisfy contractual

1 provisions, are consistent with prior reported amounts, and comply with applicable laws of this 2 state. The commissioner of insurance by regulation shall define the specifics of this opinion and 3 add any other items deemed to be necessary to its scope.

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(b)(2) Actuarial analysis of reserves and assets supporting the reserves. -

5 (1)(i) Every life insurance company, except as exempted by or pursuant to regulation, shall also annually include in the opinion required by subsection (a) above an opinion of the same 6 7 qualified actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial items held in support of the 8 policies and contracts specified by the commissioner of insurance by regulation, when considered 9 in light of the assets held by the company with respect to the reserves and related actuarial items, 10 including, but not limited to, the investment earnings on the assets and the considerations 11 anticipated to be received and retained under the policies and contracts, make adequate provision 12 for the company's obligations under the policies and contracts, including, but not limited to, the 13 benefits under and expenses associated with the policies and contracts.

14 (2)(ii) The commissioner of insurance may provide by regulation for a transition period 15 for establishing any higher reserves that the qualified actuary may deem necessary in order to 16 render the opinion required by this section.

17 (c)(3) Requirement for opinion under subsection (b) subdivision (2) above. - Each 18 opinion required by <u>subdivision (2)</u> shall be governed by the following provisions:

19 (1)(i) A memorandum, in form and substance acceptable to the commissioner of 20 insurance as specified by regulation, shall be prepared to support each actuarial opinion; and

21 (2)(ii) If the insurance company fails to provide a supporting memorandum at the request 22 of the commissioner of insurance within a period specified by regulation or the commissioner of 23 insurance determines that the supporting memorandum provided by the insurance company fails 24 to meet the standards prescribed by the regulations or is otherwise unacceptable to the 25 commissioner of insurance, the commissioner of insurance may engage a qualified actuary at the 26 expense of the company to review the opinion and the basis for the opinion and prepare the 27

supporting memorandum required by the commissioner of insurance.

28 (d)(4) Requirement for all opinions <u>subject to subsection (a)</u>. - Every opinion <u>required by</u> 29 subsection (a) shall be governed by the following provisions:

30 (1) (i) The opinion shall be submitted with the annual statement reflecting the valuation 31 of the reserve liabilities for each year ending on or after December 31, 1994;

32 (2)(ii) The opinion shall apply to all business in force including individual and group 33 health insurance plans, in a form and substance acceptable to the commissioner of insurance as 34 specified by regulation;

(3)(iii) The opinion shall be based on standards adopted by the actuarial standards board
 and on any additional standards as that commissioner of insurance may by regulation prescribe;

3 (4)(iv) In the case of an opinion required to be submitted by a foreign or alien company,
4 the commissioner of insurance may accept the opinion filed by that company with the insurance
5 supervisory official of another state if the commissioner of insurance determines that the opinion
6 reasonably meets the requirements applicable to a company domiciled in this state;

- 7 (5)(v) For the purposes of this section, "qualified actuary" means a member in good
 8 standing of the American Academy of Actuaries who meets the requirements set forth in the
 9 regulations;
- 10 (6)(vi) Except in cases of fraud or willful misconduct, the qualified actuary shall not be
 11 liable for damages to any person, other than the insurance company and the commissioner of
 12 insurance, for any act, error, omission, decision, or conduct with respect to the actuary's opinion;
- 13 (7)(vii) Disciplinary action by the commissioner of insurance against the company or the
 14 qualified actuary shall be defined in regulations by the commissioner of insurance; and

15 (8)(viii) Except as provided in paragraphs (xii), (xiii) and (xiv) below, documents, 16 materials or other information in the possession or control of the department of insurance that are 17 a Any memorandum in support of the opinion, and any other material provided by law, and 18 privileged, shall not be subject to chapter 42-35, the company to the commissioner of insurance in 19 connection with the opinion, shall be kept confidential by the commissioner of insurance and 20 shall not be made public and shall not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to 21 discovery or admissible as evidence as any private/civil action. other than for the purpose of 22 defending an action seeking damages from any person by reason of any action required by this 23 section or by regulations promulgated under this section; provided, that the memorandum or other 24 material may be released by the commissioner of insurance (i) with the written consent of the 25 company or (ii) to the American Academy of Actuaries upon request stating that the 26 memorandum or other material is required for the purpose of professional disciplinary 27 proceedings and setting forth procedures satisfactory to the commissioner of insurance for 28 preserving the confidentiality of the memorandum or other material. Once any portion of the 29 confidential memorandum is cited by the company in its marketing or is cited before any governmental agency other than a state insurance department or is released by the company to the 30 31 news media, all portions of the confidential memorandum shall be no longer confidential. 32 However, the commissioner is authorized to use the documents, materials or other information in 33 the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the commissioner's official 34 duties.

(ix) Neither the commissioner nor any person who received documents, materials or other
 information while acting under the authority of the commissioner shall be permitted or required to
 testify in any private civil action concerning any confidential documents, materials or information
 subject to subsection (h).

5 (x) In order to assist in the performance of the commissioner's duties, the commissioner: (A) May share documents, materials or other information, including the confidential and 6 7 privileged documents, materials or information subject to paragraph (viii) with other state, federal 8 and international regulatory agencies, with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and with 9 state, federal and international law enforcement authorities, provided that the recipient agrees to 10 maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material or other information; 11 (B) May receive documents, materials or information, including otherwise confidential 12 and privileged documents, materials or information, from the NAIC and its affiliates and

subsidiaries, and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic
jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material or

15 information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under

16 the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material or information; and

17 (C) May enter into agreements governing sharing and use of information consistent with
 18 paragraphs (viii) through (x).

18 <u>paragraphs (viii) through (x).</u>

(xi) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents,
 materials or information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under this
 section or as a result of sharing as authorized in paragraph (x).

(xii) A memorandum in support of the opinion, and any other material provided by the company to the commissioner in connection with the memorandum, may be subject to subpoena for the purpose of defending an action seeking damages from the actuary submitting the memorandum by reason of an action required by this section or by regulations promulgated hereunder.

(xiii) The memorandum or other material may otherwise be released by the commissioner
 with the written consent of the company or to the American Academy of Actuaries upon request
 stating that the memorandum or other material is required for the purpose of professional
 disciplinary proceedings and setting forth procedures satisfactory to the commissioner for

31 preserving the confidentiality of the memorandum or other material.

(xiv) Once any portion of the confidential memorandum is cited by the company in its
 marketing or is cited before a governmental agency other than a state insurance department or is
 released by the company to the news media, all portions of the confidential memorandum shall be

- 1 <u>no longer confidential.</u>
- 2 (b) Actuarial opinion of reserves after the operative date of the valuation manual. (1) General. Every company with outstanding life insurance contracts, accident and 3 4 health insurance contracts or deposit-type contracts in this state and subject to regulation by the 5 commissioner shall annually submit the opinion of the appointed actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial items held in support of the policies and contracts are computed 6 7 appropriately, are based on assumptions that satisfy contractual provisions, are consistent with 8 prior reported amounts and comply with applicable laws of this state. The valuation manual will 9 prescribe the specifics of this opinion including any items deemed to be necessary to its scope.
- 10 (2) Actuarial analysis of reserves and assets supporting reserves. Every company with 11 outstanding life insurance contracts, accident and health insurance contracts or deposit-type 12 contracts in this state and subject to regulation by the commissioner, except as exempted in the 13 valuation manual, shall also annually include in the opinion required by subdivision (1) of this 14 section, an opinion of the same appointed actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial 15 items held in support of the policies and contracts specified in the valuation manual, when 16 considered in light of the assets held by the company with respect to the reserves and related 17 actuarial items, including, but not limited to, the investment earnings on the assets and the 18 considerations anticipated to be received and retained under the policies and contracts, make 19 adequate provision for the company's obligations under the policies and contracts, including but 20 not limited to the benefits under and expenses associated with the policies and contracts.
- 21 (3) Requirements for opinions subject to subdivision 27-4.5-3(b)(2). Each opinion
 22 required by subdivision 27-4.5-3(b)(2) shall be governed by the following provisions:
- (i) A memorandum, in form and substance as specified in the valuation manual, and
 acceptable to the commissioner, shall be prepared to support each actuarial opinion.
- (ii) If the insurance company fails to provide a supporting memorandum at the request of the commissioner within a period specified in the valuation manual or the commissioner determines that the supporting memorandum provided by the insurance company fails to meet the standards prescribed by the valuation manual or is otherwise unacceptable to the commissioner, the commissioner may engage a qualified actuary at the expense of the company to review the opinion and the basis for the opinion and prepare the supporting memorandum required by the
- 31 <u>commissioner.</u>
- 32 (4) Requirement for all opinions Subject to subsection 27-4.5-3(b). Every opinion shall
 33 be governed by the following provisions:
- 34 (i) The opinion shall be in form and substance as specified in the valuation manual and

- 1 <u>acceptable to the commissioner.</u>
- 2 (ii) The opinion shall be submitted with the annual statement reflecting the valuation of such reserve liabilities for each year ending on or after the operative date of the valuation manual. 3 4 (iii) The opinion shall apply to all policies and contracts subject to subdivision 27-4.5-5 <u>3(b)(2), plus other actuarial liabilities as may be specified in the valuation manual.</u> (iv) The opinion shall be based on standards adopted from time to time by the actuarial 6 7 standards board or its successor, and on such additional standards as may be prescribed in the 8 valuation manual. 9 (v) In the case of an opinion required to be submitted by a foreign or alien company, the 10 commissioner may accept the opinion filed by that company with the insurance supervisory 11 official of another state if the commissioner determines that the opinion reasonably meets the 12 requirements applicable to a company domiciled in this state. 13 (vi) Except in cases of fraud or willful misconduct, the appointed actuary shall not be 14 liable for damages to any person (other than the insurance company and the commissioner) for 15 any act, error, omission, decision or conduct with respect to the appointed actuary's opinion. 16 (vii) Disciplinary action by the commissioner against the company or the appointed 17 actuary shall be defined in regulations by the commissioner. 18 27-4.5-4. Computation of minimum standard. -- (a) Except as provided in this section 19 27-4.5-4, section 27-4.5-4.1 and section 27-4.5-10, the minimum standard for valuation of all 20 policies and contracts described in section 27-4.5-2 shall be consistent with the provisions of 21 section 27 4-17 issued prior to the effective date of this chapter shall be that provided by the laws 22 in effect immediately prior to that date. Except as otherwise provided in sections 27-4.5-4, 27-23 4.5-4.1 and 27-4.5-10, the minimum standard for the valuation of all policies and contracts issued 24 on or after January 1, 1994 shall be the commissioners reserve valuation methods defined in 25 sections 27-4.5-5, 27-4.5-5.1, 27-4.5-8 and 27-4.5-10, three and one-half percent (3 1/2%) 26 interest, or in the case of life insurance policies and contracts, other than annuity and pure 27 endowment contracts, issued on or after the 1972 NAIC amendments to the standard valuation 28 law, four percent (4%) interest for policies issued prior to the 1976 NAIC amendments to the 29 standard valuation law, and the following tables: 30 (b) The valuation of all policies and contracts issued on or after January 1, 2000 shall be 31 subject to sections 27 4.5 4.1 and 27 4.5 10 and the following tables: 32 (1) For ordinary policies of life insurance issued on the standard basis, excluding any 33 disability and accidental death benefits in the policies: The Commissioners 1941 Standard 34 Ordinary Mortality Table for policies issued prior to the operative date of section 27-4.3-5.2 the

2 operative date of section 27-4.3-5.2 and prior to the operative date of section 27-4.3-5, provided 3 that for any category of policies issued on female risks, all modified net premiums and present 4 values referred to in this chapter may be calculated according to an age not more than six (6) 5 years younger than the actual age of the insured; and for policies issued on or after the operative date of section 27-4.3-5: 6 7 (i) The Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table; 8 (ii) At the election of the company for any one or more specified plans of life insurance, 9 the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with Ten (10) Year Select Mortality 10 Factors; or 11 (iii) Any ordinary mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the NAIC, which is approved by 12 regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies; 13 14 (2) For industrial life insurance policies issued on the standard basis, excluding any 15 disability and accidental death benefits in the policies: the 1941 Standard Industrial Mortality Table for policies issued prior to the operative date of section 27-4.3-5.3, and for policies issued 16 on or after the operative date of section 27-4.3-5.3, the Commissioners 1961 Standard Industrial 17 18 Mortality Table or any industrial mortality table adopted after 1980 by the NAIC that is approved 19 by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of 20 valuation for the policies; 21 (1) (3) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability 22 and accidental death benefits in those contracts the policies, the Standard Annuity 1937 2000 23 Mortality Table or at the option of the company, the Annuity Mortality table for 1949, Ultimate, 24 or any modification of either of the these table approved by the commissioner. any individual 25 annuity mortality table adopted after 2000 by the National Association of Insurance 26 Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the insurance commissioner for 27 use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for those contracts; 28 (2) For all annuities and pure endowments purchased under group annuity and pure 29 endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits purchased under 30 those contracts, the 1994 Group Annuity Reserving Table, or any group annuity mortality table 31 adopted after 2000 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners that is approved by 32 regulation promulgated by the insurance commissioner for use in determining the minimum 33 standard of valuation for annuities and pure endowments, or any modification of these tables 34 approved by the insurance commissioner; and

Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table for policies issued on or after the

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1 (c) For group life insurance, life insurance issued on the substandard basis and other

2 special benefits and tables approved by the insurance commissioner.

3 (4) For group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and 4 accidental death benefits in the policies: the Group Annuity Mortality Table for 1951, a 5 modification of the table approved by the commissioner, or at the option of the company, any of 6 the tables or modifications of tables specified for individual annuity and pure endowment 7 contracts;

8 (5) For total and permanent disability benefits in or supplementary to ordinary policies or 9 contracts: for policies or contracts issued on or after January 1, 1966, the tables of Period 2 10 disablement rates and the 1930 to 1950 termination rates of the 1952 Disability Study of the 11 Society of Actuaries, with due regard to the type of benefit or any tables of disablement rates and 12 termination rates adopted after 1980 by the NAIC, that are approved by regulation promulgated 13 by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for those policies; 14 for policies or contracts issued on or after January 1, 1961 and prior to January 1, 1966, either 15 those tables or, at the option of the company, the Class (3) Disability Table (1926); and for 16 policies issued prior to January 1, 1961, the Class (3) Disability Table (1926). Any such table 17 shall, for active lives, be combined with a mortality table permitted for calculating the reserves 18 for life insurance policies; 19 (6) For accidental death benefits in or supplementary to policies issued on or after 20 January 1, 1966: the 1959 Accidental Death Benefits Table or any accidental death benefits table 21 adopted after 1980 by the NAIC that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner 22 for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for those policies, for policies issued 23 on or after January 1, 1961 and prior to January 1, 1966, either that table or, at the option of the 24 company, the Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table; and for policies issued prior to January 1, 1961, the Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table. Either table shall be 25 26 combined with a mortality table for calculating the reserves for life insurance policies; and 27 (7) For group life insurance, life insurance issued on the substandard basis and other

28 special benefits: tables approved by the commissioner.

29 **27-4.5-4.1.** Computation of minimum standard by calendar year of issue. -- (a) 30 Applicability. The interest rates used in determining the minimum standards standard for the 31 valuation of interest rates as defined in this section: (1) all life insurance policies issued in a 32 particular calendar year on or after January 1, 1994; (2) all individual annuity and pure 33 endowment contracts issued in a particular calendar year on or after January 1, 1994; (3) all 34 annuities and pure endowments purchased in a particular calendar year on or after January 1,

1994, under group annuity and pure endowment contracts; and (4) the net increase, if any, in a
 particular calendar year after January 1, 1994, in amounts held under guaranteed interest
 contracts; shall be the calendar year statutory valuation interest rates as defined in this section.

(b) Calendar year statutory valuation interest rates. (1) The calendar year statutory
valuation interest rates, "I", shall be determined as follows and the results rounded to the nearer
one-quarter of one percent (.25%) (1/4 of 1%), where R1 is the lesser of R and .09, R2 is the
greater of R and .09, R is the reference interest rate as defined in this section, and W is the
weighting factor as defined in this section:

9

(i) For life insurance: $I = .03 + W(R1 - .03) + W/2(R2 - .09) I = .03 + W(R_1 - .03) + W/2(R_2 - .09)$

10 <u>.09</u>);

11 (ii) For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life 12 contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and from guaranteed 13 interest contracts with cash settlement options: I = .03 + W(R1 - .03) I = .03 + W(R - .03);

- 14 Where R_1 is the lesser of R and .09,
- 15 $\underline{R_2}$ is the greater of R and .09,

16 <u>*R* is the reference interest rate defined in this section,</u>

17 W is the weighting factor defined in this section;

(iii) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on an issued issue year basis, except as stated in subdivision paragraph (b)(1)(ii) above, the formula for life insurance stated in subdivision paragraph (b)(1)(i) above shall apply to annuities and guaranteed interest contracts with guarantee durations in excess of ten (10) years and the formula for single premium immediate annuities stated in subdivision paragraph (b)(1)(ii) above shall apply to annuities and guaranteed interest contracts with guarantee duration of ten (10) years or less;

(iv) For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest
 contracts with no cash settlement options, the formula for single premium immediate annuities
 stated in subdivision paragraph (b)(1)(ii) above shall apply; and

(v) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with
 cash settlement options, valued on a change in fund basis, the formula for single premium
 immediate annuities stated in subdivision paragraph (b)(1)(ii) above shall apply; and

(2) If <u>However if</u> the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for any life insurance
policies issued in any calendar year determined without reference to this <u>subsection sentence</u>
differs from the corresponding actual rate for similar policies issued in the immediately preceding
calendar year by less than one-half of one percent (.5%) (1/2 of 1%), the calendar year statutory

1 valuation interest rate for those the life insurance policies shall be equal to the corresponding 2 actual rate for the immediately preceding calendar year. 3 For purposes of applying the immediately preceding sentence, the calendar year statutory 4 valuation interest rate for life insurance policies issued in a calendar year shall be determined for 5 1980 (using the reference interest rate defined in 1979) and shall be determined for each subsequent calendar year regardless of when section 27-4.3-5 becomes operative. 6 7 (c) Weighting factors. - (1) The weighting factors referred to in the formulas stated in 8 subdivisions (b)(1)(i) and (ii) above are as follows given in the following tables: 9 (i) WEIGHTING FACTORS FOR LIFE INSURANCE: 10 Guarantee Duration (Years) Weighting Factors 11 10 or less 50 12 More than 10, but not more than 20 .45 13 More than 20 .35 14 For life insurance, the guarantee duration is the maximum number of years the life 15 insurance can remain in force on a basis guaranteed in the policy or under options to convert to 16 plans of life insurance with premium rates or nonforfeiture values or both which are guaranteed in 17 the original policy; 18 (2)(ii) Weighting factor for single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits 19 involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and 20 guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options is .80; 21 (3)(iii) Weighting factors for other annuities and for guaranteed interest contracts, except 22 as stated in subdivision (c)(2) paragraph (ii) above, shall be as specified in paragraphs 23 subparagraphs (i)(A), (ii)(B) and (iii)(C) in this subdivision below, according to the rules and 24 definitions in paragraphs subparagraphs (iv)(D), (v)(E) and (vi)(F) in this subdivision below: 25 (i)(A) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on an issue year basis: 26 Guarantee Duration (Years) Weighting Factor for Plan Type 27 В С А 28 5 or less: .80 .60 .50 29 More than 5, but not more than 10: .75 .60 .50 30 More than 10, but not more than 20: .50. 45 .65 31 More than 20: .45 .35 .35 32 (ii)(B) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on a change in fund basis, 33 the factors show in subdivision (c)(3) paragraph (i) above increased by: 34 Plan Type

- 1 A B C
- 2 .15 .25 .05

3 (iii)(C) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on an issued issue year
4 basis, other than those with no cash settlement options, which do not guarantee interest on
5 considerations received more than one year after issue or purchase and for annuities and
6 guaranteed interest contracts valued on a change in fund basis which that do not guarantee
7 interest rates on consideration considerations received more than twelve (12) months beyond the
8 valuation date, the factors shown in subdivision (c)(3) paragraph (i) or derived in subdivision
9 (c)(3) paragraph (ii) increased by:

- 10 Plan Type
- 11 A B C
- 12 .05 .05 .05

13 (iv)(D) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts 14 with cash settlement options, the guarantee duration is the number of years for which the contract 15 guarantees interest rates in excess of the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for life 16 insurance policies with guarantee durations in excess of twenty (20) years. For other annuities 17 with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement 18 options, the guaranteed duration is the number of years from the date of issue or date of purchase 19 to the date annuity benefits are scheduled to commence;

20

 (\mathbf{v}) (E) Plan Type as used in the tables in this subdivision is defined as follows:

(A)(I) Plan Type A: At any time the policyholder may withdraw funds only (I) with an
adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the
insurance company, or (II) without an adjustment but <u>in</u> installments over five (5) years or more,
or (III) as an immediate life annuity, or (IV) no withdrawal permitted;

(B)(II) Plan Type B: Before expiration of the interest rate guarantee, the policyholder may withdraw funds only (I) with an adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company, or (II) without an adjustment but in installments over five (5) years or more, or (III) no withdrawal permitted. At the end of the interest rate guarantee, funds may be withdrawn without the an adjustment in a single sum or installments over less than five (5) years; and

31 (C)(III) Plan Type C: The policyholder Policyholder may withdraw funds before the 32 expiration of interest rate guarantee in a single sum or installments over less than five (5) years 33 either (I) without adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the 34 funds by the insurance company, or (II) subject only to a fixed surrender charge stipulated in the

1 contract as a percentage of the fund; and

2 (vi)(F) A company may elect to value guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement 3 options and annuities with cash settlement options on either an issue year basis or on a change in 4 fund basis. Guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options and other annuities with 5 no cash settlement options must be valued on an issue year basis. As used in this section, "issue year basis of valuation" refers to a valuation basis under which the interest rate used to determine 6 7 the minimum valuation standard for the entire duration of the annuity or guaranteed interest 8 contract is the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of issue or year of purchase of the 9 annuity or guaranteed interest contract, and "change in fund basis of valuation" refers to a 10 valuation basis under which the interest rate used to determine the minimum valuation standard 11 applicable to each change in the fund held under the annuity or guaranteed interest contract is the 12 calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of the change in the fund.

13 (d) Reference interest rate. - Reference interest rate referred to in subsection (b) is14 defined as follows:

(1) For all life insurance, the lesser of the average over a period of thirty-six (36) months
and the average over a period of twelve (12) months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year next
preceding the year of issue, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate
bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

(2) For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, the average over a period of twelve (12) months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year of issue or year of purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

(3) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in subdivision paragraph (d)(2) above, with guarantee duration in excess of ten (10) years, the lesser of the average over a period of thirty-six (36) months and the average over a period of twelve (12) months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

(4) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with
cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in subdivision paragraph
(d)(2) above, with guarantee duration of ten (10) years or less, the average over a period of twelve
(12) months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the monthly average
of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service,

1 Inc.;

2 (5) For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest 3 contracts with no cash settlement options, the average over a period of twelve (12) months, 4 ending on June 30 of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the monthly average of the 5 composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; and 6

7 (6) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with 8 cash settlement options, valued on a change in fund basis, except as stated in subdivision (d)(2), 9 the average over a period of twelve (12) months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year of the 10 change in the fund, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, 11 as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

12 (e) Alternative method for determining reference interest rates. - In the event that the 13 monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds is no longer published by 14 Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or in the event that the National Association of Insurance 15 Commissioners determines that the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned 16 corporate bonds as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is no longer appropriate for the 17 determination of the reference interest rate, then an alternative method for determination of the 18 reference interest rate, which is adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners 19 and approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner of insurance, may be substituted.

20

27-4.5-5. Reserve valuation method -- Life insurance and endowment benefits. -- (a) 21 Except as provided in sections 27-4.5-5.1, 27-4.5-8 and 27-4.5-10, reserves according to the 22 commissioners' reserve valuation method for the life insurance and endowment benefits of 23 policies providing for a uniform amount of insurance and requiring the payment of uniform 24 premiums shall be the excess, if any, of the present value, at the date of valuation, of the future 25 guaranteed benefits provided for by the policies therefor, over the then present value of any future modified net premiums. The modified net premiums for any policy shall be a the uniform 26 27 percentage of the respective contract premiums for the benefits so such that the present value, at 28 the date of issue of the policy, of all modified net premiums shall be equal to the sum of the then 29 present value of the benefits provided for by the policy and the excess of (1) over (2), as follows:

30 (1) A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of the 31 benefits provided for after the first policy year, divided by the present value, at the date of issue, 32 of an annuity of one per annum payable on the first and each subsequent anniversary of the policy 33 on which a premium falls due; provided however, that the net level annual premium shall not 34 exceed the net level annual premium on the nineteen (19) year premium whole life plan for

- 1 insurance of the same amount at an age one year higher than the age at issue of the policy; and
- 2

(2) A net one year term premium for the benefits provided for in the first policy year.

3 (b) For any life insurance policy issued on or after January 1, 1994 for which the contract 4 premium in the first policy year exceeds that of the second year and for which no comparable 5 additional benefit is provided in the first year for the excess, and which provides an endowment benefit or a cash surrender value or a combination of them in an amount greater than the excess 6 7 premium, the reserve according to the commissioner's reserve valuation method as of any policy 8 anniversary occurring on or before the assumed ending date, defined herein as the first policy 9 anniversary on which the sum of any endowment benefit and any cash surrender value then 10 available is greater than the excess premium, shall, except as provided in section 27-4.5-8, be the 11 greater of the reserve as of the policy anniversary calculated as described in subsection (a) and the 12 reserve as of the policy anniversary calculated as described in subsection (a), but with:

(1) the value defined in subdivision subsection (a)(1) being reduced by fifteen percent
(15%) of the amount of the such excess first year premium,

(2) all present values of benefits and premiums being determined without reference topremiums or benefits provided for by the policy after the assumed ending date,

17 (3) the policy being assumed to mature on the that date as an endowment, and

(4) the cash surrender value provided on the that date being considered as an endowment
benefit. In making the comparison contained in this subsection the mortality and interest basis
bases stated in sections 27-4.5-4 and 27-4.5-4.1 shall be used.

21 (c) Reserves according to the commissioner's reserve valuation method shall be 22 calculated by a method consistent with the principles of the preceding paragraphs of this section 23 for: (1) life insurance policies providing for a varying amount of insurance or requiring the 24 payment of varying premiums; (2) group annuity and pure endowment contracts purchased under 25 a retirement plan or plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by an employer including a partnership or sole proprietorship or by an employee organization, or by both, other 26 27 than a plan providing individual retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under 26 28 U.S.C. section 408; (3) disability and accidental death benefits in all policies and contracts; and 29 (4) all other benefits, except life insurance and endowment benefits in life insurance policies and 30 benefits provided by all other annuity and pure endowment contracts; shall be calculated by a 31 method consistent with the principles of subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

<u>27-4.5-6. Minimum reserves. --</u> (a) In no event shall a company's aggregate reserves for
 all life insurance policies, excluding disability and accidental death benefits, issued on or after
 January 1, 1994, be less than the aggregate reserves calculated in accordance with the methods set

forth in sections 27-4.5-5, 27-4.5-5.1, 27-4.5-8 and 27-4.5-9 and the mortality table or tables and
 rate or rates of interest used in calculating nonforfeiture benefits for the policies.

3 (b) In no event shall the aggregate reserves for all policies, contracts, and benefits be less
4 than the aggregate reserves determined by the qualified appointed actuary to be necessary to
5 render the opinion required by section 27-4.5-3.

6 <u>27-4.5-7. Optional reserve calculation. --</u> (a) Reserves for all policies and contracts 7 issued prior to January 1, 1994, may be calculated, at the option of the company, according to any 8 standards <u>that produce greater aggregate reserves for all such policies and contracts than the</u> 9 <u>minimum reserves required by consistent with the laws in effect immediately prior to that date.</u>

(b) Reserves for any category of policies, contracts, or benefits as established by the commissioner of insurance, issued on or after the January 1, 1994, may be calculated, at the option of the company, according to any standards which produce greater aggregate reserves for the category than those calculated according to the minimum standard provided in this chapter, but the rate or rates of interest used for policies and contracts, other than annuity and pure endowment contracts, shall not be higher greater than the corresponding rate or rates of interest used in calculating any nonforfeiture benefits provided in them the policies or contracts.

17 (c) Any A company which adopts at any time shall have adopted any a standard of 18 valuation producing greater aggregate reserves than those calculated according to the minimum 19 standard provided in this chapter may adopt a lower standard of valuation, with the approval of 20 the commissioner of insurance, adopt any lower standard of valuation, but not lower than the 21 minimum provided in this chapter; provided that, for the purposes of this section, the holding of 22 additional reserves previously determined by a qualified the appointed actuary to be necessary to 23 render the opinion required by section 27-4.5-3 shall not be deemed to be the adoption of a higher 24 standard of valuation.

25 27-4.5-8. Reserve calculation -- Valuation net premium exceeding the gross 26 premium charged. -- (a) If in any contract year the gross premium charged by the any life 27 insurance company on any policy or contract is less than the valuation net premium for the policy 28 or contract calculated by the method used in calculating the reserve on it but using the minimum 29 valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest, the minimum reserve required for the policy 30 or contract shall be the greater of either the reserve calculated according to the mortality table, 31 rate of interest, and method actually used for the policy or contract, or the reserve calculated by 32 the method actually used for the policy or contract but using the minimum valuation standards of 33 mortality and rate of interest and replacing the valuation net premium by the actual gross 34 premium in each contract year for which the valuation net premium exceeds the actual gross

premium. The minimum valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest referred to in this
 section are those standards stated in sections 27-4.5-4 and 27-4.5-4.1.

3 (b) For any life insurance policy issued on or after January 1, 1994, for which the gross 4 premium in the first policy year exceeds that of the second year and for which no comparable 5 additional benefit is provided in the first year for the excess, and which provides an endowment benefit or a cash surrender value or a combination of them in an amount greater than the excess 6 7 premium, the provisions of subsection (a) this section shall be applied as if the method actually 8 used in calculating the reserve for the policy were the method described in section 27-4.5-5, 9 ignoring section 27-4.5-5(b). The minimum reserve at each policy anniversary of the such a 10 policy shall be the greater of the minimum reserve calculated in accordance with section 27-4.5-5, 11 including section 27-4.5-5(b), and the minimum reserve calculated in accordance with this 12 section.

13 **27-4.5-9.** Reserve calculation -- Indeterminate premium plans. -- In the case of any 14 plan of life insurance which that provides for future premium determination, the amounts of 15 which are to be determined by the insurance company based on the then estimates of future 16 experience, or in the case of any plan of life insurance or annuity which that is of a nature that the 17 minimum reserves cannot be determined by the methods described in sections 27-4.5-5, 27-4.5-18 5.1 and 27-4.5-8, the reserves which that are held under that the plan must shall:

(1) Be appropriate in relation to the benefits and the pattern of premiums for that plan;and

(2) Be computed by a method that is consistent with the principles of this chapter, as
 determined by regulations promulgated by the commissioner of insurance.

Notwithstanding any other provision in the laws of this state, a policy, contract or
 certificate providing life insurance under such a plan shall be affirmatively approved by the
 commissioner before it can be marketed, issued, delivered or used in this state.

26 27-4.5-10. Minimum standards for accident and sickness plans Minimum standards 27 for accident and health insurance contracts. -- The commissioner of insurance shall 28 promulgate a regulation containing the minimum standards applicable to the valuation of accident 29 and sickness plans. For accident and health insurance contracts issued on or after the operative 30 date of the valuation manual, the standard prescribed in the valuation manual is the minimum 31 standard of valuation required under subsection 27-4.5-2(b). For accident and health insurance 32 contracts issued on or after January 1, 1994 and prior to the operative date of the valuation 33 manual the minimum standard of valuation is the standard adopted by the commissioner by 34 regulation.

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1 SECTION 3. Chapter 27-4.3 of the General Laws entitled "The Standard Nonforfeiture 2 Law for Life Insurance" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following sections: 3 27-4.3-1.1. Definitions. -- "Operative date of the valuation manual" means January 1 of 4 the first calendar year that the valuation manual as defined in chapter 27-4.5 is effective. 5 27-4.3-5.1. Calculation of adjusted premiums. -- This section shall not apply to policies issued on or after the operative date of section 27-4.3-5. Except as provided in subsection (c) of 6 7 this section, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be calculated on an annual basis and shall 8 be such uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified in the policy for each policy 9 year, excluding amounts stated in the policy as extra premiums to cover impairments or special 10 hazards, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all such adjusted premiums 11 shall be equal to the sum of: 12 (1) The then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy; 13 (2) Two percent (2%) of the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, 14 or of the equivalent uniform amount, as hereinafter defined, if the amount of insurance varies 15 with duration of the policy; 16 (3) Forty percent (40%) of the adjusted premium for the first policy year; (4) Twenty-five percent (25%) of either the adjusted premium for the first policy year or 17 18 the adjusted premium for a whole life policy of the same uniform or equivalent uniform amount 19 with uniform premiums for the whole of life issued at the same age for the same amount of 20 insurance, whichever is less. 21 Provided, however, that in applying the percentages specified in subdivisions (3) and (4) 22 above, no adjusted premium shall be deemed to exceed four percent (4%) of the amount of 23 insurance or level amount equivalent. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this section 24 shall be the date as of which the rated age of the insured is determined. 25 (b) In the case of a policy providing an amount of insurance varying with duration of the 26 policy, the equivalent level amount for the purpose of this section shall be deemed to be the level 27 amount of insurance provided by an otherwise similar policy, containing the same endowment 28 benefit or benefits, if any, issued at the same age and for the same term, the amount of which does 29 not vary with duration and the benefits under which have the same present value at the inception 30 of the insurance as the benefits under the policy. 31 (c) The adjusted premiums for any policy providing term insurance benefits by rider or 32 supplemental policy provision shall be equal to: 33 (1) The adjusted premiums for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without such term insurance benefits, increased, during the period for which premiums for such term 34

1 <u>insurance benefits are payable, by</u>

2 (2) The adjusted premiums for such term insurance, the foregoing subdivisions (1) and (2) being calculated separately and as specified in subsections (a) and (b) except that, for the 3 4 purposes of subdivisions (a)(2), (a)(3) and (a)(4), the amount of insurance or equivalent uniform 5 amount of insurance used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums referred to in subdivision (a)(2) shall be equal to the excess of the corresponding amount determined for the entire policy 6 7 over the amount used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums in subdivision (c)(1). 8 (d) Except as otherwise provided in sections 27-4.3-5.2 and 27-4.5-5.3, all adjusted 9 premiums and present values referred to in this chapter shall, for all policies of ordinary 10 insurance, be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality 11 Table, provided that for any category of ordinary insurance issued on female risks, adjusted 12 premiums and present values may be calculated according to any age not more than three (3) 13 years younger than the actual age of the insured and such calculations for all policies of industrial 14 insurance shall be made on the basis of the 1941 Standard Industrial Mortality Table. All 15 calculations shall be made on the basis of the rate of interest, not exceeding three and one-half 16 percent (3 1/2%) per annum, specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits. Provided, however, that in calculating the present value of any 17 18 paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture 19 benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than one hundred and thirty percent 20 (130%) of the rates of mortality according to the applicable table. Provided, further, that for 21 insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any adjusted premiums and present 22 values may be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified by the company and 23 approved by the commissioner. 24 27-4.3-5.2. Calculation of adjusted premiums -- Ordinary policies. -- This section shall not apply to ordinary policies issued on or after the operative date of section 27-4.3-5. In 25 26 the case of ordinary policies issued on or after the operative date of this section, all adjusted 27 premiums and present values referred to in this chapter shall be calculated on the basis of the 28 Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table and the rate of interest specified in the 29 policy for calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits provided that such 30 rate of interest shall not exceed three and one-half percent (3 1/2%) per annum except that a rate 31 of interest not exceeding five and one-half percent (5 1/2%) per annum may be used; for policies 32 issued on or after January 1, 1994, except that for any single premium whole life or endowment 33 insurance policy, a rate of interest not exceeding six and one-half percent (6 1/2%) per annum 34 may be used; and provided that for any category of ordinary insurance issued on female risks,

1 adjusted premiums and present values may be calculated according to an age not more than six 2 (6) years younger than the actual age of the insured. Provided, however, that in calculating the 3 present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered 4 as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in 5 the Commissioners 1958 Extended Term Insurance Table. Provided, further, that for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any adjusted premiums and present values may 6 7 be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified by the company and approved by 8 the commissioner. 9 27-4.3-5.3. Calculation of adjusted premiums -- Industrial policies. -- This section 10 shall not apply to industrial policies issued on or after the operative date of section 27-4.3-5. In 11 the case of industrial policies issued on or after the operative date of this section, all adjusted

13 Commissioners 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table and the rate of interest specified in the 14 policy for calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits provided that such 15 rate of interest shall not exceed three and one-half percent (3 1/2%) per annum, except that a rate 16 of interest not exceeding five and one-half percent (51/2%) per annum may be used for policies issued on or after January 1, 1994, except that for any single premium whole life or endowment 17 18 insurance policy a rate of interest not exceeding six and one-half percent (6 1/2%) per annum may 19 be used. Provided, however, that in calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance 20 with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of

premiums and present values referred to in this chapter shall be calculated on the basis of the

12

21 mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in the Commissioners 1961 Industrial

22 Extended Term Insurance Table. Provided, further, that for insurance issued on a substandard

23 basis, the calculations of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on such

24 <u>other table of mortality as may be specified by the company and approved by the commissioner.</u>

25 SECTION 4. Chapter 27-4.5 of the General Laws entitled "The Standard Valuation Law"
26 is hereby amended by adding thereto the following sections:

27 <u>27-4.5-4.2. Computation of minimum standard for annuities. -- Except as provided in</u>

28 section 27-4.5-4.1, the minimum standard of valuation for individual annuity and pure

29 endowment contracts issued on or after the operative date of this section and for annuities and

- 30 pure endowments purchased on or after the operative date under group annuity and pure
- 31 endowment contracts, shall be the commissioners reserve valuation methods defined in sections
- 32 <u>27-4.5-5 and 27-4.5-5.1 and the following tables and interest rates:</u>
- 33 (1) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued prior to January 1, 1994,
- 34 <u>excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in those contracts: the 1971 Individual</u>

1 Annuity Mortality Table, or any modification of this table approved by the commissioner, and six

2 percent (6%) interest for single premium immediate annuity contracts and four percent (4%)

3 interest for all other individual annuity and pure endowment contracts;

- 4 (2) For individual single premium immediate annuity contracts issued on or after January
 5 1, 1994, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in those contracts: the 1971
 6 Individual Annuity Mortality Table or any individual annuity mortality table adopted after 1980
 7 by the NAIC that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in
 8 determining the minimum standard of valuation for these contracts, or any modification of these
 9 tables approved by the commissioner, and seven and one-half percent (7 1/2%) interest;
 10 (3) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued on or after January 1,
- 1994, other than single premium immediate annuity contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in those contracts: the 1971 Individual Annuity Mortality Table or any individual annuity mortality table adopted after 1980 by the NAIC, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for those contracts, or any modification of these tables approved by the commissioner, and five and one-half percent (5 1/2%) interest for single premium deferred annuity and pure endowment contracts and four and one-half percent (4 1/2%) interest for all other individual annuity and pure
- 18 <u>endowment contracts;</u>
- (4) For annuities and pure endowments purchased prior to January 1, 1994 under group
 annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits
 purchased under those contracts: the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table or any modification of
- 22 this table approved by the commissioner, and six percent (6%) interest; and
- 23 (5) For annuities and pure endowments purchased on or after January 1, 1994 under 24 group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits purchased under those contracts: the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, or any group 25 annuity mortality table adopted after 1980 by the NAIC that is approved by regulation 26 27 promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for 28 annuities and pure endowments, or any modification of these tables approved by the 29 commissioner, and seven and one-half percent (7 1/2%) interest. 30 27-4.5-13. Valuation manual for policies issued on or after the operative date of the
- 31 **valuation manual.** -- (a) For policies issued on or after the operative date of the valuation
- 32 manual, the standard prescribed in the valuation manual is the minimum standard of valuation
- 33 required under subsection 27-4.5-2(b), except as provided under subsections (e) or (g) of this
- 34 section.

- 1 (b) The operative date of the valuation manual is January 1 of the first calendar year 2 following the first July 1 as of which all of the following have occurred: 3 (1) The valuation manual has been adopted by the NAIC by an affirmative vote of at least 4 forty-two (42) members, or three-fourths (3/4) of the members voting, whichever is greater. 5 (2) The Standard Valuation Law, as amended by the NAIC in 2009, or legislation including substantially similar terms and provisions, has been enacted by states representing 6 7 greater than seventy-five percent (75%) of the direct premiums written as reported in the 8 following annual statements submitted for 2008: life, accident and health annual statements; 9 health annual statements; or fraternal annual statements. 10 (3) The Standard Valuation Law, as amended by the NAIC in 2009, or legislation 11 including substantially similar terms and provisions, has been enacted by at least forty-two (42) 12 of the following fifty-five (55) jurisdictions: The fifty (50) States of the United States, American 13 Samoa, the American Virgin Islands, the District of Columbia, Guam, and Puerto Rico. 14 (c) Unless a change in the valuation manual specifies a later effective date, changes to the 15 valuation manual shall be effective on January 1 following the date when all of the following 16 have occurred: 17 (1) The change to the valuation manual has been adopted by the NAIC by an affirmative 18 vote representing: 19 (i) At least three-fourths (3/4) of the members of the NAIC voting, but not less than a 20 majority of the total membership, and 21 (ii) Members of the NAIC representing jurisdictions totaling greater than seventy-five 22 percent (75%) of the direct premiums written as reported in the following annual statements most 23 recently available prior to the vote in subsection (c)(1)(i): life, accident and health annual 24 statements, health annual statements, or fraternal annual statements. 25 (2) The valuation manual becomes effective pursuant to a regulation adopted by the 26 commissioner. 27 (d) The valuation manual must specify all of the following: 28 (1) Minimum valuation standards for and definitions of the policies or contracts subject 29 to subsection 27-4.5-2(b). Such minimum valuation standards shall be: 30 (i) The commissioner's reserve valuation method for life insurance contracts, other than 31 annuity contracts, subject to subsection 27-4.5-2(b); 32 (ii) The commissioner's annuity reserve valuation method for annuity contracts subject to 33 subsection 27-4.5-2(b); and
- 34 (iii) Minimum reserves for all other policies or contracts subject to subsection 27-4.5-

1 <u>2(b).</u>

2	(2) Which policies or contracts or types of policies or contracts that are subject to the
3	requirements of a principle-based valuation in subsection 27-4.5-14(a) and the minimum
4	valuation standards consistent with those requirements;
5	(3) For policies and contracts subject to a principle-based valuation under section 27-4.5-
6	<u>14:</u>
7	(i) Requirements for the format of reports to the commissioner under subdivision 27-4.5-
8	14(b)(2) and which shall include information necessary to determine if the valuation is
9	appropriate and in compliance with this chapter;
10	(ii) Assumptions shall be prescribed for risks over which the company does not have
11	significant control or influence.
12	(iii) Procedures for corporate governance and oversight of the actuarial function, and a
13	process for appropriate waiver or modification of such procedures.
14	(4) For policies not subject to a principle-based valuation under section 27-4.5-14 the
15	minimum valuation standard shall either:
16	(i) Be consistent with the minimum standard of valuation prior to the operative date of
17	the valuation manual; or
18	(ii) Develop reserves that quantify the benefits and guarantees, and the funding,
19	associated with the contracts and their risks at a level of conservatism that reflects conditions that
20	include unfavorable events that have a reasonable probability of occurring.
21	(5) Other requirements, including, but not limited to, those relating to reserve methods,
22	models for measuring risk, generation of economic scenarios, assumptions, margins, use of
23	company experience, risk measurement, disclosure, certifications, reports, actuarial opinions and
24	memorandums, transition rules and internal controls; and
25	(6) The data and form of the data required under section 27-4.5-15, with whom the data
26	must be submitted, and may specify other requirements including data analyses and reporting of
27	analyses.
28	(e) In the absence of a specific valuation requirement or if a specific valuation
29	requirement in the valuation manual is not, in the opinion of the commissioner, in compliance
30	with this chapter, then the company shall, with respect to such requirements, comply with
31	minimum valuation standards prescribed by the commissioner by regulation.
32	(f) The commissioner may engage a qualified actuary, at the expense of the company, to
33	perform an actuarial examination of the company and opine on the appropriateness of any reserve
34	assumption or method used by the company, or to review and opine on a company's compliance

1 with any requirement set forth in this chapter. The commissioner may rely upon the opinion, 2 regarding provisions contained within this chapter, of a qualified actuary engaged by the 3 commissioner of another state, district or territory of the United States. As used in this 4 subsection, term "engage" includes employment and contracting. 5 (g) The commissioner may require a company to change any assumption or method that in the opinion of the commissioner is necessary in order to comply with the requirements of the 6 7 valuation manual or this chapter; and the company shall adjust the reserves as required by the 8 commissioner. The commissioner may take other disciplinary action as permitted pursuant to 9 section 42-14-16. 10 27-4.5-14. Requirements of a principle-based valuation. -- (a) A company must 11 establish reserves using a principle-based valuation that meets the following conditions for 12 policies or contracts as specified in the valuation manual: 13 (1) Quantify the benefits and guarantees, and the funding, associated with the contracts 14 and their risks at a level of conservatism that reflects conditions that include unfavorable events 15 that have a reasonable probability of occurring during the lifetime of the contracts. For policies 16 or contracts with significant tail risk, reflects conditions appropriately adverse to quantify the tail 17 risk. 18 (2) Incorporate assumptions, risk analysis methods and financial models and management 19 techniques that are consistent with, but not necessarily identical to, those utilized within the 20 company's overall risk assessment process, while recognizing potential differences in financial 21 reporting structures and any prescribed assumptions or methods. 22 (3) Incorporate assumptions that are derived in one of the following manners: 23 (i) The assumption is prescribed in the valuation manual. 24 (ii) For assumptions that are not prescribed, the assumptions shall: 25 (A) Be established utilizing the company's available experience, to the extent it is 26 relevant and statistically credible; or 27 (B) To the extent that company data is not available, relevant, or statistically credible, be 28 established utilizing other relevant, statistically credible experience. 29 (4) Provide margins for uncertainty including adverse deviation and estimation error, 30 such that the greater the uncertainty the larger the margin and resulting reserve. 31 (b) A company using a principle-based valuation for one or more policies or contracts 32 subject to this section as specified in the valuation manual shall: 33 (1) Establish procedures for corporate governance and oversight of the actuarial valuation 34 function consistent with those described in the valuation manual.

1	(2) Provide to the commissioner and the board of directors an annual certification of the
2	effectiveness of the internal controls with respect to the principle-based valuation. Such controls
3	shall be designed to assure that all material risks inherent in the liabilities and associated assets
4	subject to such valuation are included in the valuation, and that valuations are made in accordance
5	with the valuation manual. The certification shall be based on the controls in place as of the end
6	of the preceding calendar year.
7	(3) Develop, and file with the commissioner upon request, a principle-based valuation
8	report that complies with standards prescribed in the valuation manual.
9	(c) A principle-based valuation may include a prescribed formulaic reserve component.
10	27-4.5-15. Experience reporting for policies in force on or after the operative date of
11	the valuation manual A company shall submit mortality, morbidity, policyholder behavior, or
12	expense experience and other data as prescribed in the valuation manual.
13	27-4.5-16. Confidentiality (a) For purposes of this section, "confidential information"
14	shall mean:
15	(1) A memorandum in support of an opinion submitted under section 27-4-3 and any
16	other documents, materials and other information, including, but not limited to, all working
17	papers, and copies thereof, created, produced or obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or
18	any other person in connection with such memorandum;
19	(2) All documents, materials and other information, including, but not limited to, all
20	working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced or obtained by or disclosed to the
21	commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination made under subsection 27-4.5-
22	13(f); provided, however, that if an examination report or other material prepared in connection
23	with an examination made under chapter 27-13.1 is not held as private and confidential
24	information under chapter 27-13.1, an examination report or other material prepared in
25	connection with an examination made under subsection 27-4.5-13(f) of this chapter shall not be
26	"confidential information" to the same extent as if such examination report or other material had
27	been prepared in accordance with chapter 27-13.1;
28	(3) Any reports, documents, materials and other information developed by a company in
29	support of, or in connection with, an annual certification by the company under subdivision 27-
30	4.5-14(b)(1) of this chapter evaluating the effectiveness of the company's internal controls with
31	respect to a principle-based valuation and any other documents, materials and other information,
32	including, but not limited to, all working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced or
33	
	obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in connection with such reports,

(4) Any principle-based valuation report developed under subdivision 27-4.5-14(b)(2)
 and any other documents, materials and other information, including, but not limited to, all
 working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced or obtained by or disclosed to the
 commissioner or any other person in connection with such report; and

- 5 (5) Any documents, materials, data and other information submitted by a company under section 27-4.5-15 (collectively, "experience data") and any other documents, materials, data and 6 7 other information, including, but not limited to, all working papers, and copies thereof, created or 8 produced in connection with such experience data, in each case that include any potentially 9 company-identifying or personally identifiable information, that is provided to or obtained by the 10 commissioner (together with any "experience data", the "experience materials") and any other 11 documents, materials, data and other information, including, but not limited to, all working 12 papers, and copies thereof, created, produced or obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or 13 any other person in connection with such experience materials.
- 14 (b) Privilege for, and confidentiality of, confidential information.

(1) Except as provided in this section 27-4.5-16, a company's confidential information is
confidential by law and privileged, and shall not be subject to chapter 38-2, shall not be subject to
subpoena and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil
action; provided, however, that the commissioner is authorized to use the confidential information
in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought against the company as a part of the
commissioner's official duties.
(2) Neither the commissioner nor any person who received confidential information

(2) Neither the commissioner nor any person who received confidential information
 while acting under the authority of the commissioner shall be permitted or required to testify in
 any private civil action concerning any confidential information.

- 24 (3) In order to assist in the performance of the commissioner's duties, the commissioner may share confidential information: (i) With other state, federal and international regulatory 25 26 agencies and with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries; and (ii) In the case of confidential 27 information specified in subdivisions 27-4.5-16(a)(1) and 27-4.5-16(a)(4) only, with the actuarial 28 board for counseling and discipline or its successor upon request stating that the confidential 29 information is required for the purpose of professional disciplinary proceedings and with state, 30 federal and international law enforcement officials; in the case of subsections (a) and (b), 31 provided, that, such recipient agrees, and has the legal authority to agree, to maintain the 32 confidentiality and privileged status of such documents, materials, data and other information in the same manner and to the same extent as required for the commissioner. 33
- 34 (4) The commissioner may receive documents, materials, data and other information,

1 including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, data or information, from 2 the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, from regulatory or law enforcement officials of other 3 foreign or domestic jurisdictions and from the actuarial board for counseling and discipline or its 4 successor and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material, data or other 5 information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material or other information. 6 7 (5) The commissioner may enter into agreements governing sharing and use of 8 information consistent with subsection 27-4.5-16(b). 9 (6) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the confidential 10 information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under this section or as a 11 result of sharing as authorized in subdivision 27-4.5-16(b)(3). 12 (7) A privilege established under the law of any state or jurisdiction that is substantially 13 similar to the privilege established under subsection 27-4.5-16(b) shall be available and enforced 14 in any proceeding in, and in any court of, this state. 15 (8) In section 27-4.5-16 "regulatory agency," "law enforcement agency" and the "NAIC" 16 include, but are not limited to, their employees, agents, consultants and contractors. 17 (c) Notwithstanding subsection 27-4.5-16(b), any confidential information specified in 18 subdivisions 27-4.5-16(a)(1) and 27-4.5-14(a)(4): 19 (1) May be subject to subpoen for the purpose of defending an action seeking damages 20 from the appointed actuary submitting the related memorandum in support of an opinion 21 submitted under section 27-4.5-3 or principle-based valuation report developed under subdivision 22 27-4.5-16(b)(3) by reason of an action required by this chapter or by regulations promulgated 23 hereunder; 24 (2) May otherwise be released by the commissioner with the written consent of the 25 company; and 26 (3) Once any portion of a memorandum in support of an opinion submitted under section 27 27-4.5-3 or a principle-based valuation report developed under subdivision 27-4.5-14(b)(3) is 28 cited by the company in its marketing or is publicly volunteered to or before a governmental 29 agency other than a state insurance department or is released by the company to the news media, 30 all portions of such memorandum or report shall no longer be confidential. 31 27-4.5-17. Single state exemption. -- (a) The commissioner may exempt specific product 32 forms or product lines of a domestic company that is licensed and doing business only in Rhode 33 Island from the requirements of section 27-4.5-13 provided:

1 subsequently revoked the exemption in writing; and

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2	(2) The company computes reserves using assumptions and methods used prior to the
3	operative date of the valuation manual in addition to any requirements established by the
4	commissioner and promulgated by regulation.
5	(b) For any company granted an exemption under this section, and sections 27-4.5-3, 27-
6	<u>4.5-4, 27-4.5-4.1, 27-4.5-4.2, 27-4.5-5, 27-4.5-5.1, 27-4.5-6, 27-4.5-7, 27-4.5-8, 27-4.5-9 and 27-</u>
7	4.5-10 shall be applicable. With respect to any company applying this exemption, any reference
8	to section 27-4.5-13 found in sections 27-4.5-3, 27-4.5-4, 27-4.5-4.1, 27-4.5-4.2, 27-4.5-5, 27-
9	4.5-5.1, 27-4.5-6, 27-4.5-7, 27-4.5-8, 27-4.5-9 and 27-4.5-10 shall not be applicable.
10	SECTION 5. Sections 27-4-17, 27-4-18, 27-4-19, 27-4-20 and 27-4-21 of the General
11	Laws in Chapter 27-4 entitled "Life Insurance Policies and Reserves" are hereby repealed.
12	27-4-17. Annual valuation of policies and reserves (a) The director of business
13	regulation shall make annual valuations of all outstanding policies, additions to policies, unpaid
14	dividends, and all other obligations of every life insurance corporation doing business in this
15	state. All valuations made by the director, or by his or her authority, shall be made upon the net
16	premium basis. The legal minimum standard for valuation of contracts issued before January 1,
17	1907, shall be the American experience table of mortality with the interest at four percent (4%)
18	per annum, and for contracts issued on or after that date the same table of mortality with interest
19	at three and one half percent (3 1/2%) per annum. Any company may adopt as a legal minimum
20	standard, for the valuation of life insurance policies issued on or after January 1, 1948, the
21	commissioners reserve valuation method, with interest at three and one-half percent (3 1/2%) per
22	annum, or in the case of policies issued on or after April 17, 1975, four percent (4%) per annum
23	for policies issued prior to April 27, 1979, and four and one-half percent (4 1/2%) per annum for
24	policies issued on or after April 27, 1979, and either the commissioners 1941 standard ordinary
25	mortality table or the commissioners 1958 standard ordinary mortality table for ordinary policies,
26	and either the 1941 standard industrial mortality table or the commissioners 1961 standard
27	industrial mortality table or any industrial mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the National
28	Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the
29	commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for industrial policies,
30	for industrial policies in lieu of the legal minimum standard allowed by this section. (b) The
31	interest rates used in determining the minimum standard for the valuation of all life insurance
32	policies issued in a particular calendar year on or after May 15, 1981, shall be the calendar year
33	statutory valuation interest rates as defined in this section. (c) (1) The calendar year statutory
34	valuation interest rates shall be determined as follows and the results rounded to the nearer one-

1 quarter of one percent (.25%): For life insurance: = I = .03 + W (R1 - .03) + W/2 (R1 - .09);2 where R1 is the lesser of R and .09, R2 is the greater of R and .09, R is the reference interest rate 3 defined in this section, and W is the weighting factor defined in this section; (2) If the calendar 4 year statutory valuation interest rate for any life insurance policies issued in any calendar year 5 determined without reference to subdivision (c)(1) differs from the corresponding actual rate for similar policies issued in the immediately preceding calendar year by less than one-half of one 6 7 percent (.5%), the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for these life insurance policies 8 shall be equal to the corresponding actual rate for the immediately preceding calendar year. For 9 the purposes of applying the provisions in this subdivision, the calendar year statutory valuation 10 interest rate for life insurance policies issued in a calendar year shall be determined for 1980 11 using the reference interest rate defined for 1979 and shall be determined for each subsequent 12 calendar year. (3) The weighting factors referred to in the formula stated in subdivision (c)(1) are 13 given in the following table:

Weighting Factors for Life Insurance: Guarantee Duration — Weighting (Years) Factors
10 or less .50 More than 10, but not more than 20 .45 More than 20 .35 For life insurance,
the guarantee duration is the maximum number of years the life insurance can remain in force on
a basis guaranteed in the policy or under options to convert to plans of life insurance with
premium rates or non-forfeiture values or both which are guaranteed in the original policy.

19 (4) The reference interest rate referred to in subdivision (c)(1) shall be defined as follows: (i) For all life insurance, the lesser of the average over a period of thirty six (36) months 20 21 and the average over a period of twelve (12) months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year next 22 preceding the year of issue, of Moody's corporate bond yield average monthly average 23 corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or any successor; or (ii) In the event 24 that the Moody's corporate bond yield average -- monthly average corporates is no longer 25 published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or in the event that the National Association of 26 Insurance Commissioners determines that the Moody's corporate bond yield average --- monthly 27 average corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., is no longer appropriate for 28 the determination of the reference interest rate, then an alternative method for determination of 29 the references interest rate, which is adopted by the National Association of Insurance 30 Commissioners and approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner, may be 31 substituted. (d) The mortality table used in determining the minimum standard for the valuation 32 of ordinary life insurance policies issued on or after May 15, 1981, shall be: (1) The 33 commissioners 1980 standard ordinary mortality table; (2) At the election of the company for 34 any one or more specified plans of life insurance, the commissioners 1980 standard ordinary mortality table with ten (10) year select mortality factors; or (3) Any ordinary mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for these policies. (e) Reserves for any category of policies or contracts may be calculated, at the option of the insurer, according to any standard or standards which produce greater aggregate reserves for all policies or contracts than the legal minimum standard or standards.

8 27-4-18. Variance from valuation standards. -- The director of business regulation may 9 vary the standards of interest and mortality in the case of corporations from foreign countries as 10 to contracts issued by these corporations in countries other than the United States, and in 11 particular cases of invalid lives and other extra hazards, and value policies seriatim or in groups, 12 use approximate averages for fractions of a year and otherwise, and accept the valuation of the 13 department of insurance of any other state or country if made upon the basis of, and according to, 14 standards not lower than required or authorized by sections 27-4-17 - 27-4-20, in place of the valuation required by sections 27-4-17 -- 27-4-20. 15

16 27-4-19. Valuation of bonds and fixed obligation investments. -- All bonds or other 17 evidences of debt having a fixed term and rate held by any life insurance company, assessment 18 life association, or fraternal beneficiary association authorized to do business in this state, may, if 19 amply secured and not in default as to principal or interest, be valued as follows: if purchased at 20 par, at the par value; and if purchased above or below par, on the basis of the purchase price 21 adjusted so as to bring the value to par at maturity and so as to yield in the meantime the effective 22 rate of interest at which the purchase was made; provided, that the purchase price shall in no case 23 be taken at a higher figure than the actual market value at the time of purchase; and provided, that 24 the director of business regulation shall have full discretion in determining the method of 25 calculating values according to this rule.

26 <u>27-4-20. Employment of actuary to make valuation -- Acceptance of valuation by</u> 27 <u>company. --</u> For the purpose of making a valuation, the director of business regulation may 28 employ a competent actuary to do the valuation, who shall be paid by the company for which the 29 services are rendered, but nothing in this chapter shall prevent any company from making the 30 valuation contemplated in this section, which may be received by the director upon the proof that 31 he or she may determine. The expense of procuring that proof shall be paid by the company.

32 <u>27-4-21. Certificate of compliance with reserve requirements. --</u> Upon the valuation
 33 being made as provided in sections 27 4 17 -- 27 4 20, the director of business regulation shall
 34 issue a certificate setting forth the corporate name of the company, its principal office, that it has

- 1 fully complied with the provisions of this chapter, stating the amount of the net reserve value of
- 2 outstanding policies and the table upon which that value is computed, and that it is authorized to
- 3 transact the business of life insurance in this state.
 - SECTION 6. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC01413

4

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE -- THE STANDARD NONFORFEITURE LAW FOR LIFE INSURANCE

1 This act would bring the Standard Valuation and Standard Nonforfeiture for Life 2 Insurance laws into compliance with the current version of the National Association of Insurance 3 Commissioners Model Act by amending and adding a number of provisions to chapters 27-4.3 4 and 27-4.5, and repealing the provisions of chapter 27-4 that are addressed in the amended 5 version of chapter 27-4.5. 6 This act would take effect upon passage.

LC01413