### 2013 -- S 0711

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### STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

#### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013**

### AN ACT

#### RELATING TO BUSINESSES AND PROFESSIONS

Introduced By: Senator Frank Lombardo

Date Introduced: March 13, 2013

Referred To: Senate Commerce

(Business Regulation)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Sections 5-1-2, 5-1-5, 5-1-7, 5-1-13 and 5-1-13.1 of the General Laws in
  Chapter 5-1 entitled "Architects" are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 3 <u>5-1-2. Definitions. --</u> The following definitions apply in the interpretation of the provisions of this chapter, unless the context requires another meaning:
  - (1) "Architect" means any person who engages in the practice of architecture, as that term is defined in this section as attested by his or her licensing as an architect in this state.
- 7 (2) "Board" means the board of examination and registration of architects established by 8 this chapter.
- 9 (3) "Certificate" means the certificate of registration issued annually by the board, 10 indicating that the individual named in the certificate is an architect.
- 11 (4) "Certificate of authorization" means the certificate of authorization issued by the 12 board, indicating the sole proprietor, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation, or 13 limited liability company named in the certificate is permitted to practice architecture in the state.
- 14 (5) "Practice of architecture" means rendering or offering to render those services, 15 described as follows:
- 16 (i) Rendering or offering to render services in connection with the design and
  17 construction, enlargement or alteration of a building or group of buildings and the space within
  18 and surrounding the buildings, which have as their principal purpose human occupancy or
  19 habitation;

1	(ii) The services referred to in this section include, but are not limited to, planning,
2	providing preliminary studies, designs, drawings, specifications, and other technical submissions,
3	the administration of construction contracts and the coordination of any elements of technical
4	submissions prepared by others including, as appropriate and without limitation, consulting
5	engineers and landscape architects;
6	(iii) The practice of architecture does not include the practice of engineering as defined
7	in section 5-8-2(f)(1), but a registered architect may perform any engineering work that is
8	incidental to the practice of architecture.
9	(6) "Responsible control" means that amount of control over and detailed knowledge of
10	the content of technical submissions during their preparations as is ordinarily exercised by
11	registered architects applying the required professional standard of care. Reviewing, or reviewing
12	and correcting, technical submissions after they have been prepared by others does not constitute
13	the exercise of responsible control because the reviewer has neither control over nor detailed
14	professional knowledge of the content of such submissions throughout their preparation.
15	(7) "Department" means the department of business regulation.
	(0) "Director" means the director of the denominant of hydrogen contains on his or her
16	(8) "Director" means the director of the department of business regulation or his or her
<ul><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	designee.
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reciprocity. Any party aggrieved by the board's decision regarding license issuance or renewal

may, within ten (10) days of the decision, appeal the matter to the director by submitting a written

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1	request for a formal hearing to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 5-1-
2	<u>13.1.</u>
3	(e) In addition to its rulemaking authority, the The board has the power to take all action
4	that is necessary and proper to effectuate the purposes of this chapter, including the power to:
5	(1) Suspend, revoke or annul certificates of registration and certificates of authorization
6	in accordance with the provisions of this chapter; Recommend that the director hold formal
7	hearings in accordance with the provisions of section 5-1-13.1 to determine whether to suspend,
8	revoke, annul, or take other permitted action with respect to certificates of registration and
9	certificates of authorization in accordance with the provisions of this chapter;
10	(2) Investigate all complaints and charges of unprofessional conduct, including, but not
11	limited to, conduct specified under section 5-1-13, against any licensee or any applicant for a
12	certificate of registration or certificate of authorization, and to hold hearings, in accordance with
13	the provisions of section 5-1-13.1, to determine whether the complaints and charges are
14	substantiated;
15	(3) Appoint one or more members of the board, legal counsel, and/or an independent
16	investigator to act on behalf of the board in investigating the conduct of any licensee, or of any
17	applicant for a certificate of registration or certificate of authorization, or in the alternative to
18	appoint a probable cause committee to investigate this conduct on its behalf. The committee is to
19	be comprised of licensees in good standing, as the board determines;
20	(4) Issue subpoenas, administer oaths, and summon and examine Examine witnesses in
21	connection with any investigation conducted under the authority of this chapter. If a subpoena is
22	disobeyed, the board may invoke the aid of any court of competent jurisdiction in this state to
23	require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence.
24	(5) Enter into consent agreements or informal resolutions with any party under
25	investigation for violations under this chapter and/or chapter 5-84.
26	(6) Participate in formal proceedings through representation by the department's legal
27	staff acting as the prosecuting agent before the director.
28	(f) The <u>department and/or</u> board and its members and agents are immune from personal
29	liability for actions taken in good faith in the discharge of the board's responsibilities set forth in
30	this chapter, and the state shall indemnify the department and/or board and these members and
31	agents for, and hold them harmless from, any and all costs, damages, and reasonable attorneys
32	fees arising from or related in any way to claims or actions against them as to matters to which
33	the immunity applies.
34	5-1-7. Practice prohibited Criminal penalties Injunctions (a) No individual

shall:

- 2 (1) Practice or offer to practice architecture in this state;
- 3 (2) Use any title, sign, card, or device implying that the individual is an architect or is 4 competent to practice architecture in this state;
  - (3) Use in connection with his or her name or otherwise any title or description conveying or tending to convey the impression that the individual is an architect or is competent to practice architecture in this state; or
  - (4) Use or display any words, letters, figures, seals, or advertisements indicating or implying that the individual is an architect or is competent to practice architecture in this state, unless that individual holds a currently valid certificate of registration/authorization issued pursuant to this chapter or is specifically exempted from holding a certificate under the provisions of this chapter.
  - (b) No sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership corporation, or limited liability company shall:
    - (1) Practice or offer to practice architecture in this state;
    - (2) Use any title, sign, card, or device implying that the sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation, or limited liability company is competent to practice architecture in this state;
    - (3) Use in connection with its name, or otherwise, any title or description conveying or tending to convey the impression that the entity is an architectural firm or is competent to practice architecture in this state; or
    - (4) Use or display any words, letters, figures, seals, or advertisements indicating that the entity is an architectural firm or is competent to practice architecture in this state, unless that sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation, or limited liability company complies with the requirements of this chapter.
    - (c) Any individual, sole proprietorship, limited liability partnership, corporation, or limited liability company which: (1) violates subsection (a) or (b) of this section; (2) presents or attempts to use the certificate of registration/authorization of another; (3) gives any false or forged evidence of any kind to the department, board or to any member of the board in obtaining or attempting to obtain a certificate of registration/authorization; (4) falsely impersonates any other registrant whether of a like or different name; (5) uses or attempts to use an expired, revoked, or nonexistent certificate of registration/authorization; (6) falsely claims to be registered under this chapter; or (7) otherwise violates any provision of this chapter; is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction, shall be sentenced to pay

- a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the first offense and a fine of not less
  than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each
  subsequent offense, or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both; and in the court's
  discretion and upon good cause shown, reimburse the board department for any and all fees,
  expenses, and costs incurred by the department and/or board in connection with the proceedings,
  including attorneys fees (which amounts shall be deposited as general revenues); and be subject
  to, in the board's director's discretion, public censure or reprimand.
  - (d) Either on his or her own initiative or on the recommendation of the board, the director The board has the power to institute injunction proceedings in superior court to prevent violations of subsection (a) or (b) or violations of section 5-1-12. In injunction proceedings, the board director is not required to prove that an adequate remedy at law does not exist, or that substantial or irreparable damage would result from continued violations. The superior court, in its discretion and in addition to any injunctive relief granted to the board department, may order that any person or entity in violation of this section shall:
  - (1) Upon good cause shown, reimburse the board department for any and all fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the department and/or board in connection with the proceedings, including attorneys fees (which amounts shall be deposited as general revenues); and/or
    - (2) Be subject to public censure or reprimand.

5-1-13. Revocation or suspension of certificates of registration or of authorization. -
(a) After notice and hearing as provided in section 5-1-13.1, the board director may in its discretion:(1) suspend, revoke, or annul, or take other permitted action with respect to or refuse to renew any certificate of registration; and/or (2) suspend, revoke, or annul, or take other permitted action with respect to or refuse to renew any certificate of authorization; and/or (3) publicly censure, reprimand, or censure in writing; and/or (4) limit the scope of practice of; and/or (5) impose an administrative fine upon (not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation); and/or (6) place on probation; and/or (7) for good cause shown, order a reimbursement of the department board for all fees, expenses, costs, and attorneys fees in connection with the proceedings (which amounts shall be deposited as general revenues), all with or without terms, conditions, or limitations, holders of a certificate of registration or a certificate of authorization (subsequently referred to as a licensee or licensees) for any or more of the causes set out in subsection (b) of this section.

- (b) The board director may take actions specified in subsection (a) of this section for any of the following causes:
- 34 (1) Bribery, fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in obtaining a certificate of registration or

- 1 certificate of authorization; 2 (2) Practicing architecture in another state, country, or jurisdiction in violation of the 3 laws of that state, country, or jurisdiction; 4 (3) Practicing architecture in this state in violation of the standards of professional 5 conduct established by the board and approved by the director; (4) Fraud, deceit, recklessness, gross negligence, misconduct, or incompetence in the 6 7 practice of architecture; 8 (5) Use of an architect's stamp in violation of section 5-1-12; 9 (6) Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or chapter 5-84; (7) Suspension or revocation of the right to practice architecture before any state or 10 11 before any other country or jurisdiction; 12 (8) Conviction of or pleading guilty or nolo contendere to any felony, or to any crime of, 13 or act constituting a crime of, forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, 14 bribery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any other similar offense, in a court of 15 competent jurisdiction of this state or any other state or of the federal government; 16 (9) Failure to furnish to the department, board, or any person acting on behalf of the 17 department and/or board, within sixty (60) days of notification any information that may be 18 legally requested by the department and/or board; 19 (10) In conjunction with any violation of subdivisions (1) -- (9) of this subsection, any 20 conduct reflecting adversely upon the licensee's fitness to engage in the practice of architecture; 21 and 22 (11) In conjunction with any violation of subdivisions (1) -- (9) of this subsection, any 23 other conduct injurious to the reputation of the architectural profession. 24 5-1-13.1. Initiation of proceedings -- Hearings before the board -- Appeals -- Notice 25 to other states. -- Initiation of proceedings -- Hearings before the department -- Appeals --Notice to other states. -- (a) The board director may initiate formal proceedings under this 26 27 chapter against holders of a certificate of registration and/or a certificate of authorization 28 (subsequently referred to as a licensee or licensees) either on his or her its own motion, upon 29 recommendation of the board, or on complaint of any person, upon a finding of probable cause by 30 a probable cause committee appointed by the board pursuant to section 5-1-5, or upon receiving 31 notification from another state board of architects or from the appropriate authority in another 32 country or jurisdiction of its decision to:
  - (1) Revoke, suspend, annul, or refuse to renew the practice privileges granted in that state or in that country or jurisdiction to the licensee; or

- (2) Publicly censure, or censure in writing, limit the scope of practice of, impose an administrative fine upon, or place on probation the licensee.
- (b) A written notice stating the nature of the charge or charges against the licensee and the time and place of the hearing before the board department on the charges shall be served on the licensee not less than twenty (20) days prior to the date of the hearing either personally or by mailing a copy of the notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address of the licensee last known to the board.
- (c) If, after being served with the notice of hearing as provided for in this section, the licensee fails to appear at the hearing and to defend against the stated charges, the board department may proceed to hear evidence against the licensee and may enter any order that is justified by the evidence. That order is final unless the licensee petitions for a review of it as provided in this section; provided, that within thirty (30) days from the date of any order, upon a showing of good cause for failing to appear and defend, the board department may reopen the proceedings and may permit the licensee to submit evidence in his, her or on its behalf.
- (d) (1) At any hearing pursuant to this section, the licensee may:
- (i) Appear in person or be represented by counsel;
  - (ii) Produce evidence and witnesses on his, her, or its behalf;
- 18 (iii) Cross examine witnesses; and

- 19 (iv) Examine the evidence that is produced.
  - (2) A sole proprietorship may be represented before the <u>department or</u> board by counsel or by the sole proprietor. A partnership or limited liability partnership may be represented before the <u>department or</u> board by counsel or any partner of the partnership. A corporation may be represented by counsel before the <u>department or</u> board or by any shareholder, officer or director of the corporation. A limited liability company may be represented before the <u>department or</u> board by counsel or by any member or manager of the limited liability company. The licensee is entitled, upon written application to the board, to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses on the licensee's behalf.
  - (e) The board or any member of the board director may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents and may administer oaths, take testimony, hear proofs and receive exhibits in evidence in connection with or upon hearing pursuant to this chapter. In case of disobedience to a subpoena, the board director may petition the superior court to require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence.
  - (f) The board department is not bound by strict rules of procedure or by laws of evidence

1	in the conduct of its proceedings, but any findings of fact and conclusions of law made by
2	determination of the director board is must be based upon sufficient legal evidence to sustain the
3	determination.
4	(g) A stenographic record Recordings of all hearings pursuant to this section shall be
5	kept and a transcript of the record filed with the board in accordance with the department's rules
6	of procedure for administrative hearings.
7	(h) The decision of the board shall be made by vote in accordance with the rules and
8	regulations established under section 5-1-5.
9	(i)(h) Any appeal from the decision of the board director, by a person or persons
10	adversely affected by the decision, is governed by section 42-35-15.
11	(j)(i) On the director rendering a decision to: (1) revoke, suspend, or annul, or refuse to
12	renew a certificate of registration issued under the laws of this state; (2) revoke, suspend, or anuul
13	refuse to renew a certificate of authorization issued under the laws of this state; or (3) publicly
14	censure, censure in writing, limit the scope of practice of, impose an administrative fine upon, or
15	place on probation a licensee, the board shall examine its records to determine whether the
16	licensee holds a certificate of registration or a certificate of authorization to practice in any other
17	state, country, or jurisdiction. If the board determines that the licensee in fact holds a certificate of
18	registration or certificate of authorization, the board shall immediately notify the board of
19	architecture of the other state, country, or jurisdiction by mail of it's the director's decision
20	pursuant to this section, and include in the notice an indication as to whether or not the licensee
21	has appealed the decision.
22	(k)(j) The board director may, in its his or her discretion, order any licensee against
23	whom proceedings have been initiated under sections 5-1-13 and 5-1-13.1 to reimburse the board
24	department for any fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the board department and/or in
25	connection with the proceedings, including attorneys fees. These fees shall be paid within thirty
26	(30) days from the date they are assessed and may be reviewed in accordance with section 42-35-
27	15, and deposited as general revenues.
28	(1)(k) The board may, in its discretion, issue a certificate of registration or certificate of
29	authorization to any applicant denied a certificate of registration or certificate of authorization,
30	under any of the provisions of this section upon presentation of suitable evidence.
31	(m)(l) The attorney general or his or her deputy department shall make its legal staff
32	available to act as legal advisor to the board and render any legal assistance that is necessary in
33	carrying out the provisions of this chapter. The board director may employ other counsel and
34	obtain other necessary assistance to be appointed by the governor to aid in the enforcement of this

- 1 chapter, and the compensation and expenses for the employment shall be paid from the fund of
- 2 the board department.
- 3 SECTION 2. Sections 5-8-2, 5-8-3, 5-8-8, 5-8-11, 5-8-13, 5-8-14, 5-8-18, 5-8-19, 5-8-20,
- 4 5-8-23 and 5-8-24 of the General Laws in Chapter 5-8 entitled "Engineers" are hereby amended
- 5 to read as follows:
- 6 **5-8-2. Definitions. --** As used or within the intent of this chapter:
- 7 (a) "Accredited program" means specific engineering curricula within established
- 8 institutions of higher learning that have both met the criteria of, and have been designated by, the
- 9 Engineering Accreditation Commission of the Accreditation Board for Engineering and
- 10 Technology, Inc. (ABET-EAC).
- 11 (b) "Board" means the state board of registration for professional engineers subsequently
- 12 provided by this chapter.
- 13 (c) "Engineer" means a person who, by reason of his or her special knowledge and use of
- 14 the mathematical, physical, and engineering sciences and the principles and methods of
- engineering analysis and design, acquired by engineering education and engineering experience,
- 16 is qualified to practice engineering, as subsequently defined, and as attested by his or her
- 17 registration as an engineer.
- 18 (d) "Engineer-in-training" means a person who complies with the requirements for
- 19 education, experience, and character, and has passed an examination in the fundamental
- 20 engineering subjects, as provided in sections 5-8-11 and 5-8-13.
- 21 (e) "National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying (NCEES)" is a
- 22 nationally recognized organization which assists state boards and territorial boards to better
- 23 discharge their duties and responsibilities in regulating the practice of engineering and land
- 24 surveying.
- 25 (f) (1) "Practice of engineering" means any service or creative work, the adequate
- 26 performance of which requires engineering education, training, and experience in the application
- 27 of special knowledge of the mathematical, physical, and engineering sciences to services or
- 28 creative work such as consultation, investigation, evaluation surveys, planning and design of
- 29 engineering systems, and the supervision of construction for the purpose of assuring compliance
- 30 with specifications; and embracing those services or work in connection with any public or
- 31 private utilities, structures, buildings, machines, equipment, processes, work, or projects in which
- 32 the public welfare or the safeguarding of life, health, or property is concerned.
- 33 (2) Any person shall be construed to practice or offer to practice engineering, within the
- meaning and intent of this chapter, who:

•	(i) Tractices any branch of the protession of engineering,
2	(ii) By verbal claim, sign, advertisement, letterhead, card, or in any other way represent
3	himself or herself to be an engineer, or through the use of some other title implies that he or she is
4	an engineer or that he or she is registered under this chapter; or
5	(iii) Holds himself or herself out as able to perform, or who does perform any
6	engineering service or work or any other service designated by the practitioner or recognized as
7	engineering.
8	(g) "Professional engineer" means a person who has been registered and licensed by the
9	state board of registration for professional engineers.
10	(h) "Responsible charge" means direct control and personal supervision of engineering
11	work.
12	(i) "Rules and regulations" means that document of the same title, as amended from time
13	to time, subject to the director's approval, that has been adopted by the board and filed with the
14	secretary of state in accordance with sections 42-35-3(a), 42-35-4(b), and 5-8-8.
15	(j) "Department" means the department of business regulation.
16	(k) "Director" means the director of the department of business regulation or his or he
17	designee.
18	5-8-3. Board Creation Duties Composition Appointments Terms (a
19	The duty of the board of engineers is to administer those provisions of this chapter that relate to
20	the regulation of professional engineering and the registration of professional engineers.
21	(b) The Subject to the approval of the director, the board of engineers shall establish any
22	rules and regulations for the conduct of its own proceedings, for examination of applicants, fo
23	registration of professional engineers and engineers-in-training, for continuing education
24	requirements, for conducting disciplinary proceedings to include investigating complaints to the
25	board and for governing the practice of engineering all that it deems appropriate.
26	(c) (1) Members of the board are subject to the provisions of chapter 14 of title 36. The
27	board consists of five (5) persons, who are appointed by the governor, and must have the
28	qualifications required by section 5-8-4. Each member of the board shall receive a certificate o
29	his or her appointment from the governor and shall file with the secretary of state his or he
30	written oath or affirmation for the faithful discharge of his or her official duty. Appointments to
31	the board shall be in the manner and for a period of time that the term of each member expires a
32	a different time. On the expiration of the term of any member, the governor shall in the manne
33	previously provided appoint for a term of five (5) years a registered professional engineer having
34	the qualifications required in section 5-8-4. A member may be reappointed to succeed himself o

1	nersen, but shan not serve more than two (2) run consecutive terms. Each member may not
2	office until the expiration of the term for which appointed or until a successor has been appointed
3	and has qualified.
4	(2) The board shall designate and establish a system of registration by discipline not later
5	than December 31, 1994, and shall subsequently administer that registration system.
6	(3) The registration system shall provide, at a minimum, for the registration of:
7	(i) Civil engineers;
8	(ii) Chemical engineers;
9	(iii) Electrical engineers;
10	(iv) Mechanical engineers;
11	(v) Structural engineers;
12	(vi) Environmental engineers; and
13	(vii) Fire protection engineers.
14	(4) The board may establish additional classifications by rule and regulation subject to
15	the approval of the director.
16	(5) Classification of disciplines shall conform to the standards established by the
17	NCEES. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the registration of a qualified applicant
18	to only one discipline.
19	(d) The board shall annually provide a written report to the director of the department of
20	business regulation presenting a summary of all fees collected, a list of all individuals registered,
21	a summary of all disciplinary actions taken, and the disposition of all complaints made to the
22	board. After reviewing the board's report, the director shall submit a copy of the report with his or
23	her comments on the performance of the board, its compliance with this chapter and the director's
24	recommendations, to the governor, the general assembly, and the board.
25	5-8-8. Board Powers (a) (1) The Subject to the approval of the director, the board
26	has the power to adopt and amend all bylaws and rules of procedure, not inconsistent with the
27	constitution and laws of this state or this chapter, which may be reasonably necessary for the
28	proper performance of its duties.
29	(2) The board shall adopt and have an official seal, which is affixed to each certificate
30	issued.
31	(b) In carrying into effect the provisions of this chapter, the board, under the hand of its
32	chairperson and the seal of the board, may recommend that the director subpoena witnesses and
33	compel their attendance, and also may recommend that the director order require the submission
34	of books, papers, documents, or other pertinent data, in any disciplinary matters, or in any case in

which a violation of this chapter <u>or chapter 5-84</u> is alleged. Upon failure or refusal to comply with that order <u>of the board</u>, or upon failure to honor <u>the its</u> subpoena, as provided in this section, the <u>director board</u> may apply to a court of any jurisdiction to enforce compliance with that order or subpoena.

- (c) Either on his or her own initiative or on the recommendation of the board, the director the board is authorized in the name of the state to apply for relief by injunction in the established manner provided in cases of civil procedure, without bond, to enforce the provisions of this chapter, or to restrain any violation of the provisions of this chapter. In injunction proceedings, it shall not be necessary to allege or prove either that an adequate remedy at law does not exist or that substantial or irreparable damage would result from the continued violation. The department and/or members of the board are not personally liable under this proceeding.
- (d) No action or other legal proceedings for damages shall be instituted against the department and/or board or against any member, employee, or agent thereof for any actions taken in good faith in the intended performance of any power granted under this chapter or for any neglect or default in the performance or exercise in good faith of that power. The state shall indemnify the department and/or board and these members, employees, or agents for, and hold them harmless from, any and all costs, damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees arising from or related in any way to claims or actions against them as to matters to which the immunity applies.
- 5-8-11. General requirements for registration or certification. -- (a) Engineer or engineer-in-training. To be eligible for registration as a professional engineer or certification as an engineer-in-training, an applicant must be of good character and reputation and shall submit five (5) references with his or her application for registration, three (3) of which references shall be registered engineers having personal knowledge of his or her engineering experience, or in the case of an application for certification as an engineer-in-training, by three (3) character references.
- (b) The following shall be considered minimum evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant is qualified for registration as a professional engineer or for certification as an engineer-in-training, respectively:
  - (1) As a professional engineer:
- (i) Registration by endorsement. (A) A person holding a current certificate of registration to engage in the practice of engineering, on the basis of comparable written examinations, issued to him or her by either a proper authority of a state, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, or of any foreign country, and whose qualifications meets the requirements of this chapter, based on verified evidence may, upon application, be registered

without further examination.

- (B) A person holding a certificate of qualification issued by the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying, whose qualifications meet the requirements of this chapter, may, upon application, be registered without further examination, provided he or she is qualified.
- (ii) Graduation from an accredited program, experience and examination. A graduate of or senior enrolled in an ABET-EAC accredited engineering curriculum of four (4) years or more approved by the board as being of satisfactory standing, shall be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of engineering. Upon passing this examination and obtaining a specific record of a minimum of four (4) years of experience in engineering work of a grade and character which indicates to the board that the applicant may be competent to practice engineering, the applicant may be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the principles and practice of engineering. The graduate having a specific record of twelve (12) years or more of experience in engineering work of a grade and character which indicates to the board that the applicant may be competent to practice engineering, shall be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the principles and practice of engineering. Upon passing that examination, the applicant shall be granted a certificate of registration to practice engineering in this state, provided he or she is qualified.
- (iii) Graduation from a non-accredited program, experience, and examination. A graduate of or senior enrolled in an engineering curriculum of four (4) years or more other than those approved by the board as being of satisfactory standing shall be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of engineering. Upon passing this examination and obtaining a specific record of a minimum of four (4) years of experience in engineering work of a grade and character which indicates to the board that the applicant may be competent to practice engineering, the applicant may be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the principles and practice of engineering. Upon passing these examinations, the applicant shall be granted a certificate of registration to practice engineering in this state, provided he or she is qualified.
- (iv) Teaching. Engineering teaching in a college or university offering an ABET-EAC accredited engineering curriculum of four (4) years or more may be considered as engineering experience.
- (v) Engineers previously registered. Each engineer holding a certificate of registration and each engineer-in-training under the laws of this state as previously in effect shall be deemed registered as an engineer or engineer-in-training as appropriate under this chapter.

(2) As an engineer-in-training: the following is considered as minimum evidence that the
applicant is qualified for certification as an engineer in training:

- (i) Graduation and examination. A graduate of an ABET-EAC accredited engineering curriculum of four (4) years or more who has passed the board's eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of engineering shall be certified or enrolled as an engineer-intraining, if he or she is qualified.
- (ii) Graduation from a non-accredited program and examination. A graduate of a non-accredited engineering curriculum of four (4) years or more who has passed the board's eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of engineering and has obtained two (2) years of engineering experience of a grade and character approved by the board shall be certified and enrolled as an engineer in training, if he or she is qualified.
- (iii) Duration of engineer in training certification. The certification or enrollment of an engineer in training shall be valid for a minimum period of twelve (12) years.
  - <u>5-8-13. Examinations. --</u> (a) Written examinations Examinations shall be held twice each year at the times and places that the board determines. Examinations required on fundamental engineering subjects may be taken as provided in § 5-8-11. The principles and practice examinations may not be taken until the applicant has completed a period of engineering experience as prescribed in § 5-8-11.
  - (b) The passing grade on any examination shall not be less than seventy percent (70%) as established by NCEES. A candidate failing one examination may apply for reexamination, which may be granted upon payment of a fee to cover the charges and expenses of examination and scoring. Any candidate for registration having an average grade of less than fifty percent (50%) may not apply for reexamination for one year. Any candidate for certification or registration failing an examination three (3) or more times must appear before the board in person to request permission to be reexamined in accordance with the board's rules and regulations.
  - 5-8-14. Certificates of registration-Enrollment cards-Seals.-- (a) With the assistance of the department, the The board shall issue and renew a certificate of registration, upon payment of the registration fee as provided for in this chapter, to any applicant, who, in the opinion of the board, has met the requirements of this chapter. Enrollment cards shall be issued to those who qualify as engineers-in-training. Certificates of registration shall carry the designation "professional engineer", show the full name of the registrant without any titles, have a serial number and shall be signed by the chairperson of the board.
  - (b) The issuance of a certificate of registration by the board is prima facie evidence that the person named in the certificate is entitled to all rights and privileges of a professional engineer

while the certificate remains unrevoked or unexpired.

- (c) Each registrant under this chapter may, upon registration obtain a seal of the design authorized by the board bearing the registrant's name, serial number, and the legend "Registered professional engineer". Final engineering drawings, specifications, plats, and reports prepared by a registrant shall be, when issued, signed, dated, and stamped with his or her seal or facsimile of a seal. It is unlawful for an engineer to affix, or permit his or her seal or facsimile of a seal to be affixed, to any work of which the engineer has not been responsibly charged to any engineering drawings, specifications, plats, or reports after expiration of a certificate or for the purpose of aiding or abetting any other person to evade or attempt to evade any provision of this chapter.
  - (d) Any party aggrieved by the board's decision regarding license issuance or renewal may, within ten (10) days of the decision, appeal the matter to the director by submitting a written request for a formal hearing to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 5-8-18.
  - 5-8-18. Suspension, refusal to renew, and revocation of certificates Complaints

    Hearings.—Suspension and revocation of certificates Complaints Hearings.—

    (a) After notice and a hearing as provided in this section, the director board may in his or her its discretion or upon recommendation of the board: (1) suspend, revoke, or take other permitted action with respect to refuse to renew any certificate of registration; (2) revoke, or suspend or take other permitted action with respect to refuse to renew any certificate of authorization; (3) publicly censure, or reprimand or censure in writing; (4) limit the scope of practice of; (5) impose an administrative fine upon, not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation; (6) place on probation; and/or (7) for good cause shown order a reimbursement of the department board for all fees, expenses, costs, and attorneys fees in connection with the proceedings, which amounts shall be deposited as general revenues; all with or without terms, conditions or limitations, holders of a certificate of registration or a certificate of authorization, referred to as licensee(s), for any one or more of the causes set out in subsection (b) of this section.
  - (b) The <u>director</u> board may take actions specified in subsection (a) of this section for any of the following causes:
  - (1) Bribery, fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in obtaining a certificate of registration or certificate of authorization;
- 30 (2) Practicing engineering in another state or country or jurisdiction in violation of the laws of that state or country or jurisdiction;
  - (3) Practicing engineering in this state in violation of the standards of professional conduct established by the board <u>and approved by the director</u>;
- 34 (4) Fraud, deceit, recklessness, gross negligence, misconduct, or incompetence in the

1	practice of engineering;
2	(5) Use of an engineer's stamp in violation of section 5-8-14;
3	(6) Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or chapter 5-84;
4	(7) Suspension or revocation of the right to practice engineering before any state or
5	before any other country or jurisdiction;
6	(8) Conviction of or pleading guilty or nolo contendere to any felony or to any crime of,
7	or an act constituting a crime of, forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses,
8	bribery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any other similar offense or offenses
9	involving moral turpitude, in a court of competent jurisdiction of this state or any other state or of
10	the federal government;
11	(9) Failure to furnish to the department and/or board or any person acting on behalf of the
12	department and/or board in a reasonable time any information that may be legally requested by
13	the <u>department and/or</u> board;
14	(10) In conjunction with any violation of subdivisions (1)(9) of this subsection, any
15	conduct reflecting adversely upon the licensee's fitness to engage in the practice of engineering;
16	and
17	(11) In conjunction with any violation of subdivisions (1)(9) of this subsection, any
18	other conduct discreditable to the engineering profession.
19	(c) Any person may file complaints of fraud, deceit, gross negligence, incompetence, or
20	misconduct against any registrant. Those charges shall be in writing, sworn to by the person or
21	persons making them and filed with the board.
22	(d) All charges, unless dismissed by the director board as unfounded or trivial, shall be
23	heard by the director board within six (6) months after the date on which they have been properly
24	filed or within six (6) months following resolution of similar charges that have been brought
25	against a registrant who is before another regulatory body.
26	(e) The time and place for the hearing pursuant to subsection (d) of this section shall be
27	fixed by the <u>department</u> board, and a copy of charges, together with a notice of the time and place
28	of hearing, shall be personally served on or mailed to the last known address of the registrant, at
29	least thirty (30) days before the date fixed for the hearing. At any hearing, the accused registrant
30	shall have the right to appear personally and/or by counsel, to cross-examine witnesses appearing
31	against him or her, and to produce evidence and witnesses in his or her own defense. The board
32	may participate in formal proceedings through representation by the department's legal staff
33	acting as the prosecuting agent before the director.

(f) If, after the hearing pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the evidence is in favor

- of sustaining the charges, the <u>director board</u> may in <u>his or her its</u> discretion suspend, <u>refuse to</u>
  renew, <u>or revoke, or take other permitted action with respect to</u> the certificate of registration or
  certificate of authorization, or publicly censure the licensee, or take any other action and/or order
  any other penalty permitted by this section. The <u>department board</u>, for reasons it deems sufficient,
  may reissue a certificate of registration or certificate of authorization or renewal to any person or
- 7 (g) In addition, the <u>The</u> board <u>or the department</u> may on its own motion investigate the 8 conduct of an applicant, engineer, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership,

firm whose certificate has been revoked.

corporation, limited liability company or individual.

- 10 (h) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the board from entering into
  11 consent agreements or informal resolutions with any party under investigation for violations
  12 under this chapter and/or chapter 5-84.
  - <u>5-8-19. Appeals. --</u> Any person, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company aggrieved by any decision or ruling of the <u>department board</u> may appeal from it in accordance with the provisions of chapter 35 of title 42. For the purposes of this section, the division or board is considered a person.
  - 5-8-20. Violations and penalties-Enforcement-Injunctions.-- (a) No individual shall: (1) practice or offer to practice engineering in this state; (2) use any title, sign, card, or device implying that the individual is an engineer or is competent to practice engineering in this state; (3) use in connection with his or her name or otherwise any title or description conveying or tending to convey the impression that the individual is an engineer or is competent to practice engineering in this state; or (4) use or display any words, letters, figures, seals, or advertisements indicating that the individual is an engineer or is competent to practice engineering in this state; unless that individual holds a currently valid certificate issued pursuant to this chapter or is specifically exempted from the certificate requirement under the provisions of this chapter.
  - (b) No sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company shall: (1) practice or offer to practice engineering in this state; (2) use any title, sign, card, or device implying that the sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company is competent to practice engineering in this state; (3) use in connection with its name or otherwise any title or description conveying or tending to convey the impression that the entity is an engineering firm or is competent to practice engineering in this state; or (4) use or display any words, letters, figures, seals, or advertisements indicating that the entity is an engineering firm or is competent to practice engineering in this state; unless that sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or

limited liability company complies with the requirements of this chapter.

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- (c) Any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company which: (1) violates subsection (a) or (b) of this section; (2) presents or attempts to use the certificate of registration/authorization of another; (3) gives any false or forged evidence of any kind to the department, board or to any member or employee thereof in obtaining or attempting to obtain a certificate of registration/authorization; (4) falsely impersonates any other registrant whether of a like or different name; (5) uses or attempts to use an expired, revoked, or nonexistent certificate of registration/authorization; (6) falsely claims to be registered under this chapter; or (7) otherwise violates any provision of this chapter; is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the first offense and a fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each subsequent offense, or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both; and in the court's discretion and upon good cause shown reimburse the department board for any and all fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the board in connection with the proceedings, including attorneys fees, which amount shall be deposited as general revenues; and be subject to, in the director's board's discretion, public censure or reprimand.
- (d) The board Either on his or her own initiative or on the recommendation of the board, the director has the power to institute injunction proceedings in superior court to prevent violations of subsection (a) or (b) of this section or violations of § 5-8-1. In injunction proceedings, the director board shall not be required to prove that an adequate remedy at law does not exist, or that substantial or irreparable damage would result from continued violations. The superior court, in its discretion and in addition to any injunctive relief granted to the department board, may order that any person or entity in violation of this section shall:
- (1) Upon good cause shown reimburse the board department for any and all fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the board and/or the department in connection with the proceedings, including attorneys fees, which amounts shall be deposited as general revenues; and/or
  - (2) Be subject to public censure or reprimand.
- (e) It is the duty of all constituted officers of the state and all political subdivisions of the state, to enforce the provisions of this chapter and to prosecute any persons violating those provisions.
- (f) The attorney general of the state or his or her assistant department shall make its legal staff available to act as legal adviser to the board and render any legal assistance that is necessary

in carrying out the provisions of this chapter. The <u>director</u> board may employ counsel and necessary assistance to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, and their compensation and expenses shall be paid from funds as provided in § 5-8-23.

<u>5-8-23. Deposit of fees.--</u> (a) The proceeds of any fees collected pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be deposited as general revenues.

(b) The board is empowered to collect any fees and charges that are prescribed in this chapter and to apply those fees and charges to the cost of fulfilling the requirements and responsibilities of this chapter. The board shall share proportionately with the board of registration of professional land surveyors the expenses of operating the two boards.

5-8-24. Sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporate and limited liability company.-- (a) The practice or offer to practice engineering as defined by this chapter by a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or a limited liability company subsequently referred to as the "firm", through individuals is permitted; provided, that the individuals: (1) are in direct control of the practice; (2) exercise personal supervision of all personnel who act in behalf of the firm in professional and technical matters; and (3) are registered under the provisions of this chapter; and provided, that the firm has been issued a certificate of authorization by the board of engineers.

(b)(1) Within one year after enactment of this chapter, every firm must obtain a certificate of authorization from the board and those individuals in direct control of the practice and who exercise direct supervision of all personnel who act in behalf of the firm in professional and technical matters must be registered with the board. The certificate of authorization shall be issued by the board, with the assistance of the department, upon satisfaction of the provisions of this chapter and the payment of a fee not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150). This fee is waived if the firm consists of only one person who is the person in responsible charge.

- (2) Every firm desiring a certificate of authorization must file with the board an application for a certificate of authorization on a form to be provided by the board. A separate form provided by the board shall be filed with each renewal of the certificate of authorization and within thirty (30) days of the time any information previously filed with the board has changed, is no longer true or valid, or has been revised for any reason. If, in its judgment, the information contained on the application and renewal form is satisfactory and complete, the board, with the assistance of the department, will issue a certificate of authorization for the firm to practice engineering in this state.
- 33 (3) No firm that has been granted a certificate of authorization by the board shall be 34 relieved of responsibility for modification or derivation of the certificate, unless the board has

1 issued for the applicant a certificate of authorization or a letter indicating the eligibility of the 2 applicant to receive the certificate. The firm applying shall supply the certificate or letter from the 3 board with its application for incorporation, organization or registration as a foreign corporation. 4 (c) Any party aggrieved by the board's decision regarding license issuance or renewal 5 may, within ten (10) days of the decision, appeal the matter to the director by submitting a written request for a formal hearing in accordance with the provisions of section 5-8-18. 6 7 SECTION 3. Sections 5-8.1-2, 5-8.1-4, 5-8.1-9, 5-8.1-10, 5-8.1-12, 5-8.1-15, 5-8.1-16, 8 and 5-8.1-17 of the General Laws in Chapter 5-8.1 entitled "Land Surveyors" are hereby amended 9 and/or added to read as follows: 10 5-8.1-2. Definitions. -- The following definitions apply in the interpretation of the 11 provisions of this chapter, unless the context requires another meaning: 12 (1) "ABET" means the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology. 13 (2) "Accredited program" means an approved program or course of study currently 14 accredited and subject to review by the accepted national organization ABET (land surveying) 15 and any other similar school or course of study which fulfills equivalent requirements which the 16 board approves. 17 (3) "Applicant" means an individual who has submitted an application for registration to 18 practice land surveying as a surveyor-in-training, and/or a certification of authorization. 19 (4) "Board of land surveyors", "board of professional land surveyors" or "board" means 20 the board of registration for professional land surveyors, as subsequently provided by this 21 chapter. 22 (5) "Candidate" means a person who has the qualifications prerequisite by statute and 23 board regulation for admission to examination and who has filed with the board an application for 24 registration accompanied by the required examination fee. 25 (6) "Certificate of registration" means a certificate issued by the board of professional 26 land surveyors to a person to engage in the profession regulated by the board. 27 (7) "Experience" means combined office and field work in land surveying satisfactory to 28 the board, including any work which is performed under the direct control and personal 29 supervision of a professional land surveyor. 30 (8) "Land surveyor-in-training" means a person who has qualified for, taken and passed 31 an examination in the fundamentals of land surveying. 32 (9) "NCEES" means the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying. 33 (10) "Part-time" means any type of employment or work engagement that requires less

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than twenty (20) hours of labor per week.

(11) "Practice of land surveying" means any service or work, the adequate performance
of which involves the application of special knowledge of the principles of mathematics, the
related physical and applied sciences and the relevant requirements of law for adequate evidence
to perform the act of measuring and locating lines, angles, elevations, natural and manmade
features in the air, on the surface of the earth, within underground workings, and on the beds of
bodies of water for the purpose of determining areas and volumes, for the monumenting of
property boundaries and for the platting and layout of lands and their subdivisions, including the
topography, alignment, and grades of streets and for the preparation of maps, record plats, field
note records and property descriptions that represent these surveys.

- (12) "Practice or offer to practice" means a person who engages in land surveying, or who by verbal claim, sign, letterhead, card or in any other way represents himself or herself to be a professional land surveyor.
- (13) "Principal" means an individual who is a registered professional land surveyor and who is an officer, shareholder, director, partner, member, manager or owner of that organization and who is in responsible charge of an organization's professional practice for which he or she is registered.
- (14) "Professional land surveyor" means a person who has been duly registered as a professional land surveyor by the board established under this chapter, and who is a professional specialist in the technique of measuring land, educated in the basic principles of mathematics, the related physical and applied sciences and the relevant requirements of law for adequate evidence and all to surveying of real property and engaged in the practice of land surveying as defined in this section.
- (15) "Registrant" means an individual who has been issued a certificate of registration by the board of professional land surveyors.
- (16) "Registrant's seal" means an emblem of a type, shape, and size and as specified by the board of registration of professional land surveyors for use by an individual registrant to stamp legal descriptions final drawings, specifications, and reports.
- (17) "Related curriculum" means an educational program of sufficient length and academic quality and content to satisfy the board.
- (18) "Responsible charge" means direct control and personal supervision of the work performed. No person may serve in responsible charge of land surveying work done in Rhode Island unless that person is registered as a professional land surveyor by the board.
- (19) "Rules and regulations" means that document of the same title, as amended from time to time, subject to the director's approval, that has been duly adopted by the board of

1	professional land surveyors, and which prescribes the manner in which that board administers its
2	affairs and establishes rules of conduct, procedures, and standards for adherence by all persons
3	registered by the board, filed with the secretary of state in accordance with the provisions of §§
4	42-35-3(a) and 42-35-4(b), and this chapter.
5	(20) "Department" means the department of business regulation.
6	(21) "Director" means the director of the department of business regulation or his or her
7	designee.
8	5-8.1-4. Board of registration for professional land surveyorsAuthority, powers,
9	and duties (a) The duty of the board of land surveyors is to administer the provisions of this
10	chapter in regards to the regulation of professional land surveying and the registration of
11	professional land surveyors.
12	(b)(1) The Subject to the director's approval, the board of land surveyors may establish
13	any rules and regulations for the conduct of its own proceedings, for examination of applicants,
14	for registration of professional land surveyors and surveyors in training, for continuing education
15	requirements, and for governing the practice of land surveying, that it deems appropriate.
16	(2) Upon July 12, 1990, the rules and regulations in effect prior to that date shall remain
17	in effect until adoption of new rules and regulations.
18	(c) The board of professional land surveyors shall hold examinations for qualified
19	individuals applying for registration as professional land surveyors or for certification as
20	surveyors-in-training at least once a year.
21	(d) The With the assistance of the department, the board of land surveyors shall issue and
22	renew certificates of registration to individuals who have qualified to practice professional land
23	surveying under the provisions of this chapter.
24	(e) The director, on his or her own motion or upon recommendation of the board of
25	professional land surveyors, has the power to suspend, refuse to renew, or revoke, or take other
26	permitted action with respect to certificates of registration in accordance with the provisions of
27	this chapter. In all disciplinary proceedings brought pursuant to this chapter, the director board
28	has the power to administer oaths, to summon witnesses and to compel the production of
29	documents in accordance with procedures applicable in the superior court. Upon failure of any
30	person to appear to produce documents in accordance with the board's order, the director board
31	may apply to a court of any jurisdiction to enforce compliance with the order.
32	(f) The board of professional land surveyors Either on his or her own initiative or on the
33	recommendation of the board, the director is authorized in the name of the state to apply for relief
34	by injunction in the established manner provided in cases of civil procedure, without bond, to

1	enforce the provisions of this chapter, or to restrain any violations of this chapter. In those
2	proceedings, it is not necessary to allege or prove, either that an adequate remedy at law does not
3	exist or that substantial or irreparable damage would result from the continued violation of this
4	chapter. The department and/or the members of the board are not personally liable under this
5	proceeding.
6	(g) No action or other legal proceedings for damages shall be instituted against the
7	department and/or board or against any board member or employee of the department or board
8	for any act done in good faith and in the intended performance of any power granted under this
9	chapter or for any neglect or default in the performance or exercise in good faith of that duty or
10	power. The state shall indemnify the department and/or board and the members, employees, and
11	agents for, and hold them harmless from, any and all costs, damages, and reasonable attorneys
12	fees arising from or related in any way to claims or actions against them as to matters to which
13	the immunity applies.
14	(h) The <u>department and/or</u> board is empowered to collect any fees and charges prescribed
15	in this chapter and to apply the fees and charges to the cost of fulfilling the requirements and
16	responsibilities of this chapter.
17	5-8.1-9. Board of registration for professional land surveyors – Application and
18	qualification for registration (a) Application for registration as a professional land surveyor
19	or certification as a surveyor-in-training shall be made, in writing, on a form prescribed and
20	furnished by the board of land surveyors. The application shall:
21	(i) Contain statements made under oath;
22	(ii) Show the applicant's education;
23	(iii) Contain a detailed summary of the applicant's technical and professional experience;
24	and
25	(iv) Designate references as described in this section.
26	(b) The fee established in § 5-8.1-11 must accompany each application. Failure to include
27	this fee will result in the application being returned to the applicant without consideration by the
28	board.
29	(c) To be eligible for registration as a professional land surveyor, an applicant must be of
30	good character and reputation. Additionally, the applicant must submit five (5) references with
30	good character and reputation. Additionally, the applicant must submit five (5) references with his or her application, three (3) of which are from registered professional land surveyors having

personal knowledge of his or her land surveying experience. No person seeking his or her initial

registration as a professional land surveyor shall be granted the certificate without first

completing a surveyor-in-training program as prescribed and approved by the board.

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(d) To be eligible for certification as a surveyor-in-training, an applicant must be of good character and reputation substantiated by an interview with a quorum of the board of registration and additionally must submit three (3) character references one of which must be from a professional land surveyor.

- (e) One of the following shall be considered as minimum evidence to the board that the applicant is qualified for registration as a professional land surveyor or for certification as a land-surveyor-in training, respectively:
- (i) Graduation from a four (4) year survey degree program, experience and examination. A graduate of a four (4) year survey degree program may be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of land surveying. Upon passing that examination the applicant is granted a surveyor-in-training certificate in this state. After receiving the surveyor-in-training certificate the applicant will need a specific record of a minimum four (4) years of experience in land surveying. This verified experience shall be under the direct supervision of a registered professional land surveyor, satisfactory to the board and shall be broken down as follows. At a minimum twenty percent (20%) shall be field experience, twenty percent (20%) shall be research, deed evidence, reconciliation, etc. and twenty percent (20%) shall be property line calculations and determination. Once the experience has been deemed satisfactory to the board, the applicant may be admitted to a six (6) hour written an examination in the principles and practice of land surveying plus an additional two (2) hour written Rhode Island legal portion. Upon passing that examination, the applicant is granted a certificate of registration to practice land surveying in this state, provided the applicant is qualified.
- (ii) Graduation from a four (4) year degree program, experience and examination. A graduate of a four (4) year degree program who has also fulfilled the four (4) year core curriculum (see paragraph (iii) below) may be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of land surveying. Upon passing that examination the applicant is granted a surveyor-in-training certificate in this state. After receiving the surveyor-in-training certificate the applicant will need a specific record of a minimum five (5) years of experience in land surveying. This verified experience shall be under the direct supervision of a registered professional land surveyor, satisfactory to the board and shall be broken down as follows: At a minimum twenty percent (20%) shall be field experience; twenty percent (20%) shall be research, deed evidence, reconciliation, etc. and twenty percent (20%) shall be property line calculations and determination. Once the experience has been deemed satisfactory to the board, the applicant may be admitted to a six (6) hour written an examination in the principles and practice of land surveying plus an additional two (2) hour written Rhode Island legal portion. Upon passing that

- examination, the applicant is granted a certificate of registration to practice land surveying in this state, provided the applicant is qualified.
- 3 (iii) Four (4) year core curriculum. An applicant with a four (4) year degree as described 4 in paragraph (ii) above may need to take additional courses to fulfill, at a minimum, the following 5 core curriculum. For the following list of classes any equivalent class may be taken and any 6 survey related course may be substituted upon approval of the board:
- 7 (A) Surveying I (3 credit hours), Surveying II (3 credit hours).
- 8 (B) GPS & Geodetic control (3 credit hours).
- 9 (C) Photogrammetry and remote sensing (3 credit hours).
- 10 (D) Boundary adjustment computations (3 credit hours).
- 11 (E) Land development/planning (3 credit hours).
- 12 (F) Geographic/land information systems (3 credit hours).
- 13 (G) Physics I with lab (4 credit hours).
- 14 (H) Calculus I (4 credit hours), Calculus II (4 credit hours).
- 15 (I) Statistical analysis (3 credit hours).
- (J) Law (12 credit hours): boundary law, law of contracts, law of property, estates &trusts, professional ethics.
- 18 (K) Business (9 credit hours): Quantitative business analysis I, business administration,
  19 small business management, micro economics.
- 20 (L) Science (9 credit hours): geology, astronomy, soils, dendrology, chemistry, biology, 21 ecology.
  - (M) Computer usage (12 credit hours): introduction to computers, computer science, computer programming, AutoCAD basics, AutoCAD advanced.
- 24 (N) English composition (3 credit hours).

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- 25 (O) Advanced communication (6 credit hours): technical writing, creative writing or speech.
  - (iv) Graduation from a two (2) year survey degree program, experience, and examination. A graduate of a two (2) year survey degree program may be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of land surveying. Upon passing that examination the applicant is granted a surveyor-in-training certificate in this state. After receiving the surveyor-in-training certificate the applicant will need a specific record of a minimum six (6) years of verified experience in land surveying. (Four (4) of the years of experience shall be after receiving a surveyor-in-training certificate). All six (6) years of experience shall be under the direct supervision of a registered professional land surveyor, satisfactory to the board and shall be

broken down as follows: At a minimum twenty percent (20%) shall be field experience, twenty percent (20%) shall be research, deed evidence, reconciliation, etc. and twenty percent (20%) shall be property line calculations and determination. Once the experience has been deemed satisfactory to the board, the applicant may be admitted to a six (6) hour written an examination in the principles and practice of land surveying plus an additional two (2) hour written Rhode Island legal portion. Upon passing that examination, the applicant is granted a certificate of registration to practice land surveying in this state, provided the applicant is qualified.

- (v) Graduation from a two (2) year degree program, experience, and examination. A graduate of a two (2) year degree program who has also fulfilled the two (2) year core curriculum (see paragraph (vi) below) may be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of land surveying. Upon passing that examination the applicant is granted a surveyor-in-training certificate in this state. After receiving the surveyor-in-training certificate the applicant will need a specific record of a minimum seven (7) years of verified experience in land surveying. (Four (4) of the years of experience shall be after receiving a surveyor-in-training certificate). All seven (7) years of experience shall be under the direct supervision of a registered professional land surveyor, satisfactory to the board and shall be broken down as follows: At a minimum twenty percent (20%) shall be field experience; twenty percent (20%) shall be research, deed evidence, reconciliation, etc. and twenty percent (20%) shall be property line calculations and determination. Once the experience has been deemed satisfactory to the board, the applicant may be admitted to a six (6) hour written an examination in the principles and practice of land surveying plus an additional two (2) hour written Rhode Island legal portion. Upon passing that examination, the applicant is granted a certificate of registration to practice land surveying in this state, provided the applicant is qualified.
- (vi) Two (2) year core curriculum. An applicant with a two (2) year degree as described in paragraph (v) above may need to take additional courses to fulfill, at a minimum, the following core curriculum. For the following list of classes any equivalent class may be taken and any survey related course may be substituted upon approval of the board:
- (A) Surveying I (3 credit hours), Surveying II (3 credit hours).
- (B) Mathematics (12 credit hours): advanced algebra, analytical trigonometry, analytical geometry, spherical trigonometry, statistical analysis or quantitative business analysis I, Analytical trigonometry and analytical geometry are mandatory classes to fulfill the (12 credit hours).
- (C) Business and law (6 credit hours): legal principles, business administration, law of contracts, law of property, estates & trusts, professional ethics.

- (D) Science (6 credit hours): physics, geology, astronomy, soils, dendrology, chemistry, biology, ecology.
- 3 (E) Computer usage (6 credit hours): introduction to computers, computer science, 4 computer programming, AutoCAD basics, AutoCAD advanced.
  - (F) English composition (3 credit hours).

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- (G) Advanced communication (6 credit hours): technical writing, creative writing or speech.
  - (vii) Graduation from a two (2) year program, experience and examination. Any person obtaining a minimum of five (5) years experience under the supervision of a registered professional land surveyor, and is satisfactory to the board, may be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of land surveying. Upon passing that examination the applicant is granted a surveyor-in-training certificate (LSIT), in this state provided the applicant is qualified. Upon obtaining a specific record of a minimum of an additional five (5) years of experience of combined office and field experience satisfactory to the board in land surveying, which experience was under the direct supervision of a registered professional land surveyor, and which experience indicates to the board that the applicant may be competent to practice land surveying, and the person is a graduate of a land surveying or related curriculum of satisfactory standing, of two (2) years or more approved by the board, who has obtained an associates degree in land surveying or related curriculum, the applicant may be submitted to a six (6) hour written an examination in the principles and practice of land surveying plus an additional two (2) hour written Rhode Island legal portion. Upon passing that examination, the applicant is granted a certificate of registration to practice land surveying in this state, provided the applicant is qualified. This subsection expires at midnight, December 31, 2009.
  - (viii) In certain instances in which an applicant presents an experience of unusually high quality, the board, at its complete discretion, may allow an applicant, having acquired six (6) verified years of active office and field experience in land surveying, which experience has been under the direct supervision of a professional land surveyor, to be admitted to an eight (8) hour written examination in the fundamentals of land surveying. Upon passing those examinations, the applicant is granted a surveyor-in-training certificate in the state. This subsection does not exempt the applicant from the required degree or the experience after obtaining the surveyor-in-training certificate (LSIT).
  - (ix) Surveying teaching. Teaching of advanced land surveying subjects in a college or university offering an approved land surveying curriculum may be considered as land surveying experience satisfactory to the board.

(x) Registration by comity or endorsement. A person holding a current certificate of
registration to engage in the practice of land surveying issued to him or her by a proper authority
of a state, territory, or possession of the United States, or the District of Columbia must have, at
the time they were licensed, met the existing Rhode Island requirements for licensure. All
applicants applying under this section must have passed the written examinations in the
fundamentals of land surveying and the principles and practice of land surveying. If, based upon
verified evidence and the opinion of the board, the applicant meets all appropriate requirements
of this section, the applicant will be allowed to take the two (2) hour written Rhode Island legal
portion. Upon passing this examination the applicant shall be granted a certificate of registration
to practice land surveying in this state, provided the applicant is qualified.

- (f) The passing grade on all examinations offered by the land surveyors is not less than seventy percent (70%). An applicant failing any examination may apply for re-examination upon payment of the appropriate fees. An applicant who scores less than fifty percent (50%) on any examination may not apply for re-examination for at least one year.
- (g) An applicant who fails any of the exams three (3) times shall be interviewed by the board, before any further application can be acted upon. It is the applicant's responsibility to show the board that he or she will be successful if allowed to take the exam again. If in the board's opinion the applicant can not satisfactorily demonstrate that he or she is qualified to re-take the exam, the board may require that the applicant acquire additional knowledge, education, and or experience, satisfactory to the board before the applicant may sit for another exam.
- <u>5-8.1-10.</u> Board of registration for professional land surveyors--Issuance and renewal of certificates.-- (a) Surveyors previously registered. Each land surveyor holding a certificate of registration under the laws of this state as previously in effect shall be deemed registered as a professional land surveyor under this chapter.
- (b) Surveyors-in-training previously registered. Each surveyor-in-training previously enrolled under the laws of this state as previously in effect shall be deemed enrolled under this chapter.
- (c) Certificates of registration. The With the assistance of the department, the board of land surveyors shall issue a certificate of registration upon payment of the registration fee as provided for in this chapter to any applicant, who, in the judgment of the board, has met the requirements of this chapter. Enrollment cards are issued to those who qualify as surveyors-intraining. The certificate of registration shall:
- 33 (1) Carry the designation "professional land surveyor";
  - (2) Show the full name of the registrant, without any titles;

(3) Have a serial number; and

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- 2 (4) Be signed by both the chairperson and secretary of the board of land surveyors.
  - (d) Effect of certification. The issuance of a certificate of registration by the board of land surveyors is prima facie evidence that the person named in the certificate is entitled to all rights and privileges of a professional land surveyor while the certificate of registration remains unrevoked or unexpired.
  - (e) Expiration and renewals. Certificates of registration that expire are invalid, rendering practice authorized on the basis of that certificate illegal. It is the duty of the board of land surveyors to notify every person registered under this chapter of the date of the expiration of his or her certificate and the amount of the fee required for its renewal. That notice shall be mailed to the registrant at his or her last known address at least one month in advance of the date of the expiration of that certificate and it is the responsibility of each person registered under this chapter to renew his or her certificate of registration prior to its expiration. Renewal may be effected at any time prior to or during the month of June of each odd-numbered year (meaning biennially) commencing in year 2003 (provided, that any said renewal shall be post-marked no later than June 30th in that year in order to be valid), or at any other time that the law provides for, by the payment of the fee required by this chapter. Renewal of an expired certificate may be effected, with the director's approval, within a period of four (4) years, provided, that evidence is submitted to the board of land surveyors attesting to the continued competence and good character of the applicant. The amount to be paid for the renewal of a certificate after the date of expiration shall be double the regular fee. In the event renewal is not made before the end of the second year, the board of land surveyors may require any re-examination that it deems appropriate and the amount to be paid for the renewal shall be as stated in this section.
  - (f) Lapsed certificates. Any registrant who allows his or her certificate of registration to lapse for more than four (4) years shall reapply for registration in accordance with the requirements stated in § 5-8.1-9.
  - (g) Re-issuance of certificate. A duplicate certificate of registration, to replace any certificate lost, destroyed, or mutilated may be issued by the board of land surveyors upon payment of the fee required by § 5-8.1-11.
  - (h) Any party aggrieved by the board's decision regarding license issuance or renewal may, within ten (10) days of the decision, appeal the matter to the director by submitting a written request for a formal hearing to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 5-8.1-15.

5-8.1-12. Board of registration for professional land surveyors-Official stamp of

professional land surveyor.-- (a) A registrant under this chapter may obtain a Rhode Island seal of the design authorized by the board of land surveyors, bearing the registrant's name, registration number, and the legend "Professional Land Surveyor". Final surveys, drawings, reports, plats, replats, plans, legal descriptions, and calculations prepared by a registrant shall, when issued, be signed, dated, and stamped with the seal or facsimile of a seal. It is unlawful for a land surveyor to affix, or permit his or her seal or facsimile of a seal to be affixed, to any survey, drawing, report, plan, legal descriptions, plat, replat, report, legal description or calculations after expiration of a certificate or for the purpose of aiding or abetting any other person to evade or attempt to evade any provisions of this chapter. It is unlawful for any person other than the registered land surveyor who has signed and sealed the survey, drawing, plan, plat, replat, report, legal description or calculations to modify, change, amend, add, or delete any data, information, lines, angles, or areas shown on the survey, drawing, plan, plat, replat, or report.

- (b) Upon revocation or suspension of his or her certificate of registration, or upon expiration of the certificate without renewal, a professional land surveyor shall surrender his or her stamp to the board of land surveyors. The <u>director</u> <u>board</u> has the power to institute proceedings in superior court to enforce this subsection.
- (c) Upon the death of any professional land surveyor registered under this chapter, that person(s) appointed to administer the estate of the decedent shall surrender the stamp of the deceased professional land surveyor to the board of land surveyors. The <u>director</u> board has the power to institute proceedings in superior or probate court to enforce this subsection.

5-8.1-15. Board of registration for professional land surveyors-Disciplinary actions.

(a) Revocation, suspension, and censure. After notice and a hearing as provided in this section, the director board of land surveyors may in his or her its discretion or upon recommendation of the board; (1) suspend, or revoke, or take other permitted action with respect to refuse to renew any certificate of registration; (2) revoke, or suspend or take other permitted action with respect to refuse to renew any certificate of authorization; (3) publicly censure, or reprimand or censure in writing; (4) limit the scope of practice of; (5) impose an administrative fine, not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation; (6) place on probation; and/or (7) for good cause shown order a reimbursement of the department board for all fees, expenses, costs, and attorneys' fees in connection with the proceedings, which amounts shall deposited as general revenues; all with or without terms, conditions or limitations, holders of a certificate of registration or a certificate of authorization, hereafter referred to as registrant(s), for any one or more of the causes set out in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) Grounds. The director board may take actions specified in subsection (a) of this

1 section for any of the following causes: 2 (1) Bribery, fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in obtaining a certificate of registration or 3 certificate of authorization; 4 (2) Practicing land surveying in another state or country or jurisdiction in violation of the 5 laws of that state, country, or jurisdiction; (3) Practicing land surveying in this state in violation of the standards of professional 6 7 conduct established by the board and approved by the director; 8 (4) Fraud, deceit, recklessness, gross negligence, misconduct, or incompetence in the 9 practice of land surveying; 10 (5) Use of a land surveyor's stamp in violation of § 5-8.1-12; 11 (6) Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or chapter 5-84; 12 (7) Suspension or revocation of the right to practice land surveying before any state or 13 before any other country or jurisdiction; 14 (8) Conviction of or pleading guilty or nolo contendere to any felony or to any crime of, 15 or an act constituting a crime of, forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under the false 16 pretenses, bribery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any other similar offense or 17 offenses involving moral turpitude, in a court of competent jurisdiction of this state or any other 18 state or of the federal government; 19 (9) Failure to furnish to the department and/or board or any person acting on behalf 20 thereof in a reasonable time such information as may be legally requested by the department 21 and/or board; 22 (10) In conjunction with any violation of subdivisions (1)-(9) of this subsection, any 23 conduct reflecting adversely upon the registrant's fitness to engage in the practice of land 24 surveying; and 25 (11) In conjunction with any violation of subdivisions (1)-(9) of this subsection, any other 26 conduct discreditable to the land surveying profession. 27 (c) Procedures. (1) Any person may prefer charges of fraud, deceit, gross negligence, 28 incompetence, or misconduct against any applicant or registrant. In addition, the department or 29 board may, on its own motion, investigate the conduct of an applicant or registrant of the board, 30 and may in appropriate cases file a written statement of charges with the secretary of the board.

months after the date on which they were referred.

The charges shall be in writing and shall be sworn to by the person or persons making them and

shall be filed with the board of land surveyors. All charges, unless dismissed by the director board

of land surveyors as unfounded or trivial, shall be heard by the director board within three (3)

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1	(2) The time and place for the hearing shall be fixed by the department board of land
2	surveyors, and a copy of the charges, together with a notice of the time and place of the hearing,
3	shall be personally served on or mailed to the last known address of the registrant at least thirty
4	(30) days before the date fixed for the hearing. At any hearing, the accused registrant or applicant
5	has the right to appear personally and/or by counsel, to cross examine witnesses appearing against
6	him or her, and to produce evidence and witnesses in his or her defense.
7	(3) If, after the hearing, the charges are sustained, the <u>director</u> , on his or her own motion
8	or upon recommendation of the board of land surveyors, may in his or her its discretion suspend,
9	refuse to renew, or revoke, or take other permitted action with respect to the certificate of
10	registration, or certificate of authorization or publicly censure the registrant, or take any other
11	action and/or order any other penalty permitted by this section.
12	(4) The director board of land surveyors may, at his or her its discretion, reissue a
13	certificate of registration or certificate of authorization or renewal to any person or firm denied
14	registration under this section or upon presentation of satisfactory evidence of reform and/or
15	redress.
16	(5) The board may participate in hearings before the director through representation by
17	the department's legal staff acting as the prosecuting agent before the director.
18	(d) Legal counsel. The board of land surveyors may employ other counsel and necessary
19	assistance to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, and their compensation and expenses shall be
20	paid from the funds of the budgeted for and under the control of the board. The department shall
21	make its legal staff available to act as legal advisor to the board and to render any legal assistance
22	that is necessary in carrying out the provisions of this chapter. The director may employ other
23	counsel and necessary assistance to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, and their compensation
24	and expenses shall be paid from the funds of the department.
25	(e) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the <u>department and/or</u> board of land surveyors
26	from charging one or both parties a fee for the direct costs associated with hearings and
27	transcripts in accordance with the department's rules of procedure for administrative hearings.
28	(f) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the board from entering into consent agreements
29	or informal resolutions with any party under investigation for violations under this chapter and/or
30	chapter 5-84.
31	5-8.1-16. Board of registration for professional land surveyors-Appeals Any person
32	aggrieved by any decision or ruling of the department board of land surveyors may appeal that
33	decision in accordance with the provisions of chapter 35 of title 42. For the purposes of this

section, the board of land surveyors is considered a person.

(b) It shall be the duty of all duly constituted officers of this state and all political subdivisions of the state to enforce the provisions of this chapter and to prosecute any persons violating those provisions.

certificate requirement under the provisions of this chapter.

- (c) No sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company shall: (1) practice or offer to practice land surveying in this state; (2) use any title, sign, card, or device implying that the sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company is competent to practice land surveying in this state; (3) use in connection with its name or otherwise any title or description conveying or tending to convey the impression that the entity is a land surveying firm or is competent to practice land surveying in this state; or (4) use or display any words, letters, figures, seals, or advertisements indicating that the entity is a land surveying firm or is competent to practice land surveying in this state; unless that sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company complies with the requirements of this chapter.
- (d) Any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company which knowingly and willfully: (1) violates subsection (a) or (c) of this section; (2) presents or attempts to use the certificate of registration/authorization of another; (3) gives any false or forged evidence of any kind to the department and/or board or to any member of the board in obtaining or attempting to obtain a certificate of registration/authorization; (4) falsely impersonates any other registrant whether of a like or different name; (5) uses or attempts to use an expired, revoked, or nonexistent certificate of registration/authorization; (6) falsely claims to be registered under this chapter; or (7) otherwise violates any provision of this chapter; shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than four thousand

- 1 dollars (\$4,000) for the first offense and a fine of not less than four thousand dollars (\$4,000) nor 2 more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each subsequent offense, or imprisonment for not 3 more than one year, or both; in the court's discretion and upon good cause shown reimburse the 4 department and/or board for any and all fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the department 5 and/or board in connection with the proceedings, including attorneys' fees, which amounts shall be deposited as general revenues; and be subject to, in the board's discretion, public censure or 6 7 reprimand. 8 (e) The Either on his or her own initiative or on the recommendation of the board, the 9
  - director has the power to institute injunction proceedings in superior court to prevent violations of subsection (a) or (c) of this section or violations of § 5-8.1-1. In injunction proceedings, the director board is not required to prove that an adequate remedy at law does not exist, or that substantial or irreparable damage would result from continued violations. The superior court, in its discretion and in addition to any injunctive relief granted to the director board, may order that any person or entity in violation of this section shall:
  - (1) Upon good cause shown reimburse the <u>department</u> board for any and all fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the <u>department and/or</u> board in connection with the proceedings, including attorneys fees, which amounts shall be deposited as general revenues; and/or
    - (2) Be subject to public censure or reprimand.

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- SECTION 4. Sections 5-51-1, 5-51-2, 5-51-5, 5-51-7, 5-51-9, 5-51-16, 5-51-17, and 5-51-17.1 of the General Laws in Chapter 5-51 entitled "Rhode Island State Board of Examiners of Landscape Architects" is hereby amended and/or added to read as follows:
  - <u>5-51-1. Definitions. --</u> As used in this chapter, the following definitions of words and terms apply:
- 24 (1) "Board" means the Rhode Island state board of examiners of landscape architects.
  - (2) "Decorative planting plans" means and refers to planning and designing intended exclusively for the decoration of residential structures or settings which contain no greater than two (2) "dwelling units" as the term is defined in subdivision 45-24-31(24) and which involves the use and arrangement of trees, shrubs, plants, ground-cover, and/or flowers for aesthetic and decorative purposes only, but specifically does not include the following:
  - (i) Plans or designs which create the layout of grading, vehicular paving, drainage, storm water management, irrigation, erosion control, retaining walls, decks, gazebos, pools, or any similar structures;
  - (ii) Plans or designs intended or used at any time or in any manner for or in furtherance of the purpose of obtaining federal, state, or local building, construction, or related permits or like

2	(iii) Plans or designs relating to federal, state, or local public works or public projects, or
3	otherwise relating to property which is not privately owned.
4	(3) "Landscape architect" means a person who engages or offers to engage in the practice
5	of landscape architecture.
6	(4) "Landscape architecture" means planning and designing the use, allocation, and
7	arrangement of land and water resources, through the creative application of biological, physical
8	mathematical, and social processes. Insofar as these services involve safeguarding life, health or
9	property, and include any other professional services that may be necessary to the planning.
10	progress, and completion of any landscape architectural services, these services may include, but
11	not be limited to, the following:
12	(A) Consultation, research, analysis and assessment, selection, and allocation of land and
13	water resources;
14	(B) Formulation of graphic and written criteria to govern the planning and design of land
15	construction development programs including:
16	(I) The preparation, review and analysis of master and site plans;
17	(II) Reconnaissance, planning, design, preparation of drawings, construction documents
18	and specifications, and responsible construction observation;
19	(C) Design coordination and review of technical plans and construction documents
20	prepared by other professionals working under the direction of the landscape architect;
21	(D) Land preservation, restoration, conservation, reclamation, rehabilitation, management
22	and development;
23	(E) Feasibility studies and site selection for developments;
24	(F) Integration, site analysis and determination of settings for grounds and locations of
25	buildings, structures, transportation systems, and environmental systems;
26	(G) Analysis and design of grading and drainage, storm water management, irrigation
27	systems for erosion and sediment controls, planting plans, lighting, and ground cover; and
28	(H) Feasibility studies, cost estimates and reports for development.
29	(ii) "Landscape architecture" does not mean nor extend to the preparation of "decorative
30	planting plans" as defined in subdivision (2) of this section.
31	(5) "Department" means the department of business regulation.
32	(6) "Director" means the Director of the Department of Business Regulation or his or her
33	designee.
34	5-51-2. BoardCreationCompositionAppointment, terms, and qualifications of

authorizations; and/or

members-Duties-Compensation	(a)(1)	There	is	established	a	state	board	of	landscape
architects which consists of seven (7)	) memb	ers.							

- (2) On May 19, 1975, the governor shall appoint one member to serve until the first day of February, 1976, or until his or her successor is appointed and qualified; one member to serve until the first day of February, 1977, or until his or her successor is appointed and qualified; one member to serve until the first day of February, 1978, or until his or her successor is appointed and qualified; one member to serve until the first day of February, 1979, or until his or her successor is appointed and qualified; and one member to serve until February, 1980, or until his or her successor is appointed and qualified.
- (3) Upon completion of the original term the terms of members identified in subdivision(2) of this subsection shall be for five (5) years.
- (4) One member of the board shall be from the general public. This member shall serve for terms of five (5) years.
- (5) Four (4) members of the board shall be landscape architects whose residences and principal places of business shall be within this state, who have been actively engaged in the practice of landscape architecture within this state. The original appointees to the board do not need to be registered but engaged in the practice of landscape architecture for a minimum of four (4) years.
- (6) The governor may remove any member from office for misconduct, incapacity or neglect of duty.
  - (b) During the month of July of each year, the board shall elect from its members a chairperson and a vice chairperson.
  - (c) The secretary of the board shall keep a true and complete record of all its proceedings of the board and shall aid in the enforcement of this chapter.
- 25 (d) The Subject to the approval of the director, the board may make all necessary regulations and bylaws not inconsistent with this chapter.
  - (e) In carrying into effect the provisions of this chapter, the <u>director board</u> may subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance and may require the production of books, papers, and documents in any proceeding involving the revocation of registration, or practicing or offering to practice without registration.
- 31 (1) Any member of the board The director may administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before the director board.
  - (2) If any person fails to appear in response to that process, or if, having appeared in obedience to the process, he or she refuses to answer any pertinent questions put to him or her by

1	any member of the board or <u>department</u> its counsel, he or she, upon presentation of those facts to
2	the superior court, shall be subject to any fines and penalties that might be imposed by this court
3	if that failure or refusal occurred in any civil action pending in that court.
4	(f) The Subject to the director's approval, the board may establish a procedure for
5	complaints concerning any licensed or certified landscape architects.
6	(g) The Subject to the director's approval, the board shall establish procedures and
7	programs in conjunction with the department of environmental management and may annually
8	publish a report of its activities, operations, and recommendations.
9	(h) Members of the board shall not be compensated for meetings attended.
10	(i) No action or other legal proceedings for damages shall be instituted against the
11	department and/or board or against any member, employee, or agent thereof for any actions taken
12	in good faith in the intended performance of any power granted under this chapter or for any
13	neglect or default in the performance or exercise in good faith of that duty or power. The state
14	shall indemnify the department and/or board and these members, employees, or agents for, and
15	hold them harmless from, any and all costs, damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees arising from
16	or related in any way to claims or actions against them as to matters to which the immunity
17	<u>applies.</u>
18	5-51-5. Procedure for processing applications for license (a) All applicants shall be
19	considered individually by the board, with the assistance of the department, and passed or
20	rejected on a roll call vote. The action taken by the board on each application shall be recorded in
21	the minutes and an outline of the action taken by the board shall be placed with the application.
22	(b) Personal appearance before the board, if required, shall be at the time and place
23	designated by the board.
24	(c) Failure to supply additional evidence or information within sixty (60) days from the
25	date of a written request from the board, or to appear before the board when an appearance shall
26	be deemed necessary by the board, may be considered just and sufficient cause for disapproval of
27	the application.
28	(d) Any party aggrieved by the board's decision regarding license issuance may, within
29	ten (10) days of the decision, appeal the matter to the director by submitting a written request for
30	a formal hearing to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 5-51-17.1.
31	<u>5-51-7. Reciprocity</u> Waiver of requirements for examination
32	(a) The board may waive the requirements for examination of a competent landscape
33	architect holding a license in another state, territory, or possession of the United States, or in a
34	foreign country, provided that state, territory, possession, or country grants equal rights and has at

least equal standards, and provided that the applicant's license shall be based on comparable written examinations and that his or her qualifications meet all of the requirements of this chapter based on verified evidence satisfactory to the board.

- (b) The Subject to the director's approval, the board shall establish standards for the determination and implementation of reciprocity with other states.
- 5-51-9. Annual renewal of licenses and certificates of authorization.-- (a)(1) Every license shall be valid for a period of two (2) years and shall expire on the last day of June of each odd numbered year following its issuance. Every certificate of authorization shall be valid for a period of two (2) years and shall expire on the last day of June of each even numbered year following its issuance. A license or certificate of authorization may be renewed by paying the renewal fee required by § 5-51-14. A landscape architect who fails to renew his or her license prior to each June 30, may not thereafter renew his or her license except upon payment of the renewal fee and the additional fee(s) required by § 5-51-14. A landscape architectural firm, which fails to renew its certificate of authorization prior to each June 30, may not thereafter renew its certificate of authorization except upon payment of the renewal fee and the additional fee(s) required in § 5-51-14. The certificates of authorization shall be issued by the board, with the assistance of the department, indicating the sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation, or limited liability company named in it is permitted to practice landscape architecture in this state. A license or certificate of authorization shall not be renewed until the renewal fee is received by the board.
- (2) Licenses and certificates of authorization not renewed by the payment of the renewal fee prior to each June 30, shall be construed to be expired, and shall require an application for reinstatement.
- (b) The Subject to the approval of the director, the board may determine and establish rules and regulations for continuing education requirements and other recertification procedures as the board deems necessary.
- (c) The board may require all applicants for renewal to provide the board with any information, including but not limited to, a brief outline setting forth the professional activities of any applicant during a period in which a license or certificate of authorization has lapsed and other evidence of the continued competence and good character of the applicant, that the board deems necessary.
- (d) Any party aggrieved by the board's decision regarding license renewal may, within ten (10) days of the decision, appeal the matter to the director by submitting a written request for a formal hearing to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 5-51-17.1.

<u>5-51-16. Penalty for violations-Injunctive relief.--</u> (a) No individual shall: (1) practice or offer to practice landscape architecture in this state; or (2) use any title, sign, card, or device implying that the individual is a landscape architect or is competent to practice landscape architecture in this state; or (3) use in connection with his or her name or otherwise any title or description conveying or tending to convey the impression that the individual is a landscape architect or is competent to practice landscape architecture in this state; or (4) use or display any words, letters, seals, or advertisements indicating that the individual is a landscape architect or is competent to practice landscape architecture in this state, unless that individual holds a current valid license issued pursuant to this chapter or is specifically exempted from holding a license under the provisions of this chapter.

(b) No sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company shall: (1) practice or offer to practice landscape architecture in this state; (2) use any title, sign, card, or device implying that the sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company is competent to practice landscape architecture in this state; (3) use in connection with its name or otherwise any title or description conveying or tending to convey the impression that the entity is a landscape architectural firm or is competent to practice landscape architecture in this state; or (4) use or display any words, letters, figures, seals, or advertisements indicating that the entity is a landscape architectural firm or is competent to practice landscape architecture in this state, unless that sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company complies with the requirements of this chapter.

(c) Any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation or limited liability company which: (1) violates subsection (a) or (b) of this section; (2) presents or attempts to use the license/certificate of authorization of another; (3) gives any false or forged evidence of any kind to the department and/or board or to any member or employee thereof in obtaining or attempting to obtain a license/certificate of authorization; (4) falsely impersonates any other registration whether of a like or different name; (5) uses or attempts to use an expired, revoked, or nonexistent license/certificate of authorization; (6) falsely claims to be registered under this chapter; or (7) otherwise violates any provision of this chapter, shall upon determination thereof by a court of competent jurisdiction, be subject to a civil penalty of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the first offense, and a civil penalty of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each subsequent offense; and in the court's discretion and upon good cause shown, reimburse the department board for any and all fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the department and/or board in connection with the proceedings, including attorneys fees (which

amounts shall be deposited as general revenues); and be subject to, in the board's discretion, public censure or reprimand.

- (d) The board Either on his or her own initiative or on the recommendation of the board, the director shall have the power to institute injunction proceedings in superior court to prevent violations of subsection (a) or (b) of this section and/or for violations of § 5-51-3. In injunction proceedings, the director board shall not be required to prove that an adequate remedy at law does not exist, or that substantial or irreparable damage would result from continued violations. The superior court, in its discretion and in addition to any injunctive relief granted to the board, may order that any person or entity in violation of this section shall: (i) upon good cause shown, reimburse the department board for any and all fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the department and/or board in connection with the proceedings, including attorneys fees (which amounts shall be deposited as general revenues); and/or (ii) be subject to public censure or reprimand.
- 5-51-17. Revocation or suspension of licenses or certificates of authorization.— After notice and a hearing as provided in § 5-51-17.1, the director board may in his or her its discretion or upon recommendation of the board: suspend, revoke, or take other permitted action with respect to refuse to renew any license; and/or revoke, or suspend or take other permitted action with respect to refuse to renew any certificate of authorization; and/or publicly censure, or reprimand or censure in writing; and/or limit the scope of practice of; and/or impose an administrative fine upon (not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation); and/or place on probation; and/or for good cause shown, order a reimbursement of the board department for all fees, expenses, costs, and attorneys fees in connection with the proceedings (which amounts shall be deposited as general revenues), all with or without terms, conditions or limitations, holders of a license or certificate of authorization, (hereafter referred to as licensee(s)), for any one or more of the following causes:
- 26 (1) Bribery, fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in obtaining a license or certificate of authorization;
  - (2) Practicing landscape architecture in another state or country or jurisdiction in violation of the laws of that state or country or jurisdiction;
- 30 (3) Practicing landscape architecture in this state in violation of the standards of professional conduct established by the board <u>and approved by the director;</u>
- 32 (4) Fraud, deceit, recklessness, gross negligence, misconduct, or incompetence in the 33 practice of landscape architecture;
- 34 (5) Use of a landscape architect's stamp in violation of § 5-51-11;

1	(6) Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or chapter 5-84;
2	(7) Suspension or revocation of the right to practice landscape architecture before any
3	state or before any other country or jurisdiction;
4	(8) Conviction of or pleading guilty or nolo contendere to any felony or to any crime of
5	or an act constituting a crime of, forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses,
6	bribery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any other similar offense or offenses
7	involving moral turpitude, in a court of competent jurisdiction of this state or any other state or of
8	the federal government;
9	(9) Failure to furnish to the department and/or board or any person acting on behalf of the
10	board in a reasonable time the information that may be legally requested by the department and/or
11	board;
12	(10) In conjunction with any violation of subdivisions (1) through (9) of this section, any
13	conduct reflecting adversely upon the licensee's fitness to engage in the practice of landscape
14	architecture; and
15	(11) In conjunction with any violation of subdivisions (1) through (9) of this section, any
16	other conduct discreditable to the landscape architectural profession.
17	5-51-17.1. Initiation of proceedings – Hearings before the board – Appeals – Notice
18	to other states (a) The director board may initiate proceedings under this chapter against
19	holders of a license and/or certificate of authorization (hereafter referred to as licensee(s)) either
20	on his or her its own motion, upon recommendation of the board, or on complaint of any person,
21	upon a finding of probable cause by the board, or upon receiving notification from another state
22	board of landscape architects or from the appropriate authority in another country or jurisdiction
23	of its decision to:
24	(1) Revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew the practice privileges granted in that state or in
25	that country or jurisdiction to the licensee; or
26	(2) Publicly censure, or censure in writing, limit the scope of practice of, impose an
27	administrative fine upon, or place on probation the licensee.
28	(b) A written notice stating the nature of the charge or charges against the licensee and
29	the time and place of the hearing before the department board on the charges shall be served on
30	the licensee not less than twenty (20) days prior to the date of the hearing either personally or by
31	mailing a copy of the notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address of the
32	licensee last known to the board.
33	(c) If, after being served with the notice of hearing as provided for in this section, the
34	licensee fails to appear at the hearing and to defend against the stated charges, the director board

may proceed to hear evidence against the licensee and may enter any order that is justified by the evidence. An order shall be final unless the licensee petitions for a review of the order as provided in this section. Within thirty (30) days from the date of any order, upon a showing of good cause for failing to appear and defend, the <u>director board</u> may reopen the proceedings and may permit the licensee to submit evidence in his, her or on its behalf.

- (d) At any hearing under this section, the licensee may: (1) appear in person or be represented by counsel; (2) produce evidence and witnesses on his, her, or its behalf; (3) cross-examine witnesses; and (4) examine any evidence that might be produced. A sole proprietorship may be represented by counsel before the board or department, or by the sole proprietor. A partnership or limited liability partnership may be represented before the board or department by counsel or any partner. A corporation may be represented by counsel before the board or department, or any shareholder, officer or director of the corporation. A limited liability company may be represented before the board or department by counsel or any member or manager of the limited liability company. The licensee shall be entitled, upon written application to the department board, to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses on the licensee's behalf.
- (e) The <u>director</u> board or any member of the board may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents and may administer oaths, take testimony, hear proofs and receive exhibits in evidence in connection with or upon hearing under this chapter. In case of disobedience to a subpoena, the <u>director</u> board may petition the superior court to require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence.
- (f) The <u>director</u> board shall not be bound by strict rules of procedure or by laws of evidence in the conduct of its proceedings, but any determination of the board shall be based upon sufficient legal evidence to sustain the determination.
- (g) A stenographic record Recordings of all hearings under this section shall be <u>in</u> accordance with the rules and regulations established by the department's rules of procedure for administrative hearings kept and a transcript of the record filed with the board.
- (h) The decision of the board shall be made by vote in accordance with this chapter and with the rules and regulations established by the board. The board may participate in formal proceedings before the director through representation by the department's legal staff acting as the prosecuting agent before the director.
- 33 (i) Any appeal from the decision of the <u>department</u> board, by a person or persons 34 adversely affected by the decision, shall be governed by § 42-35-15.

(j) On the director rendering a decision to: (1) revoke or suspend or refuse to renew a license issued under the laws of this state; (2) revoke or suspend or refuse to renew a certificate of authorization issued under the laws of this state; or (3) publicly censure, censure in writing, limit the scope of practice of, impose an administrative fine upon, or place on probation a licensee, the board shall examine its records to determine whether the licensee holds a license or a certificate of authorization to practice in any other state or country or jurisdiction. If the board determines that the licensee in fact holds a license or certificate of authorization, the board shall immediately notify the board of landscape architecture of the other state or country or jurisdiction by mail of it's the director's decision under this section, and shall include in the notice an indication as to whether or not the licensee has appealed the decision.

- (k) The <u>director board</u> may, in <u>its his or her</u> discretion, order any licensee against whom proceedings have been initiated under this chapter to, upon good cause shown, reimburse the <u>department and/or</u> board for any and all fees, expenses, and costs incurred by the <u>department board</u> in connection with these proceedings, including attorneys fees. The fees shall be paid within thirty (30) days from the date they are assessed and may be reviewed in accordance with § 42-35-15, and shall be deposited as general revenues.
- (1) The <u>department</u> attorney general or his or her deputy shall <u>make its legal staff</u> available to act as legal advisor to the board and shall render any legal assistance that may be necessary in carrying out the provisions of this chapter. The <u>director</u> board may employ other counsel and obtain other necessary assistance to be appointed by the governor to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, and the compensation and expenses shall be paid from the fund of the <u>department</u> board.
- (m) Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the board from entering into consent agreements or informal resolutions with any party under investigation for violations under this chapter and/or chapter 5-84.
- SECTION 5. Sections 5-84-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 5-84 entitled "Division of Design Professionals" is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - <u>5-84-5. Imposition of fines for unregistered activity.--</u> (a) In addition to any other provision of law, if a person or business practices or offers to practice architecture, engineering, land surveying, or landscape architecture in the state without being registered or authorized to practice as required by law, the boards within the division may recommend that the director of the department of business regulations issue an order imposing a fine; provided, however, that this section shall not apply to issues between the boards referred to in subsection (a) of this section as to the scope of a board registrant's authority to engage in work relating to another board's

1	jurisdiction or to issues relating to ISDS designers licensed by the department of environmental
2	management.
3	(b) A fine ordered under this section may not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars

- (\$2,500) for each offense. In recommending a fine, the board shall set the amount of the penalty imposed under this section after taking into account factors, including the seriousness of the violation, the economic benefit resulting from the violation, the history of violations, and other matters the board considers appropriate.
- (c) Before recommending that a fine be order under this section, the board shall provide the person or business written notice and the opportunity to request, with thirty (30) days of issuance of notice by the board, a hearing on the record.
  - (d) A person or business aggrieved by the ordering of a fine under this section may file an appeal with the superior court for judicial review of the ordering of a fine.
  - (e) If a person of business fails to pay the fine within thirty (30) days after entry of an order under (a) of this section, or if the order is stayed pending an appeal, within ten (10) days after the court enters a final judgment in favor of the board department of an order appealed under (d) of this section, the board shall notify the attorney general. The attorney general director may commence a civil action to recover the amount of the fine.
- SECTION 6. Chapter 5-84 of the General Laws entitled "Division of Design Professionals" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following sections:
- 20 <u>5-84-1.1. Definitions. As used in this chapter:</u>

- 21 (1) "Department" means the department of business regulation;
  - (2) "Director" means the director, or his or her designee, of the department of business regulation.
    - 5-84-6. Cease and Desist Authority. -- If the director has reason to believe that any person, firm, corporation, or association is conducting any activity under the jurisdiction of division of design professionals including professional engineering, professional land surveying, architecture, and/or landscape architecture without obtaining a license or registration, or who after the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license or registration is conducting that business, the director may, either on his or her own initiative or upon recommendation of the appropriate board, issue an order to that person, firm, corporation, or association commanding them to appear before the department at a hearing to be held not sooner than ten (10) days nor later than twenty (20) days after issuance of that order to show cause why the director should not issue an order to that person to cease and desist from the violation of the provisions of this chapter and/or chapters 1, 8, 8.1 and/or 51 of title 5. That order to show cause may be served on any person, firm,

1 corporation, or association named by any person in the same manner that a summons in a civil 2 action may be served, or by mailing a copy of the order, certified mail, return receipt requested, to 3 that person at any address at which that person has done business or at which that person lives. If 4 during that hearing the director is satisfied that the person is in fact violating any provision of this 5 chapter, the director may order that person, in writing, to cease and desist from that violation 6 and/or impose an appropriate fine under section 5-84-5 or other applicable law and/or refer the 7 matter to the attorney general for appropriate action under chapters 1, 8, 8.1 and/or 51 of title 5. 8 All these hearings are governed in accordance with the administrative procedures act. If that 9 person fails to comply with an order of the department after being afforded a hearing, the superior 10 court for Providence county has jurisdiction upon complaint of the department to restrain and 11 enjoin that person from violating chapter 1, 8, 8.1, 51 and/or 84 of title 5.

SECTION 7. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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# EXPLANATION

# BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

# $A\ N\quad A\ C\ T$

# RELATING TO BUSINESSES AND PROFESSIONS

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1	This act would: (1) Clarify the department of business regulation's responsibilities over
2	the boards within the division of design professionals; (2) Update the testing requirements for
3	land surveyors and engineers due to changes in testing procedures at the national council of
4	examiners for engineers and surveyors; (3) Provide cease and desist authority; (4) Provide
5	uniform provisions regarding immunity and indemnification for good faith discharge of duties
6	under the chapters amended herein; and (5) Clarify existing statutes.
7	This act would take effect upon passage.

LC01416