2015 -- H 5874 SUBSTITUTE A

LC001842/SUB A

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2015

AN ACT

RELATING TO UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT - OFFENSES AND PENALTIES

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives Jacquard, Johnston, Lima, and Nunes

Date Introduced: March 12, 2015

Referred To: House Judiciary

(Judiciary)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 21-28-4.01 of the General Laws in Chapter 21-28 entitled "Uniform
- 2 Controlled Substances Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 3 <u>21-28-4.01. Prohibited acts A -- Penalties. --</u> (a) (1) Except as authorized by this
- 4 chapter, it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to
- 5 manufacture or deliver a controlled substance.
- 6 (2) Any person who is not a drug-addicted person, as defined in § 21-28-1.02(18), who
- 7 violates this subsection with respect to a controlled substance classified in schedule I or II, except
- 8 the substance classified as marijuana, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned
- 9 to a term up to life or fined not more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) nor less than
- ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both.
- 11 (3) Where the deliverance as prohibited in this subsection shall be the proximate cause of
- death to the person to whom the controlled substance is delivered, it shall not be a defense that
- 13 the person delivering the substance was at the time of delivery, a drug-addicted person as defined
- in § 21-28-1.02(18).
- 15 (4) Any person, except as provided for in subdivision (2) of this subsection, who violates
- this subsection with respect to:
- 17 (i) A controlled substance, classified in schedule I or II, is guilty of a crime and upon
- 18 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) years, or fined not more than one

- 1 hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) nor less than three thousand dollars (\$3,000), or both;
- 2 (ii) A controlled substance, classified in schedule III or IV, is guilty of a crime and upon
- 3 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than twenty (20) years, or fined not more than forty
- 4 thousand dollars (\$40,000), or both; provided, with respect to a controlled substance classified in
- 5 schedule III(d), upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, or fined not
- 6 more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), or both.
- 7 (iii) A controlled substance, classified in schedule V, is guilty of a crime and upon
- 8 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or fined not more than ten thousand
- 9 dollars (\$10,000), or both.

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- (b) (1) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to create,
- deliver, or possess with intent to deliver, a counterfeit substance.
- 12 (2) Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:
- 13 (i) A counterfeit substance, classified in schedule I or II, is guilty of a crime and upon
- 14 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) years, or fined not more than one
- hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or both;
- 16 (ii) A counterfeit substance, classified in schedule III or IV, is guilty of a crime and upon
- 17 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than twenty (20) years, or fined not more than forty
- thousand dollars (\$40,000), or both; provided, with respect to a controlled substance classified in
- schedule III(d), upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, or fined not
- 20 more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) or both.
- 21 (iii) A counterfeit substance, classified in schedule V, is guilty of a crime and upon
- 22 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or fined not more than ten thousand
- 23 dollars (\$10,000), or both.
- 24 (c) (1) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess a
- 25 controlled substance, unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid
- 26 prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his or her professional
- 27 practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this chapter.
- 28 (2) Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:
- 29 (i) A controlled substance classified in schedules I, II and III, IV, and V, except the
- 30 substance classified as marijuana, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for
- 31 not more than three (3) years or fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five
- 32 thousand dollars (\$5,000), or both;
- 33 (ii) More than one ounce (1 oz.) of a controlled substance classified in schedule I as
- marijuana is guilty of a misdemeanor except for those persons subject to § 21-28-4.01(a)(1) and

upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year or fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both.

(iii) Notwithstanding any public, special, or general law to the contrary, the possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana by a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and who is not exempted from penalties pursuant to chapter 28.6 of this title shall constitute a civil offense, rendering the offender liable to a civil penalty in the amount of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana, but not to any other form of criminal or civil punishment or disqualification. Notwithstanding any public, special, or general law to the contrary, this civil penalty of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana shall apply if the offense is the first (1st) or second (2nd) violation within the previous eighteen (18) months.

(iv) Notwithstanding any public, special, or general law to the contrary, possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana by a person who is under the age of eighteen (18) years and who is not exempted from penalties pursuant to chapter 28.6 of this title shall constitute a civil offense, rendering the offender liable to a civil penalty in the amount of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana; provided the minor offender completes an approved, drugawareness program and community service as determined by the court. If the person under the age of eighteen (18) years fails to complete an approved, drug-awareness program and community service within one year of the offense disposition, the penalty shall be a three hundred dollar (\$300) civil fine and forfeiture of the marijuana, except that if no drug-awareness program or community service is available, the penalty shall be a fine of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana. The parents or legal guardian of any offender under the age of eighteen (18) shall be notified of the offense and the availability of a drug-awareness and community-service program. The drug-awareness program must be approved by the court, but shall, at a minimum, provide four (4) hours of instruction or group discussion, and ten (10) hours of community service. Notwithstanding any other public, special or general law to the contrary, this civil penalty shall apply if the offense is the first (1st) or second (2nd) violation within the previous eighteen (18) months.

(v) Notwithstanding any public, special, or general law to the contrary, a person not exempted from penalties pursuant to chapter 28.6 of this title found in possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) days or fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both, if that person has been previously adjudicated on a violation for possession of less than one ounce (1 oz.) of marijuana under § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-

- 4.01(c)(2)(iv) two (2) times in the eighteen (18) months prior to the third (3rd) offense.
- 2 (vi) Any unpaid civil fine issued under § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv)
- 3 shall double to three hundred dollars (\$300) if not paid within thirty (30) days of the offense
- 4 <u>disposition</u>. The civil fine shall double again to six hundred dollars (\$600) if it has not been paid
- 5 within ninety (90) days.

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- 6 (vii) No person may be arrested for a violation of § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-
- 7 4.01(c)(2)(iv) except as provided in this subparagraph. Any person in possession of an
- 8 identification card, license, or other form of identification issued by the state or any state, city, or
- 9 town, or any college or university, who fails to produce the same upon request of a police officer
- who informs the person that he or she has been found in possession of what appears to the officer
- 11 to be one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana, or any person without any such forms of
- identification that fails or refuses to truthfully provide his or her name, address, and date of birth
- 13 to a police officer who has informed such person that the officer intends to provide such
- 14 individual with a citation for possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana, may be
- arrested.

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- (viii) No violation of § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be considered a
- 17 violation of parole or probation.
- 18 (ix) Any records collected by any state agency or tribunal that include personally
- identifiable information about violations of § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall
- 20 <u>not</u> be sealed eighteen (18) months after the payment of said civil fine open to public inspection
- in accordance with § 8-8.2-21.
- 22 (3) Jurisdiction. Any and all violations of § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) and 21-28-
- 4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be the exclusive jurisdiction of the Rhode Island traffic tribunal. All money
- associated with the civil fine issued under § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be
- 25 payable to the Rhode Island traffic tribunal. Fifty percent (50%) of all fines collected by the
- 26 Rhode Island traffic tribunal from civil penalties issued pursuant to § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-
- 27 28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be expended on drug awareness and treatment programs for youth.
- 28 (4) Additionally every person convicted or who pleads nolo contendere under paragraph
- 29 (2)(i) of this subsection or convicted or who pleads nolo contendere a second or subsequent time
- 30 under paragraph (2)(ii) of this subsection, who is not sentenced to a term of imprisonment to
- 31 serve for the offense, shall be required to:
- 32 (i) Perform up to one hundred (100) hours of community service;
- 33 (ii) Attend and complete a drug counseling and education program as prescribed by the
- 34 director of the department of mental health, retardation and hospitals and pay the sum of four

hundred dollars (\$400) to help defray the costs of this program which shall be deposited as general revenues. Failure to attend may result, after hearing by the court, in jail sentence up to one year;

- (iii) The court shall not suspend any part or all of the imposition of the fee required by this subsection, unless the court finds an inability to pay;
- (iv) If the offense involves the use of any automobile to transport the substance or the substance is found within an automobile, then a person convicted or who pleads nolo contendere under paragraphs (2)(i) and (ii) of this subsection shall be subject to a loss of license for a period of six (6) months for a first offense and one year for each offense after.
- (5) All fees assessed and collected pursuant to paragraph (3)(ii) of this subsection shall be deposited as general revenues and shall be collected from the person convicted or who pleads nolo contendere before any other fines authorized by this chapter.
- (d) It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture or distribute, an imitation controlled substance. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a crime and upon conviction shall be subject to the same term of imprisonment and/or fine as provided by this chapter for the manufacture or distribution of the controlled substance that the particular imitation controlled substance forming the basis of the prosecution was designed to resemble and/or represented to be; but in no case shall the imprisonment be for more than five (5) years nor the fine for more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).
- (e) It shall be unlawful for a practitioner to prescribe, order, distribute, supply, or sell an anabolic steroid or human growth hormone for: (1) enhancing performance in an exercise, sport, or game, or (2) hormonal manipulation intended to increase muscle mass, strength, or weight without a medical necessity. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than six (6) months or a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both.
- (f) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly or intentionally possess, manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture or distribute any extract, compound, salt derivative, or mixture of salvia divinorum or datura stramonium or its extracts unless the person is exempt pursuant to the provisions of § 21-28-3.30. Notwithstanding any laws to the contrary, any person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both. The provisions of this section shall not apply to licensed physicians, pharmacists, and accredited hospitals and teaching facilities engaged in the research or study of salvia divinorum or

- datura stramonium and shall not apply to any person participating in clinical trials involving the
- 2 use of salvia divinorum or datura stramonium.
- 3 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT - OFFENSES AND PENALTIES

1	This act would provide that records pertaining to marijuana violations under §§ 21-28-
2	4.01(c)(2)(ii) and 21-28-4.01 (c)(2)(iv) would not be open to the public consistent with § 8-8.2-21
3	and would eliminate the provision of law providing for the sealing of records eighteen (18)
4	months after payment of a civil fine. The act would also provide that the time period for the
5	doubling and tripling of fines would start at the time of disposition rather than at the time of the
6	commission of the offense.
7	§ 8-8.2-21, for the purpose of explanation, is set forth below:
8	"8-8.2-21. Abstracts of court records Traffic tribunal A full record shall be kept
9	by the Rhode Island traffic tribunal in this state of every case in which a person is charged with
10	violating subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) and 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv). An abstract of the record
11	shall be retained by the court. The abstract shall be made upon forms prepared by the chief
12	magistrate of the Rhode Island traffic tribunal and shall include all necessary information as to
13	the parties to the cause, the nature of the offense, the date of the hearing, the plea, the decision,
14	the judgment, and the result, and every abstract shall be certified by the clerk of the court. The
15	Rhode Island traffic tribunal shall keep the records and they shall not be open to public
16	inspection. The chief magistrate of the traffic tribunal shall make the records available to Rhode
17	Island state and local police departments for their inspection of the details of cases which have
18	been heard before the tribunal."
19	This act would take effect upon passage.

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