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2015 -- H 6035

STATE RHODE ISLAND OF

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2015

AN ACT

RELATING TO CORPORATIONS, ASSOCIATIONS AND PARTNERSHIPS - RHODE ISLAND BUSINESS CORPORATION ACT

Introduced By: Representatives Kennedy, and Shekarchi

Date Introduced: April 03, 2015

Referred To: House Corporations

(Secretary of State)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Sections 7-1.2-105, 7-1.2-1003, 7-1.2-1008, 7-1.2-1301, 7-1.2-1309 and 7-

2 1.2-1413 of the General Laws in Chapter 7-1.2 entitled "Rhode Island Business Corporation Act"

- 3 are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 4

7-1.2-105. Execution, filing and recording of instruments. -- (a) Whenever any instrument is to be filed with the secretary of state or in accordance with this chapter, the 5 6 instrument must be executed as follows:

7 (1) The articles of incorporation, and any other instrument to be filed before the election 8 of the initial board of directors if the initial directors were not named in the articles of 9 incorporation, must be signed by the incorporator or incorporators (or, in the case of any such 10 other instrument, such incorporator's or incorporators' successors and assigns).

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- (2) All other instruments must be signed:
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(i) By any authorized officer of the corporation; or

13 (ii) If it appears from the instrument that there are no authorized officers, then by a 14 majority of the directors or by the director or directors authorized by a majority of the directors; 15 or

(iii) If it appears from the instrument that there are no authorized officers or directors, 16 17 then by the holders of record of all outstanding shares, or by those holders of record designated 18 by a majority of all outstanding shares; or

1 (b) Whenever this chapter requires any instrument to be acknowledged, such 2 requirement is satisfied by either:

3 (1) The formal acknowledgment by any individual signing the instrument that it is his or 4 her act and deed or the act and deed of the corporation, and that the facts stated therein are true. 5 This acknowledgment must be made before a individual who is authorized by the law of the place of execution to take acknowledgment; or 6

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(2) The signature, without more, of the individual or individuals signing the instrument, 8 in which case such signature or signatures constitutes the affirmation or acknowledgment of the 9 signatory, under penalties of perjury, that the instrument is that individual's act and deed or the 10 act and deed of the corporation, and that the facts stated therein are true.

11 (c) Whenever any instrument is to be filed with the secretary of state or in accordance 12 with this section or chapter, such requirement means that:

13 (1) The signed instrument must be delivered to the office of the secretary of state in 14 either paper format or electronic transmission or another medium authorized by the secretary of 15 state;

16 (2) All taxes and fees authorized by law to be collected by the secretary of state in 17 connection with the filing of the instrument must be tendered to the secretary of state; and, and all 18 fees and taxes due have been paid to the Rhode Island division of taxation, as evidenced by an 19 appropriate certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of taxation; and

20 (3) Upon delivery of the instrument, the secretary of state shall record the date and time 21 of its delivery. Upon such delivery and tender of the required taxes and fees, the secretary of state 22 shall certify that the instrument has been filed in the secretary of state's office by endorsing upon the signed instrument the word "Filed", and the date and time of its filing. This endorsement is 23 24 the "filing date" of the instrument, and is conclusive of the date and time of its filing in the 25 absence of actual fraud.

26 (d) Any instrument filed in accordance with subsection (c) of this section is effective 27 upon its filing date. Any instrument may provide that it is not to become effective until a 28 specified time subsequent to the time it is filed, but not later than the 90th day after the date of its 29 filing.

30 (e) If another section of this chapter specifically prescribes a manner of executing, 31 acknowledging or filing a specified instrument or a time when that instrument becomes effective 32 which differs from the corresponding provisions of this section, then such other section governs.

33 (f) Whenever any instrument authorized to be filed with the secretary of state under any 34 provision of this chapter, has been so filed and is an inaccurate record of the corporate action

1 therein referred to, or was defectively or erroneously executed, sealed or acknowledged, the 2 instrument may be corrected by filing with the secretary of state a certificate of correction of the 3 instrument which must be executed, acknowledged and filed in accordance with this section. The 4 certificate of correction must specify the inaccuracy or defect to be corrected and set forth the 5 portion of the instrument in corrected form. The corrected instrument must be specifically designated as such in its heading, specify the inaccuracy or defect to be corrected, and set forth 6 7 the entire instrument in corrected form. An instrument corrected in accordance with this section is 8 effective as of the date the original instrument was filed, except as to those individuals who are 9 substantially and adversely affected by the correction and as to those individuals the instrument as 10 corrected is effective from its filing date.

(g) Notwithstanding that any instrument authorized to be filed with the secretary of state under this chapter is when filed inaccurately, defectively or erroneously executed, sealed or acknowledged, or otherwise defective in any respect, the secretary of state has no liability to any individual for the preclearance for filing, the acceptance for filing or the filing and indexing of such instrument by the secretary of state.

(h) Any signature on any instrument authorized to be filed with the secretary of stateunder this chapter may be a facsimile or an electronically transmitted signature.

18 <u>7-1.2-1003. Articles of merger. --</u> (a) Upon approval, articles of merger must be
 19 executed by each corporation by its authorized representative and must state:

20 (1) The plan of merger.

(2) If, pursuant to § 7-1.2-1005, the merger is to become effective at a time subsequent to
the issuance of the certificate of merger by the secretary of state, the date when the merger is to
become effective.

(b) The original articles of merger must be delivered to the secretary of state. If the
secretary of state finds that the articles conform to law, and, unless the surviving corporation is a
Rhode Island corporation, that all fees and franchise taxes have been paid, <u>as evidenced by an</u>
appropriate certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of taxation, the
secretary of state shall:

- 29 (1) Endorse on the original the word "Filed," and the month, day, and year of the filing;
- 30 (2) File the original in his office; and
- 31 (3) Issue a certificate of merger.

32 (c) The secretary of state shall deliver the certificate of merger to the surviving or new
 33 corporation, as the case may be, or its representative.

34 <u>7-1.2-1008. Conversion of a domestic corporation to other entities. --</u> (a) A

1 corporation of this state may, upon the authorization of such conversion in accordance with this 2 section, convert to a limited liability company, business trust or association, real estate investment 3 trust, common-law trust or any other unincorporated business or entity including a partnership 4 (whether general or limited, including a registered limited liability partnership) or a foreign 5 corporation.

(b) The board of directors of the corporation which desires to convert under this section 6 7 shall adopt a resolution approving such conversion, specifying the type of entity into which the 8 corporation shall be converted and recommending the approval of such conversion by the 9 stockholders of the corporation. Such resolution shall be submitted to the stockholders of the 10 corporation at an annual or special meeting. Due notice of the time, and purpose of the meeting 11 shall be mailed to each holder of stock, whether voting or nonvoting, of the corporation at the 12 address of the stockholder as it appears on the records of the corporation, at least twenty (20) days 13 prior to the date of the meeting. At the meeting, the resolution shall be considered and a vote 14 taken for its adoption or rejection. If all outstanding shares of stock of the corporation, whether 15 voting or nonvoting, shall be voted for the adoption of the resolution, the conversion shall be 16 authorized.

(c) If a corporation shall convert in accordance with this section to another entity organized, formed or created under the laws of a jurisdiction other than the state of Rhode Island or to a Rhode Island unincorporated "other entity", upon payment of all fees and franchise taxes by the corporation, as evidenced by an appropriate certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of taxation, the corporation shall file with the secretary of state a certificate of conversion to non-Rhode Island entity executed in accordance with § 7-1.2-105 which certifies:

24 (1) The name of the corporation, and if it has been changed, the name under which it was25 originally incorporated;

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- (2) The date of filing of its original articles of incorporation with the secretary of state;
- 27 (3) The name and jurisdiction of the entity and type of entity to which the corporation28 shall be converted;

29 (4) That the conversion has been approved in accordance with the provisions of this30 section;

31 (5) The agreement of the corporation that it may be served with process in the state of 32 Rhode Island in any action, suit or proceeding for enforcement of any obligation of the 33 corporation arising while it was a corporation of this state, and that it irrevocably appoints the 34 secretary of state as its agent to accept service of process in any such action, suit or proceeding; 1 and

2 (6) The address to which a copy of the process referred to in subsection (c)(5) of this 3 section shall be mailed to it by the secretary of state. In the event of such service upon the 4 secretary of state in accordance with subsection (c)(5) of this section, the secretary of state shall 5 forthwith notify such corporation that has converted out of the state of Rhode Island by letter, certified mail, return receipt requested, directed to such corporation that has converted out of the 6 7 state of Rhode Island at the address so specified, unless such corporation shall have designated in 8 writing to the secretary of state a different address for such purpose, in which case it shall be 9 mailed to the last address designated. Such letter shall enclose a copy of the process and any other 10 papers served on the secretary of state pursuant to this subsection. It shall be the duty of the 11 plaintiff in the event of such service to serve process and any other papers in duplicate, to notify 12 the secretary of state that service is being affected pursuant to this subsection and to pay the 13 secretary of state the sum of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for the use of the state, which sum shall be 14 taxed as part of the costs in the proceeding, if the plaintiff shall prevail therein. The secretary of 15 state shall maintain an alphabetical record of any such service setting forth the name of the 16 plaintiff and the defendant, the title, docket number and nature of the proceeding in which process 17 has been served, the fact that service has been effected pursuant to this subsection, the return date 18 thereof, and the day and hour service was made. The secretary of state shall not be required to 19 retain such information longer than five (5) years from receipt of the service of process.

20 (d) Upon the filing in the office of the secretary of state of a certificate of conversion to 21 non-Rhode Island entity in accordance with subsection (c) of this section or upon the future 22 effective date or time of the certificate of conversion to non-Rhode Island entity and payment to 23 the secretary of state of all fees prescribed under this title, the secretary of state shall certify that 24 the corporation has filed all documents and paid all fees required by this title, and thereupon the 25 corporation shall cease to exist as a corporation of this state at the time the certificate of 26 conversion becomes effective in accordance with § 7-1.2-105. Such certificate of the secretary of 27 state shall be prima facie evidence of the conversion by such corporation out of the state of Rhode 28 Island.

(e) The conversion of a corporation out of the state of Rhode Island in accordance with this section and the resulting cessation of its existence as a corporation of this state pursuant to a certificate of conversion to non-Rhode Island entity shall not be deemed to affect any obligations or liabilities of the corporation incurred prior to such conversion or the personal liability of any person incurred prior to such conversion, nor shall it be deemed to affect the choice of law applicable to the corporation with respect to matters arising prior to such conversion. 1 (f) Unless otherwise provided in a resolution of conversion adopted in accordance with 2 this section, the converting corporation shall not be required to wind up its affairs or pay its 3 liabilities and distribute its assets, and the conversion shall not constitute a dissolution of such 4 corporation.

5 (g) In connection with a conversion of a domestic corporation to another entity pursuant 6 to this section, shares of stock, of the corporation of this state which is to be converted may be 7 exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights or securities of, or interests in, the entity to 8 which the corporation of this state is being converted or, in addition to or in lieu thereof, may be 9 exchanged for or converted into cash, property, shares of stock, rights or securities of, or interests 10 in, another domestic corporation or other entity or may be cancelled.

11 (h) When a corporation has been converted to another entity or business form pursuant to 12 this section, the other entity or business form shall, for all purposes of the laws of the state of 13 Rhode Island, be deemed to be the same entity as the corporation. When any conversion shall 14 have become effective under this section, for all purposes of the laws of the state of Rhode Island, 15 all of the rights, privileges and powers of the corporation that has converted, and all property, 16 real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to such corporation, as well as all other things and 17 causes of action belonging to such corporation, shall remain vested in the other entity or business 18 form to which such corporation has converted and shall be the property of such other entity or 19 business form, and the title to any real property vested by deed or otherwise in such corporation 20 shall not revert to such corporation or be in any way impaired by reason of this chapter; but all 21 rights of creditors and all liens upon any property of such corporation shall be preserved 22 unimpaired, and all debts, liabilities and duties of the corporation that has converted shall remain 23 attached to the other entity or business form to which such corporation has converted, and may be 24 enforced against it to the same extent as if said debts, liabilities and duties had originally been 25 incurred or contracted by it in its capacity as such other entity or business form. The rights, 26 privileges, powers and interest in property of the corporation that has converted, as well as the 27 debts, liabilities and duties of such corporation, shall not be deemed, as a consequence of the 28 conversion, to have been transferred to the other entity or business form to which such 29 corporation has converted for any purposes of the laws of the state of Rhode Island.

30 (i) No vote of stockholders of a corporation shall be necessary to authorize a conversion
31 if no shares of the stock of such corporation shall have been issued prior to the adopting by the
32 board of directors of the resolution approving the conversion.

33 <u>7-1.2-1301. Voluntary dissolution by incorporators. --</u> (a) A corporation which has not
 34 commenced business and which has not issued any shares, may be voluntarily dissolved by its

- 1 incorporators at any time in the following manner:
- 2 (1) Articles of dissolution are executed by a majority of the incorporators, and verified

3 by them, and state:

- 4 (i) The name of the corporation.
- 5 (ii) The date of issuance of its certificate of incorporation.
- 6 (iii) That none of its shares have been issued.
- 7 (iv) That the corporation has not commenced business.
- 8 (v) That the amount, if any, actually paid in on subscriptions for its shares, less any part
- 9 of the amount disbursed for necessary expenses, has been returned to those entitled to it.
- 10 (vi) That no debts of the corporation remain unpaid.
- 11 (vii) That a majority of the incorporators elect that the corporation be dissolved.
- 12 (2) The original articles of dissolution are delivered to the secretary of state. If the 13 secretary of state finds that the articles of dissolution conform to law, the secretary of state shall,
- 14 when all fees and franchise taxes have been paid:, as evidenced by an appropriate certificate of
- 15 good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of taxation:
- 16 (i) Endorse on the original the word "Filed," and the month, day, and year of the filing.
- 17 (ii) File the original in his or her office.
- 18 (iii) Issue a certificate of dissolution.
- (3) If the corporation is dissolved prior to the effective date stated on the articles of
 incorporation, no franchise taxes shall be due.
- 21 (b) The certificate of dissolution is delivered to the incorporators or their representative.
- Upon the issuance of the certificate of dissolution by the secretary of state, the existence of thecorporation ceases.
- 24 <u>7-1.2-1309. Filing of articles of dissolution. --</u> (a) The articles of dissolution are 25 delivered to the secretary of state. If the secretary of state finds that the articles of dissolution 26 conform to law, the secretary of state shall, when all fees and franchise taxes have been paid: <u>as</u> 27 evidenced by an appropriate certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of
- 28 <u>taxation:</u>
- 29 (1) Endorse on the original the word "Filed," and the month, day, and year of the filing.
- 30 (2) File the original in his or her office.
- 31 (3) Issue a certificate of dissolution.

(b) The certificate of dissolution is delivered to the representative of the dissolved
 corporation. Upon the issuance of the certificate of dissolution the existence of the corporation
 ceases, except for the purpose of suits, other proceedings, and appropriate corporate action by

1 shareholders, directors, and officers as provided in this chapter.

2 7-1.2-1413. Filing of application for withdrawal. -- (a) An original application for 3 withdrawal must be delivered to the secretary of state. If the secretary of state finds that the 4 application conforms to the provisions of this chapter, the secretary of state shall, when all fees 5 and taxes have been paid:, as evidenced by an appropriate certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of taxation: 6 7 (1) Endorse on the original the word "Filed," and the month, day, and year of the filing. 8 (2) File the original in his or her office. 9 (3) Issue a certificate of withdrawal. 10 (b) The secretary of state shall deliver the certificate of withdrawal to the corporation or 11 its representative. Upon the issuance of the certificate of withdrawal, the authority of the 12 corporation to transact business in this state ceases. 13 SECTION 2. Sections 7-13-2, 7-13-8.2, 7-13-10 and 7-13-53 of the General Laws in 14 Chapter 7-13 entitled "Limited Partnerships" are hereby amended to read as follows: 15 7-13-2. Name. -- (a) The name of each limited partnership as presented in its certificate 16 of limited partnership: 17 (1) Shall contain the words "limited partnership," or the letters and punctuation 18 abbreviation "L.P." or "LP"; 19 (2) May not contain the name of a limited partner unless 20 (i) It is also the name of a general partner or the corporate name of a corporate general 21 partner, or 22 (ii) The business of the limited partnership had been carried on under that name before 23 the admission of that limited partner; 24 (3) Shall be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of 25 any corporation, nonbusiness corporation or other association, domestic or foreign limited 26 liability company, limited partnership organized under the laws of, or registered or qualified to do 27 business in this state or any name which is filed, reserved or registered under this title or as 28 permitted by the laws of this state, subject to the following: (i) This provision does not apply if the applicant files with the secretary of state a 29 30 certified copy of a final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the prior right of 31 the applicant to the use of the name in this state; and 32 (ii) The name may be the same as the name of a corporation, nonbusiness corporation or 33 other association the certificate of incorporation or organization of which has been revoked by the

secretary of state as permitted by law, and the revocation has not been withdrawn within one year

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1 from the date of the revocation.

2 (iii) Words and/or abbreviations that are required by statute to identify the particular type
3 of business entity shall be disregarded when determining if a name is distinguishable upon the
4 records of the secretary of state.
5 (iv) The secretary of state shall promulgate rules and regulations defining the term
6 "distinguishable upon the record" for the administration of this chapter.
7 (b) (1) Any domestic or foreign limited partnership formed under the laws of, or

8 registered to do business in this state may transact business in this state under a fictitious name 9 provided that it files a fictitious business name statement in accordance with this subsection prior 10 to the time it commences to conduct business under the fictitious name.

(2) A fictitious business name statement shall be filed with the secretary of state, and shall be executed, in the case of a domestic limited partnership, by an authorized person and, in the case of a foreign limited partnership, by a person with authority to do so under the laws of the state or other jurisdiction of its formation, and shall state:

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(i) The fictitious business name to be used; and

(ii) The name of the applicant limited partnership or foreign limited partnership, and thestate and date of its formation.

18 (3) The fictitious business name statement expires upon the filing of a statement of 19 abandonment of use of a fictitious business name registered in accordance with this subsection or 20 upon the dissolution of the domestic limited partnership or the cancellation of registration of the 21 foreign limited partnership.

(4) The statement of abandonment of use of a fictitious business name under this
subsection shall be filed with the secretary of state, shall be executed in the same manner
provided in subdivision (2) and shall state:

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(i) The fictitious business name being abandoned;

26 (ii) The date on which the original fictitious business name statement being abandoned27 was filed; and

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(iii) The information presented in subdivision (2)(ii) of subsection (b).

(5) No domestic or foreign limited partnership transacting business under a fictitious business name contrary to the provisions of this section, or its assignee, may maintain any action upon or on account of any contract made, or transaction had, in the fictitious business name in any court of the state until a fictitious business name statement has been filed in accordance with this section.

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(6) No domestic or foreign limited partnership may be permitted to transact business

under a fictitious business name pursuant to this section which is the same as the name of any corporation, nonbusiness corporation or other association, domestic or foreign limited partnership or domestic or foreign limited liability company organized under the laws of, or registered or qualified to do business in this state or any name which is filed, reserved or registered under this title or as permitted by the laws of this state, subject to the following:

6 (i) This provision does not apply if the applicant files with the secretary of state a 7 certified copy of a final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the prior right of 8 the applicant to the use of the name in this state; and

9 (ii) The name may be the same as the name of a corporation, nonbusiness corporation or 10 other association the certificate of incorporation or organization of which has been revoked by the 11 secretary of state as permitted by law and the revocation has not been withdrawn within one year 12 from the date or revocation.

(iii) Words and/or abbreviations that are required by statute to identify the particular type
of business entity shall be disregarded when determining if a name is distinguishable upon the
records of the secretary of state.

16 (iv) The secretary of state shall promulgate rules and regulations defining the term
17 "distinguishable upon the record" for the administration of this chapter.

18 7-13-8.2. Approval of conversion of a limited partnership. – (a) A domestic limited 19 partnership may convert to a corporation, a business trust or association, a real estate investment 20 trust, a common-law trust, or any other unincorporated business or entity including a partnership, 21 whether general or limited (including a registered limited liability partnership) or a limited 22 liability company, organized, formed, or created under the laws of the state of Rhode Island, upon 23 the authorization of that conversion in accordance with this section. If the partnership agreement 24 specified the manner of authorizing a conversion of the limited partnership, the conversion shall 25 be authorized as specified in the partnership agreement. If the partnership agreement does not 26 specify the manner of authorizing a conversion of the limited partnership and does not prohibit a 27 conversion of the limited partnership, the conversion shall be authorized in the same manner as is 28 specified in the partnership agreement for authorizing a merger or consolidation that involves the 29 limited partnership as a constituent party to the merger or consolidation. If the partnership 30 agreement does not specify the manner of authorizing a conversion of the limited partnership or a 31 merger or consolidation that involved the limited partnership as a constituent party and does not 32 prohibit a conversion of the limited partnership, the conversion shall be authorized by the 33 approval (1) by all general partners, and (2) by the limited partners or, if there is more than one 34 class or group of limited partners, then by each class or group of limited partners, in either case,

1 by limited partners who own more than fifty percent (50%) of the then current percentage or other 2 interest in the profits of the domestic limited partnership owned by all of the limited partners or 3 by the limited partners in each class or group, as appropriate. 4 (b) If a limited partnership shall convert in accordance with this section to another entity 5 or business form organized, formed or created under the laws of a jurisdiction other than the state of Rhode Island or to a Rhode Island unincorporated "other entity", a certificate of conversion to 6 7 a non-Rhode Island entity shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The certificate of 8 conversion to a non-Rhode Island entity shall state: 9 (1) The name of the limited partnership and, if it has been changed, the name under 10 which its certificate of formation was originally filed; 11 (2) The date of filing of its original certificate of formation with the secretary of state; 12 (3) The jurisdiction in which the entity or business form, to which the limited partnership 13 shall be converted, is organized, formed or created, and the name and type of such entity or 14 business form; 15 (4) The future effective date or time, which shall be a date or time certain, of the 16 conversion if it is not to be effective upon the filing of the certificate of conversion to a non-17 Rhode Island entity; 18 (5) That the conversion has been approved in accordance with this section; and 19 (6) The agreement of the limited partnership that it may be served with process in the 20 state of Rhode Island in any action, suit or proceeding for enforcement of any obligation to the 21 limited partnership arising while it was a limited partnership of the state of Rhode Island, and that 22 it irrevocably appoints the secretary of state as its agent to accept service of process in any such 23 action, suit or proceeding. 24 (c) Upon the filing in the office of the secretary of state of the certificate of conversion to a non-Rhode Island entity or upon the future effective date or time of the certificate of conversion 25 26 to a non-Rhode Island entity and upon payment of all fees due by the limited partnership, as 27 evidenced by an appropriate certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of 28 taxation, the secretary of state shall certify that the limited partnership has filed all documents and 29 paid all fees required by this chapter, and thereupon the limited partnership shall cease to exist as 30 a limited partnership of the state of Rhode Island. Such certificate of the secretary of state shall be 31 prima facie evidence of the conversion by such limited partnership out of the state of Rhode 32 <u>Island.</u>

33 (d) The conversion of a limited partnership out of the state of Rhode Island in accordance
 34 with this section and the resulting cessation of its existence as a limited partnership of the state of

Rhode Island pursuant to a certificate of conversion to a non-Rhode Island entity shall not be deemed to affect any obligations or liabilities of the limited partnership incurred prior to such conversion or the personal liability of any person incurred prior to such conversion, nor shall it be deemed to affect the choice of laws applicable to the limited partnership with respect to matters arising prior to such conversion.

(e) When a limited partnership has been converted to another entity or business form 6 7 pursuant to this section, the other entity or business form shall, for all purposes of the laws of the 8 state of Rhode Island, be deemed to be the same entity as the limited partnership. When any 9 conversion shall have become effective under this section, for all purposes of the laws of the state 10 of Rhode Island, all of the rights, privileges and powers of the limited partnership that has 11 converted, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all such debts due to such limited 12 partnership, as well as all other things and causes of action belonging to such limited partnership, 13 shall remain vested in the other entity or business form to which such limited partnership has 14 converted and shall be the property of such other entity or business form, and the title to any real 15 property vested by deed or otherwise in such limited partnership shall not revert to such limited 16 partnership or be in any way impaired by reason of this chapter, but all rights of creditors and all 17 liens upon any property of such limited partnership shall be preserved unimpaired, and all debts, liabilities and duties of the limited partnership that has converted shall remain attached to the 18 19 other entity or business form to which such limited partnership has converted, and may be 20 enforced against it to the same extent as if said debts, liabilities and duties had originally been 21 incurred or contracted by it in its capacity as such other entity or business form. The rights, 22 privileges, powers and interests in property of the limited partnership that has converted, as well 23 as the debts, liabilities and duties of such limited partnership, shall not be deemed, as a 24 consequence of the conversion, to have been transferred to the other entity or business form to which such limited partnership has converted for any purpose of the laws of the state of Rhode 25 26 Island.

27 <u>7-13-10. Cancellation of certificate. --</u> A certificate of limited partnership is cancelled 28 upon the dissolution and the commencement of winding up of the partnership or at any other time 29 there are no limited partners, or upon the conversion of a limited partnership to a limited liability 30 company. When all fees and taxes have been paid to the tax administrator, <u>as evidenced by an</u> 31 <u>appropriate certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of taxation</u>, a

- 32 certificate of cancellation shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state and state:
- 33 (1) The name of the limited partnership;
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- i) The name of the minical participing,
- (2) The date of filing of its certificate of limited partnership or certificate of conversion

- from a limited partnership to a limited liability company, as the case may be; 1
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(3) The reason for filing the certificate of cancellation;

3 (4) The effective date (which shall be a date certain) of cancellation if it is not to be 4 effective upon the filing of the certificate; and

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(5) Any other information the general partners filing the certificate determine.

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7-13-53. Cancellation of registration. -- When all fees and taxes have been paid to the

tax administrator, as evidenced by an appropriate certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode 7 8 Island division of taxation, a foreign limited partnership may cancel its registration by filing with 9 the secretary of state a certificate of cancellation signed and sworn to by a general partner. In 10 filing a certificate of cancellation the foreign limited partnership revokes the authority of its 11 registered agent to accept service of process and consents that service of process in any action, 12 suit or proceeding based upon any cause of action arising in this state during the time the foreign 13 limited partnership was authorized to transact business in this state may subsequently be made on 14 the foreign limited partnership by service on the secretary of state. The certificate of cancellation 15 must include the post office address to which the secretary of state may mail a copy of any 16 process against the foreign limited partnership that is served on the secretary of state.

17 SECTION 3. Sections 7-16-5.2 and 7-16-8 of the General Laws in Chapter 7-16 entitled 18 "The Rhode Island Limited Liability Company Act" are hereby amended to read as follows:

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7-16-5.2. Approval of conversion of a limited liability company. -- (a) A domestic 20 limited liability company may convert to a corporation, a business trust, or association, a real 21 estate investment trust, a common law trust, a sole proprietorship or any other unincorporated 22 business or entity including a partnership, (whether general or limited including a registered 23 limited liability partnership), or a foreign limited liability company upon the authorization of the 24 conversion in accordance with this section.

25 (b) If the limited liability company agreement specified the manner of authorizing a 26 conversion of the limited liability company, the conversion shall be authorized as specified in the 27 limited liability company agreement. If the limited liability company agreement does not specify 28 the manner of authorizing a conversion of the limited liability company and does not prohibit a 29 conversion of the limited liability company, the conversion shall be authorized in the same 30 manner as is specified in the limited liability company agreement for authorizing a merger or 31 consolidation that involves the limited liability company as a constituent party to the merger or 32 consolidation. If the limited liability company agreement does not specify the manner of 33 authorizing a conversion of the limited liability company or a merger or consolidate that involves 34 the limited liability company as a constituent party and does not prohibit a conversion of the

limited liability company, the conversion shall be authorized by the approval by the members or, if there is more than one class or group of members, then by each class or group of members, in either case, by members who own more than fifty percent (50%) of the then current percentage or other interest in the profits of the domestic limited liability company owned by all of the members or by the members in each class or group, as appropriate.

(c) Unless otherwise agreed, the conversion of a domestic limited liability company to 6 7 another entity or business form pursuant to this section shall not require such limited liability 8 company to wind up its affairs under § 7-16-45 or pay its liabilities and distribute its assets under 9 § 7-16-46, and the conversion shall not constitute a dissolution of such limited liability company. 10 When a limited liability company has converted to another entity or business form pursuant to 11 this section, for all purposes of the laws of the state of Rhode Island, the other entity or business 12 form shall be deemed to be the same entity as the converting limited liability company and 13 conversion shall constitute a continuation of the existence of the limited liability company in the 14 form of such other entity or business form.

(d) In connection with a conversion of a domestic limited liability company to another entity or business form pursuant to this section, rights or securities of or interests in the domestic limited liability company which is to be converted may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights or securities of or interests in the entity or business form into which the domestic limited liability company is being converted or, in addition to or in lieu thereof, may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights or securities of or interests in another entity or business form or may be cancelled.

(e) If a limited liability company shall convert in accordance with this section to another entity or business form organized, formed or created under the laws of a jurisdiction other than the state of Rhode Island <u>or to a Rhode Island unincorporated "other entity"</u>, a certificate of conversion to non-Rhode Island entity shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The certificate of conversion to non-Rhode Island entity shall state:

(1) The name of the limited liability company and, if it has been changed, the nameunder which its certificate of formation was originally filed;

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(2) The date of filing of its original certificate of formation with the secretary of state;

30 (3) The jurisdiction in which the entity or business form, to which the limited liability
31 company shall be converted, is organized, formed or created, and the name and type of such
32 entity or business form;

(4) The future effective date or time (which shall be a date or time certain) of the
 conversion if it is not to be effective upon the filing of the certificate of conversion to non-Rhode

- 1 Island entity;
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(5) That the conversion has been approved in accordance with this section;

3 (6) The agreement of the limited liability company that it may be served with process in 4 the state of Rhode Island in any action, suit or proceeding for enforcement of any obligation to 5 the limited liability company arising while it was a limited liability company of the state of Rhode 6 Island, and that it irrevocably appoints the secretary of state as its agent to accept service of 7 process in any such action, suit or proceeding;

8 (f) Upon the filing in the office of the secretary of state of the certificate of conversion to 9 non-Rhode Island entity or upon the future effective date or time of the certificate of conversion 10 to non-Rhode Island entity and payment to the secretary of state of all fees prescribed in this 11 chapter, upon payment of all fees due by the limited liability company, as evidenced by an 12 appropriate certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of taxation, the 13 secretary of state shall certify that the limited liability company has filed all documents and paid 14 all fees required by this chapter, and thereupon the limited liability company shall cease to exist 15 as a limited liability company of the state of Rhode Island. Such certificate of the secretary of 16 state shall be prima facie evidence of the conversion by such limited liability company out of the 17 state of Rhode Island.

(g) The conversion of a limited liability company out of the state of Rhode Island in accordance with this section and the resulting cessation of its existence as a limited liability company of the state of Rhode Island pursuant to a certificate of conversion to non-Rhode Island entity shall not be deemed to affect any obligations or liabilities of the limited liability company incurred prior to such conversion or the personal liability of any person incurred prior to such conversion, nor shall it be deemed to affect the choice of laws applicable to the limited liability company with respect to matters arising prior to such conversion.

25 (h) When a limited liability company has been converted to another entity or business 26 form pursuant to this section, the other entity or business form shall, for all purposes of the laws 27 of the state of Rhode Island, be deemed to be the same entity as the limited liability company. 28 When any conversion shall have become effective under this section, for all purposes of the laws 29 of the state of Rhode Island, all of the rights, privileges and powers of the limited liability 30 company that has converted, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all such debts due to 31 such limited liability company, as well as all other things and causes of action belonging to such 32 limited liability company, shall remain vested in the other entity or business form to which such 33 limited liability company has converted and shall be the property of such other entity or business 34 form, and the title to any real property vested by deed or otherwise in such limited liability

1 company shall not revert to such limited liability company or be in any way impaired by reason 2 of this chapter; but all rights of creditors and all liens upon any property of such limited liability 3 company shall be preserved unimpaired, and all debts, liabilities and duties of the limited liability 4 company that has converted shall remain attached to the other entity or business form to which 5 such limited liability company has converted, and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if said debts, liabilities and duties had originally been incurred or contracted by it in its 6 7 capacity as such other entity or business form. The rights, privileges, powers and interests in 8 property of the limited liability company that has converted, as well as the debts, liabilities and 9 duties of such limited liability company, shall not be deemed, as a consequence of the conversion, 10 to have been transferred to the other entity or business form to which such limited liability 11 company has converted for any purpose of the laws of the state of Rhode Island.

<u>7-16-8. Filing. --</u> (a) The secretary of state may not accept for filing any document under
 this chapter which does not conform with law.

(b) The secretary of state may not accept for filing any organizational document,
qualification, registration, change of resident agent report, service of process, notice or other
document until all required filing and other fees have been paid to the secretary of state.

17 (c) The secretary of state may not accept for filing any article of dissolution, cancellation 18 of registration, article of merger, unless the surviving entity is a domestic entity of record with the 19 office of the secretary of state, or the reinstatement of a limited liability company's certificate of 20 organization or registration until all required filing and other fees have been paid to the secretary 21 of state and all fees and franchise taxes have been paid-, as evidenced by an appropriate certificate 22 of good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of taxation.

(d) The secretary of state may not accept for filing a certificate of conversion to a nonRhode Island entity until all required filing and other fees have been paid to the secretary of state
and all fees and franchise taxes have been paid-, as evidenced by an appropriate certificate of
good standing issued by the Rhode Island division of taxation.

(e) When the secretary of state accepts the articles of organization or a certificate of

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registration or any other document filed under this chapter, the secretary of state shall:

- 29 (1) Endorse on the document the date and time of its acceptance for filing;
- 30 (2) Promptly file the document; and
- 31 (3) Issue a certificate or other evidence which establishes:
- 32 (i) That the document was accepted for filing by the secretary of state; and
- 33 (ii) The date and time of the acceptance for filing.
- 34 (f) The document becomes effective upon the issuance of the certificate or other

- 1 evidence or at any later date that is set forth within the document, not more than thirty (30) days
- 2 after the filing of such document.
- 3 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC002349

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO CORPORATIONS, ASSOCIATIONS AND PARTNERSHIPS - RHODE ISLAND BUSINESS CORPORATION ACT

1 This act would require that a certificate of good standing issued by the Rhode Island 2 division of taxation indicating that all fees and taxes have been paid must accompany all filings 3 for articles of dissolution, cancellation of registration, articles of merger, and conversions to a 4 non-Rhode Island entity, and establishes a procedure for the conversion of limited partnerships to 5 another business entity. 6 This act would take effect upon passage.

LC002349