2015 -- S 0163

LC000882

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2015

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION - PERSONAL INCOME TAX

Introduced By: Senators Goldin, Pichardo, Crowley, Miller, and Metts

<u>Date Introduced:</u> February 05, 2015

Referred To: Committee on Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal

Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows:

3 <u>44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax. --</u> (a) "Rhode Island taxable

income" means federal taxable income as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.

§ 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic standard deduction amount for married couples

6 filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 and

the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA), and as modified by

the modifications in § 44-30-12.

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(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years beginning on

or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the Rhode Island

taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate of twenty-

five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year

13 2002 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any other

special rates for other types of income, except as provided in § 44-30-2.7, which were in effect

15 immediately prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of

16 2001 (EGTRRA); provided, rate schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax administrator

beginning in taxable year 2002 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the

18 commissioner of Internal Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f). However, for tax years beginning on or

after January 1, 2006, a taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax rate provided in § 44-30-

2 (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode 3 4 Island alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed by 5 multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal 6 7 form 6251 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) 8 for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and comparing 9 the product to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The excess shall be 10 the taxpayer's Rhode Island alternative minimum tax. 11 (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005 and thereafter the exemption 12 amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation by 13 the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal 14 Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f). (2) For the period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode 15 16 Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as 17 defined in 26 U.S.C. § 62 as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12 the Rhode Island 18 itemized deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this section. 19 (A) Tax imposed. 20 (1) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint 21 returns and surviving spouses a tax determined in accordance with the following table: 22 If taxable income is: The tax is: 23 Not over \$53,150 3.75% of taxable income 24 Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500 \$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$53,150 25 Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850 \$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$128,500 Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700 \$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$195,850 26 Over \$349,700 \$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 27 28 (2) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every head of household a tax 29 determined in accordance with the following table: 30 If taxable income is: The tax is: 31 Not over \$42,650 3.75% of taxable income 32 Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100 \$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$42,650 Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350 \$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$110,100 33 \$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$178,350 34 Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700

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2.10 to calculate his or her personal income tax liability.

1	Over \$349,700	\$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700					
2	(3) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of unmarried individuals (other than						
3	surviving spouses and heads of households) a tax determined in accordance with the following						
4	table:						
5	If taxable income is:	The tax is:					
6	Not over \$31,850	3.75% of taxable income					
7	Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100	\$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850					
8	Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850	\$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100					
9	Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700	\$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850					
10	Over \$349,700	\$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700					
11	(4) There is hereby imposed on the	he taxable income of married individuals filing separate					
12	returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ	mined in accordance with the following table:					
13	If taxable income is:	The tax is:					
14	Not over \$26,575	3.75% of taxable income					
15	Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250	\$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575					
16	Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925	\$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250					
17	Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925						
18	Over \$174,850	\$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850					
19	(5) There is hereby imposed a taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in						
20	accordance with the following table:						
21	If taxable income is:	The tax is:					
22	Not over \$2,150	3.75% of taxable income					
23	Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000	\$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150					
24	Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650	\$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000					
25	Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450	\$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650					
26	Over \$10,450	\$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$10,450					
27	(6) Adjustments for inflation. T	The dollars amount contained in paragraph (A) shall be					
28	increased by an amount equal to:						
29	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by;						
30	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1993;						
31	(c) The cost-of-living adjustment	referred to in subparagraph (a) and (b) used in making					
32	adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and	nine and nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts shall					
33	be determined under section (J) by substituting "1994" for "1993."						
34	(B) Maximum capital gains rates						

1	(1) In general If a taxpayer has a net capital gain for tax years ending prior to January 1,					
2	2010, the tax imposed by this section for such taxable year shall not exceed the sum of:					
3	(a) 2.5 % of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under section					
4	26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(b).					
5	(b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.					
6	1(h)(1)(c).					
7	(c) 6.25% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26					
8	U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(d).					
9	(d) 7% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.					
10	1(h)(1)(e).					
11	(2) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2010 the tax imposed on net capital					
12	gain shall be determined under subdivision 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(A).					
13	(C) Itemized deductions.					
14	(1) In general					
15	For the purposes of section (2) "itemized deductions" means the amount of federal					
16	itemized deductions as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.					
17	(2) Individuals who do not itemize their deductions In the case of an individual who does					
1.0	not elect to itemize his deductions for the taxable year, they may elect to take a standard					
18	not elect to hermize his deductions for the taxable year, they may elect to take a standard					
18	deduction.					
19	deduction.					
19 20	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in					
19 20 21	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:					
19 20 21 22	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount					
19 20 21 22 23	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount Single \$5,350					
19 20 21 22 23 24	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900					
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450					
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850					
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850 (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard					
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850 (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in the amount of					
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850 (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for individuals who are married.					
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850 (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for individuals who are married. (5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents. In the case					
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	deduction. (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850 (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for individuals who are married. (5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allowable to another taxpayer, the basic					

1	(6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction. In the case of:
2	(a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions;
3	(b) Nonresident alien individual;
4	(c) An estate or trust;
5	The standard deduction shall be zero.
6	(7) Adjustments for inflation. Each dollars amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and
7	(5) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
8	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in the year 1988,
9	multiplied by
10	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.
11	(D) Overall limitation on itemized deductions
12	(1) General rule.
13	In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12
14	exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the
15	taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of:
16	(a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12
17	over the applicable amount; or
18	(b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable
19	for such taxable year.
20	(2) Applicable amount.
21	(a) In general.
22	For purposes of this section, the term "applicable amount" means \$156,400 (\$78,200 in
23	the case of a separate return by a married individual)
24	(b) Adjustments for inflation. Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be
25	increased by an amount equal to:
26	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by
27	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.
28	(3) Phase-out of Limitation.
29	(a) In general.
30	In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1,
31	2010, the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which
32	would be the amount of such reduction.
33	(b) Applicable fraction. For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be
34	determined in accordance with the following table:

1	For taxable years beginning in calendar year	The applicable fraction is						
2	2006 and 2007	2/3						
3	2008 and 2009	1/3						
4	(E) Exemption amount							
5	(1) In general.							
6	Except as otherwise provided in this subsection	n, the term "exemption amount" mean						
7	\$3,400.							
8	(2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certa	in dependents.						
9	In the case of an individual with respect to when	hom a deduction under this section is						
10	allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the	he exemption amount applicable to such						
11	individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.							
12	(3) Adjustments for inflation.							
13	The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall	ll be increased by an amount equal to:						
14	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1)	in the year 1989, multiplied by						
15	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under	er section (J) with a base year of 1989.						
16	(4) Limitation.							
17	(a) In general.							
18	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income as modified for the taxable year							
19	exceeds the threshold amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage.							
20	(b) Applicable percentage. In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income for							
21	the taxable year exceeds the threshold amount, the exemption amount shall be reduced by two (2)							
22	percentage points for each \$2,500 (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross							
23	income for the taxable year exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual							
24	filing a separate return, the preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for							
25	"\$2,500." In no event shall the applicable percentage exce	ed one hundred percent (100%).						
26	(c) Threshold Amount. For the purposes of this	paragraph, the term "threshold amount"						
27	shall be determined with the following table:							
28	Filing status	Amount						
29	Single	\$156,400						
30	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er)	\$234,600						
31	Married filing separately	\$117,300						
32	Head of Household	\$195,500						
33	(d) Adjustments for inflation.							
34	Each dollars amount contain in paragraph (b) shal	l be increased by an amount equal to:						

1	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the year 1991, multiplied by						
2	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.						
3	(5) Phase-out of Limitation.						
4	(a) In general.						
5	In the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, a	nd before January 1,					
6	2010, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the applicable fraction	of the amount which					
7	would be the amount of such reduction.						
8	(b) Applicable fraction. For the purposes of paragraph (a), the app	blicable fraction shall					
9	be determined in accordance with the following table:						
10	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The app	plicable fraction is					
11	2006 and 2007	2/3					
12	2008 and 2009	1/3					
13	(F) Alternative minimum tax						
14	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other	r tax imposed by this					
15	subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:						
16	(a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over						
17	(b) The regular tax for the taxable year.						
18	(2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum of:						
19	(a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not exceed \$	175,000, plus					
20	(b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,000.						
21	(3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall	be reduced by the					
22	alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year.						
23	(4) Taxable excess For the purposes of this subsection the term "taxable excess" means						
24	so much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income as modified by t	he modifications in §					
25	44-30-12 as exceeds the exemption amount.						
26	(5) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (2) shall be						
27	applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it appears.						
28	(6) Exemption amount. For purposes of this section "exemption amount	ount" means:					
29	Filing status Amor	unt					
30	Single \$39,1	50					
31	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$53,7	700					
32	Married filing separately \$26,8	350					
33	Head of Household \$39,1	50					
34	Estate or trust \$24,650						

1	(7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children					
2	(a) In general.					
3	In the case of a minor child, the exemption amount for purposes of section (6) shall not					
4	exceed the sum of:					
5	(i) Such child's earned income, plus					
6	(ii) \$6,000.					
7	(8) Adjustments for inflation.					
8	The dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) shall be increased by an amount					
9	equal to:					
10	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) in the year 2004, multiplied					
11	by					
12	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.					
13	(9) Phase-out.					
14	(a) In general.					
15	The exemption amount of any taxpayer shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an					
16	amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative minimum taxable					
17	income of the taxpayer exceeds the threshold amount.					
18	(b) Threshold amount. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall					
19	be determined with the following table:					
20	Filing status Amount					
21	Single \$123,250					
22	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$164,350					
23	Married filing separately \$82,175					
24	Head of Household \$123,250					
25	Estate or Trust \$82,150					
26	(c) Adjustments for inflation					
27	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) shall be increased by an amount equal to:					
28	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 2004, multiplied by					
29	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.					
30	(G) Other Rhode Island taxes					
31	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this					
32	subtitle) a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:					
33						
	(a) The Federal income tax on lump-sum distributions.					

1	(c) The recapture of Federal tax credits that were previously claimed on Rhode Island
2	return.
3	(H) Tax for children under 18 with investment income
4	(1) General rule. – There is hereby imposed a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:
5	(a) The Federal tax for children under the age of 18 with investment income.
6	(I) Averaging of farm income
7	(1) General rule At the election of an individual engaged in a farming business or
8	fishing business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:
9	(a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC section 1301.
10	(J) Cost-of-living adjustment
11	(1) In general.
12	The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which:
13	(a) The CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds
14	(b) The CPI for the base year.
15	(2) CPI for any calendar year. For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar
16	year is the average of the Consumer Price Index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period
17	ending on August 31 of such calendar year.
18	(3) Consumer Price Index
19	For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer
20	price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the
21	preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index which is most consistent with the
22	consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.
23	(4) Rounding.
24	(a) In general.
25	If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase
26	shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50.
27	(b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be
28	applied by substituting "\$25" for \$50 each place it appears.
29	(K) Credits against tax For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer
30	entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996 shall be entitled to
31	a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section:
32	(1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, § 5].
33	(2) Child and dependent care credit;
34	(3) General business credits;

1	(4) Credit for elderly or the disabled;
2	(5) Credit for prior year minimum tax;
3	(6) Mortgage interest credit;
4	(7) Empowerment zone employment credit;
5	(8) Qualified electric vehicle credit.
6	(L) Credit against tax for adoption For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006,
7	a taxpayer entitled to the federal adoption credit shall be entitled to a credit against the Rhode
8	Island tax imposed under this section if the adopted child was under the care, custody, or
9	supervision of the Rhode Island department of children, youth and families prior to the adoption.
10	(M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits
11	provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996,
12	including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax
13	Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA). In no event shall the tax imposed under this section be
14	reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax
15	purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as
16	prescribed in this subsection.
17	(N) Rhode Island earned income credit
18	(1) In general.
19	A taxpayer entitled to a federal earned income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island
20	earned income credit equal to ten percent (10%) twenty percent (20%) of the federal earned
21	income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.
22	(2) Refundable portion.
23	In the event the Rhode Island earned income credit allowed under section (J) (N) exceeds
24	the amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned income credit shall be allowed.
25	(a) For purposes of paragraph (2) refundable earned income credit means one hundred
26	percent (100%) of the amount by which the Rhode Island earned income credit exceeds the
27	Rhode Island income tax.
28	(O) The tax administrator shall recalculate and submit necessary revisions to paragraphs
29	(A) through (J) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010 and every three (3) years
30	thereafter for inclusion in the statute.
31	(3) For the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011, and thereafter, "Rhode
32	Island taxable income" means federal adjusted gross income as determined under the Internal
33	Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1 et seq., and as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to § 44-
34	30-12 less the amount of Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction allowed pursuant to

- subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B), and less the amount of personal exemption allowed pursuant of
- 2 subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C).
- 3 (A) Tax imposed.
- 4 (I) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint
- 5 returns, qualifying widow(er), every head of household, unmarried individuals, married
- 6 individuals filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates, a tax determined in accordance with the
- 7 following table:

8	RI T	axable Income	RI Income Tax						
9	Over	But not Over	Pay + % On Excess	On The Amount Over					
10	\$0 -	\$55,000	\$0 + 3.75%	\$0					
11	55,000 -	125,000	2,063 + 4.75%	55,000					
12	125,000 -		5,388 + 5.99%	125,000					

- 13 (II) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined 14 in accordance with the following table:
- RI Taxable Income RI Income Tax 15 Pay + % On Excess 16 Over But not Over On The Amount Over 17 \$0 -\$2,230 \$0 + 3.75%\$0 18 2,230 -7,022 84 + 4.75%2,230 19 7,022 -312 + 5.99%7,022
- 20 (B) Deductions:

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21 (I) Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction. Only the Rhode Island standard deduction 22 shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:

23	Filing status:	Amount
24	Single	\$7,500
25	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$15,000
26	Married filing separately	\$7,500
27	Head of Household	\$11,250

- 28 (II) Nonresident alien individuals, estates and trusts are not eligible for standard deductions.
 - (III) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000), the standard deduction amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for

1 the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000). 2 (C) Exemption Amount: 3 (I) The term "exemption amount" means three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) 4 multiplied by the number of exemptions allowed for the taxable year for federal income tax 5 purposes. (II) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an 6 7 individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer 8 for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such 9 individual's taxable year shall be zero. 10 (D) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode 11 Island purposes pursuant to § 33-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy- five 12 thousand dollars (\$175,000), the exemption amount shall be reduced by the applicable 13 percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five 14 thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for 15 the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000). 16 (E) Adjustment for inflation. - The dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-17 2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) shall be increased annually by an amount 18 equal to: 19 (I) Such dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-20 2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) adjusted for inflation using a base tax year of 2000, 21 multiplied by; 22 (II) The cost-of-living adjustment with a base year of 2000. 23 (III) For the purposes of this section the cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is 24 the percentage (if any) by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year 25 exceeds the consumer price index for the base year. The consumer price index for any calendar year is the average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period 26 27 ending on August 31, of such calendar year. 28 (IV) For the purpose of this section the term "consumer price index" means the last 29 consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For the 30 purpose of this section the revision of the consumer price index which is most consistent with the 31 consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used. 32 (V) If any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of fifty dollars 33 (\$50.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00). In the 34 case of a married individual filing separate return, if any increase determined under this section is

1	not a multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower
2	multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).
3	(E) Credits against tax.
4	(I) Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island Law, for tax years beginning on
5	or after January 1, 2011, the only credits allowed against a tax imposed under this chapter shall be
6	as follows:
7	(a) Rhode Island Earned Income Credit: Credit shall be allowed for earned income credit
8	pursuant to subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(N).
9	(b) Property Tax Relief Credit: Credit shall be allowed for property tax relief as provided
10	in § 44-33-1 et seq.
11	(c) Lead Paint Credit: Credit shall be allowed for residential lead abatement income tax
12	credit as provided in § 44-30.3-1 et seq.
13	(d) Credit for income taxes of other states Credit shall be allowed for income tax paid
14	to other states pursuant to § 44-30-74.
15	(e) Historic Structures Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for historic structures tax
16	credit as provided in § 44-33.2-1 et seq.
17	(f) Motion Picture Productions Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for motion picture
18	production tax credit as provided in § 44-31.2-1 et seq.
19	(g) Child and Dependent Care: Credit shall be allowed for twenty-five percent (25%) of
20	the federal child and dependent care credit allowable for the taxable year for federal purposes;
21	provided, however, such credit shall not exceed the Rhode Island tax liability.
22	(h) Tax credits for contributions to Scholarship Organizations: Credit shall be allowed for
23	contributions to scholarship organizations as provided in § 44-62 et seq.
24	(i) Credit for tax withheld Wages upon which tax is required to be withheld shall be
25	taxable as if no withholding were required, but any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax
26	actually deducted and withheld in any calendar year shall be deemed to have been paid to the tax
27	administrator on behalf of the person from whom withheld, and the person shall be credited with
28	having paid that amount of tax for the taxable year beginning in that calendar year. For a taxable
29	year of less than twelve (12) months, the credit shall be made under regulations of the tax
30	administrator.
31	(2) Except as provided in section 1 above, no other state and federal tax credit shall be

available to the taxpayers in computing tax liability under this chapter.

32

1	SECTION 2. This act shall	take	effect	upon	passage	and	shall	apply	to	tax	years
2	beginning on or after January 1, 2016.										

LC000882

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION - PERSONAL INCOME TAX
