2015 -- S 0347 AS AMENDED

LC000157

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2015

AN ACT

RELATING TO ANIMAL AND ANIMAL HUSBANDRY -- REGULATION OF VICIOUS DOGS

Introduced By: Senators Walaska, Ciccone, and McCaffrey

Date Introduced: February 12, 2015

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Sections 4-13.1-2 and 4-13.1-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 4-13.1
2	entitled "Regulation of Vicious Dogs" are hereby amended to read as follows:

- 3 <u>4-13.1-2. Definitions. --</u> As used in §§ 4-13.1-1 -- 4-13.1-14, the following words and 4 terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context indicates another or different 5 meaning or intent:
- 6

(1) "Dog officer" means any person defined by the provisions of chapter 19 of this title.

7 (2) "Domestic animals" means animals which, through extremely long association with 8 humans, have been bred to a degree which has resulted in genetic changes affecting the 9 temperament, color, conformation, or other attributes of the species to an extent that makes them 10 unique and distinguishable from wild individuals of their species. Such animals may include but 11 are not limited to:

- 12 (i) Domestic dog (Canis familiaris);
- 13 (ii) Domestic cat (Felis catus);
- 14 (iii) Domestic horse (Equus caballus);

15 (iv) Domestic ass, burro, and donkey (Equus asinus);

- 16 (v) Domestic cattle (Bos taurus and Bos indicus);
- 17 (vi) Domestic sheep (Ovi aries);
- 18 (vii) Domestic goat (Capra hircus);

(viii) Domestic swine (Sus scrofa domestica);
(ix) Llama (lama alama);
(x) Alpaca (lama pacos);
(xi) Camels (Camelus bactrianus and Camel dromedarius);
(xii) Domestic races of European rabbit (Oryctolagus cuniculus);
(xiii) Domestic races of chickens (Callus gallus);
(xiv) Domestic races of duck and geese (Anatidae) morphologically distinguishable from
wild birds;
(xv) Domestic races of guinea fowl (Numida meleagris);
(xvi) Domestic races of peafowl (Pavo scristatus).
(3) "Enclosure" means a fence or structure of at least six feet (6') in height, forming or
causing an enclosure suitable to prevent the entry of young children, and suitable to confine a
vicious dog in conjunction with other measures which may be taken by the owner or keeper, such
as tethering of the vicious dog. The enclosure shall be securely enclosed and locked and designed
with secure sides, top, and bottom and shall be designed to prevent the animal from escaping
from the enclosure.
(4) "Impounded" means taken into the custody of the public pound in the city or town
where the vicious dog is found.
(5) "Person" means a natural person or any legal entity, including but not limited to, a
corporation, firm, partnership, or trust.
(6) "Vicious dog" means:
(i) Any dog that, when unprovoked, in a vicious or terrorizing manner, approaches any
person in apparent attitude of attack upon the streets, sidewalks, or any public grounds or places;
(ii) Any dog with a known propensity, tendency, or disposition to attack unprovoked, to
cause injury, or to otherwise endanger the safety of human beings or domestic animals;
(iii) Any dog that bites, inflicts injury, assaults, or otherwise attacks a human being or
domestic animal without provocation on public or private property; or
(iv) Any dog owned or harbored primarily or in part for the purpose of dog fighting or
any dog trained for dog fighting that is deemed vicious after it has been properly assessed by the
Rhode Island Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (RISPCA) pursuant to the
<u>provisions of § 4-13.1-5(d)</u> .
Notwithstanding the definition of a vicious dog in subsection (6), no dog may be
declared vicious in accordance with § 4-13.1-11 if an injury or damage is sustained by a person
who, at the time that injury or damage was sustained, was committing a trespass or other tort

upon premises occupied by the owner or keeper of the dog, or was teasing, tormenting,
provoking, abusing or assaulting the dog or was committing or attempting to commit a crime or
until the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals has an opportunity to assess the dog
pursuant to the provisions of § 4-13.1-5(d).

5 (v) No dog may be declared vicious if an injury or damage was sustained by a domestic 6 animal which at the time that injury or damage was sustained was teasing, tormenting, provoking, 7 abusing or assaulting the dog. No dog may be declared vicious if the dog was protecting or 8 defending a human being within the immediate vicinity of the dog from an unjustified attack or 9 assault.

(7) "Guardian" shall mean a person(s) having the same rights and responsibilities of an
owner, and both terms shall be used interchangeably. A guardian shall also mean a person who
possesses, has title to or an interest in, harbors or has control, custody or possession of an animal
and who is responsible for an animal's safety and well-being.

14 (8) "Muzzle" means a device which shall not cause injury to the dog or interfere with its
15 vision or respiration but shall prevent the dog from biting a person or animal.

(9) "Serious injury" means any physical injury consisting of a broken bone(s) or
 permanently disfiguring lacerations requiring stitches, multiple stitches or sutures, or cosmetic
 surgery.

(10) "Enclosed area" means an area surrounded by a fence that will prevent the dog fromleaving the owner's property.

(11) "Tie-out" means a cable, rope, light weight chain, or other means attached to the
dog that will prevent the dog from leaving the owner's property.

(12) "Leash" means a rope, cable, nylon strap, or other means attached to the dog thatwill provide the owner with control of the dog.

4-13.1-5. Harboring dogs for dog fighting -- Training dogs to attack humans - Selling, breeding, or buying dogs. -- (a) No person shall own or harbor any dog for the purpose
 of dog fighting, or train, torment, badger, bait, or use any dog for the purpose of causing or
 encouraging the dog to unprovoked attacks upon human beings or domestic animals.

(b) No person shall possess with intent to sell, or offer for sale, breed, or buy or attemptto buy within the state any vicious dog.

31 (c) Any dog described in subsection (a) or (b) of this section lawfully seized by a sheriff,

32 deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, agent or officer of the Rhode Island Society for the

33 Prevention of Cruelty to Animals shall be placed in the care of the RISPCA pursuant to the

34 provisions of § 4-1-22 through and including § 4-1-31.

- 1 (d) The RISPCA shall utilize a timely process to determine the disposition of the dog and
- 2 provide for prompt transfer to an appropriate rescue organization or adoptive home with humane
- 3 euthanization occurring only if the dog's medical and/or behavioral condition warrants such
- 4 action or it is determined, after reasonable time and effort have been expended, that no
- 5 appropriate placement for the dog exists.
- 6 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO ANIMAL AND ANIMAL HUSBANDRY -- REGULATION OF VICIOUS DOGS

This act would require that any dog lawfully seized as a result of dog fighting or trained, tormented, badgered, baited, or used for the purpose of unprovoked attacks upon human beings or domestic animals be placed in the care of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals for the dog's physical care and suitability for transfer to an appropriate rescue organization or adoptive home.

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