2015 -- S 0753

LC001756

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2015

AN ACT

RELATING TO BUSINESSES AND PROFESSIONS - CONFIDENTIALITY OF HEALTH CARE COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ACT

Introduced By: Senators Miller, Sheehan, Ottiano, Sosnowski, and Nesselbush

Date Introduced: March 24, 2015

Referred To: Senate Health & Human Services

(OHHS)

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It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 5-37.3-4 of the General Laws in Chapter 5-37.3 entitled
"Confidentiality of Health Care Communications and Information Act" is hereby amended to read
as follows:

5-37.3-4. Limitations on and permitted disclosures. -- (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, or as specifically provided by the law, a patient's confidential health care information shall not be released or transferred without the written consent of the patient, or his or her authorized representative, on a consent form meeting the requirements of subsection (d) of this section. A copy of any notice used pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, and of any signed consent shall, upon request, be provided to the patient prior to his or her signing a consent form. Any and all managed care entities and managed care contractors writing policies in the state shall be prohibited from providing any information related to enrollees that is personal in nature and could reasonably lead to identification of an individual and is not essential for the compilation of statistical data related to enrollees, to any international, national, regional, or local medical information database. This provision shall not restrict or prohibit the transfer of information to the department of health to carry out its statutory duties and responsibilities.

- (2) Any person who violates the provisions of this section may be liable for actual and punitive damages.
 - (3) The court may award a reasonable attorney's fee at its discretion to the prevailing

party in any civil action under this section.

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- 2 (4) Any person who knowingly and intentionally violates the provisions of this section 3 shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than five thousand (\$5,000) dollars for each violation, 4 or imprisoned not more than six (6) months for each violation, or both.
 - (5) Any contract or agreement that purports to waive the provisions of this section shall be declared null and void as against public policy.
 - (b) No consent for release or transfer of confidential health care information shall be required in the following situations:
 - (1) To a physician, dentist, or other medical personnel who believes, in good faith, that the information is necessary for diagnosis or treatment of that individual in a medical or dental emergency;
 - (2) To medical and dental peer review boards, or the board of medical licensure and discipline, or board of examiners in dentistry;
 - (3) To qualified personnel for the purpose of conducting scientific research, management audits, financial audits, program evaluations, actuarial, insurance underwriting, or similar studies; provided, that personnel shall not identify, directly or indirectly, any individual patient in any report of that research, audit, or evaluation, or otherwise disclose patient identities in any manner;
 - (4) (i) By a health care provider to appropriate law enforcement personnel, or to a person if the health care provider believes that person, or his or her family, is in danger from a patient; or to appropriate law enforcement personnel if the patient has, or is attempting to obtain, narcotic drugs from the health care provider illegally; or to appropriate law enforcement personnel, or appropriate child protective agencies, if the patient is a minor child or the parent or guardian of said child and/or the health care provider believes, after providing health care services to the patient, that the child is, or has been, physically, psychologically, or sexually abused and neglected as reportable pursuant to § 40-11-3; or to appropriate law enforcement personnel or the division of elderly affairs if the patient is an elder person and the healthcare provider believes, after providing healthcare services to the patient, that the elder person is, or has been, abused, neglected, or exploited as reportable pursuant to § 42-66-8; or to law enforcement personnel in the case of a gunshot wound reportable under § 11-47-48; or to appropriate law enforcement personnel the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals, office of quality assurance, if the patient is an adult with severe impairments and/or if the health care provider believes, after providing services to the patient, that the person with severe impairments is, or has been, abused, neglected, mistreated, or exploited as reportable pursuant to §§ 40.1-27-2 and/or 40-8.5-2;

1	(ii) A health care provider may disclose protected health information in response to a law						
2	enforcement official's request for such information for the purpose of identifying or locating						
3	suspect, fugitive, material witness, or missing person, provided that the health care provider may						
4	disclose only the following information:						
5	(A) Name and address;						
6	(B) Date and place of birth;						
7	(C) Social security number;						
8	(D) ABO blood type and rh factor;						
9	(E) Type of injury;						
10	(F) Date and time of treatment;						
11	(G) Date and time of death, if applicable; and						
12	(H) A description of distinguishing physical characteristics, including height, weight,						
13	gender, race, hair and eye color, presence or absence of facial hair (beard or moustache), scars,						
14	and tattoos.						
15	(I) Except as permitted by this subsection, the health care provider may not disclose for						
16	the purposes of identification or location under this subsection any protected health information						
17	related to the patient's DNA or DNA analysis, dental records, or typing, samples, or analysis of						
18	body fluids or tissue.						
19	(iii) A health care provider may disclose protected health information in response to a						
20	law enforcement official's request for such information about a patient who is, or is suspected to						
21	be, a victim of a crime, other than disclosures that are subject to subsection (b)(4)(vii) of this						
22	section, if:						
23	(A) The patient agrees to the disclosure; or						
24	(B) The health care provider is unable to obtain the patient's agreement because of						
25	incapacity or other emergency circumstances provided that:						
26	(1) The law enforcement official represents that such information is needed to determine						
27	whether a violation of law by a person other than the victim has occurred, and such information is						
28	not intended to be used against the victim;						
29	(2) The law enforcement official represents that immediate law enforcement activity that						
30	depends upon the disclosure would be materially and adversely affected by waiting until the						
31	patient is able to agree to the disclosure; and						
32	(3) The disclosure is in the best interests of the patient as determined by the health care						
33	provider in the exercise of professional judgment.						
34	(iv) A health care provider may disclose protected health information about a patient						

who has died to a law enforcement official for the purpose of alerting law enforcement of the 1 2 death of the patient if the health care provider has a suspicion that such death may have resulted 3 from criminal conduct. 4 (v) A health care provider may disclose to a law enforcement official protected health 5 information that the health care provider believes in good faith constitutes evidence of criminal conduct that occurred on the premises of the health care provider. 6 7 (vi) (A) A health care provider providing emergency health care in response to a medical 8 emergency, other than such emergency on the premises of the covered health care provider, may 9 disclose protected health information to a law enforcement official if such disclosure appears 10 necessary to alert law enforcement to: 11 (1) The commission and nature of a crime; 12 (2) The location of such crime or of the victim(s) of such crime; and 13 (3) The identity, description, and location of the perpetrator of such crime. 14 (B) If a health care provider believes that the medical emergency described in subsection 15 (b)(vi)(A) of this section is the result of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence of the individual in 16 need of emergency health care, subsection (b)(vi)(A) of this section does not apply and any 17 disclosure to a law enforcement official for law enforcement purposes is subject to subsection 18 (b)(4)(vii) of this section. 19 (vii) (A) Except for reports permitted by subsection (b)(4)(i) of this section, a health care 20 provider may disclose protected health information about a patient the health care provider 21 reasonably believes to be a victim of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence to law enforcement or a 22 government authority, including a social service or protective services agency, authorized by law 23 to receive reports of such abuse, neglect, or domestic violence: 24 (1) To the extent the disclosure is required by law and the disclosure complies with, and is limited to, the relevant requirements of such law; 25 26 (2) If the patient agrees to the disclosure; or 27 (3) To the extent the disclosure is expressly authorized by statute or regulation and: 28 (i) The health care provider, in the exercise of professional judgment, believes the 29 disclosure is necessary to prevent serious harm to the patient or other potential victims; or 30 (ii) If the patient is unable to agree because of incapacity, a law enforcement or other 31 public official authorized to receive the report represents that the protected health information for 32 which disclosure is sought is not intended to be used against the patient and that an immediate 33 enforcement activity that depends upon the disclosure would be materially and adversely affected

by waiting until the patient is able to agree to the disclosure.

1	(B) A health care provider that makes a disclosure permitted by subsection (b)(4)(vii)(A)
2	of this section must promptly inform the patient that such a report has been, or will be, made,
3	except if:
4	(1) The health care facility, in the exercise of professional judgment, believes informing
5	the patient would place the individual at risk of serious harm; or
6	(2) The health care provider would be informing a personal representative, and the health
7	care provider reasonably believes the personal representative is responsible for the abuse, neglect,
8	or other injury, and that informing such person would not be in the best interests of the individual
9	as determined by the covered entity in the exercise of professional judgment.
10	(viii) The disclosures authorized by this subsection shall be limited to the minimum
11	amount of information necessary to accomplish the intended purpose of the release of
12	information.
13	(5) Between, or among, qualified personnel and health care providers within the health
14	care system for purposes of coordination of health care services given to the patient and for
15	purposes of education and training within the same health care facility; or
16	(6) To third party health insurers, including to utilization review agents as provided by §
17	23-17.12-9(c)(4), third party administrators licensed pursuant to chapter 20.7 of title 27, and other
18	entities that provide operational support to adjudicate health insurance claims or administer health
19	benefits;
20	(7) To a malpractice insurance carrier or lawyer if the health care provider has reason to
21	anticipate a medical liability action; or
22	(8) (i) To the health care provider's own lawyer or medical liability insurance carrier if
23	the patient whose information is at issue brings a medical liability action against a health care
24	provider.
25	(ii) Disclosure by a health care provider of a patient's health care information that is
26	relevant to a civil action brought by the patient against any person or persons other than that
27	health care provider may occur only under the discovery methods provided by the applicable
28	rules of civil procedure (federal or state). This disclosure shall not be through ex parte contacts
29	and not through informal ex parte contacts with the provider by persons other than the patient or
30	his or her legal representative.
31	Nothing in this section shall limit the right of a patient, or his or her attorney, to consult
32	with that patient's own physician and to obtain that patient's own health care information;
33	(9) To public health authorities in order to carry out their functions as described in this
34	title and titles 21 and 23 and rules promulgated under those titles. These functions include, but are

1 not restricted to, investigations into the causes of disease, the control of public health hazards, 2 enforcement of sanitary laws, investigation of reportable diseases, certification and licensure of 3 health professionals and facilities, review of health care such as that required by the federal 4 government and other governmental agencies; 5 (10) To the state medical examiner in the event of a fatality that comes under his or her jurisdiction; 6 7 (11) In relation to information that is directly related to a current claim for workers' compensation benefits or to any proceeding before the workers' compensation commission or 8 9 before any court proceeding relating to workers' compensation; 10 (12) To the attorneys for a health care provider whenever that provider considers that 11 release of information to be necessary in order to receive adequate legal representation; 12 (13) By a health care provider to appropriate school authorities of disease, health 13 screening, and/or immunization information required by the school; or when a school-age child 14 transfers from one school or school district to another school or school district; 15 (14) To a law enforcement authority to protect the legal interest of an insurance 16 institution, agent, or insurance-support organization in preventing and prosecuting the 17 perpetration of fraud upon them; 18 (15) To a grand jury, or to a court of competent jurisdiction, pursuant to a subpoena or 19 subpoena duces tecum when that information is required for the investigation or prosecution of 20 criminal wrongdoing by a health care provider relating to his, her or its provisions of health care 21 services and that information is unavailable from any other source; provided, that any information 22 so obtained, is not admissible in any criminal proceeding against the patient to whom that 23 information pertains; 24 (16) To the state board of elections pursuant to a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum 25 when that information is required to determine the eligibility of a person to vote by mail ballot 26 and/or the legitimacy of a certification by a physician attesting to a voter's illness or disability; 27 (17) To certify, pursuant to chapter 20 of title 17, the nature and permanency of a 28 person's illness or disability, the date when that person was last examined and that it would be an 29 undue hardship for the person to vote at the polls so that the person may obtain a mail ballot; 30 (18) To the central cancer registry; 31 (19) To the Medicaid fraud control unit of the attorney general's office for the 32 investigation or prosecution of criminal or civil wrongdoing by a health care provider relating to 33 his, her or its provision of health care services to then-Medicaid-eligible recipients or patients,

residents, or former patients or residents of long-term residential care facilities; provided, that any

information obtained shall not be admissible in any criminal proceeding against the patient to whom that information pertains;

- (20) To the state department of children, youth and families pertaining to the disclosure of health care records of children in the custody of the department;
- (21) To the foster parent, or parents, pertaining to the disclosure of health care records of children in the custody of the foster parent, or parents; provided, that the foster parent or parents receive appropriate training and have ongoing availability of supervisory assistance in the use of sensitive information that may be the source of distress to these children;
- (22) A hospital may release the fact of a patient's admission and a general description of a patient's condition to persons representing themselves as relatives or friends of the patient or as a representative of the news media. The access to confidential health care information to persons in accredited educational programs under appropriate provider supervision shall not be deemed subject to release or transfer of that information under subsection (a) of this section; or
- (23) To the workers' compensation fraud prevention unit for purposes of investigation under §§ 42-16.1-12 -- 42-16.1-16. The release or transfer of confidential health care information under any of the above exceptions is not the basis for any legal liability, civil or criminal, nor considered a violation of this chapter; or
- (24) To a probate court of competent jurisdiction, petitioner, respondent, and/or their attorneys, when the information is contained within a decision-making assessment tool that conforms to the provisions of § 33-15-47.
- (c) Third parties receiving, and retaining, a patient's confidential health care information must establish at least the following security procedures:
- (1) Limit authorized access to personally identifiable, confidential health care information to persons having a "need to know" that information; additional employees or agents may have access to that information that does not contain information from which an individual can be identified;
- (2) Identify an individual, or individuals, who have responsibility for maintaining security procedures for confidential health care information;
- (3) Provide a written statement to each employee or agent as to the necessity of maintaining the security and confidentiality of confidential health care information, and of the penalties provided for in this chapter for the unauthorized release, use, or disclosure of this information. The receipt of that statement shall be acknowledged by the employee or agent, who signs and returns the statement to his or her employer or principal, who retains the signed original. The employee or agent shall be furnished with a copy of the signed statement; and

- (4) Take no disciplinary or punitive action against any employee or agent solely for 1 2 bringing evidence of violation of this chapter to the attention of any person. 3 (d) Consent forms for the release or transfer of confidential health care information shall 4 contain, or in the course of an application or claim for insurance be accompanied by a notice 5 containing, the following information in a clear and conspicuous manner: (1) A statement of the need for and proposed uses of that information; 6 7 (2) A statement that all information is to be released or clearly indicating the extent of 8 the information to be released; and 9 (3) A statement that the consent for release or transfer of information may be withdrawn 10 at any future time and is subject to revocation, except where an authorization is executed in 11 connection with an application for a life or health insurance policy in which case the 12 authorization expires two (2) years from the issue date of the insurance policy, and when signed 13 in connection with a claim for benefits under any insurance policy, the authorization shall be 14 valid during the pendency of that claim. Any revocation shall be transmitted in writing. 15 (e) Except as specifically provided by law, an individual's confidential health care 16 information shall not be given, sold, transferred, or in any way relayed to any other person not 17 specified in the consent form or notice meeting the requirements of subsection (d) of this section 18 without first obtaining the individual's additional written consent on a form stating the need for 19 the proposed new use of this information or the need for its transfer to another person. 20 (f) Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to limit the permitted disclosure 21 of confidential health care information and communications described in subsection (b) of this 22 section. 23 SECTION 2. Section 40.1-5-26 of the General Laws in Chapter 40.1-5 entitled "Mental 24 Health Law" is hereby amended to read as follows: 40.1-5-26. Disclosure of confidential information and records. [Effective January 1, 25
- 25 <u>40.1-5-26. Disclosure of confidential information and records. [Effective January 1, 2015.] --</u> (a) The fact of admission or certification, and all information and records compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services to persons under this chapter, shall be confidential.
 - (b) Information and records may be disclosed only:

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- 30 (1) To any person, with the written consent of the patient or his or her guardian.
 - (2) In communications among qualified medical or mental health professionals in the provision of services or appropriate referrals, or in the course of court proceedings. The consent of the patient, or his or her guardian, must be obtained before information or records may be disclosed by a professional person employed by a facility to a professional person not employed

by the facility who does not have the medical responsibility for the patient's care.

- (3) When the person receiving services, or his or her guardian, designates persons to whom information or records may be released, or if the person is a minor, when his or her parents or guardian make the designation.
- (4) To the extent necessary for a recipient to make a claim, or for a claim to be made on behalf of a recipient for aid, insurance, or medical assistance to which he or she may be entitled.
- 7 (5) To proper medical authorities for the purpose of providing emergency medical 8 treatment where the person's life or health are in immediate jeopardy.
 - (6) For program evaluation and/or research, provided that the director adopts rules for the conduct of the evaluations and/or research. The rules shall include, but need not be limited to, the requirement that all evaluators and researchers must sign an oath of confidentiality, agreeing not to divulge, publish, or otherwise make known, to unauthorized persons or the public, any information obtained in the course of the evaluation or research regarding persons who have received services such that the person who received the services is identifiable.
 - (7) To the courts, and persons designated by judges thereof, in accordance with applicable rules of procedure. The records and files maintained in any court proceeding pursuant to this chapter shall be confidential and available only to the person who was the subject of the proceeding or his or her attorney.
 - (8) To the state medical examiner in connection with the investigation of a fatality of a current or former patient to the extent necessary to assist the medical examiner in determining the cause of death.
 - (9) To the director of health in accordance with, and to the extent authorized by, the provisions of chapter 37.3 of title 5 and all applicable federal laws and regulations; provided, however, that with respect to any information obtained, the department complies with all state and federal confidentiality laws, including, but not limited to, chapter 37.3 of title 5 and specifically § 5-37.3-4(c), and that the name, or names, of the patient or patients who is or are determined by the director of health to be immaterial to the request, inquiry, or investigation remain unidentifiable. Any treatment facility that provides information to the director of health in accord with a request under this subsection is not liable for wrongful disclosure arising out of any subsequent disclosure by the director of health.
 - (10) To a probate court of competent jurisdiction, petitioner, respondent, and/or their attorneys, when the information is contained within a decision-making assessment tool that conforms to the provisions of § 33-15-47.
 - (11) To the department of children, youth, and families and/or the department's

1	contracted	designee	for the	purpose	of	facilitating	effective	care	planning	pursuant	to	§ 4	42-72-
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- 2 5.2(2) and in accordance with applicable state and federal laws, for a child hospitalized for
- 3 psychiatric services and such services are paid for in whole or in part by the state, or for a child
- 4 who may be discharged from an acute-care facility to an out-of-home mental or behavioral health
- 5 agency for services and when such services will be paid for in whole or in part by the state.
- 6 (12) To the RIte Care health plans for any child enrolled in RIte Care.
- 7 (13) To the NICS database for firearms disqualifying information provided that only
- $8 \quad \mbox{ individual identifying information required by § 40.1-5-8-(1) is submitted.}$
- 9 (14) To the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and
- 10 hospitals, in order to carry out its functions as described in this title, and rules promulgated
- pursuant to this title. These functions include, but are not restricted to, enforcement of the mental
- 12 <u>health law and investigations into reportable incidents and complaints.</u>
- SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC001756

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

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RELATING TO BUSINESSES AND PROFESSIONS - CONFIDENTIALITY OF HEALTH CARE COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ACT

1	This act would authorize the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental
2	disabilities and hospitals to receive medical information in cases of abuse, neglect, mistreatment
3	or exploitation and access mental health records of elderly and disabled residents in a timely and
4	efficient manner without a release.
5	This act would take effect upon passage.
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