LC004154

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2016**

### AN ACT

### RELATING TO TAXATION

Introduced By: Senator Adam J. Satchell

<u>Date Introduced:</u> February 11, 2016

Referred To: Senate Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal

Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows:

3 <u>44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax. --</u> (a) "Rhode Island taxable

income" means federal taxable income as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.

§ 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic standard deduction amount for married couples

filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 and

the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA), and as modified by

the modifications in § 44-30-12.

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(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years beginning on

or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the Rhode Island

taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate of twenty-

five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year

13 2002 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any other

special rates for other types of income, except as provided in § 44-30-2.7, which were in effect

immediately prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of

16 2001 (EGTRRA); provided, rate schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax administrator

beginning in taxable year 2002 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the

18 commissioner of Internal Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f). However, for tax years beginning on or

after January 1, 2006, a taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax rate provided in § 44-30-

2 (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode 3 4 Island alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed by 5 multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal 6 7 form 6251 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) 8 for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and comparing 9 the product to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The excess shall be 10 the taxpayer's Rhode Island alternative minimum tax. 11 (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005 and thereafter the exemption 12 amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation by 13 the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal 14 Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f). (2) For the period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode 15 16 Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as 17 defined in 26 U.S.C. § 62 as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12 the Rhode Island 18 itemized deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this section. 19 (A) Tax imposed. 20 (1) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint 21 returns and surviving spouses a tax determined in accordance with the following table: 22 If taxable income is: The tax is: 23 Not over \$53,150 3.75% of taxable income 24 Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500 \$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$53,150 25 Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850 \$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$128,500 Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700 \$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$195,850 26 Over \$349,700 \$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 27 28 (2) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every head of household a tax 29 determined in accordance with the following table: 30 If taxable income is: The tax is: 31 Not over \$42,650 3.75% of taxable income 32 Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100 \$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$42,650 Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350 \$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$110,100 33 \$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$178,350 34 Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700

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2.10 to calculate his or her personal income tax liability.

1	Over \$349,700 \$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700			
2	(3) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of unmarried individuals (other than			
3	surviving spouses and heads of households) a tax determined in accordance with the following			
4	table:			
5	If taxable income is:  The tax is:			
6	Not over \$31,850	3.75% of taxable income		
7	Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100	\$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850		
8	Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850	\$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100		
9	Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700	\$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850		
10	Over \$349,700	\$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700		
11	(4) There is hereby imposed on the	he taxable income of married individuals filing separate		
12	returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ	mined in accordance with the following table:		
13	If taxable income is:	The tax is:		
14	Not over \$26,575	3.75% of taxable income		
15	Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575			
16	Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250			
17	Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925			
18	Over \$174,850 \$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850			
19	(5) There is hereby imposed a ta	axable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in		
20	accordance with the following table:			
21	If taxable income is:	The tax is:		
22	Not over \$2,150	3.75% of taxable income		
23	Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000	\$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150		
24	Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650	\$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000		
25	Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450	\$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650		
26	Over \$10,450	\$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$10,450		
27	(6) Adjustments for inflation. T	The dollars amount contained in paragraph (A) shall be		
28	increased by an amount equal to:			
29	(a) Such dollar amount contained	in paragraph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by;		
30	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment	determined under section (J) with a base year of 1993;		
31	(c) The cost-of-living adjustment	referred to in subparagraph (a) and (b) used in making		
32	adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and	nine and nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts shall		
33	be determined under section (J) by substituting "1994" for "1993."			
34	(B) Maximum capital gains rates			

1	(1) In general If a taxpayer has a net capital gain for tax years ending prior to January 1,
2	2010, the tax imposed by this section for such taxable year shall not exceed the sum of:
3	(a) 2.5 % of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under section
4	26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(b).
5	(b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.
6	1(h)(1)(c).
7	(c) 6.25% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26
8	U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(d).
9	(d) 7% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.
10	1(h)(1)(e).
11	(2) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2010 the tax imposed on net capital
12	gain shall be determined under subdivision 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(A).
13	(C) Itemized deductions.
14	(1) In general
15	For the purposes of section (2) "itemized deductions" means the amount of federal
16	itemized deductions as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.
17	(2) Individuals who do not itemize their deductions In the case of an individual who does
18	not elect to itemize his deductions for the taxable year, they may elect to take a standard
19	deduction.
19 20	deduction.  (3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in
20	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in
20 21	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li></ul>	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status  Amount
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li></ul>	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status  Amount  Single  \$5,350
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li></ul>	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850
<ul> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> </ul>	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850  (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status Amount Single \$5,350  Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900  Married filing separately \$4,450  Head of Household \$7,850  (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in the amount of
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850  (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for individuals who are married.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status Amount Single \$5,350  Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900  Married filing separately \$4,450  Head of Household \$7,850  (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for individuals who are married.  (5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents. In the case
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(3) Basic standard deduction. The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:  Filing status Amount Single \$5,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900 Married filing separately \$4,450 Head of Household \$7,850  (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for individuals who are married.  (5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allowable to another taxpayer, the basic

1	(6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction. In the case of:
2	(a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions;
3	(b) Nonresident alien individual;
4	(c) An estate or trust;
5	The standard deduction shall be zero.
6	(7) Adjustments for inflation. Each dollars amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and
7	(5) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
8	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in the year 1988,
9	multiplied by
10	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.
11	(D) Overall limitation on itemized deductions
12	(1) General rule.
13	In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12
14	exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the
15	taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of:
16	(a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12
17	over the applicable amount; or
18	(b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable
19	for such taxable year.
20	(2) Applicable amount.
21	(a) In general.
22	For purposes of this section, the term "applicable amount" means \$156,400 (\$78,200 in
23	the case of a separate return by a married individual)
24	(b) Adjustments for inflation. Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be
25	increased by an amount equal to:
26	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by
27	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.
28	(3) Phase-out of Limitation.
29	(a) In general.
30	In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1,
31	2010, the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which
32	would be the amount of such reduction.
33	(b) Applicable fraction. For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be
34	determined in accordance with the following table:

1	For taxable years beginning in calendar year	The applicable fraction is
2	2006 and 2007	2/3
3	2008 and 2009	1/3
4	(E) Exemption amount	
5	(1) In general.	
6	Except as otherwise provided in this subsection	n, the term "exemption amount" mean
7	\$3,400.	
8	(2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain	in dependents.
9	In the case of an individual with respect to what	nom a deduction under this section is
10	allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the	ne exemption amount applicable to such
11	individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.	
12	(3) Adjustments for inflation.	
13	The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall	l be increased by an amount equal to:
14	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1)	in the year 1989, multiplied by
15	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under	er section (J) with a base year of 1989.
16	(4) Limitation.	
17	(a) In general.	
18	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross	income as modified for the taxable year
19	exceeds the threshold amount shall be reduced by the appl	icable percentage.
20	(b) Applicable percentage. In the case of any tax	payer whose adjusted gross income for
21	the taxable year exceeds the threshold amount, the exempt	tion amount shall be reduced by two (2)
22	percentage points for each \$2,500 (or fraction thereof)	by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross
23	income for the taxable year exceeds the threshold amou	nt. In the case of a married individual
24	filing a separate return, the preceding sentence shall be	e applied by substituting "\$1,250" for
25	"\$2,500." In no event shall the applicable percentage exce	ed one hundred percent (100%).
26	(c) Threshold Amount. For the purposes of this	paragraph, the term "threshold amount"
27	shall be determined with the following table:	
28	Filing status	Amount
29	Single	\$156,400
30	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er)	\$234,600
31	Married filing separately	\$117,300
32	Head of Household	\$195,500
33	(d) Adjustments for inflation.	
34	Each dollars amount contain in paragraph (b) shal	l be increased by an amount equal to:

1	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the year 1991, multiplied by		
2	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.		
3	(5) Phase-out of Limitation.		
4	(a) In general.		
5	In the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1		
6	2010, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which		
7	would be the amount of such reduction.		
8	(b) Applicable fraction. For the purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall		
9	be determined in accordance with the following table:		
10	For taxable years beginning in calendar year  The applicable fraction is		
11	2006 and 2007 2/3		
12	2008 and 2009 1/3		
13	(F) Alternative minimum tax		
14	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by thi		
15	subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:		
16	(a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over		
17	(b) The regular tax for the taxable year.		
18	(2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum of:		
19	(a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not exceed \$175,000, plus		
20	(b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,000.		
21	(3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall be reduced by the		
22	alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year.		
23	(4) Taxable excess For the purposes of this subsection the term "taxable excess" mean		
24	so much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income as modified by the modifications in		
25	44-30-12 as exceeds the exemption amount.		
26	(5) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (2) shall b		
27	applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it appears.		
28	(6) Exemption amount. For purposes of this section "exemption amount" means:		
29	Filing status Amount		
30	Single \$39,150		
31	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$53,700		
32	Married filing separately \$26,850		
33	Head of Household \$39,150		
34	Estate or trust \$24,650		

1	(7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children
2	(a) In general.
3	In the case of a minor child, the exemption amount for purposes of section (6) shall not
4	exceed the sum of:
5	(i) Such child's earned income, plus
6	(ii) \$6,000.
7	(8) Adjustments for inflation.
8	The dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) shall be increased by an amount
9	equal to:
10	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) in the year 2004, multiplied
11	by
12	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.
13	(9) Phase-out.
14	(a) In general.
15	The exemption amount of any taxpayer shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an
16	amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative minimum taxable
17	income of the taxpayer exceeds the threshold amount.
18	(b) Threshold amount. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall
19	be determined with the following table:
20	Filing status Amount
21	Single \$123,250
22	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$164,350
23	Married filing separately \$82,175
24	Head of Household \$123,250
25	Estate or Trust \$82,150
26	(c) Adjustments for inflation
27	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
28	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 2004, multiplied by
29	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.
30	(G) Other Rhode Island taxes
31	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this
32	subtitle) a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:
33	
	(a) The Federal income tax on lump-sum distributions.

1	(c) The recapture of Federal tax credits that were previously claimed on Rhode Island
2	return.
3	(H) Tax for children under 18 with investment income
4	(1) General rule. – There is hereby imposed a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:
5	(a) The Federal tax for children under the age of 18 with investment income.
6	(I) Averaging of farm income
7	(1) General rule At the election of an individual engaged in a farming business or
8	fishing business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:
9	(a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC section 1301.
10	(J) Cost-of-living adjustment
11	(1) In general.
12	The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which:
13	(a) The CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds
14	(b) The CPI for the base year.
15	(2) CPI for any calendar year. For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar
16	year is the average of the Consumer Price Index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period
17	ending on August 31 of such calendar year.
18	(3) Consumer Price Index
19	For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer
20	price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the
21	preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index which is most consistent with the
22	consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.
23	(4) Rounding.
24	(a) In general.
25	If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase
26	shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50.
27	(b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be
28	applied by substituting "\$25" for \$50 each place it appears.
29	(K) Credits against tax For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer
30	entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996 shall be entitled to
31	a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section:
32	(1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, § 5].
33	(2) Child and dependent care credit;
34	(3) General business credits;

2	(5) Credit for prior year minimum tax;
3	(6) Mortgage interest credit;
4	(7) Empowerment zone employment credit;
5	(8) Qualified electric vehicle credit.
6	(L) Credit against tax for adoption For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006,
7	a taxpayer entitled to the federal adoption credit shall be entitled to a credit against the Rhode
8	Island tax imposed under this section if the adopted child was under the care, custody, or
9	supervision of the Rhode Island department of children, youth and families prior to the adoption.
10	(M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits
11	provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996,
12	including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax
13	Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA). In no event shall the tax imposed under this section be
14	reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax
15	purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as
16	prescribed in this subsection.
17	(N) Rhode Island earned income credit
18	(1) In general.
19	For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015 and before January 1, 2016, a
20	taxpayer entitled to a federal earned income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned income
21	credit equal to ten percent (10%) of the federal earned income credit. Such credit shall not exceed
22	the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.
23	For tax years beginning on or after January, 1, 2016, a taxpayer entitled to a federal
24	earned income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned income credit equal to twelve and
25	one-half percent (12.5%) of the federal earned income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the
26	amount of the Rhode Island income tax.
27	(2) Refundable portion. In the event the Rhode Island earned income credit allowed
28	under section (J) exceeds the amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned income
29	credit shall be allowed.
30	(a) For purposes of paragraph (2) refundable earned income credit means one hundred
31	percent (100%) of the amount by which the Rhode Island earned income credit exceeds the
32	Rhode Island income tax.
33	(O) The tax administrator shall recalculate and submit necessary revisions to paragraphs
34	(A) through (J) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010 and every three (3) years

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(4) Credit for elderly or the disabled;

- 1 thereafter for inclusion in the statute.
- 2 (3) For the period January 1, 2011 2017 through December 31, 2011 2017, and thereafter,
- 3 "Rhode Island taxable income" means federal adjusted gross income as determined under the
- 4 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1 et seq., and as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant
- 5 to § 44-30-12 less the amount of Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction allowed pursuant to
- 6 subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B), and less the amount of personal exemption allowed pursuant of
- 7 subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C).
- 8 (A) Tax imposed.
- 9 (I) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint
- 10 returns, qualifying widow(er), every head of household, unmarried individuals, married
  - individuals filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates, a tax determined in accordance with the
- 12 following table:

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13	RI Taxable Income		RI Income Tax		
14	Over	But not Over	Pay + % On Excess	On The Amount Over	
15	\$0 -	\$55,000	\$0 + 3.75%	\$0	
16	55,000 -	125,000	2,063 + 4.75%	55,000	
17	125,000 -	250,000	5,388 + 5.99%	125,000	
18	<u>250,000 -</u>		<u>12,857 + 7.99%</u>	<u>250,000</u>	

- 19 (II) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined
- in accordance with the following table:
- 21 RI Taxable Income RI Income Tax

22	Over	But not Over	Pay + % On Excess	On The Amount Over
23	\$0 -	\$2,230	\$0 + 3.75%	\$0
24	2,230 -	7,022	84 + 4.75%	2,230
25	7,022 -		312 + 5.99%	7,022

- 26 (B) Deductions:
- 27 (I) Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction. Only the Rhode Island standard deduction
- shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:

29	Filing status:	Amount
30	Single	\$7,500
31	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$15,000
32	Married filing separately	\$7,500
33	Head of Household	\$11,250

34 (II) Nonresident alien individuals, estates and trusts are not eligible for standard

deductions.

(III) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode
Island purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five
thousand dollars (\$175,000), the standard deduction amount shall be reduced by the applicable
percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five
thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for

the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).

- 8 (C) Exemption Amount:
  - (I) The term "exemption amount" means three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) multiplied by the number of exemptions allowed for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes.
- (II) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.
  - (D) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to § 33-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy- five thousand dollars (\$175,000), the exemption amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).
  - (E) Adjustment for inflation. The dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) shall be increased annually by an amount equal to:
- 25 (I) Such dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-26(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) adjusted for inflation using a base tax year of 2000, multiplied by;
  - (II) The cost-of-living adjustment with a base year of 2000.
  - (III) For the purposes of this section the cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year exceeds the consumer price index for the base year. The consumer price index for any calendar year is the average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period ending on August 31, of such calendar year.
- 34 (IV) For the purpose of this section the term "consumer price index" means the last

1 consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For the 2 purpose of this section the revision of the consumer price index which is most consistent with the 3 consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used. 4 (V) If any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of fifty dollars 5 (\$50.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00). In the case of a married individual filing separate return, if any increase determined under this section is 6 7 not a multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower 8 multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00). 9 (E) Credits against tax. (I) Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island Law, for tax years beginning on 10 11 or after January 1, 2011, the only credits allowed against a tax imposed under this chapter shall be 12 as follows: 13 (a) Rhode Island Earned Income Credit: Credit shall be allowed for earned income credit 14 pursuant to subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(N). 15 (b) Property Tax Relief Credit: Credit shall be allowed for property tax relief as provided 16 in § 44-33-1 et seq. 17 (c) Lead Paint Credit: Credit shall be allowed for residential lead abatement income tax 18 credit as provided in § 44-30.3-1 et seq. 19 (d) Credit for income taxes of other states. - Credit shall be allowed for income tax paid 20 to other states pursuant to § 44-30-74. 21 (e) Historic Structures Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for historic structures tax 22 credit as provided in § 44-33.2-1 et seq. 23 (f) Motion Picture Productions Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for motion picture 24 production tax credit as provided in § 44-31.2-1 et seq. 25 (g) Child and Dependent Care: Credit shall be allowed for twenty-five percent (25%) of 26 the federal child and dependent care credit allowable for the taxable year for federal purposes; 27 provided, however, such credit shall not exceed the Rhode Island tax liability. 28 (h) Tax credits for contributions to Scholarship Organizations: Credit shall be allowed for 29 contributions to scholarship organizations as provided in § 44-62 et seq. 30 (i) Credit for tax withheld. - Wages upon which tax is required to be withheld shall be 31 taxable as if no withholding were required, but any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax

actually deducted and withheld in any calendar year shall be deemed to have been paid to the tax

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1	year of less than twelve (12) months, the credit shall be made under regulations of the tax
2	administrator.
3	(j) Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship: Credit shall be allowed for stay invested
4	in RI wavemaker fellowship program as provided in §42-64.26-1 et seq.
5	(k) Rebuild Rhode Island: Credit shall be allowed for rebuild RI tax credit as provided in
6	§42-64.20-1 et seq.
7	(1) Rhode Island Qualified Jobs Incentive Program: Credit shall be allowed for Rhode
8	Island new qualified jobs incentive program credit as provided in §44-48.3-1 et seq.
9	(2) Except as provided in section 1 above, no other state and federal tax credit shall be
10	available to the taxpayers in computing tax liability under this chapter.
11	SECTION 2. Section 45-13-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 45-13 entitled "State Aid"
12	is hereby amended to read as follows:
13	45-13-1. Apportionment of annual appropriation for state aid (a) As used in this
14	chapter, the following words and terms have the following meanings:
15	(1) "Income" means the most recent estimate of per-capita income for a city, town or
16	county as reported by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
17	(2) "Population" means the most recent estimates of population for each city and town as
18	reported by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
19	(3) "Reference year" means the second fiscal year preceding the beginning of the fiscal
20	year in which the distribution of state aid to cities and towns is made provided however that the
21	reference year for distributions made in fiscal year 2007-2008 shall be the third fiscal year
22	preceding the beginning of the fiscal year 2007-2008 and provided further that the reference year
23	for distributions made in fiscal year 2008-2009 shall be the fourth fiscal year preceding the
24	beginning of the fiscal year 2008-2009.
25	(4) "Tax effort" means the total taxes imposed by a city or town for public purposes or
26	the totals of those taxes for the cities or towns within a county (except employee and employer
27	assessments and contributions to finance retirement and social insurance systems and other
28	special assessments for capital outlay) determined by the United States Secretary of Commerce
29	for general statistical purposes and adjusted to exclude amounts properly allocated to education
30	expenses.
31	(b) Aid to cities and towns shall be apportioned as follows: For each county, city or
32	town, let R be the tax effort divided by the square of per capita income, i.e., R = (tax
33	effort)/(income x income).
34	The amount to be allocated to the counties shall be apportioned in the ratio of the value

of R for each county divided by the sum of the values of R for all five (5) counties.

The amount to be allocated for all cities and for all towns within a county shall be the allocation for that county apportioned proportionally to the total tax effort of the towns and cities in that county.

The amount to be allocated to any city or town is the amount allocated to all cities or all towns within the county apportioned in the ratio of the value of R for that city (or town) divided by the sum of the values of R for all cities (or all towns) in that county; provided, further, that no city or town shall receive an entitlement in excess of one hundred forty-five percent (145%) of that city or town's population multiplied by the average per capita statewide amount of the annual appropriation for state aid to cities and towns. Any excess entitlement shall be allocated to the remainder of the cities and towns in the respective county in accordance with the provisions of this section.

For fiscal year 2004, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), aid calculations shall be based on a blended rate of ninety percent (90%) of the data from the 1990 census and ten percent (10%) of the data from the 2000 census. In each of the succeeding nine (9) fiscal years, the calculations shall be based on a blended rate that increases the percentage of data utilized from the 2000 census by ten percent (10%) from the previous year and decreases the percentage of the data utilized from the 1990 census by ten percent (10%) from the previous year.

- (c) The total amount of aid to be apportioned pursuant to subsection (b) above shall be specified in the annual appropriation act of the state and shall be equal to the following:
- (1) For fiscal years ending June 30, 1994 through June 30, 1998, the total amount of aid shall be based upon one percent (1%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
- (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, the total amount of aid shall be based upon one and three-tenths percent (1.3%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
- (3) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, the total amount of aid shall be based upon one and seven-tenths percent (1.7%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
- (4) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001, the total amount of aid shall be based upon two percent (2.0%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
- (5) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002, the total amount of aid shall be based upon two and four-tenths percent (2.4%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
- 31 (6) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, the total amount of aid shall be based upon 32 two and four-tenths percent (2.4%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
  - (7) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, the total amount of aid shall be based upon two and seven-tenths percent (2.7%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.

1	(8) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, the total amount of aid shall be fifty-two
2	million four hundred thirty-eight thousand five hundred thirty-two dollars (\$52,438,532).
3	(9) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, the total amount of aid shall be based upon
4	three percent (3%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
5	(10) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007 the total amount of aid shall be sixty-four
6	million six hundred ninety-nine thousand three dollars (\$64,699,003).
7	(11) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, the total amount of aid shall be sixty-four
8	million six hundred ninety-nine thousand three dollars (\$64,699,003).
9	(12) [Deleted by P.L. 2009, ch. 68, art. 6, section 3.]
10	(13) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 25, section 1.]
11	(14) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 25, section 1.]
12	(d) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 the apportionments of state aid as derived
13	through the calculations as required by subsections (a) through (c) of this section shall be adjusted
14	downward statewide by ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).
15	(e) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, the total amount of aid shall be twenty-five
16	million dollars (\$25,000,000) with such distribution allocated proportionately on the same basis
17	as the original enactment of general revenue sharing of FY 2009.
18	(f) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 and thereafter, funding shall be determined
19	by appropriation.
20	SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC004154

# **EXPLANATION**

# BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

# AN ACT

# RELATING TO TAXATION

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This act would provide for the imposition of a two percent (2%) tax increase on personal income over two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) commencing January 1, 2017.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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LC004154