LC000811

## 2017 -- H 5380

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

#### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2017

#### AN ACT

#### RELATING TO TAXATION - SALES AND USE TAXES - LIABILITY AND COMPUTATION - BEER AND MALT BEVERAGES

Introduced By: Representatives Filippi, Morgan, Quattrocchi, Lancia, and Roberts

Date Introduced: February 03, 2017

Referred To: House Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 44-18-7.1 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-18 entitled "Sales and

2 Use Taxes - Liability and Computation" is hereby amended to read as follows:

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## 44-18-7.1. Additional definitions.

4 (a) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

5 (b) "Alcoholic Beverages" means beverages, including, without limitation, beer and malt

beverages, that are suitable for human consumption and contain one-half of one percent (.5%) or
more of alcohol by volume.

8 (c) "Bundled Transaction" is the retail sale of two or more products, except real property 9 and services to real property, where (1) the products are otherwise distinct and identifiable, and 10 (2) the products are sold for one non-itemized price. A "bundled transaction" does not include the 11 sale of any products in which the "sales price" varies, or is negotiable, based on the selection by

12 the purchaser of the products included in the transaction.

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(i) "Distinct and identifiable products" does not include:

(A) Packaging -- such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and bottles -- or other materials - such as wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides -- that accompany the "retail sale" of the
products and are incidental or immaterial to the "retail sale" thereof. Examples of packaging that
are incidental or immaterial include grocery sacks, shoeboxes, dry cleaning garment bags and
express delivery envelopes and boxes.

(B) A product provided free of charge with the required purchase of another product. A 1 2 product is "provided free of charge" if the "sales price" of the product purchased does not vary 3 depending on the inclusion of the products "provided free of charge."

4 (C) Items included in the member state's definition of "sales price," pursuant to Appendix 5 C of the Agreement.

(ii) The term "one non-itemized price" does not include a price that is separately 6 7 identified by product on binding sales or other supporting sales-related documentation made 8 available to the customer in paper or electronic form including, but not limited to, an invoice, bill 9 of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement, lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and 10 services, rate card, or price list.

11 (iii) A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a "bundled transaction" as 12 defined above, is not a "bundled transaction" if it is:

13 (A) The "retail sale" of tangible personal property and a service where the tangible 14 personal property is essential to the use of the service, and is provided exclusively in connection 15 with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service; or

16 (B) The "retail sale" of services where one service is provided that is essential to the use 17 or receipt of a second service and the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the 18 second service and the true object of the transaction is the second service; or

19 (C) A transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable products and the 20 "purchase price" or "sales price" of the taxable products is de minimis.

21 1. De minimis means the seller's "purchase price" or "sales price" of the taxable products 22 is ten percent (10%) or less of the total "purchase price" or "sales price" of the bundled products.

2. Sellers shall use either the "purchase price" or the "sales price" of the products to 23 24 determine if the taxable products are de minimis. Sellers may not use a combination of the 25 "purchase price" and "sales price" of the products to determine if the taxable products are de 26 minimis.

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3. Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to determine if the taxable products 28 are de minimis; or

29 (D) The "retail sale" of exempt tangible personal property and taxable tangible personal 30 property where:

31 1. the transaction includes "food and food ingredients", "drugs", "durable medical 32 equipment", "mobility enhancing equipment", "over-the-counter drugs", "prosthetic devices" (all 33 as defined in § 44-18-7.1) or medical supplies; and

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2. where the seller's "purchase price" or "sales price" of the taxable tangible personal

property is fifty percent (50%) or less of the total "purchase price" or "sales price" of the bundled tangible personal property. Sellers may not use a combination of the "purchase price" and "sales price" of the tangible personal property when making the fifty percent (50%) determination for a transaction.

5 (d) "Certified Automated System (CAS)" means software certified under the Agreement 6 to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount of tax to 7 remit to the appropriate state, and maintain a record of the transaction.

8 (e) "Certified Service Provider (CSP)" means an agent certified under the Agreement to 9 perform all the seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on 10 its own purchases.

11 (f) Clothing and Related Items

12 (i) "Clothing" means all human wearing apparel suitable for general use.

(ii) "Clothing accessories or equipment" means incidental items worn on the person or in
conjunction with "clothing." "Clothing accessories or equipment" does not include "clothing,"
"sport or recreational equipment," or "protective equipment."

16 (iii) "Protective equipment" means items for human wear and designed as protection of 17 the wearer against injury or disease or as protections against damage or injury of other persons or 18 property but not suitable for general use. "Protective equipment" does not include "clothing," 19 "clothing accessories or equipment," and "sport or recreational equipment."

20 (iv) "Sport or recreational equipment" means items designed for human use and worn in 21 conjunction with an athletic or recreational activity that are not suitable for general use. "Sport or 22 recreational equipment" does not include "clothing," "clothing accessories or equipment," and 23 "protective equipment."

24 (g) Computer and Related Items

(i) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information in digital or similar
form and manipulates it for a result based on a sequence of instructions.

27 (ii) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions designed to cause a
28 "computer" or automatic data processing equipment to perform a task.

(iii) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to the purchaser by means other thantangible storage media.

31 (iv) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic,
 32 wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.

(v) "Load and leave" means delivery to the purchaser by use of a tangible storage media
 where the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.

1 (vi) "Prewritten computer software" means "computer software," including prewritten 2 upgrades, which is not designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications 3 of a specific purchaser. The combining of two (2) or more "prewritten computer software" 4 programs or prewritten portions thereof does not cause the combination to be other than 5 "prewritten computer software." "Prewritten computer software" includes software designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific purchaser when it is 6 7 sold to a person other than the specific purchaser. Where a person modifies or enhances 8 "computer software" of which the person is not the author or creator, the person shall be deemed 9 to be the author or creator only of such person's modifications or enhancements. "Prewritten 10 computer software" or a prewritten portion thereof that is modified or enhanced to any degree, 11 where such modification or enhancement is designed and developed to the specifications of a 12 specific purchaser, remains "prewritten computer software;" provided, however, that where there 13 is a reasonable, separately stated charge or an invoice or other statement of the price given to the 14 purchaser for such modification or enhancement, such modification or enhancement shall not 15 constitute "prewritten computer software."

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(h) Drugs and Related Items

17 (i) "Drug" means a compound, substance or preparation, and any component of a 18 compound, substance or preparation, other than "food and food ingredients," "dietary 19 supplements" or "alcoholic beverages:"

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(A) Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic 21 Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, and supplement to any of 22 them; or

23 (B) Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of 24 disease: or

25 (C) Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body.

26 "Drug" shall also include insulin and medical oxygen whether or not sold on prescription.

27 (ii) "Over-the-counter-drug" means a drug that contains a label that identifies the product 28 as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

29 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

30 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a list of those ingredients contained in

31 the compound, substance or preparation.

32 "Over-the-counter-drug" shall not include "grooming and hygiene products."

33 (iii) "Grooming and hygiene products" are soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo,

34 toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and suntan lotions and screens, regardless of whether the 1 items meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs."

2 (iv) "Prescription" means an order, formula or recipe issued in any form of oral, written,
3 electronic, or other means of transmission by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws
4 of the member state.

5 (i) "Delivery charges" means charges by the seller of personal property or services for 6 preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser of personal property or services 7 including, but not limited to, transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and packing.

8 "Delivery charges" shall not include the charges for delivery of "direct mail' if the 9 charges are separately stated on an invoice or similar billing document given to the purchaser.

(j) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to addressees on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser when the cost of the items are not billed directly to the recipients. "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed material. "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single address.

- 16 (k) "Durable medical equipment" means equipment including repair and replacement17 parts for same which:
- 18 (i) Can withstand repeated use; and

19 (ii) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose; and

20 (iii) Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury; and

21 (iv) Is not worn in or on the body.

22 Durable medical equipment does not include mobility enhancing equipment.

23 (1) Food and Related Items

(i) "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid,
frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are
consumed for their taste or nutritional value. "Food and food ingredients" does not include
"alcoholic beverages," "tobacco," "candy," "dietary supplements" and "soft drinks."

- 28 (ii) "Prepared food" means:
- 29 (A) Food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller;
- 30 (B) Two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single
  31 item; or

32 (C) Food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller, including plates, knives, forks,
33 spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws. A plate does not include a container or packaging used
34 to transport the food.

"Prepared food" in (B) does not include food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized
by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring
cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3,
part 401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne illnesses.

(iii) "Candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners
in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars,
drops, or pieces. "Candy" shall not include any preparation containing flour and shall require no
refrigeration.

9 (iv) "Soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial 10 sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice 11 or similar milk substitutes, or greater than fifty percent (50%) of vegetable or fruit juice by 12 volume.

(v) "Dietary supplement" means any product, other than "tobacco," intended to
supplement the diet that:

- 15 (A) Contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
- 16 1. A vitamin;
- 17 2. A mineral;
- 18 3. An herb or other botanical;
- 19 4. An amino acid;
- 5. A dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total
  dietary intake; or
- 6. A concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient
  described in above; and

(B) Is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form, or
if not intended for ingestion in such a form, is not represented as conventional food and is not
represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and

- (C) Is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable by the "Supplemental
  Facts" box found on the label and as required pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 101.36.
- (m) "Food sold through vending machines" means food dispensed from a machine or
   other mechanical device that accepts payment.
- (n) "Hotel" means every building or other structure kept, used, maintained, advertised as
  or held out to the public to be a place where living quarters are supplied for pay to transient or
  permanent guests and tenants and includes a motel.
- 34 (i) "Living quarters" means sleeping rooms, sleeping or housekeeping accommodations,

or any other room or accommodation in any part of the hotel, rooming house or tourist camp
 which is available for or rented out for hire in the lodging of guests.

3 (ii) "Rooming house" means every house, boat, vehicle, motor court or other structure
4 kept, used, maintained, advertised or held out to the public to be a place where living quarters are
5 supplied for pay to transient or permanent guests or tenants, whether in one or adjoining
6 buildings.

7 (iii) "Tourist camp" means a place where tents or tent houses, or camp cottages, or cabins
8 or other structures are located and offered to the public or any segment thereof for human
9 habitation.

(o) "Lease or rental" means any transfer of possession or control of tangible personal
property for a fixed or indeterminate term for consideration. A lease or rental may include future
options to purchase or extend. Lease or rental does not include:

(i) A transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or deferred
payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required payments;

15 (ii) A transfer or possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the 16 transfer of title upon completion of required payments and payment of an option price does not 17 exceed the greater of one hundred dollars (\$100) or one percent of the total required payments; or

18 (iii) Providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed or 19 indeterminate period of time. A condition of this exclusion is that the operator is necessary for 20 the equipment to perform as designed. For the purpose of this subsection, an operator must do 21 more than maintain, inspect, or set-up the tangible personal property.

(iv) Lease or rental does include agreements covering motor vehicles and trailers where
the amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized
upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 7701(h)(1).

(v) This definition shall be used for sales and use tax purposes regardless if a transaction
is characterized as a lease or rental under generally accepted accounting principles, the Internal
Revenue Code, the Uniform Commercial Code, or other provisions of federal, state or local law.

(vi) This definition will be applied only prospectively from the date of adoption and will have no retroactive impact on existing leases or rentals. This definition shall neither impact any existing sale-leaseback exemption or exclusions that a state may have, nor preclude a state from adopting a sale-leaseback exemption or exclusion after the effective date of the Agreement.

32 (p) "Mobility enhancing equipment" means equipment including repair and replacement
 33 parts to same, which:

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(i) Is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move from one

1 place to another and which is appropriate for use either in a home or a motor vehicle; and

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(ii) Is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and

3 (iii) Does not include any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor vehicle normally4 provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer.

5 Mobility enhancing equipment does not include durable medical equipment.

6 (q) "Model 1 Seller" means a seller that has selected a CSP as its agent to perform all the
7 seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own
8 purchases.

9 (r) "Model 2 Seller" means a seller that has selected a CAS to perform part of its sales 10 and use tax functions, but retains responsibility for remitting the tax.

(s) "Model 3 Seller" means a seller that has sales in at least five member states, has total annual sales revenue of at least five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), has a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax due each jurisdiction, and has entered into a performance agreement with the member states that establishes a tax performance standard for the seller. As used in this definition, a seller includes an affiliated group of sellers using the same proprietary system.

(t) "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective, or supportive devices includingrepair and replacement parts for same worn on or in the body to:

19 (i) Artificially replace a missing portion of the body;

20 (ii) Prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction; or

21 (iii) Support a weak or deformed portion of the body.

(u) "Purchaser" means a person to whom a sale of personal property is made or to whom
a service is furnished.

(v) "Purchase price" applies to the measure subject to use tax and has the same meaning
as sales price.

26 (w) "Seller" means a person making sales, leases, or rentals of personal property or
 27 services.

28 (x) "State" means any state of the United States and the District of Columbia.

29 (y) "Telecommunications" tax base/exemption terms

30 (i) Telecommunication terms shall be defined as follows:

(A) "Ancillary services" means services that are associated with or incidental to the
 provision of "telecommunications services", including, but not limited to, "detailed
 telecommunications billing", "directory assistance", "vertical service", and "voice mail services".

34 (B) "Conference bridging service" means an "ancillary service" that links two (2) or more

1 participants of an audio or video conference call and may include the provision of a telephone 2 number. "Conference bridging service" does not include the "telecommunications services" used 3 to reach the conference bridge.

4 (C) "Detailed telecommunications billing service" means an "ancillary service" of 5 separately stating information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing statement.

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(D) "Directory assistance" means an "ancillary service" of providing telephone number 7 information, and/or address information.

8 (E) "Vertical service" means an "ancillary service" that is offered in connection with one 9 or more "telecommunications services", which offers advanced calling features that allow 10 customers to identify callers and to manage multiple calls and call connections, including 11 "conference bridging services".

12 (F) "Voice mail service" means an "ancillary service" that enables the customer to store, 13 send or receive recorded messages. "Voice mail service" does not include any "vertical services" 14 that the customer may be required to have in order to utilize the "voice mail service".

15 (G) "Telecommunications service" means the electronic transmission, conveyance, or 16 routing of voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a point, or between or 17 among points. The term "telecommunications service" includes such transmission, conveyance, 18 or routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code or 19 protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance or routing without regard to 20 whether such service is referred to as voice over Internet protocol services or is classified by the 21 Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added. "Telecommunications 22 service" does not include:

23 (1) Data processing and information services that allow data to be generated, acquired, 24 stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser where 25 such purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data or 26 information;

27 (2) Installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a customer's premises;

28 (3) Tangible personal property;

29 (4) Advertising, including, but not limited to, directory advertising.

30 (5) Billing and collection services provided to third parties;

31 (6) Internet access service;

32 (7) Radio and television audio and video programming services, regardless of the 33 medium, including the furnishing of transmission, conveyance and routing of such services by the 34 programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video programming services shall

1 include, but not be limited to, cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. § 522(6) and audio and video 2 programming services delivered by commercial mobile radio service providers, as defined in 47 3 CFR 20.3;

4 (8) "Ancillary services"; or

5 (9) Digital products "delivered electronically", including, but not limited to, software, music, video, reading materials or ring tones. 6

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(H) "800 service" means a "telecommunications service" that allows a caller to dial a toll-8 free number without incurring a charge for the call. The service is typically marketed under the name "800", "855", "866", "877", and "888" toll-free calling, and any subsequent numbers 9 10 designated by the Federal Communications Commission.

11 (I) "900 service" means an inbound toll "telecommunications service" purchased by a 12 subscriber that allows the subscriber's customers to call in to the subscriber's prerecorded 13 announcement or live service. "900 service" does not include the charge for: collection services 14 provided by the seller of the "telecommunications services" to the subscriber, or service or 15 product sold by the subscriber to the subscriber's customer. The service is typically marketed 16 under the name "900 service," and any subsequent numbers designated by the Federal 17 Communications Commission.

18 (J) "Fixed wireless service" means a "telecommunications service" that provides radio 19 communication between fixed points.

20 (K) "Mobile wireless service" means a "telecommunications service" that is transmitted, 21 conveyed or routed regardless of the technology used, whereby the origination and/or termination 22 points of the transmission, conveyance or routing are not fixed, including, by way of example 23 only, "telecommunications services" that are provided by a commercial mobile radio service 24 provider.

25 (L) "Paging service" means a "telecommunications service" that provides transmission of 26 coded radio signals for the purpose of activating specific pagers; such transmissions may include 27 messages and/or sounds.

28 (M) "Prepaid calling service" means the right to access exclusively "telecommunications 29 services", which must be paid for in advance and which enables the origination of calls using an 30 access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold 31 in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.

32 (N) "Prepaid wireless calling service" means a "telecommunications service" that provides the right to utilize "mobile wireless service" as well as other non-telecommunications 33 services including the download of digital products "delivered electronically", content and 34

1 "ancillary services" which must be paid for in advance that is sold in predetermined units of 2 dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.

(O) "Private communications service" means a telecommunications service that entitles 3 4 the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels 5 between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other 6 7 associated services that are provided in connection with the use of such channel or channels.

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(P) "Value-added non-voice data service" means a service that otherwise meets the 9 definition of "telecommunications services" in which computer processing applications are used 10 to act on the form, content, code, or protocol of the information or data primarily for a purpose 11 other than transmission, conveyance or routing.

12 (ii) "Modifiers of Sales Tax Base/Exemption Terms" -- the following terms can be used 13 to further delineate the type of "telecommunications service" to be taxed or exempted. The terms 14 would be used with the broader terms and subcategories delineated above.

15 (A) "Coin-operated telephone service" means a "telecommunications service" paid for by 16 inserting money into a telephone accepting direct deposits of money to operate.

17 (B) "International" means a "telecommunications service" that originates or terminates in 18 the United States and terminates or originates outside the United States, respectively. United 19 States includes the District of Columbia or a U.S. territory or possession.

20 (C) "Interstate" means a "telecommunications service" that originates in one United 21 States state, or a United States territory or possession, and terminates in a different United States 22 state or a United States territory or possession.

23 (D) "Intrastate" means a "telecommunications service" that originates in one United 24 States state or a United States territory or possession, and terminates in the same United States state or a United States territory or possession. 25

(E) "Pay telephone service" means a "telecommunications service" provided through any 26 27 pay telephone.

28 (F) "Residential telecommunications service" means a "telecommunications service" or 29 "ancillary services" provided to an individual for personal use at a residential address, including 30 an individual dwelling unit such as an apartment. In the case of institutions where individuals 31 reside, such as schools or nursing homes, "telecommunications service" is considered residential 32 if it is provided to and paid for by an individual resident rather than the institution.

33 The terms "ancillary services" and "telecommunications service" are defined as a broad 34 range of services. The terms "ancillary services" and "telecommunications service" are broader

than the sum of the subcategories. Definitions of subcategories of "ancillary services" and "telecommunications service" can be used by a member state alone or in combination with other subcategories to define a narrower tax base than the definitions of "ancillary services" and "telecommunications service" would imply. The subcategories can also be used by a member state to provide exemptions for certain subcategories of the more broadly defined terms.

A member state that specifically imposes tax on, or exempts from tax, local telephone or
local telecommunications service may define "local service" in any manner in accordance with §
44-18.1-28, except as limited by other sections of this Agreement.

9 (z) "Tobacco" means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or any other item that 10 contains tobacco.

SECTION 2. Section 44-18-30 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-18 entitled "Sales and
 Use Taxes - Liability and Computation" is hereby amended to read as follows:

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#### 44-18-30. Gross receipts exempt from sales and use taxes.

14 There are exempted from the taxes imposed by this chapter the following gross receipts:

(1) Sales and uses beyond constitutional power of state. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property the gross receipts from the sale of which, or the storage, use, or other consumption of which, this state is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution of the United States or under the constitution of this state.

#### 19 (2) Newspapers.

20 (i) From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of any21 newspaper.

(ii) "Newspaper" means an unbound publication printed on newsprint that contains news,
editorial comment, opinions, features, advertising matter, and other matters of public interest.

24 (iii) "Newspaper" does not include a magazine, handbill, circular, flyer, sales catalog, or
25 similar item unless the item is printed for, and distributed as, a part of a newspaper.

(3) School meals. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this
state of meals served by public, private, or parochial schools, school districts, colleges,
universities, student organizations, and parent-teacher associations to the students or teachers of a
school, college, or university whether the meals are served by the educational institutions or by a
food service or management entity under contract to the educational institutions.

31 (4) Containers.

32 (i) From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of:

(A) Non-returnable containers, including boxes, paper bags, and wrapping materials that
 are biodegradable and all bags and wrapping materials utilized in the medical and healing arts,

1 when sold without the contents to persons who place the contents in the container and sell the2 contents with the container.

3 (B) Containers when sold with the contents if the sale price of the contents is not required
4 to be included in the measure of the taxes imposed by this chapter.

5 (C) Returnable containers when sold with the contents in connection with a retail sale of 6 the contents or when resold for refilling.

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(ii) As used in this subdivision, the term "returnable containers" means containers of a
kind customarily returned by the buyer of the contents for reuse. All other containers are "nonreturnable containers."

10 (5) (i) Charitable, educational, and religious organizations. From the sale to, as in defined 11 in this section, and from the storage, use, and other consumption in this state, or any other state of 12 the United States of America, of tangible personal property by hospitals not operated for a profit; 13 "educational institutions" as defined in subdivision (18) not operated for a profit; churches, 14 orphanages, and other institutions or organizations operated exclusively for religious or charitable 15 purposes; interest-free loan associations not operated for profit; nonprofit, organized sporting 16 leagues and associations and bands for boys and girls under the age of nineteen (19) years; the 17 following vocational student organizations that are state chapters of national vocational students 18 organizations: Distributive Education Clubs of America (DECA); Future Business Leaders of 19 America, Phi Beta Lambda (FBLA/PBL); Future Farmers of America (FFA); Future 20 Homemakers of America/Home Economics Related Occupations (FHA/HERD); Vocational 21 Industrial Clubs of America (VICA); organized nonprofit golden age and senior citizens clubs for 22 men and women; and parent-teacher associations; and from the sale, storage, use, and other 23 consumption in this state, of and by the Industrial Foundation of Burrillville, a Rhode Island 24 domestic nonprofit corporation.

25 (ii) In the case of contracts entered into with the federal government, its agencies, or 26 instrumentalities, this state, or any other state of the United States of America, its agencies, any 27 city, town, district, or other political subdivision of the states; hospitals not operated for profit; 28 educational institutions not operated for profit; churches, orphanages, and other institutions or 29 organizations operated exclusively for religious or charitable purposes, the contractor may 30 purchase such materials and supplies (materials and/or supplies are defined as those that are 31 essential to the project) that are to be utilized in the construction of the projects being performed 32 under the contracts without payment of the tax.

(iii) The contractor shall not charge any sales or use tax to any exempt agency,
 institution, or organization but shall in that instance provide his or her suppliers with certificates

in the form as determined by the division of taxation showing the reason for exemption and the
contractor's records must substantiate the claim for exemption by showing the disposition of all
property so purchased. If any property is then used for a nonexempt purpose, the contractor must
pay the tax on the property used.

5 (6) Gasoline. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state 6 of: (i) gasoline and other products taxed under chapter 36 of title 31 and (ii) fuels used for the 7 propulsion of airplanes.

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(7) Purchase for manufacturing purposes.

9 (i) From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of computer 10 software, tangible personal property, electricity, natural gas, artificial gas, steam, refrigeration, 11 and water, when the property or service is purchased for the purpose of being manufactured into a 12 finished product for resale and becomes an ingredient, component, or integral part of the 13 manufactured, compounded, processed, assembled, or prepared product, or if the property or 14 service is consumed in the process of manufacturing for resale computer software, tangible 15 personal property, electricity, natural gas, artificial gas, steam, refrigeration, or water.

(ii) "Consumed" means destroyed, used up, or worn out to the degree or extent that the
 property cannot be repaired, reconditioned, or rendered fit for further manufacturing use.

18 (iii) "Consumed" includes mere obsolescence.

(iv) "Manufacturing" means and includes manufacturing, compounding, processing,
assembling, preparing, or producing.

(v) "Process of manufacturing" means and includes all production operations performed in the producing or processing room, shop, or plant, insofar as the operations are a part of and connected with the manufacturing for resale of tangible personal property, electricity, natural gas, artificial gas, steam, refrigeration, or water and all production operations performed insofar as the operations are a part of and connected with the manufacturing for resale of computer software.

(vi) "Process of manufacturing" does not mean or include administration operations such as general office operations, accounting, collection or sales promotion, nor does it mean or include distribution operations that occur subsequent to production operations, such as handling, storing, selling, and transporting the manufactured products, even though the administration and distribution operations are performed by, or in connection with, a manufacturing business.

(8) State and political subdivisions. From the sale to, and from the storage, use, or other
consumption by, this state, any city, town, district, or other political subdivision of this state.
Every redevelopment agency created pursuant to chapter 31 of title 45 is deemed to be a
subdivision of the municipality where it is located.

- (9) Food and food ingredients. From the sale and storage, use, or other consumption in
   this state of food and food ingredients as defined in § 44-18-7.1(l).
- For the purposes of this exemption "food and food ingredients" shall not include candy, soft drinks, dietary supplements, alcoholic beverages, tobacco, food sold through vending machines, or prepared food, as those terms are defined in § 44-18-7.1, unless the prepared food is:

(i) Sold by a seller whose primary NAICS classification is manufacturing in sector 311,

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7 except sub-sector 3118 (bakeries);

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(ii) Sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as a single item;

9 (iii) Bakery items, including bread, rolls, buns, biscuits, bagels, croissants, pastries,
10 donuts, danish, cakes, tortes, pies, tarts, muffins, bars, cookies, tortillas; and

is not sold with utensils provided by the seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons,glasses, cups, napkins, or straws.

13 (10) Medicines, drugs, and durable medical equipment. From the sale and from the
14 storage, use, or other consumption in this state, of;

(i) "Drugs" as defined in § 44-18-7.1(h)(i), sold on prescriptions, medical oxygen, and
insulin whether or not sold on prescription. For purposes of this exemption drugs shall not
include over-the-counter drugs and grooming and hygiene products as defined in § 44-187.1(h)(iii).

(ii) Durable medical equipment as defined in § 44-18-7.1(k) for home use only, including, but not limited to, syringe infusers, ambulatory drug delivery pumps, hospital beds, convalescent chairs, and chair lifts. Supplies used in connection with syringe infusers and ambulatory drug delivery pumps that are sold on prescription to individuals to be used by them to dispense or administer prescription drugs, and related ancillary dressings and supplies used to dispense or administer prescription drugs, shall also be exempt from tax.

(11) Prosthetic devices and mobility enhancing equipment. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state, of prosthetic devices as defined in § 44-18-7.1(t), sold on prescription, including, but not limited to: artificial limbs, dentures, spectacles, eyeglasses, and artificial eyes; artificial hearing devices and hearing aids, whether or not sold on prescription; and mobility enhancing equipment as defined in § 44-18-7.1(p), including wheelchairs, crutches and canes.

(12) Coffins, caskets, and burial garments. From the sale and from the storage, use, or
other consumption in this state of coffins or caskets, and shrouds or other burial garments that are
ordinarily sold by a funeral director as part of the business of funeral directing.

34 (13) Motor vehicles sold to nonresidents.

1 (i) From the sale, subsequent to June 30, 1958, of a motor vehicle to a bona fide 2 nonresident of this state who does not register the motor vehicle in this state, whether the sale or 3 delivery of the motor vehicle is made in this state or at the place of residence of the nonresident. 4 A motor vehicle sold to a bona fide nonresident whose state of residence does not allow a like 5 exemption to its nonresidents is not exempt from the tax imposed under § 44-18-20. In that event, the bona fide nonresident pays a tax to Rhode Island on the sale at a rate equal to the rate that 6 7 would be imposed in his or her state of residence not to exceed the rate that would have been 8 imposed under § 44-18-20. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a licensed motor vehicle 9 dealer shall add and collect the tax required under this subdivision and remit the tax to the tax 10 administrator under the provisions of chapters 18 and 19 of this title. When a Rhode Island 11 licensed, motor vehicle dealer is required to add and collect the sales and use tax on the sale of a 12 motor vehicle to a bona fide nonresident as provided in this section, the dealer in computing the 13 tax takes into consideration the law of the state of the nonresident as it relates to the trade-in of 14 motor vehicles.

(ii) The tax administrator, in addition to the provisions of §§ 44-19-27 and 44-19-28, may require any licensed motor vehicle dealer to keep records of sales to bona fide nonresidents as the tax administrator deems reasonably necessary to substantiate the exemption provided in this subdivision, including the affidavit of a licensed motor vehicle dealer that the purchaser of the motor vehicle was the holder of, and had in his or her possession a valid out of state motor vehicle registration or a valid out of state driver's license.

(iii) Any nonresident who registers a motor vehicle in this state within ninety (90) days of
the date of its sale to him or her is deemed to have purchased the motor vehicle for use, storage,
or other consumption in this state, and is subject to, and liable for, the use tax imposed under the
provisions of § 44-18-20.

(14) Sales in public buildings by blind people. From the sale and from the storage, use, or
other consumption in all public buildings in this state of all products or wares by any person
licensed under § 40-9-11.1.

(15) Air and water pollution control facilities. From the sale, storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property or supplies acquired for incorporation into or used and consumed in the operation of a facility, the primary purpose of which is to aid in the control of the pollution or contamination of the waters or air of the state, as defined in chapter 12 of title 46 and chapter 25 of title 23, respectively, and that has been certified as approved for that purpose by the director of environmental management. The director of environmental management may certify to a portion of the tangible personal property or supplies acquired for

incorporation into those facilities or used and consumed in the operation of those facilities to the
extent that that portion has as its primary purpose the control of the pollution or contamination of
the waters or air of this state. As used in this subdivision, "facility" means any land, facility,
device, building, machinery, or equipment.

5 (16) Camps. From the rental charged for living quarters, or sleeping, or housekeeping 6 accommodations at camps or retreat houses operated by religious, charitable, educational, or 7 other organizations and associations mentioned in subdivision (5), or by privately owned and 8 operated summer camps for children.

9 (17) Certain institutions. From the rental charged for living or sleeping quarters in an 10 institution licensed by the state for the hospitalization, custodial, or nursing care of human beings. 11 (18) Educational institutions. From the rental charged by any educational institution for 12 living quarters, or sleeping, or housekeeping accommodations or other rooms or accommodations 13 to any student or teacher necessitated by attendance at an educational institution. "Educational 14 institution" as used in this section means an institution of learning not operated for profit that is 15 empowered to confer diplomas, educational, literary, or academic degrees; that has a regular 16 faculty, curriculum, and organized body of pupils or students in attendance throughout the usual 17 school year; that keeps and furnishes to students and others records required and accepted for 18 entrance to schools of secondary, collegiate, or graduate rank; and no part of the net earnings of 19 which inures to the benefit of any individual.

20

(19) Motor vehicle and adaptive equipment for persons with disabilities.

(i) From the sale of: (A) Special adaptations; (B) The component parts of the special adaptations; or (C) A specially adapted motor vehicle; provided that the owner furnishes to the tax administrator an affidavit of a licensed physician to the effect that the specially adapted motor vehicle is necessary to transport a family member with a disability or where the vehicle has been specially adapted to meet the specific needs of the person with a disability. This exemption applies to not more than one motor vehicle owned and registered for personal, noncommercial use.

(ii) For the purpose of this subsection the term "special adaptations" includes, but is not
limited to: wheelchair lifts, wheelchair carriers, wheelchair ramps, wheelchair securements, hand
controls, steering devices, extensions, relocations, and crossovers of operator controls, powerassisted controls, raised tops or dropped floors, raised entry doors, or alternative signaling devices
to auditory signals.

33 (iii) From the sale of: (a) special adaptations, (b) the component parts of the special
34 adaptations, for a "wheelchair accessible taxicab" as defined in § 39-14-1, and/or a "wheelchair

- 1 accessible public motor vehicle" as defined in § 39-14.1-1.
- (iv) For the purpose of this subdivision the exemption for a "specially adapted motor
  vehicle" means a use tax credit not to exceed the amount of use tax that would otherwise be due
  on the motor vehicle, exclusive of any adaptations. The use tax credit is equal to the cost of the
  special adaptations, including installation.
- 6 (20) Heating fuels. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this
  7 state of every type of heating fuel.
- 8

(21) Electricity and gas. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of electricity and gas.

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(22) Manufacturing machinery and equipment.

11 (i) From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tools, 12 dies, molds, machinery, equipment (including replacement parts), and related items to the extent 13 used in an industrial plant in connection with the actual manufacture, conversion, or processing of 14 tangible personal property, or to the extent used in connection with the actual manufacture, 15 conversion, or processing of computer software as that term is utilized in industry numbers 7371, 16 7372, and 7373 in the standard industrial classification manual prepared by the Technical 17 Committee on Industrial Classification, Office of Statistical Standards, Executive Office of the 18 President, United States Bureau of the Budget, as revised from time to time, to be sold, or that 19 machinery and equipment used in the furnishing of power to an industrial manufacturing plant. 20 For the purposes of this subdivision, "industrial plant" means a factory at a fixed location 21 primarily engaged in the manufacture, conversion, or processing of tangible personal property to 22 be sold in the regular course of business;

23 (ii) Machinery and equipment and related items are not deemed to be used in connection 24 with the actual manufacture, conversion, or processing of tangible personal property, or in 25 connection with the actual manufacture, conversion, or processing of computer software as that 26 term is utilized in industry numbers 7371, 7372, and 7373 in the standard industrial classification manual prepared by the Technical Committee on Industrial Classification, Office of Statistical 27 28 Standards, Executive Office of the President, United States Bureau of the Budget, as revised from 29 time to time, to be sold to the extent the property is used in administration or distribution 30 operations;

(iii) Machinery and equipment and related items used in connection with the actual manufacture, conversion, or processing of any computer software or any tangible personal property that is not to be sold and that would be exempt under subdivision (7) or this subdivision if purchased from a vendor or machinery and equipment and related items used during any manufacturing, converting, or processing function is exempt under this subdivision even if that
operation, function, or purpose is not an integral or essential part of a continuous production flow
or manufacturing process;

4 (iv) Where a portion of a group of portable or mobile machinery is used in connection 5 with the actual manufacture, conversion, or processing of computer software or tangible personal 6 property to be sold, as previously defined, that portion, if otherwise qualifying, is exempt under 7 this subdivision even though the machinery in that group is used interchangeably and not 8 otherwise identifiable as to use.

9 (23) Trade-in value of motor vehicles. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other 10 consumption in this state of so much of the purchase price paid for a new or used automobile as is 11 allocated for a trade-in allowance on the automobile of the buyer given in trade to the seller, or of 12 the proceeds applicable only to the automobile as are received from the manufacturer of 13 automobiles for the repurchase of the automobile whether the repurchase was voluntary or not 14 towards the purchase of a new or used automobile by the buyer. For the purpose of this 15 subdivision, the word "automobile" means a private passenger automobile not used for hire and 16 does not refer to any other type of motor vehicle.

17 (24) Precious metal bullion.

(i) From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of preciousmetal bullion, substantially equivalent to a transaction in securities or commodities.

(ii) For purposes of this subdivision, "precious metal bullion" means any elementary
precious metal that has been put through a process of smelting or refining, including, but not
limited to, gold, silver, platinum, rhodium, and chromium, and that is in a state or condition that
its value depends upon its content and not upon its form.

(iii) The term does not include fabricated precious metal that has been processed or
 manufactured for some one or more specific and customary industrial, professional, or artistic
 uses.

(25) Commercial vessels. From sales made to a commercial ship, barge, or other vessel of
fifty (50) tons burden or over, primarily engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, and from the
repair, alteration, or conversion of the vessels, and from the sale of property purchased for the use
of the vessels including provisions, supplies, and material for the maintenance and/or repair of the
vessels.

32 (26) Commercial fishing vessels. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other 33 consumption in this state of vessels and other water craft that are in excess of five (5) net tons and 34 that are used exclusively for "commercial fishing", as defined in this subdivision, and from the

repair, alteration, or conversion of those vessels and other watercraft, and from the sale of 1 2 property purchased for the use of those vessels and other watercraft including provisions, 3 supplies, and material for the maintenance and/or repair of the vessels and other watercraft and 4 the boats nets, cables, tackle, and other fishing equipment appurtenant to or used in connection 5 with the commercial fishing of the vessels and other watercraft. "Commercial fishing" means taking or attempting to take any fish, shellfish, crustacea, or bait species with the intent of 6 7 disposing of it for profit or by sale, barter, trade, or in commercial channels. The term does not 8 include subsistence fishing, i.e., the taking for personal use and not for sale or barter; or sport 9 fishing; but shall include vessels and other watercraft with a Rhode Island party and charter boat 10 license issued by the department of environmental management pursuant to § 20-2-27.1 that meet 11 the following criteria: (i) The operator must have a current U.S.C.G. license to carry passengers 12 for hire; (ii) U.S.C.G. vessel documentation in the coast wide fishery trade; (iii) U.S.C.G. vessel 13 documentation as to proof of Rhode Island home port status or a Rhode Island boat registration to 14 prove Rhode Island home port status; and (iv) The vessel must be used as a commercial passenger 15 carrying fishing vessel to carry passengers for fishing. The vessel must be able to demonstrate 16 that at least fifty percent (50%) of its annual gross income derives from charters or provides 17 documentation of a minimum of one hundred (100) charter trips annually; and (v) The vessel 18 must have a valid Rhode Island party and charter boat license. The tax administrator shall 19 implement the provisions of this subdivision by promulgating rules and regulations relating 20 thereto.

21 (27) Clothing and footwear. From the sales of articles of clothing, including footwear, 22 intended to be worn or carried on or about the human body for sales prior to October 1, 2012. 23 Effective October 1, 2012, the exemption will apply to the sales of articles of clothing, including 24 footwear, intended to be worn or carried on or about the human body up to two hundred and fifty 25 dollars (\$250) of the sales price per item. For the purposes of this section, "clothing or footwear" 26 does not include clothing accessories or equipment or special clothing or footwear primarily 27 designed for athletic activity or protective use as these terms are defined in section 44-18-7.1(f). 28 In recognition of the work being performed by the streamlined sales and use tax governing board, 29 upon passage of any federal law that authorizes states to require remote sellers to collect and 30 remit sales and use taxes, this unlimited exemption will apply as it did prior to October 1, 2012. 31 The unlimited exemption on sales of clothing and footwear shall take effect on the date that the 32 state requires remote sellers to collect and remit sales and use taxes.

33 (28) Water for residential use. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other
 34 consumption in this state of water furnished for domestic use by occupants of residential

1 premises.

(29) Bibles. [Unconstitutional; see Ahlburn v. Clark, 728 A.2d 449 (R.I. 1999); see Notes
to Decisions.] From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in the state of any
canonized scriptures of any tax-exempt nonprofit religious organization including, but not limited
to, the Old Testament and the New Testament versions.

6 (30) Boats.

(i) From the sale of a boat or vessel to a bona fide nonresident of this state who does not
register the boat or vessel in this state or document the boat or vessel with the United States
government at a home port within the state, whether the sale or delivery of the boat or vessel is
made in this state or elsewhere; provided, that the nonresident transports the boat within thirty
(30) days after delivery by the seller outside the state for use thereafter solely outside the state.

(ii) The tax administrator, in addition to the provisions of §§ 44-19-17 and 44-19-28, may require the seller of the boat or vessel to keep records of the sales to bona fide nonresidents as the tax administrator deems reasonably necessary to substantiate the exemption provided in this subdivision, including the affidavit of the seller that the buyer represented himself or herself to be a bona fide nonresident of this state and of the buyer that he or she is a nonresident of this state.

17 (31) Youth activities equipment. From the sale, storage, use, or other consumption in this 18 state of items for not more than twenty dollars (\$20.00) each by nonprofit Rhode Island 19 eleemosynary organizations, for the purposes of youth activities that the organization is formed to 20 sponsor and support; and by accredited elementary and secondary schools for the purposes of the 21 schools or of organized activities of the enrolled students.

22 (32) Farm equipment. From the sale and from the storage or use of machinery and equipment used directly for commercial farming and agricultural production; including, but not 23 24 limited to: tractors, ploughs, harrows, spreaders, seeders, milking machines, silage conveyors, 25 balers, bulk milk storage tanks, trucks with farm plates, mowers, combines, irrigation equipment, 26 greenhouses and greenhouse coverings, graders and packaging machines, tools and supplies and 27 other farming equipment, including replacement parts appurtenant to or used in connection with 28 commercial farming and tools and supplies used in the repair and maintenance of farming 29 equipment. "Commercial farming" means the keeping or boarding of five (5) or more horses or 30 the production within this state of agricultural products, including, but not limited to, field or 31 orchard crops, livestock, dairy, and poultry, or their products, where the keeping, boarding, or 32 production provides at least two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) in annual gross sales to 33 the operator, whether an individual, a group, a partnership, or a corporation for exemptions issued 34 prior to July 1, 2002. For exemptions issued or renewed after July 1, 2002, there shall be two (2)

1 levels. Level I shall be based on proof of annual, gross sales from commercial farming of at least 2 twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) and shall be valid for purchases subject to the exemption 3 provided in this subdivision except for motor vehicles with an excise tax value of five thousand 4 dollars (\$5,000) or greater. Level II shall be based on proof of annual gross sales from 5 commercial farming of at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or greater and shall be valid for purchases subject to the exemption provided in this subdivision including motor vehicles with an 6 7 excise tax value of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or greater. For the initial issuance of the 8 exemptions, proof of the requisite amount of annual gross sales from commercial farming shall be 9 required for the prior year; for any renewal of an exemption granted in accordance with this 10 subdivision at either level I or level II, proof of gross annual sales from commercial farming at 11 the requisite amount shall be required for each of the prior two (2) years. Certificates of 12 exemption issued or renewed after July 1, 2002, shall clearly indicate the level of the exemption 13 and be valid for four (4) years after the date of issue. This exemption applies even if the same 14 equipment is used for ancillary uses, or is temporarily used for a non-farming or a non-15 agricultural purpose, but shall not apply to motor vehicles acquired after July 1, 2002, unless the 16 vehicle is a farm vehicle as defined pursuant to § 31-1-8 and is eligible for registration displaying 17 farm plates as provided for in § 31-3-31.

18 (33) Compressed air. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in the19 state of compressed air.

20 (34) Flags. From the sale and from the storage, consumption, or other use in this state of
21 United States, Rhode Island or POW-MIA flags.

(35) Motor vehicle and adaptive equipment to certain veterans. From the sale of a motor vehicle and adaptive equipment to and for the use of a veteran with a service-connected loss of or the loss of use of a leg, foot, hand, or arm, or any veteran who is a double amputee, whether service connected or not. The motor vehicle must be purchased by and especially equipped for use by the qualifying veteran. Certificate of exemption or refunds of taxes paid is granted under rules or regulations that the tax administrator may prescribe.

(36) Textbooks. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this
state of textbooks by an "educational institution", as defined in subdivision (18) of this section,
and any educational institution within the purview of § 16-63-9(4), and used textbooks by any
purveyor.

(37) Tangible personal property and supplies used in on-site hazardous waste recycling,
 reuse, or treatment. From the sale, storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible
 personal property or supplies used or consumed in the operation of equipment, the exclusive

1 function of which is the recycling, reuse, or recovery of materials (other than precious metals, as 2 defined in subdivision (24)(ii) of this section) from the treatment of "hazardous wastes", as 3 defined in § 23-19.1-4, where the "hazardous wastes" are generated in Rhode Island solely by the 4 same taxpayer and where the personal property is located at, in, or adjacent to a generating 5 facility of the taxpayer in Rhode Island. The taxpayer shall procure an order from the director of the department of environmental management certifying that the equipment and/or supplies as 6 7 used or consumed, qualify for the exemption under this subdivision. If any information relating to 8 secret processes or methods of manufacture, production, or treatment is disclosed to the 9 department of environmental management only to procure an order, and is a "trade secret" as 10 defined in § 28-21-10(b), it is not open to public inspection or publicly disclosed unless 11 disclosure is required under chapter 21 of title 28 or chapter 24.4 of title 23.

12 (38) Promotional and product literature of boat manufacturers. From the sale and from 13 the storage, use, or other consumption of promotional and product literature of boat 14 manufacturers shipped to points outside of Rhode Island that either: (i) Accompany the product 15 that is sold; (ii) Are shipped in bulk to out-of-state dealers for use in the sale of the product; or 16 (iii) Are mailed to customers at no charge.

(39) Food items paid for by food stamps. From the sale and from the storage, use, or
other consumption in this state of eligible food items payment for which is properly made to the
retailer in the form of U.S. government food stamps issued in accordance with the Food Stamp
Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. § 2011 et seq.

(40) Transportation charges. From the sale or hiring of motor carriers as defined in § 3912-2(1) to haul goods, when the contract or hiring cost is charged by a motor freight tariff filed
with the Rhode Island public utilities commission on the number of miles driven or by the
number of hours spent on the job.

(41) Trade-in value of boats. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of so much of the purchase price paid for a new or used boat as is allocated for a trade-in allowance on the boat of the buyer given in trade to the seller or of the proceeds applicable only to the boat as are received from an insurance claim as a result of a stolen or damaged boat, towards the purchase of a new or used boat by the buyer.

30 (42) Equipment used for research and development. From the sale and from the storage,
31 use, or other consumption of equipment to the extent used for research and development purposes
32 by a qualifying firm. For the purposes of this subdivision, "qualifying firm" means a business for
33 which the use of research and development equipment is an integral part of its operation and
34 "equipment" means scientific equipment, computers, software, and related items.

(43) Coins. From the sale and from the other consumption in this state of coins having
 numismatic or investment value.

3 (44) Farm structure construction materials. Lumber, hardware, and other materials used 4 in the new construction of farm structures, including production facilities such as, but not limited 5 to, farrowing sheds, free stall and stanchion barns, milking parlors, silos, poultry barns, laying 6 houses, fruit and vegetable storages, rooting cellars, propagation rooms, greenhouses, packing 7 rooms, machinery storage, seasonal farm worker housing, certified farm markets, bunker and 8 trench silos, feed storage sheds, and any other structures used in connection with commercial 9 farming.

(45) Telecommunications carrier access service. Carrier access service or
 telecommunications service when purchased by a telecommunications company from another
 telecommunications company to facilitate the provision of telecommunications service.

13 (46) Boats or vessels brought into the state exclusively for winter storage, maintenance, 14 repair or sale. Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 44-18-10, 44-18-11 and 44-18-20, the tax imposed by § 44-18-20 is not applicable for the period commencing on the first day of October in 15 16 any year up to and including the 30th day of April next succeeding with respect to the use of any 17 boat or vessel within this state exclusively for purposes of: (i) Delivery of the vessel to a facility in this state for storage, including dry storage and storage in water by means of apparatus 18 19 preventing ice damage to the hull, maintenance, or repair; (ii) The actual process of storage, 20 maintenance, or repair of the boat or vessel; or (iii) Storage for the purpose of selling the boat or 21 vessel.

(47) Jewelry display product. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property used to display any jewelry product; provided that title to the jewelry display product is transferred by the jewelry manufacturer or seller and that the jewelry display product is shipped out of state for use solely outside the state and is not returned to the jewelry manufacturer or seller.

(48) Boats or vessels generally. Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter, the tax
imposed by §§ 44-18-20 and 44-18-18 shall not apply with respect to the sale and to the storage,
use, or other consumption in this state of any new or used boat. The exemption provided for in
this subdivision does not apply after October 1, 1993, unless prior to October 1, 1993, the federal
ten percent (10%) surcharge on luxury boats is repealed.

(49) Banks and regulated investment companies interstate toll-free calls. Notwithstanding
 the provisions of this chapter, the tax imposed by this chapter does not apply to the furnishing of
 interstate and international, toll-free terminating telecommunication service that is used directly

1 and exclusively by or for the benefit of an eligible company as defined in this subdivision; 2 provided that an eligible company employs on average during the calendar year no less than five 3 hundred (500) "full-time equivalent employees" as that term is defined in § 42-64.5-2. For 4 purposes of this section, an "eligible company" means a "regulated investment company" as that 5 term is defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., or a corporation to the extent the service is provided, directly or indirectly, to or on behalf of a regulated investment 6 7 company, an employee benefit plan, a retirement plan or a pension plan or a state-chartered bank.

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(50) Mobile and manufactured homes generally. From the sale and from the storage, use, 9 or other consumption in this state of mobile and/or manufactured homes as defined and subject to 10 taxation pursuant to the provisions of chapter 44 of title 31.

(51) Manufacturing business reconstruction materials.

12 (i) From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of lumber, 13 hardware, and other building materials used in the reconstruction of a manufacturing business 14 facility that suffers a disaster, as defined in this subdivision, in this state. "Disaster" means any 15 occurrence, natural or otherwise, that results in the destruction of sixty percent (60%) or more of 16 an operating manufacturing business facility within this state. "Disaster" does not include any 17 damage resulting from the willful act of the owner of the manufacturing business facility.

18 (ii) Manufacturing business facility includes, but is not limited to, the structures housing 19 the production and administrative facilities.

20 (iii) In the event a manufacturer has more than one manufacturing site in this state, the 21 sixty percent (60%) provision applies to the damages suffered at that one site.

22 (iv) To the extent that the costs of the reconstruction materials are reimbursed by 23 insurance, this exemption does not apply.

- 24 (52) Tangible personal property and supplies used in the processing or preparation of 25 floral products and floral arrangements. From the sale, storage, use, or other consumption in this 26 state of tangible personal property or supplies purchased by florists, garden centers, or other like 27 producers or vendors of flowers, plants, floral products, and natural and artificial floral 28 arrangements that are ultimately sold with flowers, plants, floral products, and natural and 29 artificial floral arrangements or are otherwise used in the decoration, fabrication, creation, 30 processing, or preparation of flowers, plants, floral products, or natural and artificial floral 31 arrangements, including descriptive labels, stickers, and cards affixed to the flower, plant, floral 32 product, or arrangement, artificial flowers, spray materials, floral paint and tint, plant shine, 33 flower food, insecticide and fertilizers.
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(53) Horse food products. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption

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1 in this state of horse food products purchased by a person engaged in the business of the boarding

2 of horses.

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(54) Non-motorized recreational vehicles sold to nonresidents.

4 (i) From the sale, subsequent to June 30, 2003, of a non-motorized recreational vehicle to 5 a bona fide nonresident of this state who does not register the non-motorized recreational vehicle in this state, whether the sale or delivery of the non-motorized recreational vehicle is made in this 6 7 state or at the place of residence of the nonresident; provided that a non-motorized recreational 8 vehicle sold to a bona fide nonresident whose state of residence does not allow a like exemption 9 to its nonresidents is not exempt from the tax imposed under § 44-18-20; provided, further, that in 10 that event the bona fide nonresident pays a tax to Rhode Island on the sale at a rate equal to the 11 rate that would be imposed in his or her state of residence not to exceed the rate that would have 12 been imposed under § 44-18-20. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a licensed, non-13 motorized recreational vehicle dealer shall add and collect the tax required under this subdivision 14 and remit the tax to the tax administrator under the provisions of chapters 18 and 19 of this title. 15 Provided, that when a Rhode Island licensed, non-motorized recreational vehicle dealer is 16 required to add and collect the sales and use tax on the sale of a non-motorized recreational 17 vehicle to a bona fide nonresident as provided in this section, the dealer in computing the tax 18 takes into consideration the law of the state of the nonresident as it relates to the trade-in of motor 19 vehicles.

(ii) The tax administrator, in addition to the provisions of §§ 44-19-27 and 44-19-28, may require any licensed, non-motorized recreational vehicle dealer to keep records of sales to bona fide nonresidents as the tax administrator deems reasonably necessary to substantiate the exemption provided in this subdivision, including the affidavit of a licensed, non-motorized recreational vehicle dealer that the purchaser of the non-motorized recreational vehicle was the holder of, and had in his or her possession a valid out-of-state non-motorized recreational vehicle registration or a valid out-of-state driver's license.

(iii) Any nonresident who registers a non-motorized recreational vehicle in this state
within ninety (90) days of the date of its sale to him or her is deemed to have purchased the nonmotorized recreational vehicle for use, storage, or other consumption in this state, and is subject
to, and liable for, the use tax imposed under the provisions of § 44-18-20.

(iv) "Non-motorized recreational vehicle" means any portable dwelling designed and constructed to be used as a temporary dwelling for travel, camping, recreational, and vacation use that is eligible to be registered for highway use, including, but not limited to, "pick-up coaches" or "pick-up campers," "travel trailers," and "tent trailers" as those terms are defined in chapter 1 1 of title 31.

2 (55) Sprinkler and fire alarm systems in existing buildings. From the sale in this state of 3 sprinkler and fire alarm systems; emergency lighting and alarm systems; and the materials 4 necessary and attendant to the installation of those systems that are required in buildings and 5 occupancies existing therein in July 2003 in order to comply with any additional requirements for such buildings arising directly from the enactment of the Comprehensive Fire Safety Act of 2003 6 7 and that are not required by any other provision of law or ordinance or regulation adopted 8 pursuant to that Act. The exemption provided in this subdivision shall expire on December 31, 9 2008.

(56) Aircraft. Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter, the tax imposed by §§ 4418-18 and 44-18-20 shall not apply with respect to the sale and to the storage, use, or other
consumption in this state of any new or used aircraft or aircraft parts.

13 (57) Renewable energy products. Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island 14 general laws, the following products shall also be exempt from sales tax: solar photovoltaic 15 modules or panels, or any module or panel that generates electricity from light; solar thermal 16 collectors, including, but not limited to, those manufactured with flat glass plates, extruded 17 plastic, sheet metal, and/or evacuated tubes; geothermal heat pumps, including both water-to-18 water and water-to-air type pumps; wind turbines; towers used to mount wind turbines if 19 specified by or sold by a wind turbine manufacturer; DC to AC inverters that interconnect with 20 utility power lines; and manufactured mounting racks and ballast pans for solar collector, module, 21 or panel installation. Not to include materials that could be fabricated into such racks; monitoring 22 and control equipment, if specified or supplied by a manufacturer of solar thermal, solar 23 photovoltaic, geothermal, or wind energy systems or if required by law or regulation for such 24 systems but not to include pumps, fans or plumbing or electrical fixtures unless shipped from the 25 manufacturer affixed to, or an integral part of, another item specified on this list; and solar storage 26 tanks that are part of a solar domestic hot water system or a solar space heating system. If the tank 27 comes with an external heat exchanger it shall also be tax exempt, but a standard hot water tank is 28 not exempt from state sales tax.

29 (58) Returned property. The amount charged for property returned by customers upon 30 rescission of the contract of sale when the entire amount exclusive of handling charges paid for 31 the property is refunded in either cash or credit, and where the property is returned within one 32 hundred twenty (120) days from the date of delivery.

33 (59) Dietary Supplements. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption
34 of dietary supplements as defined in § 44-18-7.1(l)(v), sold on prescriptions.

- (60) Blood. From the sale and from the storage, use, or other consumption of human
   blood.
- 3 (61) Agricultural products for human consumption. From the sale and from the storage, 4 use, or other consumption of livestock and poultry of the kinds of products that ordinarily 5 constitute food for human consumption and of livestock of the kind the products of which 6 ordinarily constitutes fibers for human use.
- 7 (62) Diesel emission control technology. From the sale and use of diesel retrofit
  8 technology that is required by § 31-47.3-4.
- 9 (63) Feed for certain animals used in commercial farming. From the sale of feed for
  10 animals as described in § 44-18-30(61).
- 11 (64) Alcoholic beverages. From the sale and storage, use, or other consumption in this 12 state by a Class A licensee of alcoholic beverages, as defined in § 44-18-7.1, excluding beer and 13 malt beverages; provided, further, notwithstanding § 6-13-1 or any other general or public law to 14 the contrary, alcoholic beverages, as defined in § 44-18-7.1, shall not be subject to minimum 15 markup.
- 16 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC000811

### EXPLANATION

### BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

### OF

## AN ACT

## RELATING TO TAXATION - SALES AND USE TAXES - LIABILITY AND COMPUTATION - BEER AND MALT BEVERAGES

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1 This act would exempt from the sales and use tax the sale of beer and ma	It beverages at
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- 2 retail.
- 3 This act would take effect upon passage.

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