LC000261

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2017

AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL PROCEDURE -- EXPUNGEMENT OF CRIMINAL RECORDS

Introduced By: Senator Harold M. Metts

Date Introduced: January 18, 2017

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

(Public Defender)

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It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Sections 12-1.3-2 and 12-1.3-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 12-1.3

entitled "Expungement of Criminal Records" are hereby amended to read as follows:

12-1.3-2. Motion for expungement.

- (a) Any person who is a first offender may file a motion for the expungement of all records and records of conviction for a felony or misdemeanor by filing a motion in the court in which the conviction took place; provided, that no person who has been convicted of a crime of violence shall have his or her records and records of conviction expunged; and provided, that all outstanding court-imposed or court-related fees, fines, costs, assessments, charges, and/or any other monetary obligations have been paid, unless such amounts are reduced or waived by order of the court.
- (b) Subject to subsection (a), a person may file a motion for the expungement of records relating to a misdemeanor conviction after five (5) years from the date of the completion of his or her sentence.
- 14 (c) Subject to subsection (a), a person may file a motion for the expungement of records
 15 relating to a felony conviction after ten (10) years from the date of the completion of his or her
 16 sentence.
- (d) Subject to § 12-19-19(c), and without regard to subsections (a) through (c) of this section, a person may file a motion for the expungement of records relating to a deferred sentence upon its completion, after which the court will hold a hearing on the motion.

(e) Without regard to subsections (a) through (c) of this section, a person may file a motion for the expungement of records related to an offense that has been decriminalized subsequent to the date of such conviction, after which the court will hold a hearing on the motion in the court in which the original conviction took place.

12-1.3-3. Motion for expungement -- Notice -- Hearing -- Criteria for granting.

- (a) Any person filing a motion for expungement of the records of his or her conviction pursuant to § 12-1.3-2 shall give notice of the hearing date set by the court to the department of the attorney general and the police department that originally brought the charge against the person at least ten (10) days prior to that date.
- (b) The court, after the hearing at which all relevant testimony and information shall be considered, may, in its discretion, order the expungement of the records of conviction of the person filing the motion if it finds:
- (1) (i) That in the five (5) years preceding the filing of the motion, if the conviction was for a misdemeanor, or in the ten (10) years preceding the filing of the motion, if the conviction was for a felony, the petitioner has not been convicted nor arrested for any felony or misdemeanor; there are no criminal proceedings pending against the person; that the person does not owe any outstanding court-imposed or court-related fees, fines, costs, assessments, or charges, unless such amounts are reduced or waived by order of the court, and he or she has exhibited good moral character; or
- (ii) That after a hearing held under the provisions of § 12-19-19(c), the court finds that the person has complied with all of the terms and conditions of the deferral agreement including, but not limited to, the payment in full of any court-ordered fines, fees, costs, assessments, and restitution to victims of crimes; there are no criminal proceedings pending against the person; and he or she has established good moral character. Provided, that no person who has been convicted of a crime of violence shall have their records relating to a deferred sentence expunged.
- (2) That the petitioner's rehabilitation has been attained to the court's satisfaction and the expungement of the records of his or her conviction is consistent with the public interest.
- (c) If the court grants the motion, it shall, after payment by the petitioner of a one hundred dollar (\$100) fee to be paid to the court, order all records and records of conviction relating to the conviction expunged and all index and other references to it removed from public inspection. A copy of the order of the court shall be sent to any law enforcement agency and other agency known by either the petitioner, the department of the attorney general, or the court to have possession of the records. Compliance with the order shall be according to the terms specified by the court.

(d) The defendant shall be advised at the hearing that any and all bail money relating to a
case that remains on deposit and is not claimed at the time of expungement shall be escheated to
the state's general treasury in accordance with chapter 12 of title 8.

(e) In cases of expungement sought pursuant to §12-1.3-2(e), the court shall, after a hearing at which it finds that all conditions of the original criminal sentence have been completed and any and all fines, fees, and costs related to conviction have been paid in full, order the expungement without cost to the petitioner. At said hearing, the court may require the petitioner to demonstrate that the prior criminal conviction would qualify as a decriminalized offense under current law. Such demonstration may include, but is not limited to, an affidavit signed by the petitioner attesting to the fact that the prior conviction qualifies as a decriminalized offense under current law.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL PROCEDURE -- EXPUNGEMENT OF CRIMINAL RECORDS

- This act would permit a person who is convicted for a criminal offense that is later decriminalized, to petition the court for a hearing to have his/her criminal record expunged.

 Under certain conditions where the court has determined that all conditions of the original criminal sentence have been completed and all fines, and costs have been paid in full, the court would order the expungement without cost to the petitioner.
- 6 This act would take effect upon passage.

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