LC001395

2017 -- S 0461

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2017

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION -- PROPERTY SUBJECT TO TAXATION

Introduced By: Senators Picard, and Cote

Date Introduced: March 02, 2017

Referred To: Senate Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 44-3-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-3 entitled "Property
 Subject to Taxation" is hereby amended to read as follows:
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44-3-3. Property exempt.

4 (a) The following property is exempt from taxation:

5 (1) Property belonging to the state, except as provided in § 44-4-4.1;

6 (2) Lands ceded or belonging to the United States;

7 (3) Bonds and other securities issued and exempted from taxation by the government of
8 the United States or of this state;

9 (4) Real estate, used exclusively for military purposes, owned by chartered or 10 incorporated organizations approved by the adjutant general and composed of members of the 11 national guard, the naval militia, or the independent chartered-military organizations;

12 (5) Buildings for free public schools, buildings for religious worship, and the land upon 13 which they stand and immediately surrounding them, to an extent not exceeding five (5) acres so 14 far as the buildings and land are occupied and used exclusively for religious or educational 15 purposes;

16 (6) Dwellings houses and the land on which they stand, not exceeding one acre in size, or 17 the minimum lot size for zone in which the dwelling house is located, whichever is the greater, 18 owned by, or held in trust for, any religious organization and actually used by its officiating 19 clergy; provided, further, that in the town of Charlestown, where the property previously described in this paragraph is exempt in total, along with dwelling houses and the land on which they stand in Charlestown, not exceeding one acre in size, or the minimum lot size for zone in which the dwelling house is located, whichever is the greater, owned by, or held in trust for, any religious organization and actually used by its officiating clergy, or used as a convent, nunnery, or retreat center by its religious order;

6 (7) Intangible personal property owned by, or held in trust for, any religious or charitable 7 organization, if the principal or income is used or appropriated for religious or charitable 8 purposes;

9 (8) Buildings and personal estate owned by any corporation used for a school, academy, 10 or seminary of learning, and of any incorporated public charitable institution, and the land upon 11 which the buildings stand and immediately surrounding them to an extent not exceeding one acre, 12 so far as they are used exclusively for educational purposes, but no property or estate whatever is 13 hereafter exempt from taxation in any case where any part of its income or profits, or of the 14 business carried on there, is divided among its owners or stockholders; provided, however, that 15 unless any private nonprofit corporation organized as a college or university located in the town 16 of Smithfield reaches a memorandum of agreement with the town of Smithfield, the town of 17 Smithfield shall bill the actual costs for police, fire, and rescue services supplied, unless 18 otherwise reimbursed, to said corporation commencing March 1, 2014;

(9) Estates, persons, and families of the president and professors for the time being of
Brown University for not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each officer, the officer's
estate, person, and family included, but only to the extent that any person had claimed and
utilized the exemption prior to, and for a period ending, either on or after December 31, 1996;

(10) Property especially exempt by charter unless the exemption has been waived inwhole or in part;

25 (11) Lots of land exclusively for burial grounds;

26 (12) Property, real and personal, held for, or by, an incorporated library, society, or any 27 free public library, or any free public library society, so far as the property is held exclusively for 28 library purposes, or for the aid or support of the aged poor, or poor friendless children, or the poor 29 generally, or for a nonprofit hospital for the sick or disabled; provided that, real and personal 30 property of nonprofit hospitals that are converted from for-profit to nonprofit, or nonprofit 31 hospitals owned, directly or indirectly, by for-profit hospitals or by for-profit health care 32 companies and/or for-profit holding companies, shall not be exempt unless authorized, in whole 33 or in part, by the city or town council of the city or town in which the hospital is located, after 34 holding a public hearing and determining that such exemption is in the best interests of the <u>community</u>; provided, further that the city or town shall have the right to enter into a tax
 stabilization agreement with such hospital pursuant to §44-3-9 or other laws specific to the

3 particular city or town relating to stabilization agreements;

4 (13) Real or personal estate belonging to, or held in trust for, the benefit of incorporated 5 organizations of veterans of any war in which the United States has been engaged, the parent 6 body of which has been incorporated by act of Congress, to the extent of four hundred thousand 7 dollars (\$400,000) if actually used and occupied by the association; provided, that the city council 8 of the city of Cranston may by ordinance exempt the real or personal estate as previously 9 described in this subdivision located within the city of Cranston to the extent of five hundred 10 thousand dollars (\$500,000);

11 (14) Property, real and personal, held for, or by, the fraternal corporation, association, or 12 body created to build and maintain a building or buildings for its meetings or the meetings of the 13 general assembly of its members, or subordinate bodies of the fraternity, and for the 14 accommodation of other fraternal bodies or associations, the entire net income of which real and 15 personal property is exclusively applied or to be used to build, furnish, and maintain an asylum or 16 asylums, a home or homes, a school or schools, for the free education or relief of the members of 17 the fraternity, or the relief, support, and care of worthy and indigent members of the fraternity, 18 their wives, widows, or orphans, and any fund given or held for the purpose of public education, 19 almshouses, and the land and buildings used in connection therewith;

(15) Real estate and personal property of any incorporated volunteer fire engine company
 or incorporated volunteer ambulance or rescue corps in active service;

22 (16) The estate of any person who, in the judgment of the assessors, is unable from 23 infirmity or poverty to pay the tax; provided, that in the town of Burrillville, the tax shall 24 constitute a lien for five (5) years on the property where the owner is entitled to the exemption. At 25 the expiration of five (5) years, the lien shall be abated in full. Provided, if the property is sold or 26 conveyed, or if debt secured by the property is refinanced during the five-year (5) period, the lien 27 immediately becomes due and payable; any person claiming the exemption aggrieved by an 28 adverse decision of an assessor shall appeal the decision to the local board of tax review and 29 thereafter according to the provisions of § 44-5-26;

30 (17) Household furniture and family stores of a housekeeper in the whole, including
31 clothing, bedding, and other white goods, books, and all other tangible personal property items
32 that are common to the normal household;

(18) Improvements made to any real property to provide a shelter and fallout protection
 from nuclear radiation, to the amount of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500); provided,

that the improvements meet applicable standards for shelter construction established, from time to time, by the Rhode Island emergency management agency. The improvements are deemed to comply with the provisions of any building code or ordinance with respect to the materials or the methods of construction used and any shelter or its establishment is deemed to comply with the provisions of any zoning code or ordinance;

6 7 (19) Aircraft for which the fee required by § 1-4-6 has been paid to the tax administrator;(20) Manufacturer's inventory.

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8 (i) For the purposes of §§ 44-4-10, 44-5-3, 44-5-20, and 44-5-38, a person is deemed to 9 be a manufacturer within a city or town within this state if that person uses any premises, room, 10 or place in it primarily for the purpose of transforming raw materials into a finished product for 11 trade through any or all of the following operations: adapting, altering, finishing, making, and 12 ornamenting; provided, that public utilities; non-regulated power producers commencing 13 commercial operation by selling electricity at retail or taking title to generating facilities on or 14 after July 1, 1997; building and construction contractors; warehousing operations, including 15 distribution bases or outlets of out-of-state manufacturers; and fabricating processes incidental to 16 warehousing or distribution of raw materials, such as alteration of stock for the convenience of a 17 customer; are excluded from this definition;

18 (ii) For the purposes of §§ 44-3-3, 44-4-10, and 44-5-38, the term "manufacturer's 19 inventory", or any similar term, means and includes the manufacturer's raw materials, the 20 manufacturer's work in process, and finished products manufactured by the manufacturer in this 21 state, and not sold, leased, or traded by the manufacturer or its title or right to possession 22 divested; provided, that the term does not include any finished products held by the manufacturer 23 in any retail store or other similar selling place operated by the manufacturer whether or not the 24 retail establishment is located in the same building in which the manufacturer operates the 25 manufacturing plant;

26 (iii) For the purpose of § 44-11-2, a "manufacturer" is a person whose principal business 27 in this state consists of transforming raw materials into a finished product for trade through any or 28 all of the operations described in paragraph (i) of this subdivision. A person will be deemed to be 29 principally engaged if the gross receipts that person derived from the manufacturing operations in 30 this state during the calendar year or fiscal year mentioned in § 44-11-1 amounted to more than 31 fifty percent (50%) of the total gross receipts that person derived from all the business activities 32 in which that person engaged in this state during the taxable year. For the purpose of computing 33 the percentage, gross receipts derived by a manufacturer from the sale, lease, or rental of finished 34 products manufactured by the manufacturer in this state, even though the manufacturer's store or

other selling place may be at a different location from the location of the manufacturer's
 manufacturing plant in this state, are deemed to have been derived from manufacturing;

3 (iv) Within the meaning of the preceding paragraphs of this subdivision, the term 4 "manufacturer" also includes persons who are principally engaged in any of the general activities coded and listed as establishments engaged in manufacturing in the Standard Industrial 5 Classification Manual prepared by the Technical Committee on Industrial Classification, Office 6 7 of Statistical Standards, Executive Office of the President, United States Bureau of the Budget, as 8 revised from time to time, but eliminating as manufacturers those persons, who, because of their 9 limited type of manufacturing activities, are classified in the manual as falling within the trade 10 rather than an industrial classification of manufacturers. Among those thus eliminated, and 11 accordingly also excluded as manufacturers within the meaning of this paragraph, are persons 12 primarily engaged in selling, to the general public, products produced on the premises from which 13 they are sold, such as neighborhood bakeries, candy stores, ice cream parlors, shade shops, and 14 custom tailors, except, that a person who manufactures bakery products for sale primarily for 15 home delivery, or through one or more non-baking retail outlets, and whether or not retail outlets 16 are operated by the person, is a manufacturer within the meaning of this paragraph;

(v) The term "Person" means and includes, as appropriate, a person, partnership, orcorporation; and

(vi) The department of revenue shall provide to the local assessors any assistance that is
 necessary in determining the proper application of the definitions in this subdivision;

21 (21) Real and tangible personal property acquired to provide a treatment facility used 22 primarily to control the pollution or contamination of the waters or the air of the state, as defined 23 in chapter 12 of title 46 and chapter 25 of title 23, respectively, the facility having been 24 constructed, reconstructed, erected, installed, or acquired in furtherance of federal or state 25 requirements or standards for the control of water or air pollution or contamination, and certified 26 as approved in an order entered by the director of environmental management. The property is 27 exempt as long as it is operated properly in compliance with the order of approval of the director 28 of environmental management; provided, that any grant of the exemption by the director of 29 environmental management in excess of ten (10) years is approved by the city or town in which 30 the property is situated. This provision applies only to water and air pollution control properties 31 and facilities installed for the treatment of waste waters and air contaminants resulting from 32 industrial processing; furthermore, it applies only to water or air pollution control properties and 33 facilities placed in operation for the first time after April 13, 1970;

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(22) New manufacturing machinery and equipment acquired or used by a manufacturer

1 and purchased after December 31, 1974. Manufacturing machinery and equipment is defined as:

(i) Machinery and equipment used exclusively in the actual manufacture or conversion of
raw materials or goods in the process of manufacture by a manufacturer, as defined in subdivision
(20), and machinery, fixtures, and equipment used exclusively by a manufacturer for research and
development or for quality assurance of its manufactured products;

(ii) Machinery and equipment that is partially used in the actual manufacture or 6 7 conversion of raw materials or goods in process of manufacture by a manufacturer, as defined in 8 subdivision (20), and machinery, fixtures, and equipment used by a manufacturer for research and 9 development or for quality assurance of its manufactured products, to the extent to which the 10 machinery and equipment is used for the manufacturing processes, research and development, or 11 quality assurance. In the instances where machinery and equipment is used in both manufacturing 12 and/or research and development and/or quality assurance activities and non-manufacturing 13 activities, the assessment on machinery and equipment is prorated by applying the percentage of 14 usage of the equipment for the manufacturing, research and development, and quality-assurance 15 activity to the value of the machinery and equipment for purposes of taxation, and the portion of 16 the value used for manufacturing, research and development, and quality assurance is exempt 17 from taxation. The burden of demonstrating this percentage usage of machinery and equipment 18 for manufacturing and for research and development and/or quality assurance of its manufactured 19 products rests with the manufacturer; and

20 (iii) Machinery and equipment described in §§ 44-18-30(7) and 44-18-30(22) that was 21 purchased after July 1, 1997; provided that the city or town council of the city or town in which 22 the machinery and equipment is located adopts an ordinance exempting the machinery and 23 equipment from taxation. For purposes of this subsection, city councils and town councils of any 24 municipality may, by ordinance, wholly or partially exempt from taxation the machinery and 25 equipment discussed in this subsection for the period of time established in the ordinance and 26 may, by ordinance, establish the procedures for taxpayers to avail themselves of the benefit of 27 any exemption permitted under this section; provided, that the ordinance does not apply to any 28 machinery or equipment of a business, subsidiary, or any affiliated business that locates or 29 relocates from a city or town in this state to another city or town in the state;

30 (23) Precious metal bullion, meaning any elementary metal that has been put through a 31 process of melting or refining, and that is in a state or condition that its value depends upon its 32 content and not its form. The term does not include fabricated precious metal that has been 33 processed or manufactured for some one or more specific and customary industrial, professional, 34 or artistic uses; 1 (24) Hydroelectric power-generation equipment, which includes, but is not limited to, 2 turbines, generators, switchgear, controls, monitoring equipment, circuit breakers, transformers, 3 protective relaying, bus bars, cables, connections, trash racks, headgates, and conduits. The 4 hydroelectric power-generation equipment must have been purchased after July 1, 1979, and 5 acquired or used by a person or corporation who or that owns or leases a dam and utilizes the 6 equipment to generate hydroelectric power;

7 (25) Subject to authorization by formal action of the council of any city or town, any real 8 or personal property owned by, held in trust for, or leased to an organization incorporated under 9 chapter 6 of title 7, as amended, or an organization meeting the definition of "charitable trust" set 10 out in § 18-9-4, as amended, or an organization incorporated under the not-for-profits statutes of 11 another state or the District of Columbia, the purpose of which is the conserving of open space, as 12 that term is defined in chapter 36 of title 45, as amended, provided the property is used 13 exclusively for the purposes of the organization;

14 (26) Tangible personal property, the primary function of which is the recycling, reuse, or 15 recovery of materials (other than precious metals, as defined in § 44-18-30(24)(ii) and (iii)), from, 16 or the treatment of "hazardous wastes", as defined in § 23-19.1-4, where the "hazardous wastes" 17 are generated primarily by the same taxpayer and where the personal property is located at, in, or 18 adjacent to a generating facility of the taxpayer. The taxpayer may, but need not, procure an order 19 from the director of the department of environmental management certifying that the tangible 20 personal property has this function, which order effects a conclusive presumption that the tangible 21 personal property qualifies for the exemption under this subdivision. If any information relating 22 to secret processes or methods of manufacture, production, or treatment is disclosed to the 23 department of environmental management only to procure an order, and is a "trade secret" as 24 defined in § 28-21-10(b), it shall not be open to public inspection or publicly disclosed unless 25 disclosure is otherwise required under chapter 21 of title 28 or chapter 24.4 of title 23;

26 (27) Motorboats as defined in § 46-22-2 for which the annual fee required in § 46-22-4
27 has been paid;

(28) Real and personal property of the Providence Performing Arts Center, a nonbusiness corporation as of December 31, 1986;

30 (29) Tangible personal property owned by, and used exclusively for the purposes of, any
 31 religious organization located in the city of Cranston;

(30) Real and personal property of the Travelers Aid Society of Rhode Island, a nonprofit
 corporation, the Union Mall Real Estate Corporation, and any limited partnership or limited
 liability company that is formed in connection with, or to facilitate the acquisition of, the

1 Providence YMCA Building;

(31) Real and personal property of Meeting Street Center or MSC Realty, Inc., both notfor-profit Rhode Island corporations, and any other corporation, limited partnership, or limited
liability company that is formed in connection with, or to facilitate the acquisition of, the
properties designated as the Meeting Street National Center of Excellence on Eddy Street in
Providence, Rhode Island;

7 (32) The buildings, personal property, and land upon which the buildings stand, located 8 on Pomham Island, East Providence, currently identified as Assessor's Map 211, Block 01, Parcel 9 001.00, that consists of approximately twenty-one thousand three hundred (21,300) square feet 10 and is located approximately eight hundred sixty feet (860'), more or less, from the shore, and 11 limited exclusively to these said buildings, personal estate and land, provided that said property is 12 owned by a qualified 501(c)(3) organization, such as the American Lighthouse Foundation, and is 13 used exclusively for a lighthouse;

(33) The Stadium Theatre Performing Arts Centre building located in Monument Square,
Woonsocket, Rhode Island, so long as said Stadium Theatre Performing Arts Center is owned by
the Stadium Theatre Foundation, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;

17 (34) Real and tangible personal property of St. Mary Academy -- Bay View, located in
18 East Providence, Rhode Island;

(35) Real and personal property of East Bay Community Action Program and its
 predecessor, Self Help, Inc; provided, that the organization is qualified as a tax-exempt
 corporation under § 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code;

(36) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the
 Columbus Club of East Providence, a Rhode Island charitable nonprofit corporation;

24 (37) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the25 Columbus Club of Barrington, a Rhode Island charitable nonprofit corporation;

26 (38) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of Lodge 2337
27 BPO Elks, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;

28 (39) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the St.
29 Andrews Lodge No. 39, a Rhode Island charitable nonprofit corporation;

30 (40) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the Trustees
31 of Methodist Health and Welfare service a/k/a United Methodist Elder Care, a Rhode Island
32 nonprofit corporation;

(41) Real and personal property located on the first floor of 90 Leonard Avenue within
 the city of East Providence of the Zion Gospel Temple, Inc., a religious nonprofit corporation;

(42) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the Cape
 Verdean Museum Exhibit, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;

3 (43) The real and personal property owned by a qualified 501(c)(3) organization that is 4 affiliated and in good standing with a national, congressionally chartered organization and 5 thereby adheres to that organization's standards and provides activities designed for recreational, 6 educational, and character building purposes for children from ages six (6) years to seventeen 7 (17) years;

8 (44) Real and personal property of the Rhode Island Philharmonic Orchestra and Music
9 School; provided, that the organization is qualified as a tax-exempt corporation under § 501(c)(3)
10 of the United States Internal Revenue Code;

(45) The real and personal property located within the town of West Warwick at 211
Cowesett Avenue, Plat 29-Lot 25, which consists of approximately twenty-eight thousand seven
hundred fifty (28,750) square feet and is owned by the Station Fire Memorial Foundation of East
Greenwich, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;

(46) Real and personal property of the Comprehensive Community Action Program, a
 qualified tax-exempt corporation under § 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code;

17 (47) Real and personal property located at 52 Plain Street, within the city of Pawtucket of
18 the Pawtucket Youth Soccer Association, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;

(48) Renewable energy resources, as defined in § 39-26-5, used in residential systems
and associated equipment used therewith in service after December 31, 2015;

(49) Renewable energy resources, as defined in § 39-26-5, if employed by a
manufacturer, as defined in § 44-3-3(a), shall be exempt from taxation in accordance with § 44-33(a);

(50) Real and personal property located at 415 Tower Hill Road within the town of North
Kingstown, of South County Community Action, Inc., a qualified tax-exempt corporation under §
501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code;

(51) As an effort to promote business growth, tangible business or personal property, in
whole or in part, within the town of Charlestown's community limits, subject to authorization by
formal action of the town council of the town of Charlestown;

30 (52) All real and personal property located at 1300 Frenchtown Road, within the town of
31 East Greenwich, identified as assessor's map 027, plat 019, lot 071, and known as the New
32 England Wireless and Steam Museum, Inc., a qualified tax-exempt corporation under § 501(c)(3)
33 of the United States Internal Revenue Code;

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(53) Real and tangible personal property of Mount Saint Charles Academy located within

the city of Woonsocket, specifically identified as the following assessor's plats and lots: Logee
 Street, plat 23, lot 62, Logee Street, plat 24, lots 304 and 305; Welles Street, plat 23, lot 310;
 Monroe Street, plat 23, lot 312; and Roberge Avenue, plat 24, lot 47;

4 (54) Real and tangible personal property of Steere House, a Rhode Island nonprofit
5 corporation, located in Providence, Rhode Island;

6 (55) Real and personal property located within the town of West Warwick of Tides
7 Family Services, Inc., a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;

8 (56) Real and personal property of Tides Family Services, Inc., a Rhode Island nonprofit
9 corporation, located in the city of Pawtucket at 242 Dexter Street, plat 44, lot 444;

10 (57) Real and personal property located within the town of Middletown of Lucy's Hearth,
11 a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation; and

(58) Real and tangible personal property of Habitat for Humanity of Rhode Island-Greater Providence, Inc., a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation, located in Providence, Rhode
Island.

15 (b) Except as provided below, when a city or town taxes a for-profit hospital facility, the 16 value of its real property shall be the value determined by the most recent full revaluation or 17 statistical property update performed by the city or town; provided, however, in the year a 18 nonprofit hospital facility converts to or otherwise becomes a for-profit hospital facility, or a for-19 profit hospital facility is initially established, the value of the real property and personal property 20 of the for-profit hospital facility shall be determined by a valuation performed by the assessor for 21 the purpose of determining an initial assessed value of real and personal property, not previously 22 taxed by the city or town, as of the most recent date of assessment pursuant to § 44-5-1, subject to 23 a right of appeal by the for-profit hospital facility which shall be made to the city or town tax 24 assessor with a direct appeal from an adverse decision to the Rhode Island superior court business 25 calendar.

26 A "for-profit hospital facility" includes all real and personal property affiliated with any 27 hospital as identified in an application filed pursuant to chapters 23-17 and/or 23-17.14. 28 Notwithstanding the above, a city or town may enter into a stabilization agreement with a for-29 profit hospital facility under § 44-3-9 or other laws specific to the particular city or town relating 30 to stabilization agreements. In a year in which a nonprofit hospital facility converts to, or 31 otherwise becomes, a for-profit hospital facility, or a for-profit hospital facility is otherwise 32 established, in that year only the amount levied by the city or town and/or the amount payable 33 under the stabilization agreement for that year related to the for-profit hospital facility shall not be 34 counted towards determining the maximum tax levy permitted under § 44-5-2.

LC001395

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION -- PROPERTY SUBJECT TO TAXATION

1 This act would provide that property of nonprofit hospitals that are converted from for-2 profit to nonprofit shall not be exempt from taxation unless authorized by the municipality in 3 which the hospital is located. This act would also allow the municipality to enter into a tax 4 stabilization agreement with such hospital.

5 This act would take effect upon passage.

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