### 2021 -- H 5510

LC001391

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2021**

### AN ACT

### RELATING TO INSURANCE -- CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE ACT

Introduced By: Representative Joseph J. Solomon

Date Introduced: February 12, 2021

Referred To: House Corporations

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Sections 27-1.1-1 and 27-1.1-4 of the General Laws in Chapter 27-1.1 entitled

"Credit for Reinsurance Act" are hereby amended to read as follows:

#### 27-1.1-1. Credit allowed a domestic ceding insurer.

- (a) Credit for reinsurance shall be allowed a domestic ceding insurer as either an asset or a reduction from liability on account of reinsurance ceded only when the reinsurer meets the
- 6 requirements of subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f),  $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$  (g),  $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$  (h) of this section; provided, further, that
- 7 the commissioner may adopt by regulation pursuant to § 27-1.1-4 specific additional requirements
- 8 relating to or setting forth:
- 9 (1) The valuation of assets or reserve credits;
- 10 (2) The amount and forms of security supporting reinsurance arrangements described in §
- 11 27-1.1-4; and

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- 12 (3) The circumstances pursuant to which credit will be reduced or eliminated.
- 13 Credit shall be allowed under subsections (b), (c), or (d) of this section only as respects
- 14 cessions of those kinds or classes of business which the assuming insurer is licensed or otherwise
- permitted to write or assume in its state of domicile or, in the case of a U.S. branch of an alien
- 16 assuming insurer, in the state through which it is entered and licensed to transact insurance or
- 17 reinsurance. Credit shall be allowed under subsections (d) or (e) of this section only if the applicable
- requirements of subsection (h) (i) of this section have been satisfied.
  - (b) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that is

licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in this state.

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- (c) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that is
   accredited by the commissioner as a reinsurer in this state. In order to be eligible for an accreditation
   a reinsurer must:
- 5 (1) File with the commissioner evidence of its submission to this state's jurisdiction;
- 6 (2) Submit to this state's authority to examine its books and records;
- 7 (3) Be licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one state, or in the case of a 8 United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, be entered through and licensed to transact 9 insurance or reinsurance in at least one state;
  - (4) Annually file with the commissioner a copy of its annual statement filed with the insurance department of its state of domicile and a copy of its most recent audited financial statement; and
    - (5) Demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner that it has adequate financial capacity to meet its reinsurance obligations and is otherwise qualified to assume reinsurance from domestic insurers. An assuming insurer is deemed to meet this requirement as of the time of its application if it maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) and its accreditation has not been denied by the commissioner within ninety (90) days after submission of its application.
    - (d)(1) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that is domiciled in, or in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer is entered through, a state that employs standards regarding credit for reinsurance substantially similar to those applicable under this statute and the assuming insurer or U.S. branch of an alien assuming insurer:
- 24 (i) Maintains a surplus regarding policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million 25 dollars (\$20,000,000); and
  - (ii) Submits to the authority of this state to examine its books and records.
  - (2) Provided, that the requirement of subsection (d)(1)(i) of this section does not apply to reinsurance ceded and assumed pursuant to pooling arrangements among insurers in the same holding company system.
  - (e)(1) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that maintains a trust fund in a qualified United States financial institution, as defined in § 27-1.1-3(b), for the payment of the valid claims of its United States ceding insurers, their assigns, and successors in interest. To enable the commissioner to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund, the assuming insurer shall report annually to the commissioner information substantially the same as that required

- to be reported on the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) annual statement form by licensed insurers. The assuming insurer shall submit to examination of its books and
- 3 records by the commissioner and bear the expense of examination.

- 4 (2)(i) Credit for reinsurance shall not be granted under this subsection unless the form of 5 the trust and any amendments to the trust have been approved by:
  - (A) The commissioner of the state where the trust is domiciled; or
- 7 (B) The commissioner of another state who, pursuant to the terms of the trust instrument, 8 has accepted principal regulatory oversight of the trust.
  - (ii) The form of the trust and any trust amendments shall also be filed with the commissioner of every state in which the ceding insurer beneficiaries of the trust are domiciled. The trust instrument shall provide that contested claims shall be valid and enforceable upon the final order of any court of competent jurisdiction in the United States. The trust shall vest legal title to its assets in its trustees for the benefit of the assuming insurer's U.S. ceding insurers, their assigns, and successors in interest. The trust and the assuming insurer shall be subject to examination as determined by the commissioner.
  - (iii) The trust shall remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer has outstanding obligations due under the reinsurance agreements subject to the trust. No later than February 28 of each year the trustee of the trust shall report to the commissioner in writing the balance of the trust and listing the trust's investments at the preceding year end and shall certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certify that the trust will not expire prior to the following December 31.
    - (3) The following requirements apply to the following categories of assuming insurer:
  - (i) The trust fund for a single assuming insurer shall consist of funds in trust in an amount not less than the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by U.S. ceding insurers, and, in addition, the assuming insurer shall maintain a trusteed surplus of not less than twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000), except as provided in subsection (e)(3)(ii);
  - (ii) At any time after the assuming insurer has permanently discontinued underwriting new business secured by the trust for at least three (3) full years, the commissioner with principal regulatory oversight of the trust may authorize a reduction in the required trusteed surplus, but only after a finding, based on an assessment of the risk, that the new required surplus level is adequate for the protection of U.S. ceding insurers, policyholders, and claimants in light of reasonably foreseeable adverse loss development. The risk assessment may involve an actuarial review, including an independent analysis of reserves and cash flows, and shall consider all material risk factors, including, when applicable, the lines of business involved; the stability of the incurred loss

1	estimates; and the effect of the surplus requirements on the assuming insurer's liquidity or solvency.
2	The minimum required trusteed surplus may not be reduced to an amount less than thirty percent
3	(30%) of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by U.S. ceding insurers
4	covered by the trust;
5	(iii)(A) In the case of a group including incorporated and individual unincorporated
6	underwriters:
7	(B)(I) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an inception, amendment
8	or renewal date on or after January 1, 1993, the trust shall consist of a trusteed account in an amount
9	not less than the respective underwriters' several liabilities attributable to business ceded by U.S.
10	domiciled ceding insurers to any underwriter of the group;
11	(C)(II) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an inception date on or
12	before December 31, 1992, and not amended or renewed after that date, notwithstanding the other
13	provisions of this chapter, the trust shall consist of a trusteed account in an amount not less than
14	the respective underwriters' several insurance and reinsurance liabilities attributable to business
15	written in the United States;
16	(D)(III) In addition to these trusts, the group shall maintain in trust a trusteed surplus of
17	which one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) shall be held jointly for the benefit of the U.S.
18	domiciled ceding insurers of any member of the group for all years of account;
19	(E)(B) The incorporated members of the group shall not be engaged in any business other
20	than underwriting as a member of the group and shall be subject to the same level of regulation and
21	solvency control by the group's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members;
22	(F)(C) Within ninety (90) days after its financial statements are due to be filed with the
23	group's domiciliary regulator, the group shall provide to the commissioner an annual certification
24	by the group's domiciliary regulator of the solvency of each underwriter member; or if a
25	certification is unavailable, financial statements, prepared by independent public accountants, of
26	each underwriter member of the group; and
27	(iv) In the case of a group of incorporated underwriters under common administration the
28	group shall:
29	(A) Have continuously transacted an insurance business outside the United States for at
30	least three (3) years immediately prior to making application for accreditation;
31	(B) Maintain an aggregate policyholders surplus of ten billion dollars (\$10,000,000,000);
32	(C) Maintain a trust fund in an amount not less than the group's several liabilities
33	attributable to business ceded by United States domiciled ceding insurers to any member of the
34	group pursuant to reinsurance contracts issued in the name of the group;

1	(D) In addition, maintain a joint trusted surplus of which one hundred million dollars
2	(\$100,000,000) shall be held jointly for the benefit of U.S. domiciled ceding insurers of any
3	member of the group as additional security for these liabilities; and
4	(E) Within ninety (90) days after its financial statements are due to be filed with the group's
5	domiciliary regulator, make available to the commissioner an annual certification of each
6	underwriter member's solvency by the member's domiciliary regulator and financial statements of
7	each underwriter member of the group prepared by its independent public accountant.
8	(f) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that has
9	been certified by the commissioner as a reinsurer in this state and secures its obligations in
10	accordance with the requirements of this subsection.
11	(1) In order to be eligible for certification, the assuming insurer shall meet the following
12	requirements:
13	(i) The assuming insurer must be domiciled and licensed to transact insurance or
14	reinsurance in a qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the commissioner pursuant to paragraph
15	(f)(iii) of this subsection;
16	(ii) The assuming insurer must maintain minimum capital and surplus, or its equivalent, in
17	an amount to be determined by the commissioner pursuant to regulation;
18	(iii) The assuming insurer must maintain financial strength ratings from two or more rating
19	agencies deemed acceptable by the commissioner pursuant to regulation;
20	(iv) The assuming insurer must agree to submit to the jurisdiction of this state, appoint the
21	commissioner as its agent for service of process in this state, and agree to provide security for one
22	hundred percent (100%) of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by
23	U.S. ceding insurers if it resists enforcement of a final U.S. judgment;
24	(v) The assuming insurer must agree to meet applicable information filing requirements as
25	determined by the commissioner, both with respect to an initial application for certification and or
26	an ongoing basis; and
27	(vi) The assuming insurer must satisfy any other requirements for certification deemed
28	relevant by the commissioner.
29	(2) An association including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters may
30	be a certified reinsurer. In order to be eligible for certification, in addition to satisfying requirements
31	of subsection (f)(1)(i) above:
32	(i) The association shall satisfy its minimum capital and surplus requirements through the
33	capital and surplus equivalents (net of liabilities) of the association and its members, which shall
34	include a joint central fund that may be applied to any unsatisfied obligation of the association or

any of its members	in an amount	determined by	the commissioner	o provide adequate	protection:
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- (ii) The incorporated members of the association shall not be engaged in any business other than underwriting as a member of the association and shall be subject to the same level of regulation and solvency control by the association's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members; and
- (iii) Within ninety (90) days after its financial statements are due to be filed with the association's domiciliary regulator, the association shall provide to the commissioner an annual certification by the association's domiciliary regulator of the solvency of each underwriter member; or if a certification is unavailable, financial statements, prepared by independent public accountants, of each underwriter member of the association.
- (3) The commissioner shall create and publish a list of qualified jurisdictions, under which an assuming insurer licensed and domiciled in such jurisdiction is eligible to be considered for certification by the commissioner as a certified reinsurer.
- (i) In order to determine whether the domiciliary jurisdiction of a non-U.S. assuming insurer is eligible to be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction, the commissioner shall evaluate the appropriateness and effectiveness of the reinsurance supervisory system of the jurisdiction, both initially and on an ongoing basis, and consider the rights, benefits, and the extent of reciprocal recognition afforded by the non-U.S. jurisdiction to reinsurers licensed and domiciled in the U.S. A qualified jurisdiction must agree to share information and cooperate with the commissioner with respect to all certified reinsurers domiciled within that jurisdiction. A jurisdiction may not be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction if the commissioner has determined that the jurisdiction does not adequately and promptly enforce final U.S. judgments and arbitration awards. Additional factors may be considered in the discretion of the commissioner;
- (ii) A list of qualified jurisdictions shall be published through the NAIC committee process. The commissioner shall consider this list in determining qualified jurisdictions. If the commissioner approves a jurisdiction as qualified that does not appear on the list of qualified jurisdictions, the commissioner shall provide thoroughly documented justification in accordance with criteria to be developed under regulations;
- (iii) U.S. jurisdictions that meet the requirement for accreditation under the NAIC financial standards and accreditation program shall be recognized as qualified jurisdictions; and
- (iv) If a certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction ceases to be a qualified jurisdiction, the commissioner has the discretion to suspend the reinsurer's certification indefinitely, in lieu of revocation.
- 34 (4) The commissioner shall assign a rating to each certified reinsurer, giving due

consideration to the financial strength ratings that have been assigned by rating agencies deemed acceptable to the commissioner pursuant to regulation. The commissioner shall publish a list of all certified reinsurers and their ratings.

- (5) A certified reinsurer shall secure obligations assumed from U.S. ceding insurers under this subsection at a level consistent with its rating, as specified in regulations promulgated by the commissioner.
- (i) In order for a domestic ceding insurer to qualify for full financial statement credit for reinsurance ceded to a certified reinsurer, the certified reinsurer shall maintain security in a form acceptable to the commissioner and consistent with the provisions of section (3), or in a multibeneficiary trust in accordance with subsection (e) of this section, except as otherwise provided in this subsection;
- (ii) If a certified reinsurer maintains a trust to fully secure its obligations subject to subsection (e) of this section, and chooses to secure its obligations incurred as a certified reinsurer in the form of a multi-beneficiary trust, the certified reinsurer shall maintain separate trust accounts for its obligations incurred under reinsurance agreements issued or renewed as a certified reinsurer with reduced security as permitted by this subsection or comparable laws of other U.S. jurisdictions and for its obligations subject to subsection (e) of this section. It shall be a condition to the grant of certification under subsection (f) of this section that the certified reinsurer shall have bound itself, by the language of the trust and agreement with the commissioner with principal regulatory oversight of each such trust account, to fund, upon termination of any such trust account, out of the remaining surplus of such trust any deficiency of any other such trust account;
- (iii) The minimum trusteed surplus requirements provided in subsection D are not applicable with respect to a multi-beneficiary trust maintained by a certified reinsurer for the purpose of securing obligations incurred under this subsection, except that such trust shall maintain a minimum trusteed surplus of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000);
- (iv) With respect to obligations incurred by a certified reinsurer under this subsection, if the security is insufficient, the commissioner shall reduce the allowable credit by an amount proportionate to the deficiency, and has the discretion to impose further reductions in allowable credit upon finding that there is a material risk that the certified reinsurer's obligations will not be paid in full when due; and
- (v) For purposes of this subsection, a certified reinsurer whose certification has been terminated for any reason shall be treated as a certified reinsurer required to secure one hundred percent (100%) of its obligations.
- 34 (A) As used in this subsection, the term "terminated" refers to revocation, suspension,

1	voluntary surrender and inactive status; and
2	(B) If the commissioner continues to assign a higher rating as permitted by other provisions
3	of this section, this requirement does not apply to a certified reinsurer in inactive status or to a
4	reinsurer whose certification has been suspended.
5	(6) If an applicant for certification has been certified as a reinsurer in an NAIC-accredited
6	jurisdiction, the commissioner has the discretion to defer to that jurisdiction's certification, and has
7	the discretion to defer to the rating assigned by that jurisdiction, and such assuming insurer shall
8	be considered to be a certified reinsurer in this state.
9	(7) A certified reinsurer that ceases to assume new business in this state may request to
10	maintain its certification in inactive status in order to continue to qualify for a reduction in security
11	for its in-force business. An inactive certified reinsurer shall continue to comply with all applicable
12	requirements of this subsection, and the commissioner shall assign a rating that takes into account,
13	if relevant, the reasons why the reinsurer is not assuming new business.
14	(g)(l) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer meeting
15	each of the following conditions:
16	(i) The assuming insurer must have its head office or be domiciled in, as applicable, and
17	be licensed in a reciprocal jurisdiction. A "Reciprocal jurisdiction" is a jurisdiction that meets one
18	of the following:
19	(A) A non-U.S. jurisdiction that is subject to an in-force covered agreement with the United
20	States, each within its legal authority, or, in the case of a covered agreement between the United
21	States and European Union, is a member state of the European Union. For purposes of this
22	subsection, a "covered agreement" is an agreement entered into pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall
23	Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, 31 U.S.C. §§ 313 and 314, that is currently in effect
24	or in a period of provisional application and addresses the elimination, under specified conditions,
25	of collateral requirements as a condition for entering into any reinsurance agreement with a ceding
26	insurer domiciled in this state or for allowing the ceding insurer to recognize credit for reinsurance;
27	(B) A U.S. jurisdiction that meets the requirements for accreditation under the NAIC
28	financial standards and accreditation program; or
29	(C) A qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the commissioner pursuant to subsection
30	(f)(3) of this section, which is not otherwise described in subsection (g)(1)(i)(A) or (g)(1)(i)(B) of
	this section and which meets contain additional requirements consistent with the terms and
31	this section and which meets certain additional requirements, consistent with the terms and
31 32	conditions of in-force covered agreements, as specified by the commissioner in regulation;

1	jurisdiction, in an amount to be set forth in regulation. If the assuming insurer is an association,
2	including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, it must have and maintain, on
3	an ongoing basis, minimum capital and surplus equivalents (net of liabilities), calculated according
4	to the methodology applicable in its domiciliary jurisdiction, and a central fund containing a
5	balance in amounts to be set forth in regulation;
6	(iii) The assuming insurer must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, a minimum
7	solvency or capital ratio, as applicable, which will be set forth in regulation. If the assuming insurer
8	is an association, including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, it must have
9	and maintain, on an ongoing basis, a minimum solvency or capital ratio in the reciprocal jurisdiction
10	where the assuming insurer has its head office or is domiciled, as applicable, and is also licensed;
11	(iv) The assuming insurer must agree and provide adequate assurance to the commissioner,
12	in a form specified by the commissioner pursuant to regulation, as follows:
13	(A) The assuming insurer must provide prompt written notice and explanation to the
14	commissioner if it falls below the minimum requirements set forth in subsection (g)(l)(ii)or
15	(g)(1)(iii) of this section, or if any regulatory action is taken against it for serious noncompliance
16	with applicable law;
17	(B) The assuming insurer must consent in writing to the jurisdiction of the courts of this
18	state and to the appointment of the commissioner as agent for service of process. The commissioner
19	may require that consent for service of process be provided to the commissioner and included in
20	each reinsurance agreement. Nothing in this provision shall limit, or in any way alter, the capacity
21	of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree to alternative dispute resolution mechanisms, except
22	to the extent such agreements are unenforceable under applicable insolvency or delinquency laws;
23	(C) The assuming insurer must consent in writing to pay all final judgments, wherever
24	enforcement is sought, obtained by a ceding insurer or its legal successor, that have been declared
25	enforceable in the jurisdiction where the judgment was obtained;
26	(D) Each reinsurance agreement must include a provision requiring the assuming insurer
27	to provide security in an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the assuming insurer's
28	liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded pursuant to that agreement if the assuming insurer resists
29	enforcement of a final judgment that is enforceable under the law of the jurisdiction in which it was
30	obtained or a properly enforceable arbitration award, whether obtained by the ceding insurer or by
31	its legal successor on behalf of its resolution estate; and
32	(E) The assuming insurer must confirm that it is not presently participating in any solvent
33	scheme of arrangement which involves this state's ceding insurers, and agree to notify the ceding
34	insurer and the commissioner and to provide security in an amount equal to one hundred percent

1	(100%) of the assuming insurer's flaorities to the ceding insurer, should the assuming insurer effect
2	into such a solvent scheme of arrangement. Such security shall be in a form consistent with the
3	provisions of this section and § 27-1.1-2 and as specified by the commissioner in regulation;
4	(v) The assuming insurer or its legal successor must provide, if requested by the
5	commissioner, on behalf of itself and any legal predecessors, certain documentation to the
6	commissioner, as specified by the commissioner in regulation;
7	(vi) The assuming insurer must maintain a practice of prompt payment of claims under
8	reinsurance agreements, pursuant to criteria set forth in regulation;
9	(vii) The assuming insurer's supervisory authority must confirm to the commissioner on an
10	annual basis, as of the preceding December 31 or at the annual date otherwise statutorily reported
11	to the reciprocal jurisdiction, that the assuming insurer complies with the requirements set forth in
12	subsection (g)(l)(ii) and (g)(l)(iii) of this section; and
13	(viii) Nothing in this provision precludes an assuming insurer from providing the
14	commissioner with information on a voluntary basis.
15	(2) The commissioner shall timely create and publish a list of reciprocal jurisdictions.
16	(i) A list of reciprocal jurisdictions is published through the NAIC committee process. The
17	commissioner's list shall include any reciprocal jurisdiction as defined under subsection (g)(l)(i)(A)
18	and (g)(1)(i)(B) of this section, and shall consider any other reciprocal jurisdiction included on the
19	NAIC list. The commissioner may approve a jurisdiction that does not appear on the NAIC list of
20	reciprocal jurisdictions in accordance with criteria to be developed under regulations issued by the
21	commissioner.
22	(ii) The commissioner may remove a jurisdiction from the list of reciprocal jurisdictions
23	upon a determination that the jurisdiction no longer meets the requirements of a reciprocal
24	jurisdiction, in accordance with a process set forth in regulations issued by the commissioner,
25	except that the commissioner shall not remove from the list a reciprocal jurisdiction as defined
26	under subsection (g)(l)(i)(A) and (g)(1)(i)(B) of this section. Upon removal of a reciprocal
27	jurisdiction from this list credit for reinsurance ceded to an assuming insurer which has its home
28	office or is domiciled in that jurisdiction shall be allowed, if otherwise allowed pursuant to this
29	<u>chapter.</u>
30	(3) The commissioner shall timely create and publish a list of assuming insurers that have
31	satisfied the conditions set forth in this subsection and to which cessions shall be granted credit in
32	accordance with this subsection. The commissioner may add an assuming insurer to such list if an
33	NAIC accredited jurisdiction has added such assuming insurer to a list of such assuming insurers
34	or if, upon initial eligibility, the assuming insurer submits the information to the commissioner as

1	required under subsection (g)(l)(iv) of this section and complies with any additional requirements
2	that the commissioner may impose by regulation, except to the extent that they conflict with an
3	applicable covered agreement.
4	(4) If the commissioner determines that an assuming insurer no longer meets one or more
5	of the requirements under this subsection, the commissioner may revoke or suspend the eligibility
6	of the assuming insurer for recognition under this subsection in accordance with procedures set
7	forth in regulation.
8	(i) While an assuming insurer's eligibility is suspended, no reinsurance agreement issued,
9	amended or renewed after the effective date of the suspension qualifies for credit except to the
10	extent that the assuming insurer's obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with §
11	<u>27-1.1-2.</u>
12	(ii) If an assuming insurer's eligibility is revoked, no credit for reinsurance may be granted
13	after the effective date of the revocation with respect to any reinsurance agreements entered into
14	by the assuming insurer, including reinsurance agreements entered into prior to the date of
15	revocation, except to the extent that the assuming insurer's obligations under the contract are
16	secured in a form acceptable to the commissioner and consistent with the provisions of § 27-1.1-2.
17	(5) If subject to a legal process of rehabilitation, liquidation or conservation, as applicable,
18	the ceding insurer, or its representative, may seek and, if determined appropriate by the court in
19	which the proceedings are pending, may obtain an order requiring that the assuming insurer post
20	security for all outstanding ceded liabilities.
21	(6) Nothing in this subsection shall limit or in any way alter the capacity of parties to a
22	reinsurance agreement to agree on requirements for security or other terms in that reinsurance
23	agreement, except as expressly prohibited by this chapter or other applicable law or regulation.
24	(7) Credit may be taken under this subsection only for reinsurance agreements entered into,
25	amended, or renewed on or after the effective date of this chapter, and only with respect to losses
26	incurred and reserves reported on or after the later of:
27	(i) The date on which the assuming insurer has met all eligibility requirements pursuant to
28	subsection (g)(1) of this section; or
29	(ii) The effective date of the new reinsurance agreement, amendment, or renewal.
30	(A) This subsection does not alter or impair a ceding insurer's right to take credit for
31	reinsurance, to the extent that credit is not available under this subsection, as long as the reinsurance
32	qualifies for credit under any other applicable provision of this chapter.
33	(B) Nothing in this subsection shall authorize an assuming insurer to withdraw or reduce
34	the security provided under any reinsurance agreement except as permitted by the terms of the

1	<u>agreement.</u>
2	(C) Nothing in this subsection shall limit, or in any way alter, the capacity of parties to any
3	reinsurance agreement to renegotiate the agreement.
4	(g)(h) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer not
5	meeting the requirements of subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), or (g) of this section, but only as to
6	the insurance of risks located in jurisdictions where the reinsurance is required by applicable law
7	or regulation of that jurisdiction.
8	(h)(i) If the assuming insurer is not licensed, accredited, or certified to transact insurance
9	or reinsurance in this state, the credit permitted by subsections (d) and (e) of this section shall not
10	be allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees in the reinsurance agreements:
11	(1)(i) That in the event of the failure of the assuming insurer to perform its obligations
12	under the terms of the reinsurance agreement, the assuming insurer, at the request of the ceding
13	insurer, shall submit to the jurisdiction of any court of competent jurisdiction in any state of the
14	United States, will comply with all requirements necessary to give the court jurisdiction, and will
15	abide by the final decision of the court or of any appellate court in the event of an appeal; and
16	(ii) To designate the commissioner or a designated attorney as its true and lawful attorney
17	upon whom may be served any lawful process in any action, suit, or proceeding instituted by or on
18	behalf of the ceding insurer.
19	(2) This subsection is not intended to conflict with or override the obligation of the parties
20	to a reinsurance agreement to arbitrate their disputes, if this obligation is created in the agreement.
21	(i)(j) If the assuming insurer does not meet the requirements of subsections (b), (c), or (d),
22	the credit permitted by subsection (e) or (f) of this section shall not be allowed unless the assuming
23	insurer agrees in the trust agreements to the following conditions:
24	(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the trust instrument, if the trust fund is
25	inadequate because it contains an amount less than the amount required by subsection (e)(iii) of
26	this section, or if the grantor of the trust has been declared insolvent or placed into receivership,
27	rehabilitation, liquidation, or similar proceedings under the laws of its state or country of domicile,
28	the trustee shall comply with an order of the commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust
29	or with an order of a court of competent jurisdiction directing the trustee to transfer to the
30	commissioner with regulatory oversight all of the assets of the trust fund;
31	(2) The assets shall be distributed by and claims shall be filed with and valued by the
32	commissioner with regulatory oversight in accordance with the laws of the state in which the trust
33	is domiciled that are applicable to the liquidation of domestic insurance companies;
34	(3) If the commissioner with regulatory oversight determines that the assets of the trust

1	fund or any part thereof are not necessary to satisfy the claims of the U.S. ceding insurers of the
2	grantor of the trust, the assets or part thereof shall be returned by the commissioner with regulatory
3	oversight to the trustee for distribution in accordance with the trust agreement; and
4	(4) The grantor shall waive any right otherwise available to it under U.S. law that is
5	inconsistent with this provision.
6	(j)(k) If an accredited or certified reinsurer ceases to meet the requirements for
7	accreditation or certification, the commissioner may suspend or revoke the reinsurer's accreditation
8	or certification.
9	(1) The commissioner must give the reinsurer notice and opportunity for hearing. The
10	suspension or revocation may not take effect until after the commissioner's order on hearing, unless:
11	(i) The reinsurer waives its right to hearing;
12	(ii) The commissioner's order is based on regulatory action by the reinsurer's domiciliary
13	jurisdiction or the voluntary surrender or termination of the reinsurer's eligibility to transact
14	insurance or reinsurance business in its domiciliary jurisdiction or in the primary certifying state of
15	the reinsurer under subparagraph (f)(vi) of this section; or
16	(iii) The commissioner finds that an emergency requires immediate action and a court of
17	competent jurisdiction has not stayed the commissioner's action.
18	(A) While a reinsurer's accreditation or certification is suspended, no reinsurance contract
19	issued or renewed after the effective date of the suspension qualifies for credit except to the extent
20	that the reinsurer's obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with Section 3. If a
21	reinsurer's accreditation or certification is revoked, no credit for reinsurance may be granted after
22	
23	the effective date of the revocation except to the extent that the reinsurer's obligations under the
23	the effective date of the revocation except to the extent that the reinsurer's obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with subsection $(f)(v)$ or section 3 § 27-1.1-2.
24	
	contract are secured in accordance with subsection (f)(v) or section 3 $\S$ 27-1.1-2.
24	contract are secured in accordance with subsection (f)(v) or section 3 § 27-1.1-2.  (k)(1) Concentration Risk.
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>	contract are secured in accordance with subsection (f)(v) or section 3 § 27-1.1-2.  (k)(l) Concentration Risk.  (1) A ceding insurer shall take steps to manage its reinsurance recoverables proportionate
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>	contract are secured in accordance with subsection (f)(v) or section 3 § 27-1.1-2.  (k)(1) Concentration Risk.  (1) A ceding insurer shall take steps to manage its reinsurance recoverables proportionate to its own book of business. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within thirty
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	contract are secured in accordance with subsection (f)(v) or section 3 § 27-1.1-2.  (k)(l) Concentration Risk.  (1) A ceding insurer shall take steps to manage its reinsurance recoverables proportionate to its own book of business. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within thirty (30) days after reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	contract are secured in accordance with subsection (f)(v) or section 3 § 27-1.1-2.  (k)(1) Concentration Risk.  (1) A ceding insurer shall take steps to manage its reinsurance recoverables proportionate to its own book of business. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within thirty (30) days after reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the domestic ceding insurer's last reported surplus
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li><li>29</li></ul>	contract are secured in accordance with subsection (f)(v) or section 3 § 27-1.1-2.  (k)(1) Concentration Risk.  (1) A ceding insurer shall take steps to manage its reinsurance recoverables proportionate to its own book of business. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within thirty (30) days after reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the domestic ceding insurer's last reported surplus to policyholders, or after it is determined that reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li><li>29</li><li>30</li></ul>	contract are secured in accordance with subsection (f)(v) or section 3 § 27-1.1-2.  (k)(1) Concentration Risk.  (1) A ceding insurer shall take steps to manage its reinsurance recoverables proportionate to its own book of business. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within thirty (30) days after reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the domestic ceding insurer's last reported surplus to policyholders, or after it is determined that reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, is likely to exceed this limit. The notification shall
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	contract are secured in accordance with subsection (f)(v) or section 3 § 27-1.1-2.  (k)(l) Concentration Risk.  (1) A ceding insurer shall take steps to manage its reinsurance recoverables proportionate to its own book of business. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within thirty (30) days after reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the domestic ceding insurer's last reported surplus to policyholders, or after it is determined that reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, is likely to exceed this limit. The notification shall demonstrate that the exposure is safely managed by the domestic ceding insurer.

1	ceding insurer's gross written premium in the prior calendar year, or after it has determined that the
2	reinsurance ceded to any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, is likely
3	to exceed this limit. The notification shall demonstrate that the exposure is safely managed by the
4	domestic ceding insurer.
5	27-1.1-4. Rules and regulations.
6	(a) The commissioner may adopt reasonable rules and regulations implementing the
7	provisions of this law.
8	(b) The commissioner is further authorized to adopt rules and regulations applicable to
9	reinsurance arrangements described in subsection (b)(1) of this section.
10	(1) A regulation adopted pursuant to this section may apply only to reinsurance relating to
11	(i) Life insurance policies with guaranteed nonlevel gross premiums or guaranteed nonleve
12	benefits;
13	(ii) Universal life insurance policies with provisions resulting in the ability of a
14	policyholder to keep a policy in force over a secondary guarantee period;
15	(iii) Variable annuities with guaranteed death or living benefits;
16	(iv) Long-term-care insurance policies; or
17	(v) Other life and health insurance and annuity products as to which the NAIC adopts
18	model regulatory requirements with respect to credit for reinsurance.
19	(2) A regulation adopted pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(i) or (b)(1)(ii) of this section may
20	apply to any treaty containing:
21	(i) Policies issued on or after January 1, 2015; and
22	(ii) Policies issued prior to January 1, 2015, if risk pertaining to the pre-2015 policies is
23	ceded in connection with the treaty, in whole or in part, on or after January 1, 2015.
24	(3) A regulation adopted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section may require the ceding
25	insurer, in calculating the amounts or forms of security required to be held under regulations
26	promulgated under this authority, to use the Valuation Manual adopted by the NAIC under Section
27	11B(1) of the NAIC Standard Valuation Law, including all amendments adopted by the NAIC and
28	in effect on the date as which the calculation is made, to the extent applicable.
29	(4) A regulation adopted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall not apply to
30	cessions to an assuming insurer that:
31	(i) Meets the conditions set forth in § 27-1.1-1(g);
32	(i)(ii) Is certified in this state; or
33	(ii)(iii) Maintains at least two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) in capital and
21	surplus when determined in accordance with the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedure

- 1 Manual, including all amendments thereto adopted by the NAIC, excluding the impact of any
- 2 permitted or prescribed practices; and is:
- 3 (A) Licensed in at least twenty-six (26) states; or
- 4 (B) Licensed in at least ten (10) states, and licensed or accredited in a total of at least thirty-
- 5 five (35) states.
- 6 (5) The authority to adopt regulations pursuant to subsection (b) of this section does not
- 7 limit the commissioner's general authority to adopt regulations pursuant to subsection (a) of this
- 8 section.
- 9 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC001391

## **EXPLANATION**

### BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

## AN ACT

## RELATING TO INSURANCE -- CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE ACT

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This act would update the credit for reinsurance chapter of the general laws to conform to
the current standard set by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC).

This act would take effect upon passage.

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