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2023 -- H 6282

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2023

HOUSE RESOLUTION

PROCLAIMING APRIL 24, 2023, AS "ARMENIAN GENOCIDE REMEMBRANCE DAY" TO COMMEMORATE THE ARMENIAN GENOCIDE OF 1915 TO 1923, AND IN HONOR OF ARMENIAN-AMERICANS

Introduced By: Representatives Kazarian, Shekarchi, Blazejewski, Corvese, Chippendale, Solomon, Potter, Baginski, Edwards, and Fellela Date Introduced: April 18, 2023

Referred To: House read and passed

1	WHEREAS, The Armenian Genocide was conceived and carried out by the Ottoman
2	Empire from 1915 to 1923, and resulted in the deportation of nearly 2,000,000 Armenians, of
3	whom 1,500,000 men, women, and children were killed, and the remaining 500,000 survived but
4	were expelled from their homes. This act succeeded in the elimination of the Armenians from
5	their historic ancestral homeland where they had resided for over 2,500 years; and
6	WHEREAS, On May 24, 1915, for the first time ever, the Allied Powers of England,
7	France, and Russia, jointly issued a statement explicitly charging another government of
8	committing "a crime against humanity"; and
9	WHEREAS, This joint statement declared, "the Allied Governments announce publicly
10	to the Sublime Porte that they will hold personally responsible for these crimes all members of
11	the Ottoman Government, as well as those of their agents who are implicated in such massacres";
12	and
13	WHEREAS, United States Ambassador Henry Morgenthau, Sr. explicitly described the
14	policy of the Ottoman Empire's government to the United States Department of State as "a
15	campaign of race extermination," and on July 16, 1915, was informed by United States Secretary
16	of State Robert Lansing that the "Department approves your procedure to stop Armenian
17	persecution"; and
18	WHEREAS, The post-World War I Turkish government indicted the top leaders involved

19 in the organization and execution of the Armenian Genocide and in the "massacre and destruction

of the Armenians," and in a series of court-martials, officials of the Young Turk regime were
 charged, tried and convicted, for organizing and executing massacres against the Armenian
 people; and

WHEREAS, In 1948, the United Nations War Crimes Commission invoked the Armenian Genocide as "precisely . . . one of the types of acts which the modern term 'crimes against humanity' is intended to cover" as a precedent for the Nuremberg tribunals; and

WHEREAS, The United States National Archives and Record Administration holds
extensive and thorough documentation on the Armenian Genocide, especially in its holdings
under Record Group 59 of the United States Department of State, files 867.00 and 867.40, which
are open and widely available to the public and interested institutions; and

WHEREAS, The United States Holocaust Memorial Council, an independent federal
agency, unanimously resolved on April 30, 1981, that the United States Holocaust Memorial
Museum would include the Armenian Genocide in the museum and has since done so; and

WHEREAS, When one enters the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum, there is an exhibit depicting Adolf Hitler, who on ordering his military commanders to attack Poland without provocation in 1939, dismissed objections by stating "[w]ho, after all, speaks today of the annihilation of the Armenians?", thus setting the stage for the Holocaust; and

18 WHEREAS, On April 24, 2021, United States President Joe Biden stated, "...we 19 remember the lives of all those who have died in the Ottoman-era Armenian genocide and 20 recommit ourselves to preventing such an atrocity from ever again occurring"; and

WHEREAS, In 1918, after the fall of the Russian Empire, the Azerbaijan Democratic Republic and the First Republic of Armenia both declared independence; however, shortly thereafter, they became part of the Soviet Union. The modern Republic of Azerbaijan once again proclaimed its independence in August of 1991, shortly before the dissolution of the USSR. Within its borders, however, the predominantly Armenian enclave known as the Republic of Artsakh officially voted to become part of Armenia; and

WHEREAS, Azerbaijan sought to suppress the separatist movement, while Armenia backed it. Turkey has close ties to Azerbaijan and was the first nation to recognize Azerbaijan's independence in 1991. In 1993, Turkey, in addition to engaging in numerous hostilities, shut its border with Armenia in support of Azerbaijan during the war over the Republic of Artsakh; and

WHEREAS, In Turkey's continuing aggression and genocide of Armenians that began more than 100 years ago, the 2020 unprovoked war between Azerbaijan, with military support provided by Turkey, and the Republic of Artsakh has resulted in Artsakh being forced to return many of the surrounding territories it had occupied for millennia; and WHEREAS, Beginning in May of 2021, Azerbaijan has been making armed incursions
 into, and taking lands within, Armenian's internationally recognized borders including in the
 Syunik and Gegharkunik provinces; and

WHEREAS, In March through early April of 2022, following several days of escalated tensions, Azerbaijan's military open fired on Armenian military posts along the western part of the Armenia-Azerbaijan border, and days later, shelled various villages, mostly located along the eastern border of Artsakh; and

8 WHEREAS, Currently, there are no diplomatic relations between Armenia and 9 Azerbaijan, and the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict has continued to ignite clashes and casualties as 10 recently as March of 2023; now, therefor be it

11 RESOLVED, That this House of Representatives of the State of Rhode Island hereby
12 recognizes April 24, 2023, as "Armenian Genocide Remembrance Day" in the State of Rhode
13 Island; and be it further

RESOLVED, That this House hereby respectfully requests the President of the United States and the United States Congress to call on the government of Turkey to face history and acknowledge this crime of genocide committed by the Ottoman Turks in 1915, and urge the Turkish government to make restitution for the loss of lives, confiscated properties, and general unlawful deportations, separating the indigenous population from their homeland; and be it further

20 RESOLVED, That this House expresses its deepest sympathy to the Armenian-American 21 community of Rhode Island and assures them that this genocide will always be commemorated 22 and never forgotten; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Secretary of State be and hereby is authorized and directed to transmit duly certified copies of this resolution to the Honorable Joseph Biden, President of the United States, the Rhode Island Congressional Delegation, the Governor of the State of Rhode Island, the Armenian Assembly of America in Washington, and the Armenian National Committee in Washington.

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