LC002457

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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2023

AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE -- ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE POLICIES

<u>Introduced By:</u> Senators Valverde, DiMario, Miller, Murray, Lauria, Ujifusa, Euer, Lawson, Gu, and Kallman

Date Introduced: March 22, 2023

Referred To: Senate Health & Human Services

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

(i) May have no known cure;

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 27-18 of the General Laws entitled "Accident and Sickness Insurance 2 Policies" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section: 3 27-18-50.2. Specialty drugs. 4 (a) The general assembly makes the following findings: 5 (1) In 2015, an estimated six hundred thirty-five thousand (635,000) Rhode Island residents had at least one chronic disease, and an estimated two hundred forty-nine thousand (249,000) 6 7 residents had two (2) or more chronic diseases, which significantly increases their likelihood to 8 depend on prescription specialty drugs; (2) In 2016, twenty-five percent (25%) of Rhode Island residents stopped taking a 9 10 prescription drug as prescribed due to cost; (3) Most specialty drugs do not have biosimilars, generic equivalents, or substitutes to 11 12 create competition and help lower their prices; 13 (4) In 2022, the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services defines any drug for which the 14 negotiated price is six hundred seventy dollars (\$670) per month or more, as a specialty drug. (b) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following meanings: 15 (1) "Complex or chronic medical condition" means a physical, behavioral, or 16 developmental condition that is persistent or otherwise long-lasting in its effects or a disease that 17 18 advances over time, and:

1	(II) Is progressive; or
2	(iii) Can be debilitating or fatal if left untreated or undertreated.
3	"Complex or chronic medical condition" includes, but is not limited to, multiple sclerosis
4	hepatitis c, and rheumatoid arthritis.
5	(2) "Pre-service authorization" means a cost containment method that an insurer, a
6	nonprofit health service plan, or a health maintenance organization uses to review and preauthorize
7	coverage for drugs prescribed by a health care provider for a covered individual to control
8	utilization, quality, and claims.
9	(3) "Rare medical condition" means a disease or condition that affects fewer than:
0	(i) Two hundred thousand (200,000) individuals in the United States; or
1	(ii) Approximately one in one thousand five hundred (1,500) individuals worldwide.
12	"Rare medical condition" includes, but is not limited to, cystic fibrosis, hemophilia, and
13	multiple myeloma.
4	(4) "Specialty drug" means a prescription drug that:
15	(i) Is prescribed for an individual with a complex or chronic medical condition or a rare
16	medical condition; and
17	(ii) Has a wholesale acquisition cost or negotiated price that exceeds the Medicare Part D
18	specialty tier threshold, as updated from time to time.
19	(c) Every individual or group health insurance contract, plan or policy that provides
20	prescription coverage and is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this state on or after
21	January 1, 2024, shall not impose a copayment or coinsurance requirement on a covered specialty
22	drug that exceeds one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for up to a thirty (30)-day supply of the specialty
23	drug. A pre-service authorization may be used to provide coverage for specialty drugs. Coverage
24	for prescription specialty drugs shall not be subject to any deductible, unless prohibiting a
25	deductible requirement would cause a health plan to not qualify as a high deductible health plan.
26	(d) Nothing in this section prevents an insurer, health maintenance plan, or nonprofit
27	medical plan from reducing a covered individual's cost sharing to an amount less than one hundred
28	fifty dollars (\$150) for a thirty (30)-day supply of a specialty drug.
29	(e) The health insurance commissioner shall promulgate any rules and regulations
30	necessary to implement and administer this section in accordance with any federal requirements
31	and shall use the commissioner's enforcement powers to obtain compliance with the provisions of
32	this section.
33	SECTION 2. Chapter 27-19 of the General Laws entitled "Nonprofit Hospital Service
34	Corporations" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:

1	27-19-42.1. Specialty drugs.
2	(a) The general assembly makes the following findings:
3	(1) In 2015, an estimated six hundred thirty-five thousand (635,000) Rhode Island residents
4	had at least one chronic disease, and an estimated two hundred forty-nine thousand (249,000)
5	residents had two (2) or more chronic diseases, which significantly increases their likelihood to
6	depend on prescription specialty drugs;
7	(2) In 2016, twenty-five percent (25%) of Rhode Island residents stopped taking a
8	prescription drug as prescribed due to cost;
9	(3) Most specialty drugs do not have biosimilars, generic equivalents, or substitutes to
10	create competition and help lower their prices;
11	(4) In 2022, the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services defines any drug for which the
12	negotiated price is six hundred seventy dollars (\$670) per month or more, as a specialty drug.
13	(b) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following meanings:
14	(1) "Complex or chronic medical condition" means a physical, behavioral, or
15	developmental condition that is persistent or otherwise long-lasting in its effects or a disease that
16	advances over time, and:
17	(i) May have no known cure;
18	(ii) Is progressive; or
19	(iii) Can be debilitating or fatal if left untreated or undertreated.
20	"Complex or chronic medical condition" includes, but is not limited to, multiple sclerosis,
21	hepatitis c, and rheumatoid arthritis.
22	(2) "Pre-service authorization" means a cost containment method that an insurer, a
23	nonprofit health service plan, or a health maintenance organization uses to review and preauthorize
24	coverage for drugs prescribed by a health care provider for a covered individual to control
25	utilization, quality, and claims.
26	(3) "Rare medical condition" means a disease or condition that affects fewer than:
27	(i) Two hundred thousand (200,000) individuals in the United States; or
28	(ii) Approximately one in one thousand five hundred (1,500) individuals worldwide.
29	"Rare medical condition" includes, but is not limited to, cystic fibrosis, hemophilia, and
30	multiple myeloma.
31	(4) "Specialty drug" means a prescription drug that:
32	(i) Is prescribed for an individual with a complex or chronic medical condition or a rare
33	medical condition; and
34	(ii) Has a wholesale acquisition cost or negotiated price that exceeds the Medicare Part D

1	specialty tier threshold, as updated from time to time.
2	(c) Every individual or group health insurance contract, plan or policy that provides
3	prescription coverage and is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this state on or after
4	January 1, 2024, shall not impose a copayment or coinsurance requirement on a covered specialty
5	drug that exceeds one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for up to a thirty (30)-day supply of the specialty
6	drug. A pre-service authorization may be used to provide coverage for specialty drugs. Coverage
7	for prescription specialty drugs shall not be subject to any deductible, unless prohibiting a
8	deductible requirement would cause a health plan to not qualify as a high deductible health plan.
9	(d) Nothing in this section prevents an insurer, health maintenance plan, or nonprofit
0	medical plan from reducing a covered individual's cost sharing to an amount less than one hundred
1	fifty dollars (\$150) for a thirty (30)-day supply of a specialty drug.
12	(e) The health insurance commissioner may promulgate any rules and regulations
3	necessary to implement and administer this section in accordance with any federal requirements
14	and shall use the commissioner's enforcement powers to obtain compliance with the provisions of
15	this section.
16	SECTION 3. Chapter 27-20 of the General Laws entitled "Nonprofit Medical Service
17	Corporations" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
18	(a) The general assembly makes the following findings:
19	(1) In 2015, an estimated six hundred thirty-five thousand (635,000) Rhode Island residents
20	had at least one chronic disease, and an estimated two hundred forty-nine thousand (249,000)
21	residents had two (2) or more chronic diseases, which significantly increases their likelihood to
22	depend on prescription specialty drugs;
23	(2) In 2016, twenty-five percent (25%) of Rhode Island residents stopped taking a
24	prescription drug as prescribed due to cost;
25	(3) Most specialty drugs do not have biosimilars, generic equivalents, or substitutes to
26	create competition and help lower their prices;
27	(4) In 2022, the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services defines any drug for which the
28	negotiated price is six hundred seventy dollars (\$670) per month or more, as a specialty drug.
29	(b) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following meanings:
80	(1) "Complex or chronic medical condition" means a physical, behavioral, or
31	developmental condition that is persistent or otherwise long-lasting in its effects or a disease that
32	advances over time, and:
33	(i) May have no known cure;
34	(ii) Is progressive; or

1	(iii) Can be debilitating or fatal if left untreated or undertreated.
2	"Complex or chronic medical condition" includes, but is not limited to, multiple sclerosis,
3	hepatitis c, and rheumatoid arthritis.
4	(2) "Pre-service authorization" means a cost containment method that an insurer, a
5	nonprofit health service plan, or a health maintenance organization uses to review and preauthorize
6	coverage for drugs prescribed by a health care provider for a covered individual to control
7	utilization, quality, and claims.
8	(3) "Rare medical condition" means a disease or condition that affects fewer than:
9	(i) Two hundred thousand (200,000) individuals in the United States; or
10	(ii) Approximately one in one thousand five hundred (1,500) individuals worldwide.
11	"Rare medical condition" includes, but is not limited to, cystic fibrosis, hemophilia, and
12	multiple myeloma.
13	(4) "Specialty drug" means a prescription drug that:
14	(i) Is prescribed for an individual with a complex or chronic medical condition or a rare
15	medical condition; and
16	(ii) Has a wholesale acquisition cost or negotiated price that exceeds the Medicare Part D
17	specialty tier threshold, as updated from time to time.
18	(c) Every individual or group health insurance contract, plan or policy that provides
19	prescription coverage and is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this state on or after
20	January 1, 2024, shall not impose a copayment or coinsurance requirement on a covered specialty
21	drug that exceeds one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for up to a thirty (30)-day supply of the specialty
22	drug. A pre-service authorization may be used to provide coverage for specialty drugs. Coverage
23	for prescription specialty drugs shall not be subject to any deductible, unless prohibiting a
24	deductible requirement would cause a health plan to not qualify as a high deductible health plan.
25	(d) Nothing in this section prevents an insurer, health maintenance plan, or nonprofit
26	medical plan from reducing a covered individual's cost sharing to an amount less than one hundred
27	fifty dollars (\$150) for a thirty (30)-day supply of a specialty drug.
28	(e) The health insurance commissioner shall promulgate any rules and regulations
29	necessary to implement and administer this section in accordance with any federal requirements
30	and shall use the commissioner's enforcement powers to obtain compliance with the provisions of
31	this section.
32	SECTION 4. Chapter 27-41 of the General Laws entitled "Health Maintenance
33	Organizations" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
34	27-41-38.3. Specialty drugs.

1	(a) The general assembly makes the following findings:
2	(1) In 2015, an estimated six hundred thirty-five thousand (635,000) Rhode Island residents
3	had at least one chronic disease, and an estimated two hundred forty-nine thousand (249,000)
4	residents had two (2) or more chronic diseases, which significantly increases their likelihood to
5	depend on prescription specialty drugs;
6	(2) In 2016, twenty-five percent (25%) of Rhode Island residents stopped taking a
7	prescription drug as prescribed due to cost;
8	(3) Most specialty drugs do not have biosimilars, generic equivalents, or substitutes to
9	create competition and help lower their prices;
10	(4) In 2022, the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services defines any drug for which the
11	negotiated price is six hundred seventy dollars (\$670) per month or more, as a specialty drug.
12	(b) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following meanings:
13	(1) "Complex or chronic medical condition" means a physical, behavioral, or
14	developmental condition that is persistent or otherwise long-lasting in its effects or a disease that
15	advances over time, and:
16	(i) May have no known cure;
17	(ii) Is progressive; or
18	(iii) Can be debilitating or fatal if left untreated or undertreated.
19	"Complex or chronic medical condition" includes, but is not limited to, multiple sclerosis,
20	hepatitis c, and rheumatoid arthritis.
21	(2) "Pre-service authorization" means a cost containment method that an insurer, a
22	nonprofit health service plan, or a health maintenance organization uses to review and preauthorize
23	coverage for drugs prescribed by a health care provider for a covered individual to control
24	utilization, quality, and claims.
25	(3) "Rare medical condition" means a disease or condition that affects fewer than:
26	(i) Two hundred thousand (200,000) individuals in the United States; or
27	(ii) Approximately one in one thousand five hundred (1,500) individuals worldwide.
28	"Rare medical condition" includes, but is not limited to, cystic fibrosis, hemophilia, and
29	multiple myeloma.
30	(4) "Specialty drug" means a prescription drug that:
31	(i) Is prescribed for an individual with a complex or chronic medical condition or a rare
32	medical condition; and
33	(ii) Has a wholesale acquisition cost or negotiated price that exceeds the Medicare Part D
34	specialty tier threshold, as updated from time to time.

1	(c) Every individual or group health insurance contract, plan or policy that provides
2	prescription coverage and is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this state on or after
3	January 1, 2024, shall not impose a copayment or coinsurance requirement on a covered specialty
4	drug that exceeds one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for up to a thirty (30)-day supply of the specialty
5	drug. A pre-service authorization may be used to provide coverage for specialty drugs. Coverage
6	for prescription specialty drugs shall not be subject to any deductible, unless prohibiting a
7	deductible requirement would cause a health plan to not qualify as a high deductible health plan.
8	(d) Nothing in this section prevents an insurer, health maintenance plan, or nonprofit
9	medical plan from reducing a covered individual's cost sharing to an amount less than one hundred
10	fifty dollars (\$150) for a thirty (30)-day supply of a specialty drug.
11	(e) The health insurance commissioner shall promulgate any rules and regulations
12	necessary to implement and administer this section in accordance with any federal requirements
13	and shall use the commissioner's enforcement powers to obtain compliance with the provisions of
14	this section.
15	SECTION 5. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

A N A C T

RELATING TO INSURANCE -- ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE POLICIES

1	This act would limit the copayment or coinsurance requirement_on specialty drugs to one
2	hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for a thirty (30)-day supply regarding any specialty drug in any
3	individual or health insurance contract, plan or policy issued, delivered or renewed on or after
4	January 1, 2024. Specialty drugs would be defined as a drug prescribed to an individual with a
5	complex or chronic medical condition or a rare medical condition.
6	This act would take effect upon passage.

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