# 2024 -- H 7044 SUBSTITUTE A

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# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

#### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2024**

# AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS REQUIRED AT PUBLIC PLACES AND HEALTH CARE FACILITIES

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives Corvese, Noret, J. Brien, Azzinaro, Phillips, DeSimone, Voas, Finkelman, Casey, and Craven

Date Introduced: January 05, 2024

Referred To: House Health & Human Services

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. The title of Chapter 23-6.5 of the General Laws entitled "Automated External
2	Defibrillators Required at Public Places" is hereby amended to read as follows:
3	CHAPTER 23-6.5
4	Automated External Defibrillators Required at Public Places
5	<u>CHAPTER 23-6.5</u>
6	AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS REQUIRED AT PUBLIC PLACES AND
7	HEALTH CARE FACILITIES
8	SECTION 2. Sections 23-6.5-1 and 23-6.5-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 23-6.5 entitled
9	"Automated External Defibrillators Required at Public Places" are hereby amended to read as
10	follows:
11	23-6.5-1. Legislative findings.
12	(1) Approximately three hundred twenty-five thousand (325,000) Americans suffer sudden
13	cardiac arrest ("SCA") each year and more than ninety-five percent (95%) of them die before
14	reaching the hospital;
15	(2) In the population of Rhode Island, an estimated one thousand (1,000) residents will die
16	of cardiac arrest every year;
17	(3) Facilities Health care facilities, as well as facilities that host large numbers of visitors,

are more likely to experience an event that requires an automated external defibrillator ("AED");

1	(4) If definition is performed within five (3) to seven (7) infinites, chances of survivar
2	are increased by forty-nine percent (49%). Every minute that goes by without defibrillation reduces
3	the chance of survival by seven percent (7%) to ten percent (10%);
4	(5) Automated external defibrillators (AEDs) are extremely accurate computerized devices
5	that can be operated by the average person; and
6	(6) Automated external defibrillators (AEDs) can be acquired through grants from various
7	organizations or through government agencies.
8	23-6.5-2. Automated external defibrillators requirements.
9	(a) As used in this chapter, "public place" means an enclosed area capable of holding three
10	hundred (300) people or more and to which the public is invited or in which the public is permitted,
11	including, but not limited to: banks; bars; educational facilities; healthcare facilities; laundromats;
12	public transportation facilities; reception areas; restaurants; retail food production and marketing
13	establishments; retail service establishments; retail stores; shopping malls; sports arenas;
14	government offices; theaters; and waiting rooms. A private residence is not a "public place" unless
15	it is used as a childcare, adult daycare, or healthcare facility.
16	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions contained in § 5-50-12 or § 16-21-33.1 relating to
17	automated external defibrillators in health clubs and schools, any person who owns or operates a
18	public place or health care facility as defined in subsection (a) of this section § 23-6.5-4 shall
19	provide and maintain:
20	(1) On-site, functional automated external defibrillators (AEDs) in quantities and types,
21	deemed by the director of health, to be adequate to ensure ready and appropriate access for use
22	during emergencies; and
23	(2) At least one person who is properly trained in the operation and use of an AED. Training
24	required by this chapter may be conducted by qualified personnel, including, but not limited to,
25	municipal fire and police department employees.
26	SECTION 3. Chapter 23-6.5 of the General Laws entitled "Automated External
27	Defibrillators Required at Public Places" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following
28	section:
29	23-6.5-4. Definitions.
30	The following definitions govern the construction of this chapter:
31	(1) "Health care facility" means any healthcare facility licensed by the department of health
32	including any institutional health-service provider, facility, or institution, place, building, agency,
33	or portion thereof, whether a partnership or corporation, whether public or private, whether
34	organized for profit or not, used, operated, or engaged in providing healthcare services, including,

but not limited to: hospitals; nursing facilities; rehabilitation centers; kidney disease treatment	
centers; health maintenance organizations; and facilities providing surgical treatment to patients	
not requiring hospitalization (surgi-centers); hospice care, and physician ambulatory-surgery	
centers and podiatry ambulatory-surgery centers providing surgical treatment. The term "health	
care facility" also includes organized ambulatory-care facilities that are not part of a hospital but	
that are organized and operated to provide healthcare services to outpatients, such as: central-	
services facilities serving more than one health care facility or healthcare provider; treatment	
centers; diagnostic centers; outpatient clinics; infirmaries and health centers; school-based health	
centers, and neighborhood health centers. The term "health care facility" also includes a	
practitioner's (physician, dentist, or other healthcare provider) office or group of practitioners'	
offices (whether owned and/or operated by a hospital or an affiliate of a hospital or an individual	
practitioner, alone or as a member of a partnership, professional service corporation, organization,	
or association.	
(2) "Public place" means an enclosed area capable of holding three hundred (300) people	
or more and to which the public is invited or in which the public is permitted, including, but not	
limited to: banks; bars; educational facilities; laundromats; public transportation facilities;	
reception areas; restaurants; retail food production and marketing establishments; retail service	
establishments; retail stores; shopping malls; sports arenas; government offices; theaters; and	
waiting rooms. A private residence is not a "public place" unless it is used as a childcare or adult	
daycare facility.	

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect on September 1, 2024.

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## **EXPLANATION**

#### BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

## AN ACT

# RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS REQUIRED AT PUBLIC PLACES AND HEALTH CARE FACILITIES

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This act would require all health care facilities to provide functional automated external defibrillators (AEDs) and least one person who is properly trained in the operation and use of an AED.

This act would take effect on September 1, 2024.

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