LC005504

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2024

AN ACT

RELATING TO EDUCATION -- SCHOOL COMMITTEES AND SUPERINTENDENTS

Introduced By: Senators Mack, and Cano

Date Introduced: March 01, 2024

Referred To: Senate Education

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 16-2-17 of the General Laws in Chapter 16-2 entitled "School

Committees and Superintendents [See Title 16 Chapter 97 — The Rhode Island Board of Education

Act]" is hereby amended to read as follows:

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16-2-17. Right to a safe school.

(a) Each student, staff member, teacher, and administrator has a right to attend and/or work at a school which is safe and secure, and which is conducive to learning, and which is free from the threat, actual or implied, of physical harm by a disruptive student. This includes having culturally competent teachers who understand and respect the diverse backgrounds of their students, as well as being trained in de-escalation and trauma-informed methods to minimize classroom disruptions and promote a learning environment that supports student learning. No person shall be subjected to violent threats, actual or implied, of physical harm by a disruptive student, teacher and/or administrator. A disruptive student is a person who is subject to compulsory school attendance, who exhibits persistent conduct which substantially impedes the ability of other students to learn, or otherwise substantially interferes with the rights stated above, and who has failed to respond to corrective and rehabilitative measures presented by staff, teachers, or administrators.

(b) The school committee, or a school principal as designated by the school committee, may suspend all pupils found guilty of this conduct, or of violation of those school regulations which relate to the rights set forth in subsection (a), or where a student represents a threat to those rights of students, teachers, or administrators, as described in subsection (a). Nothing in this section

shall relieve the school committee or school principals from following all procedures required by state and federal law regarding discipline of students with disabilities.

- (c) A student suspended under this section may appeal the action of the school committee, or a school principal as designee, to the commissioner of elementary and secondary education who, after notice to the parties interested of the time and place of hearing, shall examine and decide the appeal without cost to the parties involved. Any decision of the commissioner in these matters shall be subject to appeal by the student to the council on elementary and secondary education and any decision of the council may be appealed by the student to the family court for the county in which the school is located as provided in § 42-35-15.
- (d) All school superintendents, or their designees, shall review annually, the discipline data for their school district, collected in accordance with the specifications set forth in § 16-60-4(a)(21), to determine whether the discipline imposed has a disproportionate impact on students based on race, ethnicity, or disability status and to appropriately respond to any such disparity appropriately. In addition to the data submitted, if a disparity exists, the school district shall submit a report to the council on elementary and secondary education describing the conduct of the student, the frequency of the conduct, prior disciplinary actions for the conduct, any other relevant information and corrective actions to address the disparity, after consultation with representatives of the faculty and when possible student and/or parents to co-create a remediation process that has been taken to address the disparity. The reports shall be deemed to be public records for purposes of title 38.
- (e) On or before September 1, 2023, and annually by September 1 thereafter, the Rhode Island department of education, in coordination with the Rhode Island office of the attorney general, shall, for each school district, annually collect, report, and publish on its website, data on: the number of school resource officers; the use of force against students, including, but not limited to, the number of instances force was used and the type of the force used; arrests of students and reasons for arrest; student referrals to law enforcement and reasons for referral; student referrals to court or court service units; and the number and type of any other disciplinary actions taken or recommended by school resource officers involving students. All data shall be published in a manner that protects the identities of students and shall be collected and designated by student age, grade, race, ethnicity, gender, language status, and disability, to the extent that the demographic data is available.
- (f) In creating and enforcing a school conduct and discipline code, each school district shall, on and after January 1, 2025, provide for alternative programs to out-of-school suspensions that impose proportionate disciplinary interventions and consequences designed to reduce referrals to law enforcement, except where these referrals are required by law.

1	(1) Thins shall provide for the appropriate use of prevention, metvention, restorative
2	justice, peer mediation, counseling or other approaches to address student misconduct, designed to
3	reduce students' exposure to the courts and the criminal justice system as well as increasing the
4	likelihood of youth persisting in delinquent or criminal behaviors.
5	(2) Where possible, the plan shall include robust student involvement and input.
6	(3) The plans shall state that school administration shall not order a victim's participation
7	in a restorative justice practice or peer mediation if the victim alleges the misconduct involves
8	unlawful sexual behavior, domestic violence, stalking or the violation of a protection order.
9	(4) The plan shall ensure that the code complies with all laws concerning the education of
10	students with disabilities.
11	(5) The plan shall require and provide space within each school for this program.
12	(g) In the event that there is a violation of the code of conduct or a student poses a threat
13	to a peer, teacher, administrator, support staff or themselves, that student shall be placed in an
14	alternative educational setting within the school with continuation of educational services to
15	include conflict resolution, restorative justice practices and mediation.
16	(1) An alternative setting would be outside of the regular classroom setting and with a
17	RIDE certified teacher.
18	(2) Students not deemed a physical threat shall not be given out-of-school suspension for
19	infractions such as dress code violations or insubordination.
20	(3) Before a student receives an out-of-school suspension, the school administration shall
21	promptly notify the parents or legal guardians of the student involved in any disciplinary action.
22	(i) Notification shall be provided in a timely manner, preferably within twenty-four (24)
23	hours of the disciplinary incident.
24	(ii) Notification to parents or legal guardians shall be communicated through preferred
25	communication methods included, but not limited to: written notice, phone call, or electronic
26	communication.
27	(iii) Efforts shall be made to use a method that ensures the information reaches the parents
28	in a clear and timely manner.
29	(iv) The notification to parents shall include, but not be limited to, the following
30	information:
31	(A) A clear and concise description of the incident leading to disciplinary action.
32	(B) Details of the disciplinary measures taken, including any suspension or alternative
33	educational placement.
34	(C) Information on the right to appeal the disciplinary action, including relevant contact

1	<u>details.</u>
2	(v) The school shall provide notifications in a language that is understandable to the parents
3	or legal guardians, taking into consideration any language preferences or communication needs
4	indicated by the parents.
5	(4) Where appropriate and possible, parents shall be encouraged to participate in
6	discussions related to the disciplinary incident, including any appeal processes or restorative justice
7	<u>practices.</u>
8	(5) Additionally, before a student receives an out-of-school suspension, there shall be tiered
9	intervention which includes:
10	(i) Meeting with student;
11	(ii) Meeting with student and parent/guardian; and
12	(iii) Required to complete up to two (2) hours of community service or appropriate
13	assignment based on the student's age and ability.
14	(iv) For students receiving special education services, if the infraction presented is due to
15	their disability, that student shall be accommodated and be provided with support services based
16	on their individualized education plan and 504 plans.
17	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.
	====== LC005504
	

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO EDUCATION -- SCHOOL COMMITTEES AND SUPERINTENDENTS

This act would mandate that school districts provide culturally competent, de-escalation, 1 2 and trauma-informed methods to minimize classroom disruptions and improve student learning. 3 This involves implementing alternative programs, classroom strategies, and community service or 4 assignments that are age and developmentally appropriate, with the aim of reducing out-of-school 5 suspensions. Students who pose a threat to their peers, teachers, administrators, support staff, or themselves will be placed in an alternative educational setting within the school, supervised by a 6 7 RIDE certified teacher. 8 This act would take effect upon passage.

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